

# DrayTek

## Vigor2830 Series

ADSL2+ Security Firewall



Your reliable networking solutions partner

# User's Guide

V2.31



# **Vigor2830 Series ADSL2+ Security Firewall User's Guide**

**Version: 2.3**

**Firmware Version: V3.6.7**

**Date: June 16, 2014**

## Copyright Information

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## Safety Instructions and Approval

### Safety Instructions

- Read the installation guide thoroughly before you set up the router.
- The router is a complicated electronic unit that may be repaired only by authorized and qualified personnel. Do not try to open or repair the router yourself.
- Do not place the router in a damp or humid place, e.g. a bathroom.
- The router should be used in a sheltered area, within a temperature range of +5 to +40 Celsius.
- Do not expose the router to direct sunlight or other heat sources. The housing and electronic components may be damaged by direct sunlight or heat sources.
- Do not deploy the cable for LAN connection outdoor to prevent electronic shock hazards.
- Keep the package out of reach of children.
- When you want to dispose of the router, please follow local regulations on conservation of the environment.

### Warranty

We warrant to the original end user (purchaser) that the router will be free from any defects in workmanship or materials for a period of two (2) years from the date of purchase from the dealer. Please keep your purchase receipt in a safe place as it serves as proof of date of purchase. During the warranty period, and upon proof of purchase, should the product have indications of failure due to faulty workmanship and/or materials, we will, at our discretion, repair or replace the defective products or components, without charge for either parts or labor, to whatever extent we deem necessary to restore the product to proper operating condition. Any replacement will consist of a new or re-manufactured functionally equivalent product of equal value, and will be offered solely at our discretion. This warranty will not apply if the product is modified, misused, tampered with, damaged by an act of God, or subjected to abnormal working conditions. The warranty does not cover the bundled or licensed software of other vendors. Defects which do not significantly affect the usability of the product will not be covered by the warranty. We reserve the right to revise the manual and online documentation and to make changes from time to time in the contents hereof without obligation to notify any person of such revision or changes.

### Be a Registered Owner

Web registration is preferred. You can register your Vigor router via <http://www.DrayTek.com>.

### Firmware & Tools Updates

Due to the continuous evolution of DrayTek technology, all routers will be regularly upgraded. Please consult the DrayTek web site for more information on newest firmware, tools and documents.

<http://www.DrayTek.com>

## European Community Declarations

Manufacturer: DrayTek Corp.

Address: No. 26, Fu Shing Road, HuKou Township, HsinChu Industrial Park, Hsin-Chu, Taiwan 303

Product: Vigor2830 Series Router

DrayTek Corp. declares that Vigor2830 Series of routers are in compliance with the following essential requirements and other relevant provisions of R&TTE Directive 1999/5/EEC.

The product conforms to the requirements of Electro-Magnetic Compatibility (EMC) Directive 2004/108/EC by complying with the requirements set forth in EN55022/Class B and EN55024/Class B.

The product conforms to the requirements of Low Voltage (LVD) Directive 2006/95/EC by complying with the requirements set forth in EN60950-1.

This product is designed for the DSL, POTS, 2.4GHz/5GHz WLAN network throughout the EC region and Switzerland with restrictions in France. Please see the user manual for the applicable networks on your product.

## Regulatory Information

### Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and

(2) This device may accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

The antenna/transmitter should be kept at least 20 cm away from human body.

Please visit <http://www.draytek.com/user/SupportDLRTTECE.php>





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## **Appendix I: VLAN Applications on Vigor Router .....451**



# 1

## Introduction

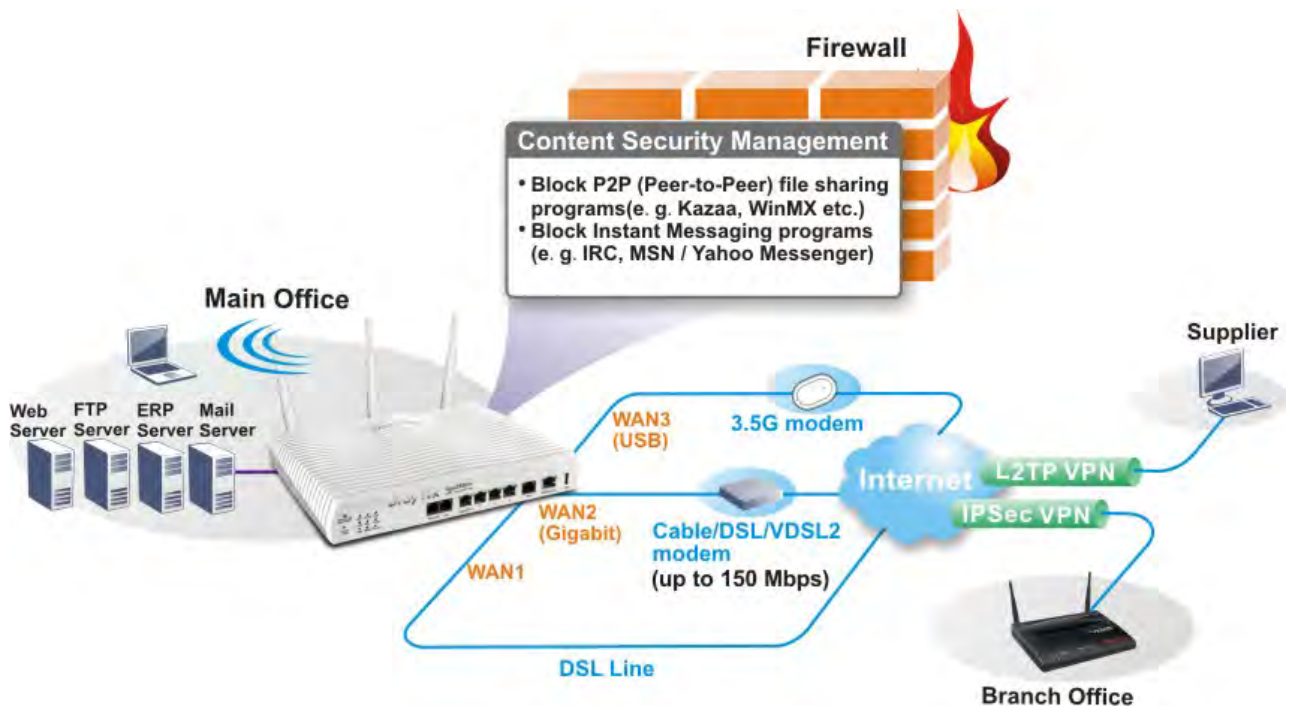
Vigor2830 series is an ADSL2+ router. It integrates IP layer QoS, NAT session/bandwidth management to help users control works well with large bandwidth.

By adopting hardware-based VPN platform and hardware encryption of AES/DES/3DES, the router increases the performance of VPN greatly, and offers several protocols (such as IPSec/PPTP/L2TP) with up to 32 VPN tunnels.

The object-based design used in SPI (Stateful Packet Inspection) firewall allows users to set firewall policy with ease. CSM (Content Security Management) provides users control and management in IM (Instant Messenger) and P2P (Peer to Peer) more efficiency than before. By the way, DoS/DDoS prevention and URL/Web content filter strengthen the security outside and control inside.

Object-based firewall is flexible and allows your network be safe. In addition, Vigor2830 series supports USB interface for connecting USB printer to share printer or USB storage device for sharing files.

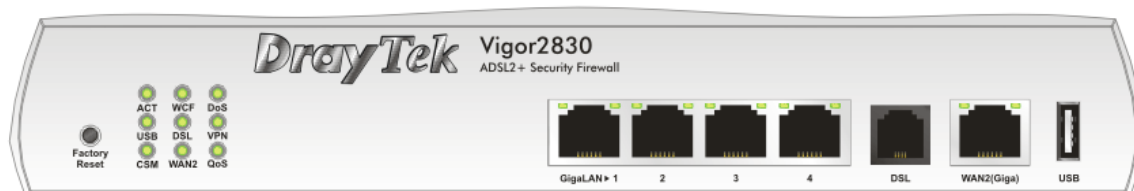
Vigor2830 series provides two-level management to simplify the configuration of network connection. The user mode allows user accessing into WEB interface via simple configuration. However, if users want to have advanced configurations, they can access into WEB interface through admin mode.



## 1.1 LED Indicators and Connectors

Before you use the Vigor router, please get acquainted with the LED indicators and connectors first.

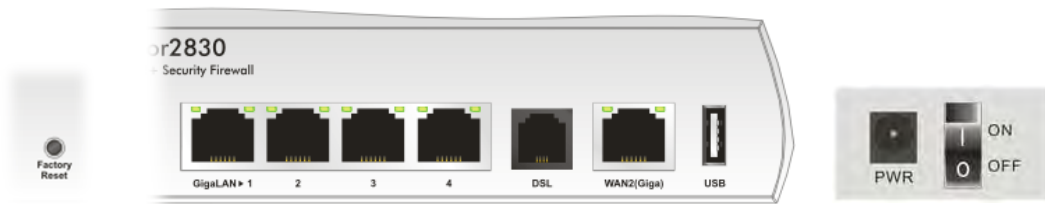
### 1.1.1 For Vigor2830



LED	Status	Explanation
ACT (Activity)	Blinking	The router is powered on and running normally.
	Off	The router is powered off.
USB	On	USB device is connected and ready for use.
	Blinking	The data is transmitting.
CSM	On	The profile(s) of CSM (Content Security Management) for IM/P2P, URL/Web Content Filter application is enabled from <b>Firewall &gt;&gt;General Setup</b> . (Such profile must be established under <b>CSM</b> menu).
WCF	On	The Web Content Filter is active. (It is enabled from <b>Firewall &gt;&gt; General Setup</b> ).
DSL	On	The router is ready to access Internet through DSL link.
	Blinking	Slowly: The DSL connection is ready. Quickly: The connection is tranning.
WAN2	On	The WAN2 connection is ready.
	Blinking	It will blink while transmitting data.
DoS	On	The DoS/DDoS function is active.
	Blinking	It will blink while an attack is detected.
VPN	On	The VPN tunnel is active.
QoS	On	The QoS function is active.

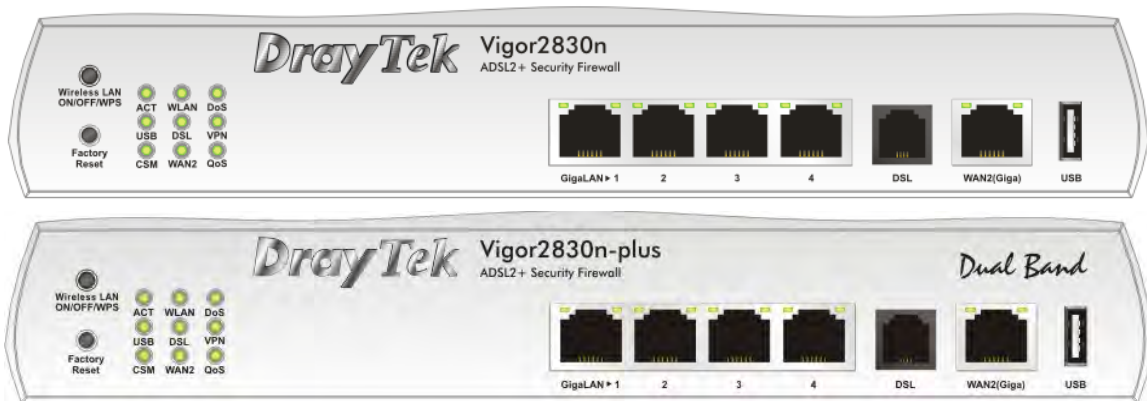
#### LED on Connector

GigaLAN 1/2/3/4	Left LED (Green)	On	The port is connected.
		Off	The port is disconnected.
		Blinking	The data is transmitting.
	Right LED (Green)	On	The port is connected with 1000Mbps.
		Off	The port is connected with 10/100Mbps when left LED is on.
WAN 2 (Giga)	Left LED (Green)	On	The port is connected.
		Off	The port is disconnected.
		Blinking	The data is transmitting.
	Right LED (Green)	On	The port is connected with 1000Mbps.
Off		The port is connected with 10/100Mbps when left LED is on.	



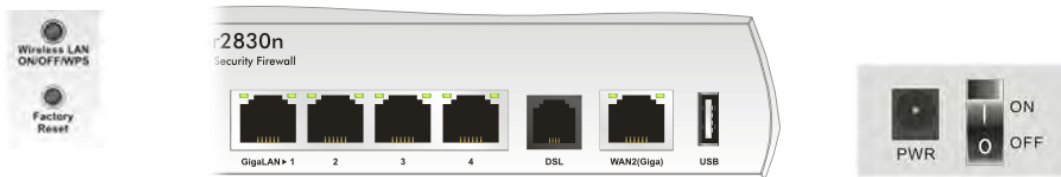
Interface	Description
Factory Reset	Restore the default settings. Usage: Turn on the router (ACT LED is blinking). Press the hole and keep for more than 5 seconds. When you see the ACT LED begins to blink rapidly than usual, release the button. Then the router will restart with the factory default configuration.
GigaLAN (1-4)	Connecters for local networked devices.
DSL	Connector for accessing the Internet through ADSL2/2+.
WAN2(Giga)	Connecters for remote networked devices.
USB	Connector for a USB device (for 3G USB Modem or printer).
PWR	Connector for a power adapter.
ON/OFF	Power Switch.

## 1.1.2 For Vigor2830n/ Vigor2830n-plus



LED	Status	Explanation	
ACT (Activity)	Blinking	The router is powered on and running normally.	
	Off	The router is powered off.	
USB	On	USB device is connected and ready for use.	
	Blinking	The data is transmitting.	
CSM	On	The profile(s) of CSM (Content Security Management) for IM/P2P, URL/Web Content Filter application is enabled from <b>Firewall &gt;&gt;General Setup</b> . (Such profile must be established under <b>CSM</b> menu).	
WLAN	On	Wireless access point is ready.	
	Blinking	It will blink slowly while wireless traffic goes through. If ACT and WLAN LEDs blink quickly and simultaneously when WPS is working, and it will return to normal condition after two minutes. (You need to setup WPS within 2 minutes.)	
DSL	On	The router is ready to access Internet through DSL link.	
	Blinking	Slowly: The DSL connection is ready. Quickly: The data is transmitting.	
WAN2	On	The WAN2 connection is ready.	
	Blinking	It will blink while transmitting data.	
DoS	On	The DoS/DDoS function is active.	
	Blinking	It will blink while an attack is detected.	
VPN	On	The VPN tunnel is active.	
QoS	On	The QoS function is active.	
<i>LED on Connector</i>			
GigaLAN 1/2/3/4	Left LED (Green)	On	The port is connected.
		Off	The port is disconnected.
		Blinking	The data is transmitting.
GigaLAN 1/2/3/4	Right LED (Green)	On	The port is connected with 1000Mbps.
		Off	The port is connected with 10/100Mbps when left LED is on.
WAN 2 (Giga)	Left LED (Green)	On	The port is connected.
		Off	The port is disconnected.
		Blinking	The data is transmitting.
WAN 2 (Giga)	Right LED (Green)	On	The port is connected with 1000Mbps.
		Off	The port is connected with 10/100Mbps when left LED is on.





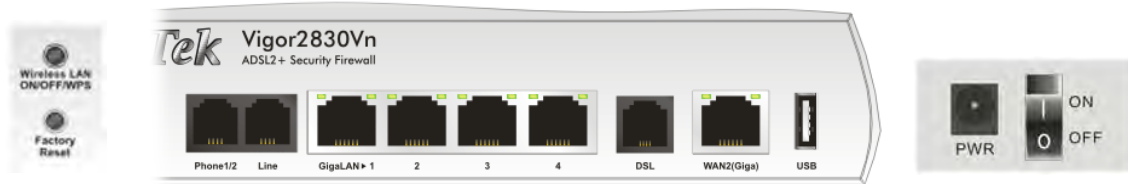
Interface	Description
Wireless LAN ON/OFF/WPS	Press "Wireless LAN ON/OFF/WPS" button once to wait for client device making network connection through WPS. Press "Wireless LAN ON/OFF/WPS" button twice to enable (WLAN LED on) or disable (WLAN LED off) wireless connection.
Factory Reset	Restore the default settings. Usage: Turn on the router (ACT LED is blinking). Press the hole and keep for more than 5 seconds. When you see the ACT LED begins to blink rapidly than usual, release the button. Then the router will restart with the factory default configuration.
GigaLAN (1-4)	Connecters for local network devices.
DSL	Connector for accessing the Internet through ADSL2/2+.
WAN2(Giga)	Connecters for remote networked devices.
USB	Connector for a USB device (for 3G USB Modem or printer).
PWR	Connector for a power adapter.
ON/OFF	Power Switch.

### 1.1.3 For Vigor2830Vn/Vigor2830Vn-plus



LED	Status	Explanation	
ACT (Activity)	Blinking	The router is powered on and running normally.	
	Off	The router is powered off.	
USB	On	USB device is connected and ready for use.	
	Blinking	The data is transmitting.	
CSM	On	The profile(s) of CSM (Content Security Management) for IM/P2P, URL/Web Content Filter application can be enabled from <b>Firewall &gt;&gt;General Setup</b> . (Such profile must be established under <b>CSM</b> menu).	
	On	Wireless access point is ready.	
WLAN	Blinking	It will blink slowly while wireless traffic goes through. If ACT and WLAN LEDs blink quickly and simultaneously when WPS is working, and it will return to normal condition after two minutes. (You need to setup WPS within 2 minutes.)	
	On	The router is ready to access Internet through DSL link.	
DSL	Blinking	Slowly: The DSL connection is ready. Quickly: The connection is tranning.	
	On	The WAN2 connection is ready.	
WAN2	Blinking	It will blink while transmitting data.	
	On	A PSTN phone call comes (in and out). However, when the phone call is disconnected, the LED will be off.	
Line	Off	There is no PSTN phone call.	
	On	The phone connected to this port is off-hook.	
Phone 1/2	Off	The phone connected to this port is on-hook.	
	Blinking	A phone call comes.	
	<i>LED on Connector</i>		
GigaLAN 1/2/3/4	Left LED (Green)	On	The port is connected.
		Off	The port is disconnected.
		Blinking	The data is transmitting.
	Right LED (Green)	On	The port is connected with 1000Mbps.
		Off	The port is connected with 10/100Mbps when left LED is on.
		Blinking	The data is transmitting.
WAN2 (Giga)	Left LED (Green)	On	The port is connected.
		Off	The port is disconnected.
		Blinking	The data is transmitting.

	Right LED (Green)	On	The port is connected with 1000Mbps.
		Off	The port is connected with 10/100Mbps when left LED is on.

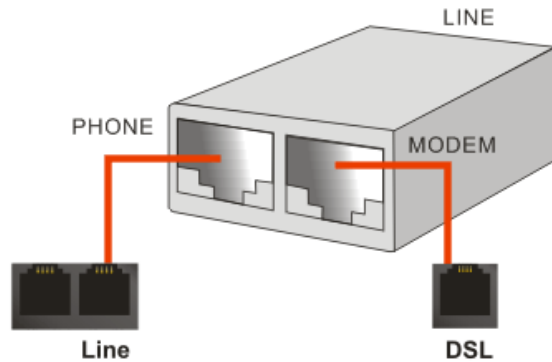


Interface	Description
Wireless LAN ON/OFF/WPS	Press "Wireless LAN ON/OFF/WPS" button once to wait for client device making network connection through WPS. Press "Wireless LAN ON/OFF/WPS" button twice to enable (WLAN LED on) or disable (WLAN LED off) wireless connection.
Factory Reset	Restore the default settings. Usage: Turn on the router (ACT LED is blinking). Press the hole and keep for more than 5 seconds. When you see the ACT LED begins to blink rapidly than usual, release the button. Then the router will restart with the factory default configuration.
Phone 1/2	Connector for analog phone(s).
Line	Connector for PSTN life line.
GigaLAN (1-4)	Connectors for local networked devices.
DSL	Connector for accessing the Internet through ADSL2/2+.
WAN2(Giga)	Connectors for remote networked devices.
USB	Connector for a USB device (for 3G USB Modem or printer).
PWR	Connector for a power adapter.
ON/OFF	Power Switch.

## 1.2 Hardware Installation

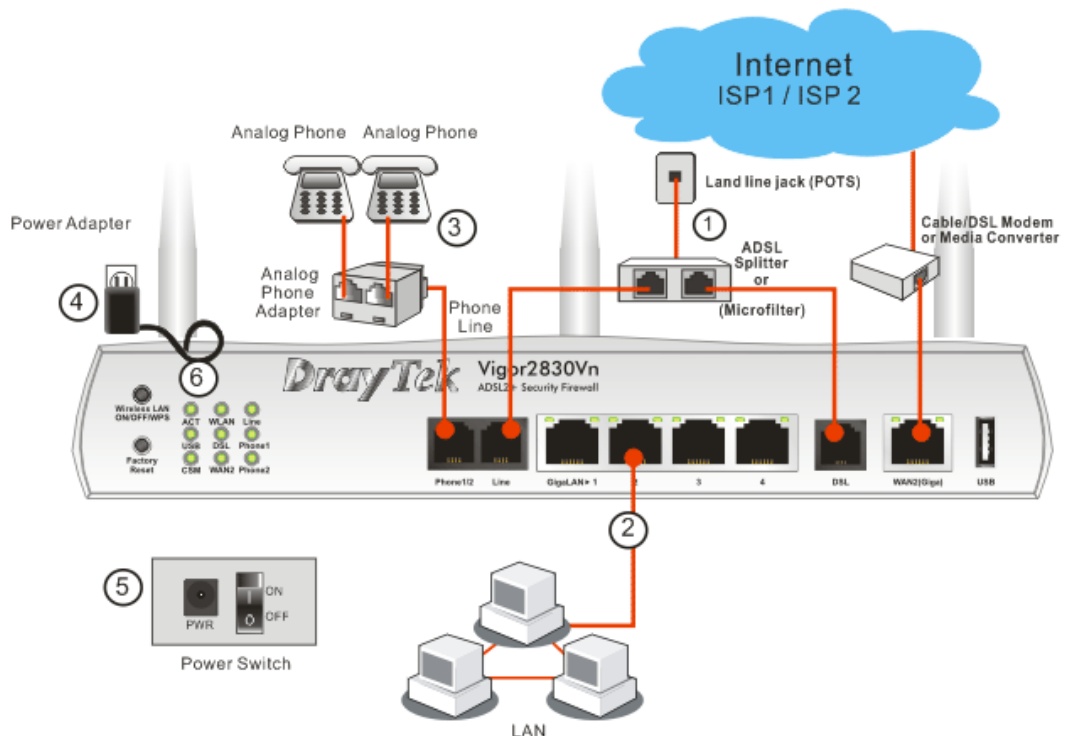
Before starting to configure the router, you have to connect your devices correctly.

1. Connect the ADSL interface to the external ADSL splitter with an ADSL line cable for all models. For Vigor2830Vn, also connect Line interface to external ADSL splitter.



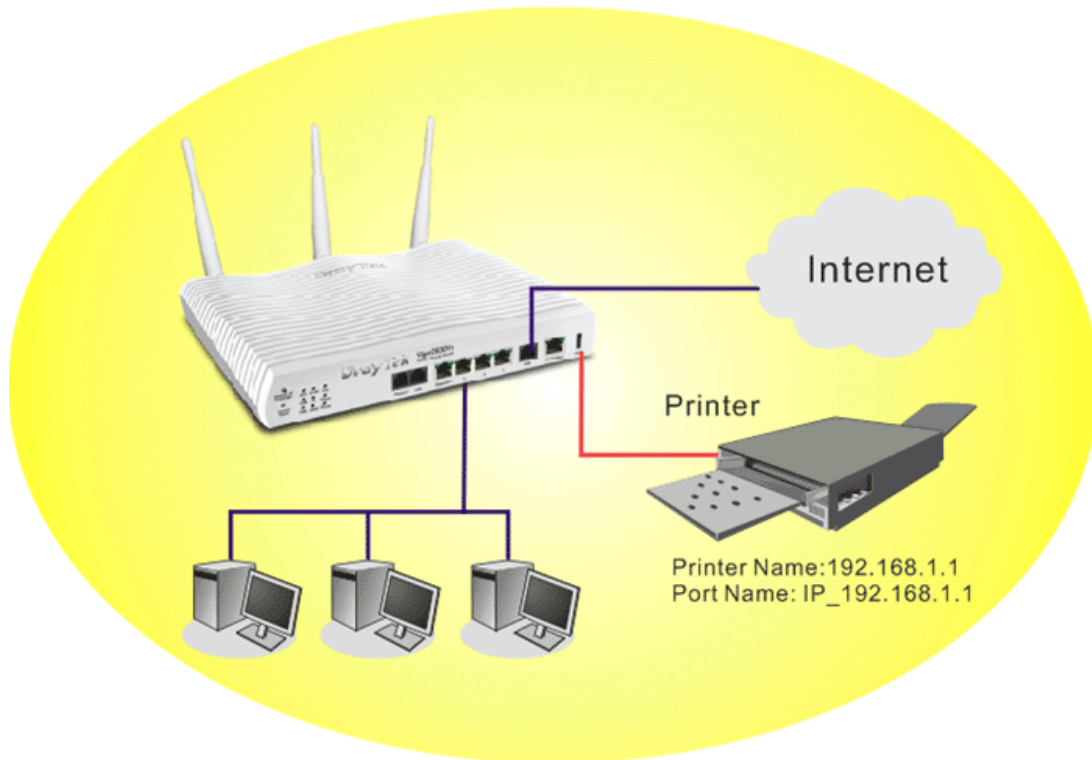
2. Connect one end of an Ethernet cable (RJ-45) to one of the **LAN** ports of the router and the other end of the cable (RJ-45) into the Ethernet port on your computer.
3. Connect the telephone set with phone lines (for using VoIP function). For the model without phone ports, skip this step.
4. Connect one end of the power adapter to the router's power port on the rear panel, and the other side into a wall outlet.
5. Power on the device by pressing down the power switch on the rear panel.
6. The system starts to initiate. After completing the system test, the **ACT** LED will light up and start blinking.

(For the hardware connection, we take "Vn" model as an example.)



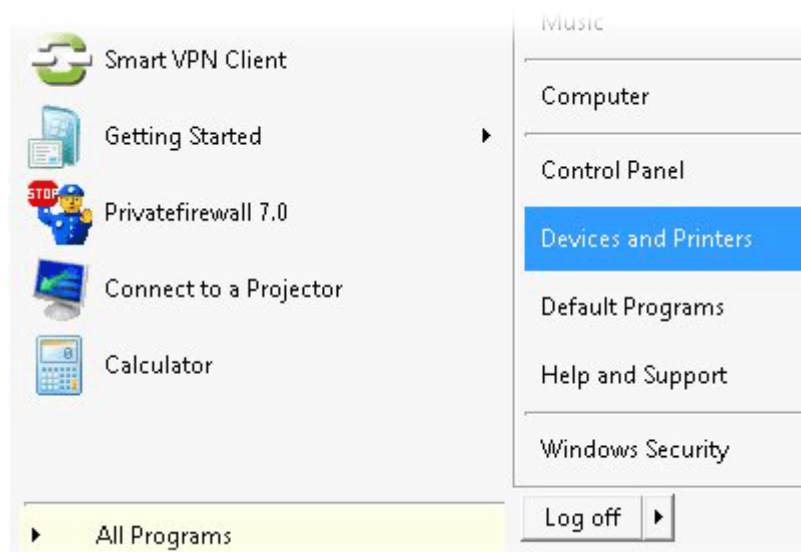
## 1.3 Printer Installation

You can install a printer onto the router for sharing printing. All the PCs connected this router can print documents via the router. The example provided here is made based on Windows 7. For installation on other Windows systems, please visit [www.DrayTek.com](http://www.DrayTek.com).

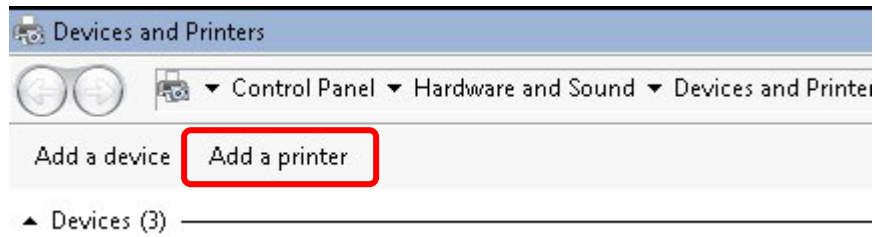


Before using it, please follow the steps below to configure settings for connected computers (or wireless clients).

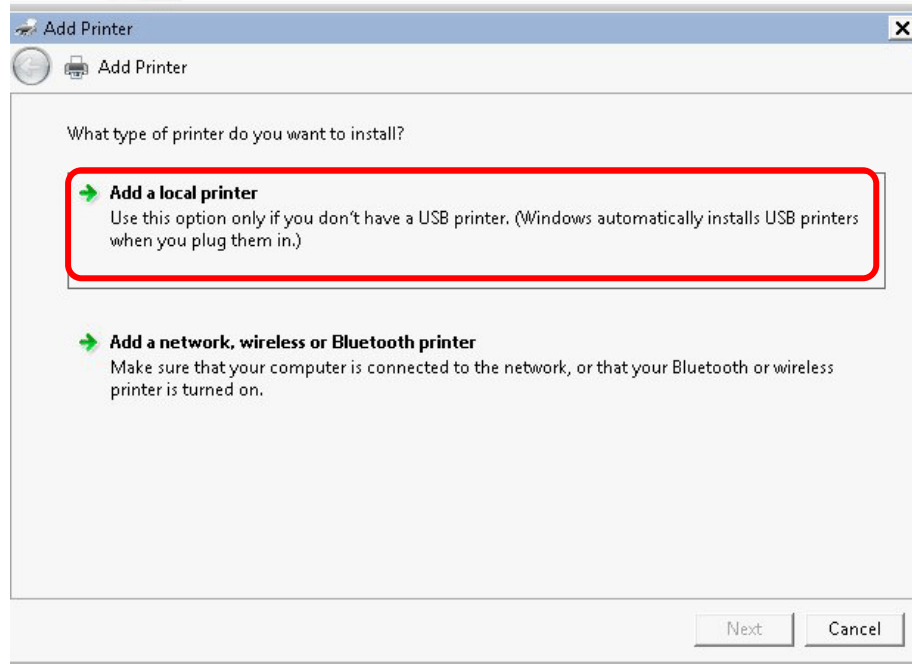
1. Connect the printer with the router through USB/parallel port.
2. Open **All Programs>>Getting Started>>Devices and Printers**.



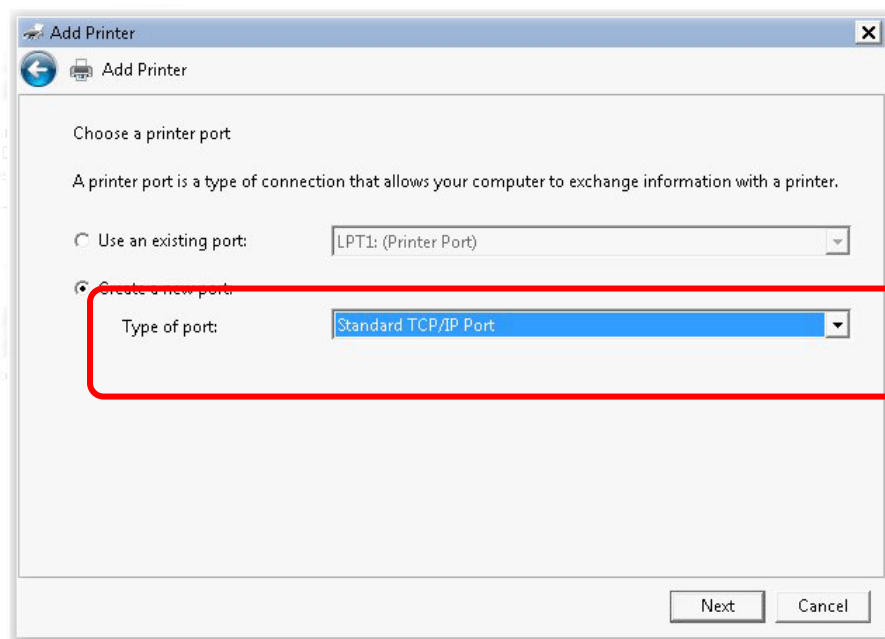
3. Click **Add a printer**.



4. A dialog will appear. Click **Add a local printer** and click **Next**.



5. In this dialog, choose **Create a new port**. In the field of **Type of port**, use the drop down list to select **Standard TCP/IP Port**. Then, click **Next**.



6. In the following dialog, type **192.168.1.1** (router's LAN IP) in the field of **Hostname or IP Address** and type **192.168.1.1** as the **Port name**. Then, click **Next**.

The screenshot shows the 'Add Printer' dialog box with the following details:

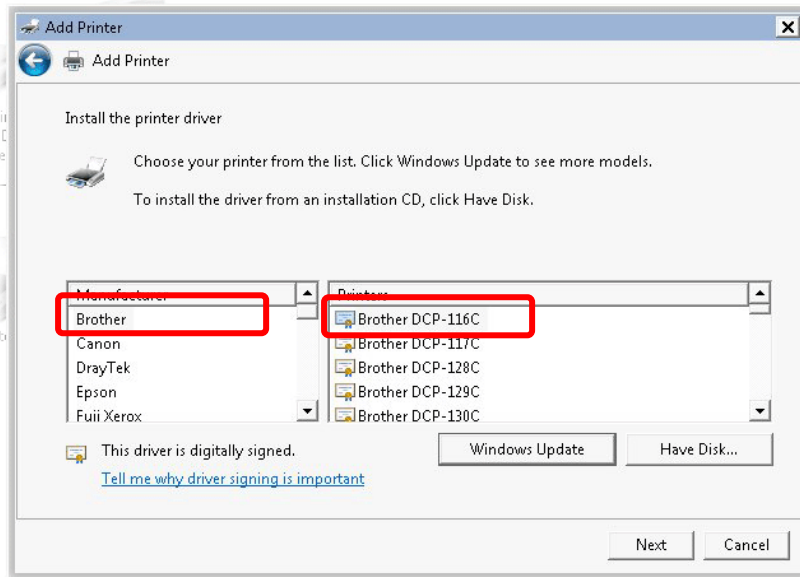
- Device type: TCP/IP Device
- Hostname or IP address: 192.168.1.1
- Port name: 192.168.1.1
- Checkbox:  Query the printer and automatically select the driver to use
- Buttons: Next, Cancel

7. Click **Standard** and choose **Generic Network Card**.

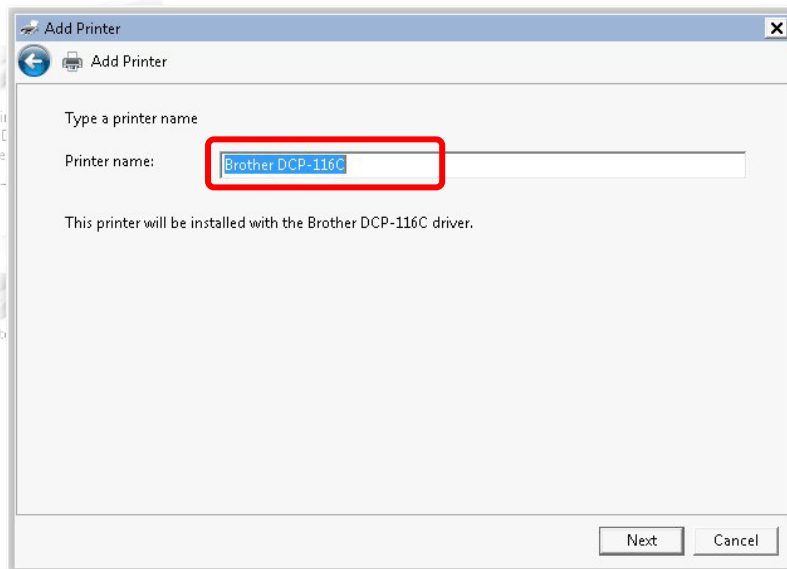
The screenshot shows the 'Add Printer' dialog box with the following details:

- Section: Additional port information required
- Text: The device is not found on the network. Be sure that:
- List:
  1. The device is turned on.
  2. The network is connected.
  3. The device is properly configured.
  4. The address on the previous page is correct.
- Text: If you think the address is not correct, click Back to return to the previous page. Then correct the address and perform another search on the network. If you are sure the address is correct, select the device type below.
- Device Type:
  - Standard (selected) - Generic Network Card
  - Custom - Settings...
- Buttons: Next, Cancel

8. Now, your system will ask you to choose right name of the printer that you installed onto the router. Such step can make correct driver loaded onto your PC. When you finish the selection, click **Next**.

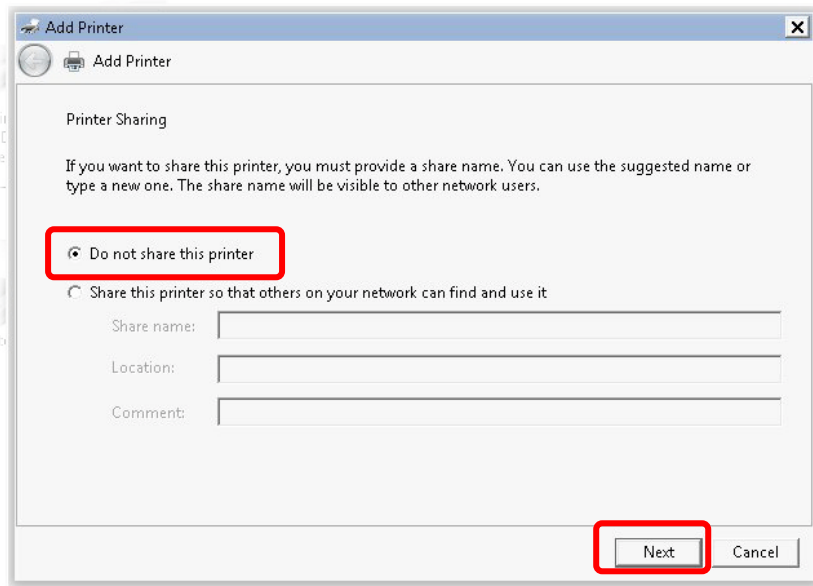


9. Type a name for the chosen printer. Click **Next**.

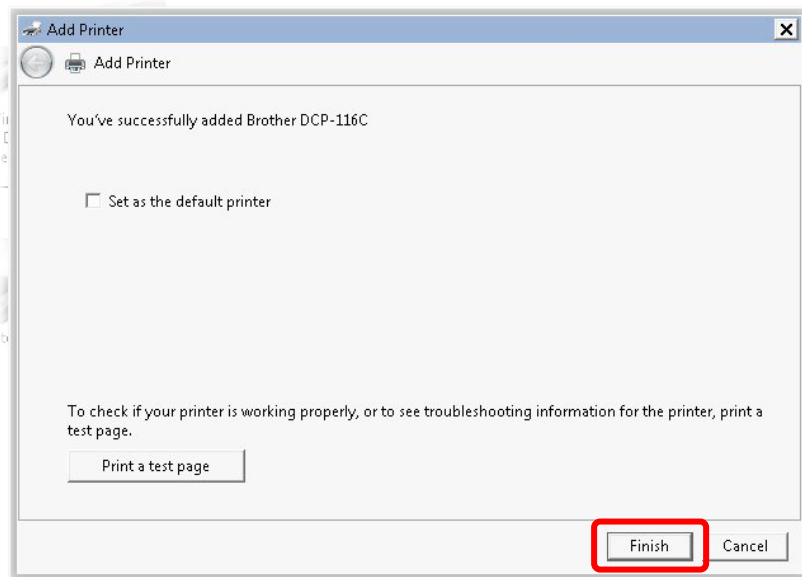




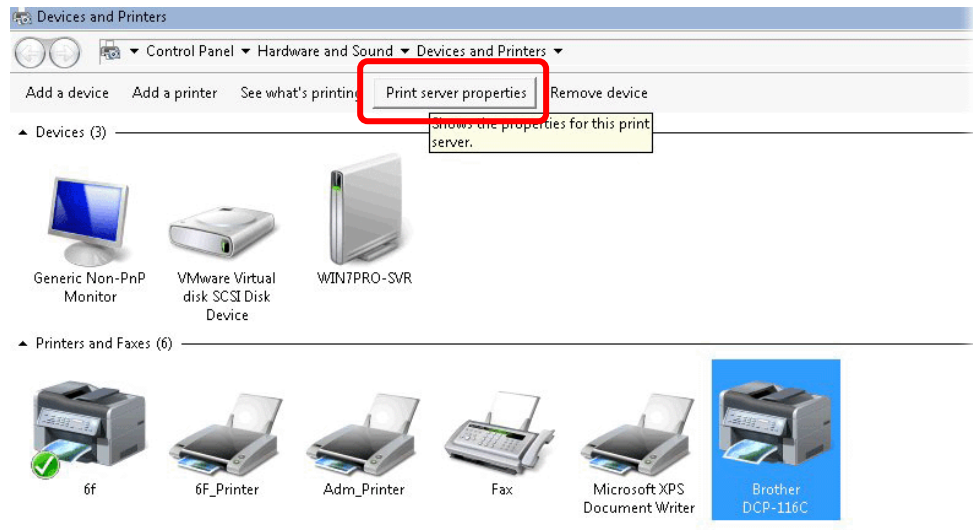
10. Choose **Do not share this printer** and click **Next**.



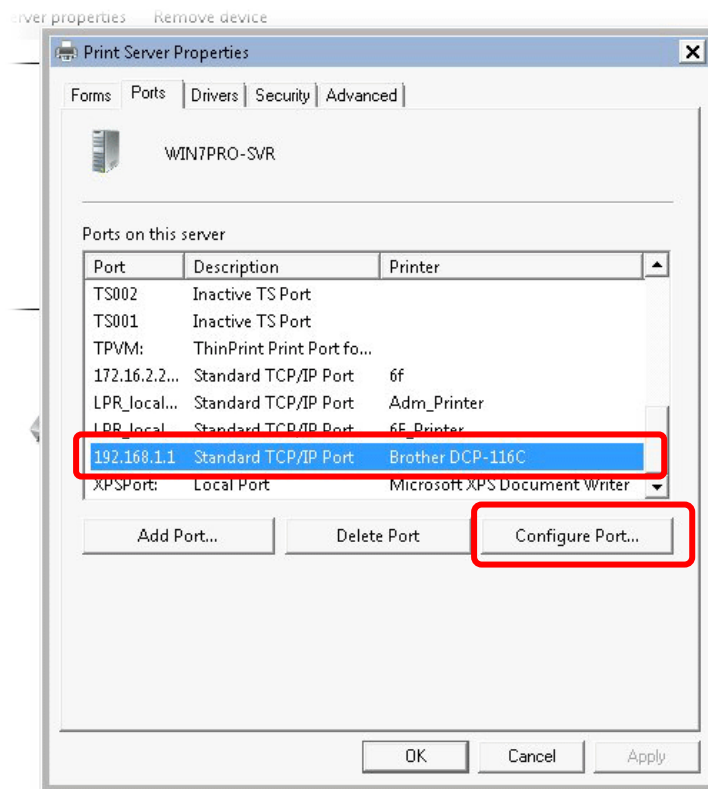
11. Then, in the following dialog, click **Finish**.



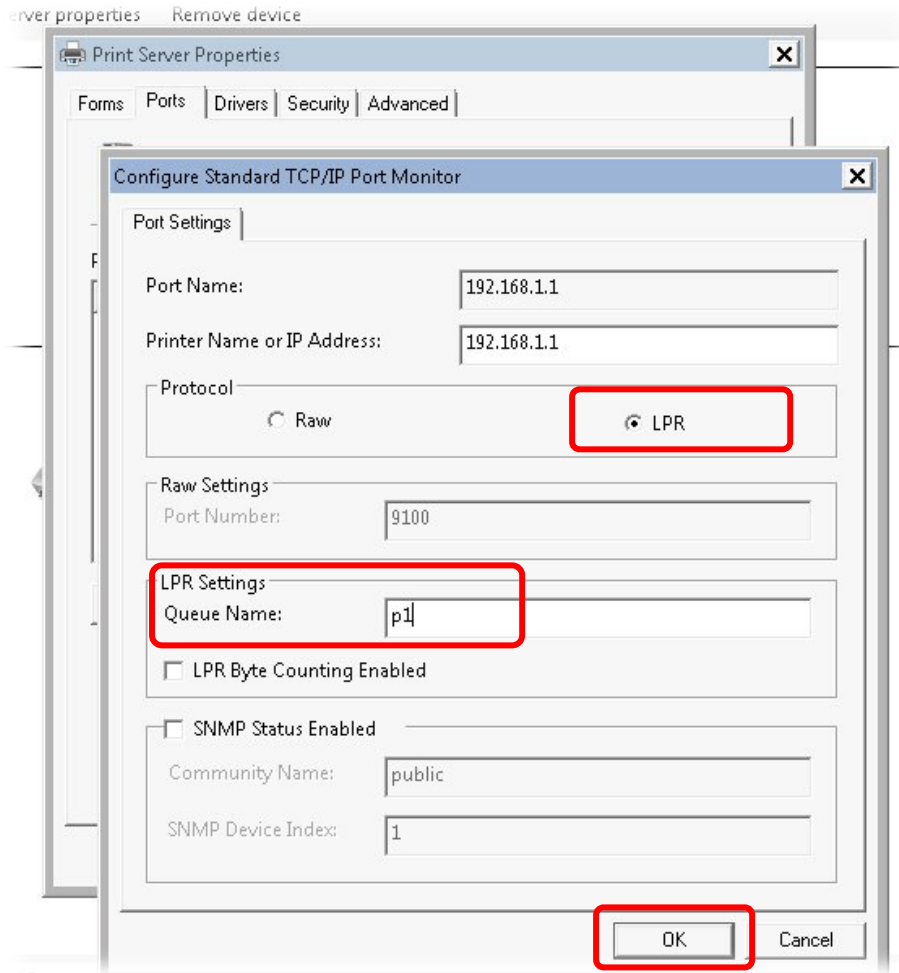
12. The new printer has been added and displayed under **Printers and Faxes**. Click the new printer icon and click **Printer server properties**.



13. Edit the property of the new printer you have added by clicking **Configure Port**.

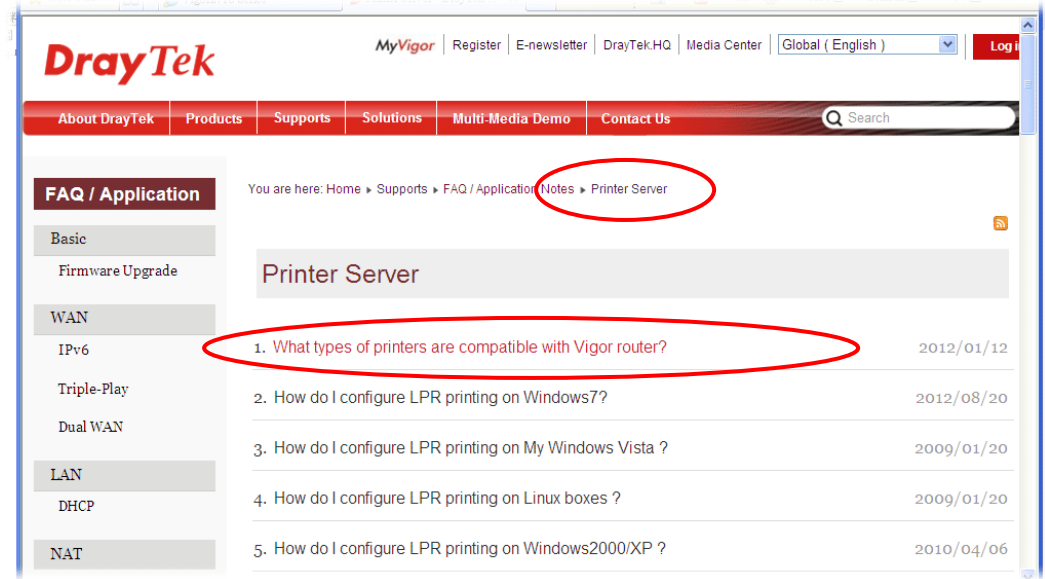


14. Select "**LPR**" on Protocol, type **p1** (number 1) as **Queue Name**. Then click **OK**. Next please refer to the red rectangle for choosing the correct protocol and LPR name.



The printer can be used for printing now. Most of the printers with different manufacturers are compatible with vigor router.

**Note 1:** Some printers with the fax/scanning or other additional functions are not supported. If you do not know whether your printer is supported or not, please visit [www.DrayTek.com](http://www.DrayTek.com) to find out the printer list. Open **Support >FAQ**; find out the link of **Printer Server** and click it; then click the **What types of printers are compatible with Vigor router?** link.



**Note 2:** Vigor router supports printing request from computers via LAN ports but not WAN port.

## 1.4 Accessing Web Page

1. Make sure your PC connects to the router correctly.

You may either simply set up your computer to get IP dynamically from the router or set up the IP address of the computer to be the same subnet as **the default IP address of Vigor router 192.168.1.1**. For the detailed information, please refer to the later section - Trouble Shooting of the guide.

2. Open a web browser on your PC and type **http://192.168.1.1**. The following window will be open to ask for username and password.

3. Please type “admin/admin” as the Username/Password and click **Login**.



**Notice:** If you fail to access to the web configuration, please go to “Trouble Shooting” for detecting and solving your problem.

- Now, the **Main Screen** will appear.

**Vigor2830 Series**  
ADSL2+ Security Firewall

DrayTek

Off  IPv6

**System Status**

Model Name : Vigor2830Vn  
Firmware Version : 3.6.7\_db  
Build Date/Time : Mar 24 2014 15:47:36

LAN						
	MAC Address	IP Address	Subnet Mask	DHCP Server	DNS	
LAN1	00-50-7F-6A-FB-18	192.168.1.1	255.255.255.0	ON	8.8.8.8	
LAN2	00-50-7F-6A-FB-18	192.168.2.1	255.255.255.0	ON	8.8.8.8	
LAN3	00-50-7F-6A-FB-18	192.168.3.1	255.255.255.0	ON	8.8.8.8	
LAN4	00-50-7F-6A-FB-18	192.168.4.1	255.255.255.0	ON	8.8.8.8	
IP Routed Subnet	00-50-7F-6A-FB-18	192.168.0.1	255.255.255.0	ON	8.8.8.8	

Wireless LAN				
MAC Address	Frequency Domain	Firmware Version	SSID	
00-50-7F-6A-FB-18	FCC	"2.2.0.7"	DrayTek	

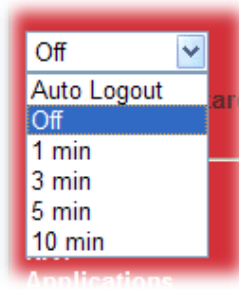
WAN					
	Link Status	MAC Address	Connection	IP Address	Default Gateway
WAN1	Disconnected	00-50-7F-6A-FB-19	PPPoE	---	---
WAN2	Disconnected	00-50-7F-6A-FB-1A	---	---	---
WAN3	Disconnected	00-50-7F-6A-FB-1B	---	---	---

IPv6			
Address	Scope	Internet Access Mode	
LAN FE80::250:7FFF:FE6A:FB18/64	Link	---	

VoIP			
Port	Profile	Req.	In/Out

**Note:** The home page will be different slightly in accordance with the type of the router you have.

- The web page can be logged out according to the chosen condition. The default setting is **Auto Logout**, which means the web configuration system will logout after 5 minutes without any operation. Change the setting for your necessity.



## 1.5 Changing Password

Please change the password for the original security of the router.

- Open a web browser on your PC and type **http://192.168.1.1**. A pop-up window will open to ask for username and password.
- Please type "admin/admin" as the Username/Password and click **Login**.
- Go to **System Maintenance** page and choose **Admin Setting**.

**Administrator Password**

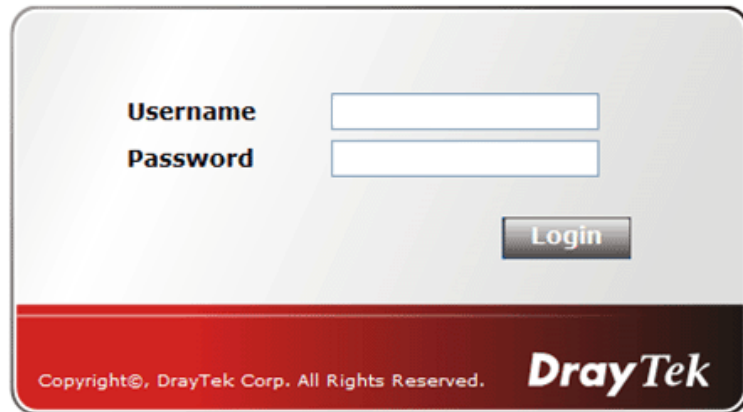
Old Password	<input type="text"/>
New Password	<input type="text"/> (Max. 23 characters allowed)
Confirm Password	<input type="text"/> (Max. 23 characters allowed)

Note: Password can contain only a-z A-Z 0-9 , ; : . " < > \* + = \ | ? @ # ^ ! ( )

**Administrator Local User**

<input type="checkbox"/> Local User				
<b>Local User List</b>				
<table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Index</th><th>User Name</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td></td><td></td></tr></tbody></table>	Index	User Name		
Index	User Name			

4. Enter the login password (the default is blank) on the field of **Old Password**. Type **New Password**. Then click **OK** to continue.
5. Now, the password has been changed. Next time, use the new password to access the Web user interface for this router.



## 1.6 Online Status

- Online Status**
- ▶ Physical Connection
- ▶ Virtual WAN

### 1.6.1 Physical Connection

Such page displays the physical connection status such as LAN connection status, WAN connection status, ADSL information, and so on.

#### Physical Connection for IPv4 Protocol

Online Status

Physical Connection		System Uptime: 4:7:53			
IPv4		IPv6			
<b>LAN Status</b>		Primary DNS: 8.8.8.8		Secondary DNS: 8.8.4.4	
IP Address		TX Packets	RX Packets		
192.168.1.1		53964	729498		
<b>WAN 1 Status</b>					>> <a href="#">Dial PPPoE</a>
Enable	Line	Name	Mode	Up Time	
Yes	VDSL		PPPoE	00:00:00	
IP	GW IP	TX Packets	TX Rate(Bps)	RX Packets	RX Rate(Bps)
---	---	0	0	0	0
Message [ PPP Shutdown ]					
<b>WAN 2 Status</b>					
Enable	Line	Name	Mode	Up Time	
Yes	Ethernet		Static IP	4:07:44	
IP	GW IP	TX Packets	TX Rate(Bps)	RX Packets	RX Rate(Bps)
172.16.3.103	172.16.1.1	29011	351	125630	1230
<b>WAN 3 Status</b>					
Enable	Line	Name	Mode	Up Time	Signal
Yes	USB		---	00:00:00	-
IP	GW IP	TX Packets	TX Rate(Bps)	RX Packets	RX Rate(Bps)
---	---	0	0	0	0

#### Physical Connection for IPv6 Protocol

Online Status

Physical Connection		System Uptime: 4:8:42			
IPv4		IPv6			
<b>LAN Status</b>					
IP Address					
FE80::250:7FFF:FEEA:7EC8/64 (Link)					
TX Packets	RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes		
2	0	156	0		
<b>WAN IPv6 Status</b>					
Enable	Mode	Up Time			
No	Offline	---			
IP	Gateway IP				
---	---				

Detailed explanation (for IPv4) is shown below:

Item	Description
<b>LAN Status</b>	<p><b>Primary DNS</b>-Displays the primary DNS server address for WAN interface.</p> <p><b>Secondary DNS</b> -Displays the secondary DNS server address for WAN interface.</p> <p><b>IP Address</b>-Displays the IP address of the LAN interface.</p> <p><b>TX Packets</b>-Displays the total transmitted packets at the LAN interface.</p> <p><b>RX Packets</b>-Displays the total received packets at the LAN interface.</p>
<b>WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 Status</b>	<p><b>Enable</b> – <b>Yes</b> in red means such interface is available but not enabled. <b>Yes</b> in green means such interface is enabled.</p> <p><b>Line</b> – Displays the physical connection (VDSL, ADSL, Ethernet, or USB) of this interface.</p> <p><b>Name</b> – Display the name of the router.</p> <p><b>Mode</b> - Displays the type of WAN connection (e.g., PPPoE).</p> <p><b>Up Time</b> - Displays the total uptime of the interface.</p> <p><b>IP</b> - Displays the IP address of the WAN interface.</p> <p><b>GW IP</b> - Displays the IP address of the default gateway.</p> <p><b>TX Packets</b> - Displays the total transmitted packets at the WAN interface.</p> <p><b>TX Rate</b> - Displays the speed of transmitted octets at the WAN interface.</p> <p><b>RX Packets</b> - Displays the total number of received packets at the WAN interface.</p> <p><b>RX Rate</b> - Displays the speed of received octets at the WAN interface.</p>

Detailed explanation (for IPv6) is shown below:

Item	Description
<b>LAN Status</b>	<p><b>IP Address</b>- Displays the IPv6 address of the LAN interface..</p> <p><b>TX Packets</b>-Displays the total transmitted packets at the LAN interface.</p> <p><b>RX Packets</b>-Displays the total received packets at the LAN interface.</p> <p><b>TX Bytes</b> - Displays the speed of transmitted octets at the LAN interface.</p> <p><b>RX Bytes</b> - Displays the speed of received octets at the LAN interface.</p>
<b>WAN IPv6 Status</b>	<p><b>Enable</b> – <b>No</b> in red means such interface is available but not enabled. <b>Yes</b> in green means such interface is enabled. <b>No</b> in red means such interface is not available.</p> <p><b>Mode</b> - Displays the type of WAN connection (e.g., TSPC).</p>



Item	Description
	<p><b>Up Time</b> - Displays the total uptime of the interface.</p> <p><b>IP</b> - Displays the IP address of the WAN interface.</p> <p><b>Gateway IP</b> - Displays the IP address of the default gateway.</p>

**Note:** The words in green mean that the WAN connection of that interface is ready for accessing Internet; the words in red mean that the WAN connection of that interface is not ready for accessing Internet.

## 1.6.2 Virtual WAN

Such page displays the virtual WAN connection information.

Virtual WAN are used by TR-069 management, VoIP service and so on.

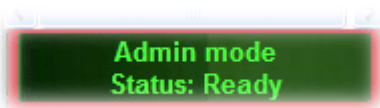
The field of Application will list the purpose of such WAN connection.

### Online Status

Virtual WAN						System Uptime: 69:7:20
<b>WAN 5 Status</b>						
<b>Enable</b>	<b>Line</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Mode</b>	<b>Up Time</b>	<b>Application</b>	
Yes	ADSL		---	00:00:00	Management	
<b>IP</b>	<b>GW IP</b>	<b>TX Packets</b>	<b>TX Rate(Bps)</b>	<b>RX Packets</b>	<b>RX Rate(Bps)</b>	
---	---	0	0	0	0	
<b>WAN 6 Status</b>						
<b>Enable</b>	<b>Line</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Mode</b>	<b>Up Time</b>	<b>Application</b>	
Yes	ADSL		---	00:00:00	Management	
<b>IP</b>	<b>GW IP</b>	<b>TX Packets</b>	<b>TX Rate(Bps)</b>	<b>RX Packets</b>	<b>RX Rate(Bps)</b>	
---	---	0	0	0	0	
<b>WAN 7 Status</b>						
<b>Enable</b>	<b>Line</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Mode</b>	<b>Up Time</b>	<b>Application</b>	
Yes	ADSL		---	00:00:00	Management	
<b>IP</b>	<b>GW IP</b>	<b>TX Packets</b>	<b>TX Rate(Bps)</b>	<b>RX Packets</b>	<b>RX Rate(Bps)</b>	
---	---	0	0	0	0	

## 1.7 Saving Configuration

Each time you click **OK** on the web page for saving the configuration, you can find messages showing the system interaction with you.



**Ready** indicates the system is ready for you to input settings.

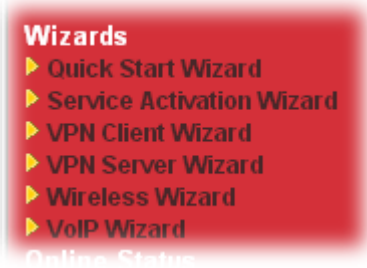
**Settings Saved** means your settings are saved once you click **Finish** or **OK** button.

This page is left blank.

# 2

## Quick Setup

There are several setup wizards offered for you to configure the router simply and quickly.



- **Quick Start Wizard** – used for building network connection, Internet access.
- **Service Activation Wizard** – used for activating the web content filter service.
- **VPN Client Wizard** – used for establishing VPN tunnel; the router is treated as a VPN client.
- **VPN Server Wizard** – used for establishing VPN tunnel; the router is treated as a VPN server.
- **Wireless Wizard** – used for building wireless LAN connection.
- **VoIP Wizard** – used for establishing VoIP profile.

### 2.1 Quick Start Wizard

If your router can be under an environment with high speed NAT, the configuration provide here can help you to deploy and use the router quickly. The first screen of **Quick Start Wizard** is entering login password. After typing the password, please click **Next**.

#### Quick Start Wizard

##### Enter login password

Please enter an alpha-numeric string as your **Password** (Max 23 characters).

Old Password	<input type="password"/>
New Password	<input type="password"/>
Confirm Password	<input type="password"/>

On the next page as shown below, please select the WAN interface that you use. If DSL interface is used, please choose WAN1; if Ethernet interface is used, please choose WAN2; if 3G USB modem is used, please choose WAN3. Then click **Next** for next step.

## Quick Start Wizard

### WAN Interface

WAN Interface:	WAN1 ▾
Display Name:	<input type="text"/>
Physical Mode:	ADSL
Physical Type:	Auto negotiation ▾

< Back   Next >   Finish   Cancel

WAN1, WAN2 and WAN3 will bring up different configuration page. Refer to the following for detailed information.

### 2.1.1 For WAN1 (ADSL)

WAN1 is specified for ADSL connection. Please select the appropriate Internet access type **according to the information from your ISP**.

## Quick Start Wizard

### WAN Interface

WAN Interface:	WAN1 ▾
Display Name:	<input type="text"/>
Physical Mode:	ADSL
Physical Type:	Auto negotiation ▾

< Back   Next >   Finish   Cancel

#### 2.1.1.1 PPPoE/PPPoA

**PPPoE/PPPoA:** PPPoE stands for **Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet**. It relies on two widely accepted standards: PPP and Ethernet. It connects users through an Ethernet to the Internet with a common broadband medium, such as a single DSL line, wireless device or cable modem. All the users over the Ethernet can share a common connection.

PPPoE is used for most of DSL modem users. All local users can share one PPPoE connection for accessing the Internet. Your service provider will provide you information about user name, password, and authentication mode.

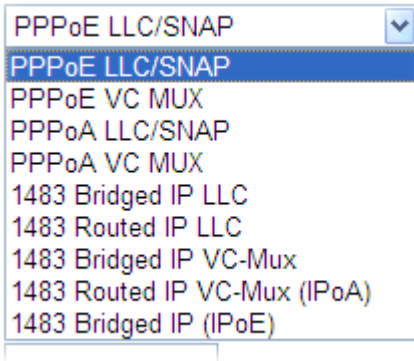
1. Choose **WAN1** as WAN Interface and click the **Next** button; you will get the following page. Choose **PPPoE XXXX** or **PPPoA XXXXX** as the protocol.

**Quick Start Wizard**

**Connect to Internet**

<b>WAN 1</b>	
VPI	8 <span style="float: right;">Auto detect</span>
VCI	35
Protocol / Encapsulation	PPPoA VC MUX
Fixed IP	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No(Dynamic IP)
IP Address	<input type="text"/>
Subnet Mask	<input type="text"/>
Default Gateway	<input type="text"/>
Primary DNS	8.8.8.8
Second DNS	8.8.4.4

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>VPI</b>	Type in the value provided by ISP. <b>Auto detect</b> – Click this button to have the VPI and VCI to be detected by the system automatically
<b>VCI</b>	Type in the value provided by ISP.
<b>Protocol / Encapsulation</b>	There are several modes offered for you to choose for WAN1 interface. 
<b>Fixed IP</b>	Click <b>Yes</b> to enable Fixed IP feature.
<b>IP Address</b>	Type the IP address if <b>Fixed IP</b> is enabled.
<b>Primary DNS</b>	Type in the primary IP address for the router.
<b>Secondary DNS</b>	Type in secondary IP address for necessity in the future.
<b>Back</b>	Click it to return to previous setting page.
<b>Next</b>	Click it to get into the next setting page.
<b>Cancel</b>	Click it to give up the quick start wizard.

- After finished the above settings, simply click **Next**.

**Quick Start Wizard**

**Set PPPoE / PPPoA**

**WAN 1**

Service Name (Optional)	<input type="text" value="84005755@hinet.net"/>
Username	<input type="text" value="84005755"/>
Password	<input type="password" value="....."/>
Confirm Password	<input type="password" value="....."/>

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Service Name (Optional)</b>	Enter the description of the specific network service.
<b>User Name</b>	Type in the valid user name (maximum 63 characters) provided by the ISP in this field.
<b>Password</b>	Type a valid password provided by the ISP.
<b>Confirm Password</b>	Retype the password.
<b>Back</b>	Click it to return to previous setting page.
<b>Next</b>	Click it to get into the next setting page.
<b>Cancel</b>	Click it to give up the quick start wizard.

- Please manually enter the Username/Password provided by your ISP. Then click **Next** for viewing summary of such connection.

## Quick Start Wizard

### Please confirm your settings:

WAN Interface:	WAN1
Physical Mode:	ADSL
Physical Type:	Auto negotiation
VPI:	0
VCI:	33
Protocol / Encapsulation:	PPPoE / LLC
Fixed IP:	No
Primary DNS:	8.8.8.8
Secondary DNS:	8.8.4.4

< Back   Next >   Finish   Cancel

- Click **Finish**. A page of **Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!!!** will appear. Then, the system status of this protocol will be shown.

### Quick Start Wizard Setup OK !!!

- Now, you can enjoy surfing on the Internet.

## 1483 Bridged IP /1483 Routed IP

- Choose **WAN1** as WAN Interface and click the **Next** button; you will get the following page. Choose **1483 Bridged IP /1483 Routed IP** as the protocol.

### Quick Start Wizard

#### Connect to Internet

<b>WAN 1</b>	
VPI	<input type="text" value="8"/> <input type="button" value="Auto detect"/>
VCI	<input type="text" value="35"/>
Protocol / Encapsulation	<input type="text" value="1483 Routed IP LLC"/> ▾
Fixed IP	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No(Dynamic IP)
IP Address	<input type="text"/>
Subnet Mask	<input type="text"/>
Default Gateway	<input type="text"/>
Primary DNS	<input type="text" value="8.8.8.8"/>
Second DNS	<input type="text" value="8.8.4.4"/>

< Back   Next >   Finish   Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
------	-------------

<b>VPI</b>	Type in the value provided by ISP. <b>Auto detect</b> – Click this button to have the VPI and VCI to be detected by the system automatically
<b>VCI</b>	Type in the value provided by ISP.
<b>Protocol / Encapsulation</b>	There are several modes offered for you to choose for WAN1 interface.
<b>Fixed IP</b>	Click <b>Yes</b> to enable Fixed IP feature.
<b>IP Address</b>	Type the IP address if <b>Fixed IP</b> is enabled.
<b>Subnet Mask</b>	Type the subnet mask.
<b>Primary DNS</b>	Type in the primary IP address for the router.
<b>Secondary DNS</b>	Type in secondary IP address for necessity in the future.
<b>Back</b>	Click it to return to previous setting page.
<b>Next</b>	Click it to get into the next setting page.
<b>Cancel</b>	Click it to give up the quick start wizard.

2. Please type in the IP address/mask/gateway information originally provided by your ISP. Then click **Next** for viewing summary of such connection.

#### Quick Start Wizard

#### Please confirm your settings:

WAN Interface:	WAN1
Physical Mode:	ADSL
Physical Type:	Auto negotiation
VPI:	0
VCI:	33
Protocol / Encapsulation:	1483 Bridge LLC
Fixed IP:	No
Primary DNS:	8.8.8.8
Secondary DNS:	8.8.4.4

3. Click **Finish**. A page of **Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!!!** will appear. Then, the system status of this protocol will be shown.

#### Quick Start Wizard Setup OK !!!

4. Now, you can enjoy surfing on the Internet.



## 2.1.2 For WAN2 (Ethernet)

WAN2 is dedicated to physical mode in Ethernet. If you choose WAN2, please specify physical type. Then, click **Next**.

### Quick Start Wizard

**WAN Interface**

WAN Interface:	WAN2
Display Name:	
Physical Mode:	Ethernet
Physical Type:	Auto negotiation

- Auto negotiation
- 10M half duplex
- 10M full duplex
- 100M half duplex
- 100M full duplex

< Back   Next >   Finish   Cancel

On the next page as shown below, please select the appropriate Internet access type according to the information from your ISP. For example, you should select PPPoE mode if the ISP provides you PPPoE interface. Then click **Next** for next step.

### Quick Start Wizard

**Connect to Internet**

**WAN 2**  
Select one of the following Internet Access types provided by your ISP.

- PPPoE
- PPTP
- L2TP
- Static IP
- DHCP

< Back   Next >   Finish   Cancel

## PPPoE

PPPoE stands for **Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet**. It relies on two widely accepted standards: PPP and Ethernet. It connects users through an Ethernet to the Internet with a common broadband medium, such as a single DSL line, wireless device or cable modem. All the users over the Ethernet can share a common connection.

PPPoE is used for most of DSL modem users. All local users can share one PPPoE connection for accessing the Internet. Your service provider will provide you information about user name, password, and authentication mode.

1. Choose **WAN2** as the WAN Interface and click the **Next** button. The following page will be open for you to specify Internet Access Type.

**Quick Start Wizard**

**Connect to Internet**

**WAN 2**  
Select one of the following Internet Access types provided by your ISP.

- PPPoE
- PPTP
- L2TP
- Static IP
- DHCP

< Back    Next >    Finish    Cancel

2. Click **PPPoE** as the Internet Access Type. Then click **Next** to continue.

**Quick Start Wizard**

**PPPoE Client Mode**

**WAN 2**  
Enter the user name and password provided by your ISP.

User Name                      84005657@hinet.net

Password                        ●●●●●

Confirm Password              ●●●●●

< Back    Next >    Finish    Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>User Name</b>	Type in the valid user name (maximum 63 characters) provided by the ISP in this field.
<b>Password</b>	Type a valid password provided by the ISP.
<b>Confirm Password</b>	Retype the password.
<b>Back</b>	Click it to return to previous setting page.
<b>Next</b>	Click it to get into the next setting page.
<b>Cancel</b>	Click it to give up the quick start wizard.

3. Please manually enter the Username/Password provided by your ISP. Click **Next** for viewing summary of such connection.

#### Quick Start Wizard

##### Please confirm your settings:

WAN Interface:	WAN2
Physical Mode:	Ethernet
Physical Type:	Auto negotiation
Internet Access:	PPPoE

Click **Back** to modify changes if necessary. Otherwise, click **Finish** to save the current settings and restart the Vigor router.

4. Click **Finish**. A page of **Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!!!** will appear. Then, the system status of this protocol will be shown.

### Quick Start Wizard Setup OK !!!

5. Now, you can enjoy surfing on the Internet.

## PPTP/L2TP

1. Choose **WAN2** as the WAN Interface and click the **Next** button. The following page will be open for you to specify Internet Access Type.

#### Quick Start Wizard

##### Connect to Internet

**WAN 2**  
Select one of the following Internet Access types provided by your ISP.

- PPPoE
- PPTP
- L2TP
- Static IP
- DHCP

- Click **PPTP/L2TP** as the Internet Access Type. Then click **Next** to continue.

**Quick Start Wizard**

**L2TP Client Mode**

**WAN 2**  
Enter the user name, password, WAN IP configuration and L2TP server IP provided by your ISP.

User Name

Password

Confirm Password

WAN IP Configuration

Obtain an IP address automatically

Specify an IP address

IP Address

Subnet Mask

Gateway

Primary DNS

Second DNS

L2TP Server

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>User Name</b>	Assign a specific valid user name provided by the ISP.
<b>Password</b>	Assign a valid password provided by the ISP.
<b>Confirm Password</b>	Retype the password.
<b>WAN IP Configuration</b>	<p><b>Obtain an IP address automatically</b> – the router will get an IP address automatically from DHCP server.</p> <p><b>Specify an IP address</b> – you have to type relational settings manually.</p> <p><b>IP Address</b> - Type the IP address.</p> <p><b>Subnet Mask</b> –Type the subnet mask.</p> <p><b>Gateway</b> – Type the IP address of the gateway.</p> <p><b>Primary DNS</b> –Type in the primary IP address for the router.</p> <p><b>Second DNS</b> –Type in secondary IP address for necessity in the future.</p>
<b>PPTP Server / L2TP Server</b>	Type the IP address of the server.
<b>Back</b>	Click it to return to previous setting page.
<b>Next</b>	Click it to get into the next setting page.
<b>Cancel</b>	Click it to give up the quick start wizard.

- Please type in the IP address/mask/gateway information originally provided by your ISP. Then click **Next** for viewing summary of such connection.

## Quick Start Wizard

### Please confirm your settings:

WAN Interface: WAN2  
Physical Mode: Ethernet  
Physical Type: Auto negotiation  
Internet Access: L2TP

Click **Back** to modify changes if necessary. Otherwise, click **Finish** to save the current settings and restart the Vigor router.

< Back   Next >   Finish   Cancel

4. Click **Finish**. A page of **Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!!!** will appear. Then, the system status of this protocol will be shown.

## Quick Start Wizard Setup OK !!!

5. Now, you can enjoy surfing on the Internet.

## Static IP

1. Choose **WAN2** as the WAN Interface and click the **Next** button. The following page will be open for you to specify Internet Access Type.

## Quick Start Wizard

### Connect to Internet

#### WAN 2

Select one of the following Internet Access types provided by your ISP.

- PPPoE
- PPTP
- L2TP
- Static IP
- DHCP

< Back   Next >   Finish   Cancel

2. Click **Static IP** as the Internet Access type. Simply click **Next** to continue.

**Quick Start Wizard**

**Static IP Client Mode**

**WAN 2**  
Enter the Static IP configuration provided by your ISP.

WAN IP	<input type="text" value="172.16.3.102"/>
Subnet Mask	<input type="text" value="255.255.0.0"/>
Gateway	<input type="text" value="172.16.1.1"/>
Primary DNS	<input type="text" value="8.8.8.8"/>
Secondary DNS	<input type="text" value="8.8.4.4"/> (optional)

Available settings are explained as follows:

<b>Item</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>WAN IP</b>	Type the IP address.
<b>Subnet Mask</b>	Type the subnet mask.
<b>Gateway</b>	Type the IP address of gateway.
<b>Primary DNS</b>	Type in the primary IP address for the router.
<b>Secondary DNS</b>	Type in secondary IP address for necessity in the future.
<b>Back</b>	Click it to return to previous setting page.
<b>Next</b>	Click it to get into the next setting page.
<b>Cancel</b>	Click it to give up the quick start wizard.

3. Please type in the IP address information originally provided by your ISP. Then click **Next** for next step.

#### Quick Start Wizard

---

#### Please confirm your settings:

WAN Interface:	WAN2
Physical Mode:	Ethernet
Physical Type:	Auto negotiation
Internet Access:	Static IP

Click **Back** to modify changes if necessary. Otherwise, click **Finish** to save the current settings and restart the Vigor router.

4. Click **Finish**. A page of **Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!!!** will appear. Then, the system status of this protocol will be shown.

#### Quick Start Wizard Setup OK !!!

5. Now, you can enjoy surfing on the Internet.

## DHCP

1. Choose **WAN2** as WAN Interface and click the **Next** button. The following page will be open for you to specify Internet Access Type.

### Quick Start Wizard

#### Connect to Internet

##### WAN 2

Select one of the following Internet Access types provided by your ISP.

- PPPoE
- PPTP
- L2TP
- Static IP
- DHCP

< Back

Next >

Finish

Cancel

2. Click **DHCP** as the Internet Access type. Simply click **Next** to continue.

### Quick Start Wizard

#### DHCP Client Mode

##### WAN 2

If your ISP requires you to enter a specific host name or specific MAC address, please enter it in.

Host Name

(optional)

MAC

-  -  -  -  -  (optional)

< Back

Next >

Finish

Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Host Name	Type the name of the host.
MAC	Some Cable service providers specify a specific MAC address for access authentication. In such cases you need to enter the MAC address.
Back	Click it to return to previous setting page.
Next	Click it to get into the next setting page.



<b>Cancel</b>	Click it to give up the quick start wizard.
---------------	---

3. After finished the settings above, click **Next** for viewing summary of such connection.

**Quick Start Wizard**

**Please confirm your settings:**

WAN Interface:	WAN2
Physical Mode:	Ethernet
Physical Type:	Auto negotiation
Internet Access:	DHCP

Click **Back** to modify changes if necessary. Otherwise, click **Finish** to save the current settings and restart the Vigor router.

4. Click **Finish**. A page of **Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!!!** will appear. Then, the system status of this protocol will be shown.

**Quick Start Wizard Setup OK !!!**

5. Now, you can enjoy surfing on the Internet.

### 2.1.3 For WAN3 (USB)

To use 3G USB modem for network connection, please choose WAN3.

1. Choose **WAN3** as WAN Interface.

#### Quick Start Wizard

##### WAN Interface

WAN Interface:  ▾

Display Name:

Physical Mode: USB

2. Then, click **Next** for viewing summary of such connection.

#### Quick Start Wizard

##### Connect to Internet

**WAN 3**

Internet Access :  ▾

**3G/4G USB Modem(PPP mode)**

SIM PIN code

Modem Initial String   
(Default:AT&FE0V1X1&D2&C1S0=0)

APN Name

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Internet Access</b>	Choose one of the selections as the protocol of accessing the internet.
<b>3G/4G USB Modem (PPP mode)</b>	<p><b>SIM Pin code</b> –Type PIN code of the SIM card that will be used to access Internet. The maximum length of the pin code you can set is 15 characters.</p> <p><b>Modem Initial String</b> – Such value is used to initialize USB modem. Please use the default value. If you have any</p>

	<p>question, please contact to your ISP. The maximum length of the string you can set is 47 characters.</p> <p><b>APN Name</b> – APN means Access Point Name which is provided and required by some ISPs. Type the name and click <b>Apply</b>.</p>
<b>4G USB Modem (DHCP mode)</b>	<p><b>SIM Pin code</b> –Type PIN code of the SIM card that will be used to access Internet.</p> <p><b>Network Mode</b> – Force Vigor router to connect Internet with the mode specified here. If you choose 4G/3G/2G as network mode, the router will choose a suitable one according to the actual wireless signal automatically.</p> <p><b>APN Name</b> – APN means Access Point Name which is provided and required by some ISPs.</p>

- Then, click **Next** for viewing summary of such connection.

**Quick Start Wizard**

**Please confirm your settings:**

WAN Interface:	WAN3
Physical Mode:	USB
Internet Access:	DHCP

Click **Back** to modify changes if necessary. Otherwise, click **Finish** to save the current settings and restart the Vigor router.

- Click **Finish**. A page of **Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!!!** will appear. Then, the system status of this protocol will be shown.

**Quick Start Wizard Setup OK !!!**

- Now, you can enjoy surfing on the Internet.

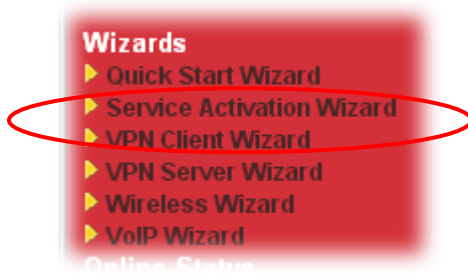
## 2.2 Service Activation Wizard

Service Activation Wizard can guide you to activate WCF service (Web Content Filter) with a quick and easy way. **For the Service Activation Wizard is only available for admin operation, therefore, please type “admin/admin” on Username/Password while Logging into the web user interface.**

Service Activation Wizard is a tool which allows you to use trial version or update the license of WCF directly without accessing into the server (**MyVigor**) located on <http://myvigor.draytek.com>. For using Web Content Filter Profile, please refer to later section **Web Content Filter Profile** for detailed information.

Now, follow the steps listed below to activate WCF feature for your router.

1. Open **Service Activation Wizard**.



2. The screen of **Service Activation Wizard** will be shown as follows. Choose the one you need and click **Next**. In this case, we choose to activate free trail edition.

### Service Activation Wizard

#### Select the service type that you want to activate

This wizard is used for activating  
- Web Content Filter  
Please choose the edition you need.

- Free trial edition  
 Formal edition with license key

Next >

Finish

Cancel

**Free trial edition:** it offers a period of trial for you to get acquainted with WCF function.

**Formal edition with license key:** you can extend the license valid time manually.

**Note:** If you activate **Formal edition with license key** first, the free trial edition will be invalid.

- In the following page, you can activate the Web content filter services at the same time or individually. When you finish the selection, please click **Next**.

Service Activation Wizard

Select the service type that you want to activate

This product provides 30 days of free trial, please choose the item(s) you want to use.

WCF service:

Web Content Filter (BPjM)  
 BPjM is the web content filter based on service operated in Germany. We recommend only users live in Germany to try the BPjM WCF service. This is a free service without guarantee.  
 Activation Date :

---

Web Content Filter (Commtouch) [License Agreement](#)  
 Commtouch is the web content filter based on Commtouch operated in the worldwide. There is a 30-day trial period. After trial, you can purchase DrayTek's prepared Commtouch GlobalView WCF package from retailing outlets.  
 Activation Date :

---

Web Content Filter (fragFINN) [License Agreement](#) Activation Date :

I have read and accept the above Agreement. (Please check this box).

Note: The activation date is brought out by the server automatically and cannot be changed.

Commtouch is the web content filter based on Commtouch operated in the worldwide. There is a 30-day trial period. After trial, you can purchase DrayTek's prepared Commtouch GlobalView WCF package from retailing outlets.

BPjM is WCF for German Speaking users. The fragFINN is whitelist for German Speaking users. The BPjM is ideal for your family to provide more Internet security for youngsters.

The fragFINN is designed for protecting kids from inadequate web sites. More info is available at <http://www.draytek.de/jugendschutz> .

- Setting confirmation page will be displayed as follows, please click **Next**.

Service Activation Wizard

Please confirm your settings

Service Type : Trial version  
 Service Activated : Web Content Filter ( Commtouch )

Please click **Back** to re-select service type you to activate.

- Wait for a moment till the following page appears.

### Service Activation Wizard

---

#### Connection Succeeded!

Please check the following item(s) to enable services on your router.

Enable Web Content Filter

Next >

Finish

When such page appears, you can enable or disable these services for your necessity. Then, click **Finish**.

**Note:** The service will be activated and applied as the default rule configured in **Firewall>>General Setup**.

6. Now, the web page will display the service that you have activated according to your selection(s). The valid time for the free trial of these services is one month.

### Service Activation Wizard

---

#### Server Enabled!

#### DrayTek Service Activation

Service Name	Start Date	Expire Date	Status
Web Content filter	2011-09-21	2011-10-22	Commtouch

Please check if the license fits with the service provider of your signature. To ensure normal operation for your router, update your signature again is recommended.

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Later, if you need to extend the license valid time for the same service, you can also use the **Service Activation Wizard** again to reach your goal by clicking the radio button of **Formal edition with license key** and clicking **Next**.

Service Activation Wizard

Select the service type that you want to activate

This wizard is used for activating  
- Web Content Filter  
Please choose the edition you need.

- Free trial edition
- Formal edition with license key

Next >

Finish

Cancel

Service Activation Wizard

Select the service type that you want to activate

Please choose the item you want to use.  
WCF service:

- Web Content Filter (Commtouch) [License Agreement](#)

Commtouch is the web content filter based on Commtouch operated in the worldwide. There is a 30-day trial period. After trial, you can purchase DrayTek's prepared Commtouch GlobalView WCF package from retailing outlets.

Enter your License key:  Activation Date :  [select](#)

I have read and accept the above Agreement. (Please check this box).

**Note:** The activation date is brought out by the server automatically and cannot be changed.

< Back

Next >

Finish

Cancel

## 2.3 VPN Client Wizard

Such wizard is used to configure VPN settings for VPN client. Such wizard will guide to set the LAN-to-LAN profile for VPN dial out connection (from server to client) step by step.

1. Open **VPN and Remote Access>>VPN Client Wizard**. The following page will appear.

VPN and Remote Access >> VPN Client Wizard

### Choose VPN Establishment Environment

LAN-to-LAN VPN Client Mode Selection: Route Mode ▾

Please choose a LAN-to-LAN Profile: [Index] [Status] [Name] ▾

**Note:** For a typical LAN-to-LAN tunnel, please select Route Mode.  
 If the remote network is expecting only a single client or ip and is not configured to route the subnet and then select NAT mode.  
 If in doubt then select Route Mode

< Back
Next >
Finish
Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>LAN-to-LAN Client Mode Selection</b>	Choose the client mode. Route Mode/NAT Mode – If the remote network only allows you to dial in with single IP, please choose this mode, otherwise please choose Route Mode. <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px; margin-top: 5px;">             Route Mode ▾              Route Mode              NAT Mode           </div>
<b>Please choose a LAN-to-LAN Profile</b>	There are 32 VPN profiles for users to set.



[Index]	[Status]	[Name]
1	x	???
2	x	???
3	x	???
4	x	???
5	x	???
6	x	???
7	x	???
8	x	???
9	x	???
10	x	???
11	x	???
12	x	???
13	x	???
14	x	???
15	x	???
16	x	???
17	x	???
18	x	???
19	x	???
20	x	???
21	x	???
22	x	???
23	x	???
24	x	???
25	x	???
26	x	???
27	x	???
28	x	???
29	x	???

2. When you finish the mode and profile selection, please click **Next** to open the following page.

VPN and Remote Access >> VPN Client Wizard

VPN Connection Setting

Security ranking (1 is the highest; 5 is the lowest)	Throughput ranking (1 is the highest; 5 is the lowest)
1. L2TP over IPSec	1. PPTP (None Encryption)
2. IPSec	2. L2TP
3. PPTP (Encryption)	3. IPSec
4. L2TP	4. L2TP over IPSec
5. PPTP (None Encryption)	5. PPTP (Encryption)

Select VPN Type:

- PPTP (None Encryption)
- PPTP (Encryption)
- IPSec
- L2TP
- L2TP over IPSec (Nice to Have)
- L2TP over IPSec (Must)

< Back    Next >    Finish    Cancel

In this page, you have to select suitable VPN type for the VPN client profile. There are six types provided here. Different type will lead to different configuration page. After making the choices for the client profile, please click **Next**. You will see different configurations based on the selection(s) you made.

- When you choose **PPTP (None Encryption)** or **PPTP (Encryption)**, you will see the following graphic:

VPN and Remote Access >> VPN Client Wizard

**VPN Client PPTP None Encryption Settings**

Profile Name	???
VPN Dial-Out Through	WAN1 First
<input type="checkbox"/> Always on	
Server IP/Host Name for VPN (e.g. 5551234, draytek.com or 123.45.67.89)	draytek.com
Username	marketing
Password	●●●●●●●●
Remote Network IP	192.168.1.6
Remote Network Mask	255.255.255.0

< Back    Next >    Finish    Cancel

- When you choose **IPSec**, you will see the following graphic:

VPN and Remote Access >> VPN Client Wizard

**VPN Client IPSec Settings**

Profile Name	???
VPN Dial-Out Through	WAN1 First
<input type="checkbox"/> Always on	
Server IP/Host Name for VPN (e.g. 5551234, draytek.com or 123.45.67.89)	
IKE Authentication Method	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Pre-Shared Key	
Confirm Pre-Shared Key	
<input type="radio"/> Digital Signature (X.509)	
Peer ID	None
Local ID	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Alternative Subject Name First	
<input type="radio"/> Subject Name First	
IPSec Security Method	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Medium (AH)	
<input type="radio"/> High (ESP)	DES without Authentication
Remote Network IP	0.0.0.0
Remote Network Mask	255.255.255.0

< Back    Next >    Finish    Cancel

- When you choose **L2TP**, you will see the following graphic:

VPN and Remote Access >> VPN Client Wizard

**VPN Client L2TP Settings**

Profile Name	VPN-1
VPN Dial-Out Through	WAN1 First
<input type="checkbox"/> Always on	
Server IP/Host Name for VPN (e.g. 5551234, draytek.com or 123.45.67.89)	draytek.com
Username	marketing
Password	●●●●●●●●
Remote Network IP	192.168.1.6
Remote Network Mask	255.255.255.0

- When you choose **L2TP over IPSec (Nice to Have)** or **L2TP over IPSec (Must)**, you will see the following graphic:

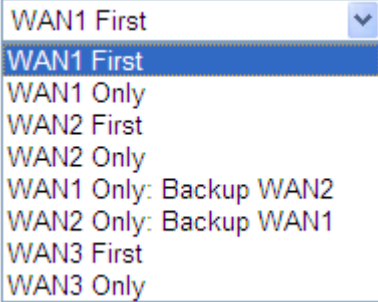
VPN and Remote Access >> VPN Client Wizard

**VPN Client L2TP over IPSec (Nice to Have) Settings**

Profile Name	VPN-2
VPN Dial-Out Through	WAN1 First
<input type="checkbox"/> Always on	
Server IP/Host Name for VPN (e.g. 5551234, draytek.com or 123.45.67.89)	
IKE Authentication Method	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Pre-Shared Key	
Confirm Pre-Shared Key	
<input type="radio"/> Digital Signature (X.509)	
Peer ID	None
Local ID	
<input type="radio"/> Alternative Subject Name First	
<input type="radio"/> Subject Name First	
IPSec Security Method	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Medium (AH)	
<input type="radio"/> High (ESP)	DES without Authentication
Username	???
Password	
Remote Network IP	0.0.0.0
Remote Network Mask	255.255.255.0

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Profile Name</b>	Type a name for such profile. The length of the file is limited to 10 characters.

<p><b>VPN Dial-Out Through</b></p>	<p>Use the drop down menu to choose a proper WAN interface for this profile. This setting is useful for dial-out only.</p>  <p><b>WAN1 First/ WAN2 First/ WAN3 First</b> - While connecting, the router will use WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 as the first channel for VPN connection. If WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 fails, the router will use another WAN interface instead.</p> <p><b>WAN1 Only /WAN2 Only/WAN 3 Only-</b> While connecting, the router will use WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 as the only channel for VPN connection.</p> <p><b>WAN1 Only: Backup WAN2</b> - While connecting, the router will use WAN2 for VPN connection. If WAN2 fails, the router will use backup WAN1 interface instead.</p> <p><b>WAN2 Only: Backup WAN1</b> - While connecting, the router will use WAN1 for VPN connection. If WAN1 fails, the router will use backup WAN2 interface instead.</p>
<p><b>Always On</b></p>	<p>Check to enable router always keep VPN connection.</p>
<p><b>Pre-Shared Key</b></p>	<p><b>IKE Authentication Method</b> usually applies to those are remote dial-in user or node (LAN to LAN) which uses dynamic IP address and IPSec-related VPN connections such as L2TP over IPSec and IPSec tunnel.</p> <p><b>Pre-Shared Key-</b> Specify a key for IKE authentication.</p> <p><b>Confirm Pre-Shared Key-</b>Confirm the pre-shared key.</p>
<p><b>Digital Signature (X.509)</b></p>	<p>Click <b>Digital Signature</b> to invoke this function. Use the drop down list to choose one of the certificates for using. You have to configure one certificate at least previously in <b>Certificate Management &gt;&gt; Local Certificate</b>. Otherwise, the setting you choose here will not be effective.</p> <p><b>Peer ID</b> – Choose the peer ID selection from the drop down list.</p> <p><b>Local ID</b> – Choose <b>Alternative Subject Name First</b> or <b>Subject Name First</b>.</p>
<p><b>IPSec Security Method</b></p>	<p><b>Medium</b> - Authentication Header (AH) means data will be authenticated, but not be encrypted. By default, this option is active.</p> <p><b>High</b> - Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) means payload (data) will be encrypted and authenticated. You may select encryption algorithm from Data Encryption Standard (DES), Triple DES (3DES), and AES.</p>

<b>User Name</b>	This field is used to authenticate for connection when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above.
<b>Password</b>	This field is used to authenticate for connection when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above.
<b>Remote Network IP</b>	Please type one LAN IP address (according to the real location of the remote host) for building VPN connection.
<b>Remote Network Mask</b>	Please type the network mask (according to the real location of the remote host) for building VPN connection.

3. After finishing the configuration, please click **Next**. The confirmation page will be shown as follows. If there is no problem, you can click one of the radio buttons listed on the page and click **Finish** to execute the next action.

VPN and Remote Access >> VPN Client Wizard

Please confirm your settings

LAN-to-LAN Index:	3
Profile Name:	VPN-1
VPN Connection Type:	L2TP over IPSec (Must)
VPN Connection Through:	WAN1 First
Always on:	No
Server IP/Host Name:	draytek.com
IKE Authentication Method:	Digital Signature (X.509)
IPSec Security Method:	AH-SHA1
Remote Network IP:	192.168.1.6
Remote Network Mask:	255.255.255.0

Click **Back** to modify changes if necessary. Otherwise, click **Finish** to save the current settings and proceed to the following action:

- Go to the VPN Connection Management.
- Do another VPN Client Wizard setup.
- View more detailed configurations.

< Back    Next >    Finish    Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Go to the VPN Connection Management</b>	Click this radio button to access <b>VPN and Remote Access&gt;&gt;Connection Management</b> for viewing VPN Connection status.
<b>Do another VPN Server Wizard Setup</b>	Click this radio button to set another profile of VPN Server through VPN Server Wizard.
<b>View more detailed configuration</b>	Click this radio button to access <b>VPN and Remote Access&gt;&gt;LAN to LAN</b> for viewing detailed configuration.

## 2.4 VPN Server Wizard

Such wizard is used to configure VPN settings for VPN server. Such wizard will guide to set the LAN-to-LAN profile for VPN dial in connection (from client to server) step by step.

1. Open **VPN and Remote Access>>VPN Server Wizard**. The following page will appear.

### VPN Server Wizard

#### Choose VPN Establishment Environment

VPN Server Mode Selection: Site to Site VPN (LAN-to-LAN) ▾

Please choose a LAN-to-LAN Profile: 1 x ??? ▾

Please choose a Dial-in User Accounts: [Index] [Status] [Name] ▾

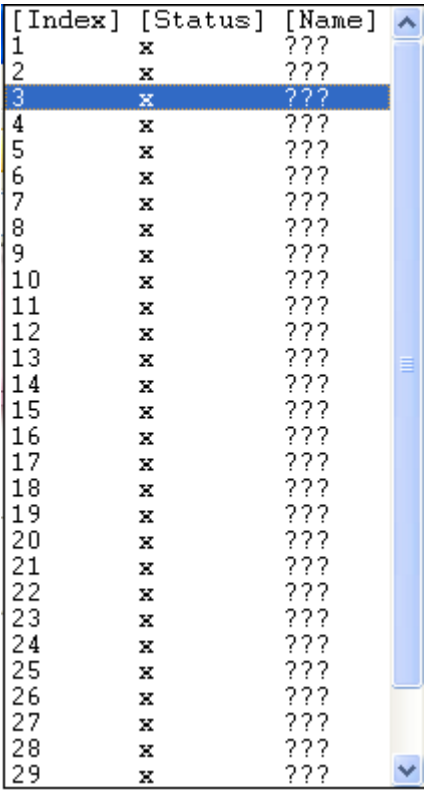
Allowed Dial-in Type:

- PPTP
- IPsec
- L2TP with IPsec Policy None ▾
- SSL Tunnel

< Back
Next >
Finish
Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>VPN Server Mode Selection</b>	<p>Choose the direction for the VPN server.</p> <p><b>Site to Site VPN</b> – To set a LAN-to-LAN profile automatically, please choose Site to Site VPN.</p> <p><b>Remote Dial-in User</b> –You can manage remote access by maintaining a table of remote user profile, so that users can be authenticated to dial-in via VPN connection.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 2px; margin-top: 5px;"> <span style="float: right;">▾</span> <p>Site to Site VPN (LAN-to-LAN)</p> <p style="background-color: #e0e0e0;">Site to Site VPN (LAN-to-LAN)</p> <p>Remote Dial-in User (Teleworker)</p> </div>

<p><b>Please choose a LAN-to-LAN Profile</b></p>	<p>This item is available when you choose <b>Site to Site VPN</b> (LAN-to-LAN) as VPN server mode. There are 32 VPN profiles for users to set.</p>																																																																																										
	 <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>[Index]</th> <th>[Status]</th> <th>[Name]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>1</td><td>x</td><td>???</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>x</td><td>???</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>x</td><td>???</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>x</td><td>???</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>x</td><td>???</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>x</td><td>???</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>x</td><td>???</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td><td>x</td><td>???</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>x</td><td>???</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>x</td><td>???</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>x</td><td>???</td></tr> <tr><td>12</td><td>x</td><td>???</td></tr> <tr><td>13</td><td>x</td><td>???</td></tr> <tr><td>14</td><td>x</td><td>???</td></tr> <tr><td>15</td><td>x</td><td>???</td></tr> <tr><td>16</td><td>x</td><td>???</td></tr> <tr><td>17</td><td>x</td><td>???</td></tr> <tr><td>18</td><td>x</td><td>???</td></tr> <tr><td>19</td><td>x</td><td>???</td></tr> <tr><td>20</td><td>x</td><td>???</td></tr> <tr><td>21</td><td>x</td><td>???</td></tr> <tr><td>22</td><td>x</td><td>???</td></tr> <tr><td>23</td><td>x</td><td>???</td></tr> <tr><td>24</td><td>x</td><td>???</td></tr> <tr><td>25</td><td>x</td><td>???</td></tr> <tr><td>26</td><td>x</td><td>???</td></tr> <tr><td>27</td><td>x</td><td>???</td></tr> <tr><td>28</td><td>x</td><td>???</td></tr> <tr><td>29</td><td>x</td><td>???</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	[Index]	[Status]	[Name]	1	x	???	2	x	???	3	x	???	4	x	???	5	x	???	6	x	???	7	x	???	8	x	???	9	x	???	10	x	???	11	x	???	12	x	???	13	x	???	14	x	???	15	x	???	16	x	???	17	x	???	18	x	???	19	x	???	20	x	???	21	x	???	22	x	???	23	x	???	24	x	???	25	x	???	26	x	???	27	x	???	28	x	???	29	x	???
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<p><b>Please choose a Dial-in User Accounts</b></p>	<p>This item is available when you choose Remote Dial-in User (Teleworker) as VPN server mode. There are 32 VPN tunnels for users to set.</p>																																																																																										
<p><b>Allowed Dial-in Type</b></p>	<p>This item is available after you choose any one of dial-in user account profiles. Next, you have to select suitable dial-in type for the VPN server profile. There are several types provided here (similar to VPN Client Wizard).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PPTP</li> <li><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IPsec</li> <li><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> L2TP with IPsec Policy</li> <li><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SSL Tunnel</li> </ul> <div style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;"> None <span style="float: right;">▼</span>  None  Nice to Have  Must </div> <p>Different Dial-in Type will lead to different configuration page. In addition, adjustable items for each dial-in type will be changed according to the VPN Server Mode (<b>Site to Site VPN</b> and <b>Remote Dial-in User</b>) selected.</p>																																																																																										

- After making the choices for the server profile, please click **Next**. You will see different configurations based on the selection you made.

Here we take the examples of choosing **Remote-Dial-in User** as the **VPN Server Mode**.

- When you check **PPTP**, you will see the following graphic:

**VPN Server Wizard**

**VPN Authentication Setting**

Profile Name	???
PPTP / L2TP / L2TP over IPsec / SSL Tunnel Authentication	
Username	???
Password	
Peer IP/VPN Client IP	
Site to Site Information	
Remote Network IP	0.0.0.0
Remote Network Mask	255.255.255.0

- When you check **PPTP/IPSec/L2TP** (three types) or **PPTP/IPSec** (two types) or **L2TP with Policy (Nice to Have/Must)**, you will see the following graphic:

**VPN and Remote Access >> VPN Server Wizard**

**VPN Authentication Setting**

PPTP / L2TP / L2TP over IPsec Authentication	
Username	server1
Password	
IPSec / L2TP over IPsec Authentication	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pre-Shared Key	
Confirm Pre-Shared Key	
<input type="checkbox"/> Digital Signature (X.509)	
Peer ID	None
Peer IP/VPN Client IP	192.168.1.99
Peer ID	



- When you check **IPSec**, you will see the following graphic:

VPN and Remote Access >> VPN Server Wizard

**VPN Authentication Setting**

IPSec / L2TP over IPSec Authentication

Pre-Shared Key

Confirm Pre-Shared Key

Digital Signature (X.509)

Peer ID

Peer IP/VPN Client IP

Peer ID

< Back    Next >    Finish    Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Profile Name</b>	Type a name for such profile. The length of the file is limited to 10 characters.
<b>User Name</b>	This field is used to authenticate for connection when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above.
<b>Password</b>	This field is used to authenticate for connection when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above.
<b>Pre-Shared Key</b>	For IPSec/L2TP IPSec authentication, you have to type a pre-shared key.
<b>Confirm Pre-Shared Key</b>	Type the pre-shared key again for confirmation.
<b>Digital Signature (X.509)</b>	Check the box of Digital Signature to invoke this function. Use the drop down list to choose one of the certificates for using. You have to configure one certificate at least previously in <b>Certificate Management &gt;&gt; Local Certificate</b> . Otherwise, the setting you choose here will not be effective.
<b>Peer IP/VPN Client IP</b>	Type the WAN IP address or VPN client IP address for the remote client.
<b>Peer ID</b>	Type the ID name for the remote client.
<b>Remote Network IP</b>	Please type one LAN IP address (according to the real location of the remote host) for building VPN connection.
<b>Remote Network Mask</b>	Please type the network mask (according to the real location of the remote host) for building VPN connection.

3. After finishing the configuration, please click **Next**. The confirmation page will be shown as follows. If there is no problem, you can click one of the radio buttons listed on the page and click **Finish** to execute the next action.

**VPN and Remote Access >> VPN Server Wizard**

**Please Confirm Your Settings**

VPN Environment:	Site to Site VPN (LAN-to-LAN)
Index:	3
Profile Name:	VPN-Ser1
Username:	server1
Allowed Service:	PPTP+IPSec
Peer IP/VPN Client IP:	
Peer ID:	
Remote Network IP:	0.0.0.0
Remote Network Mask:	255.255.255.0

Click **Back** to modify changes if necessary. Otherwise, click **Finish** to save the current settings and proceed to the following action:

- Go to the VPN Connection Management.
- Do another VPN Server Wizard setup.
- View more detailed configurations.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Go to the VPN Connection Management</b>	Click this radio button to access <b>VPN and Remote Access&gt;&gt;Connection Management</b> for viewing VPN Connection status.
<b>Do another VPN Server Wizard Setup</b>	Click this radio button to set another profile of VPN Server through VPN Server Wizard.
<b>View more detailed configuration</b>	Click this radio button to access <b>VPN and Remote Access&gt;&gt;LAN to LAN</b> for viewing detailed configuration.

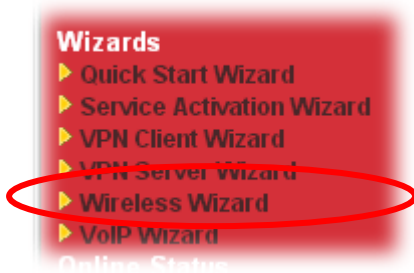
## 2.5 Wireless Wizard

The wireless wizard allows you to configure settings specified for a host AP (for home use or internal use for a company) and specified for a guest AP (for any wireless clients accessing into Internet).

**Note:** This wizard is available for “n” model only.

Follow the steps listed below:

1. Open **Wireless Wizard**.



2. The screen of wireless wizard will be shown as follows. This page will be used for internal users in a company or your home.

### Wireless Wizard

#### Host AP Configuration

Name:	<input type="text" value="DrayTek"/>
Mode:	<input type="text" value="Mixed(11b+11g+11n)"/>
Channel:	<input type="text" value="Channel 6, 2437MHz"/>
Password:	<input type="text" value="1235678996"/>

**Note:**The host AP configured here will be used for home or internal company use.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Name</b>	Type the SSID name of this router. The default name is defined with DrayTek.
<b>Mode</b>	At present, the router can connect to 11n Only, 11g Only, Mixed (11b+11g), Mixed (11a+11n), Mixed (11g+11n), and Mixed (11b+11g+11n) stations simultaneously. Simply choose Mix (11b+11g+11n) mode.

<b>Channel</b>	Means the channel of frequency of the wireless LAN. The default channel is 6. You may switch channel if the selected channel is under serious interference. If you have no idea of choosing the frequency, please select Auto to let system determine for you.
<b>Password</b>	The wireless mode offered by this wizard is WPA2/PSK. The WPA encrypts each frame transmitted from the radio using the key, which either PSK (Pre-Shared Key) entered manually in this field below or automatically negotiated via 802.1x authentication. Either <b>8~63</b> ASCII characters, such as 012345678(or 64 Hexadecimal digits leading by 0x, such as “0x321253abcde...”).
<b>Next</b>	Click it to get into the next setting page.
<b>Cancel</b>	Exit the wireless wizard without saving any changes.

- After typing the required information, click **Next**. The settings in the page limit the wireless station (guest) accessing into Internet but not being allowed to share the LAN network and VPN connection.

#### Wireless Wizard

##### Guest AP Configuration

Enable    Disable

Name:

Password:

Rate Control:  Enable   Upload  kbps   Download  kbps

**Note:** The configured guest AP will not be able to access VPN connections or communicate with wireless devices connecting to the router's other APs. The guest AP will be configured to be not able to connect to LAN interfaces also. However if the VLAN configurations were already made, then the guest AP will be able to connect to LAN ports belonging in the same VLAN group. This AP interface is by default configured for Internet access only.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable/Disable</b>	Click it to enable or disable settings in this page.
<b>Name</b>	Type the SSID name of this router. (SSID2)

<b>Password</b>	The wireless mode offered by this wizard is WPA2/PSK. The WPA encrypts each frame transmitted from the radio using the key, which either PSK (Pre-Shared Key) entered manually in this field below or automatically negotiated via 802.1x authentication. Either <b>8~63</b> ASCII characters, such as 012345678(or 64 Hexadecimal digits leading by 0x, such as "0x321253abcde...").
<b>Rate Control</b>	It controls the data transmission rate through wireless connection. <b>Upload</b> – Check Enable and type the transmitting rate for data upload. Default value is 30,000 kbps. <b>Download</b> – Type the transmitting rate for data download. Default value is 30,000 kbps.
<b>Next</b>	Click it to get into the next setting page.
<b>Cancel</b>	Exit the wireless wizard without saving any changes.

4. After typing the required information, click **Next**.
5. The following page will display the configuration summary for wireless setting.

#### Wireless Wizard

#### Configuration Summary

**Basic Wireless Settings**

---

Mode: Mixed(11b+11g+11n)  
Channel: Channel 6, 2437MHz

**Host AP Configurations**

---

Name: DrayTek  
Password: 1235678996

**Guest AP Configurations**

---

Status: Disabled  
Name: DrayTek\_Guest  
Password:  
Rate Control: Disabled

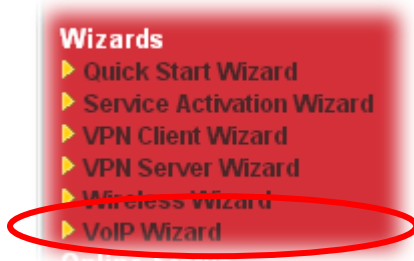
Click **Finish** to complete the wireless settings configuration.

## 2.6 VoIP Wizard

Vigor router offers a quick method to configure settings for VoIP application. Follow the steps listed below.

**Note:** This wizard is available for “V” model only.

1. Open **VoIP Wizard**.



2. The screen of **VoIP Wizard** will be shown as follows.

**VoIP Wizard**

---

**Set VoIP service provider domain**

VoIP service provider:  (63 char max).  
 SIP Port:

**Set Account quickly**

Phone 1 (default mapping to Account 1)  
 Account Number/Name:  (63 char max).  
 Password:  (63 char max).

Phone 2 (default mapping to Account 2)  
 use the same Account as phone1  
 Account Number/Name:  (63 char max).  
 Password:  (63 char max).

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Set VoIP service provider domain</b>	<b>VoIP service provider</b> - Use the drop down list to choose the ISP which offers the VoIP service for your router. <b>SIP Port</b> – Use the default setting (5060).
<b>Set Account quickly</b>	<b>Account Number/Name</b> – Type the account number/name registered to your ISP. <b>Password</b> – Type the password for the account registered to your ISP. <b>Use the same Account as phone 1</b> – If you don't need to configure Phone 2 settings, simply check this box.
<b>Next</b>	Click it to get into the next setting page.
<b>Cancel</b>	Click it to give up the quick start wizard.

3. After finished the settings above, click **Next** for viewing summary of such connection.

**VoIP Wizard**

---

**Please confirm your settings:**

VoIP Service Provider	draytel.org
SIP Port	5060
Phone 1 Account	5633s
Phone 2 Account	5633s

Click **Back** to modify changes if necessary. Otherwise, click **Finish** to save current settings.

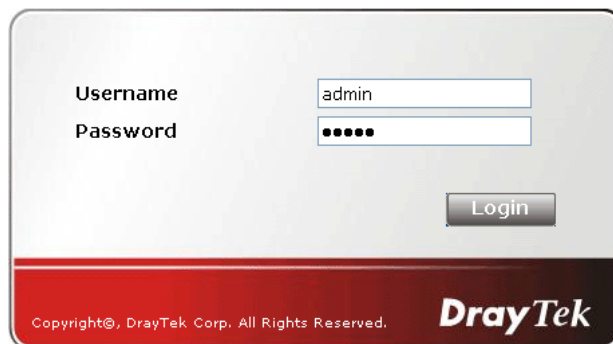
4. Click **Finish**. A page of **VoIP Wizard Setup OK!!!** will appear.

**VoIP Wizard Setup OK!**

## 2.7 Registering Vigor Router

You have finished the configuration of Quick Start Wizard and you can surf the Internet at any time. Now it is the time to register your Vigor router to MyVigor website for getting more service. Please follow the steps below to finish the router registration.

- 1 Please login the web configuration interface of Vigor router by typing “**admin/admin**” as User Name / Password.



- 2 Click **Support Area>>Production Registration** from the home page.



- 3 A **Login** page will be shown on the screen. Please type the account and password that you created previously. And click **Login**. If not, please refer to section **4.13 Creating an Account for MyVigor**.



Please take a moment to register.  
 Membership Registration entitles you to upgrade firmware for your purchased product and receive news about upcoming products and services!

**LOGIN**

UserName :

Password :

Auth Code :  t x x h d d

If you cannot read the word, [click here](#)

[Forgotten password?](#)

---

Don't have a MyVigor Account ? [Create an account now](#)

If you are having difficulty logging in, contact our customer service.  
 Customer Service : (886) 3 597 2727 or

- 4 The following page will be displayed after you logging in MyVigor. From this page, please click **Add** or **Product Registration**.

**DrayTek** MyVigor

Home Search

**My Information**

Welcome, **james\_fae**  
 Last Login Time : 2011-08-24 09:39:13  
 Last Login From : 123.110.144.220  
 Current Login Time : 2011-08-24 23:01:15  
 Current Login From : 114.37.142.184

RowNo :  PageNo :

**Your Device List**

Serial Number / Host ID	Device Name	Model	Note
<a href="#">104001703857</a>	Vigor2710	Vigor2710	-
<a href="#">200807100001</a>	VigorPro5300	VigorPro5300	-
<a href="#">200911030001</a>	ryan	VigorPro5300	-

Navigation menu: Home, About Us, Product, My Information, VigorACS SI, Vigor Series, Management, **Product Registration**, Customer Survey



- When the following page appears, please type in Nickname (for the router) and choose the right registration date from the popup calendar (it appears when you click on the box of Registration Date). After adding the basic information for the router, please click **Submit**.

**DrayTek** MyVigor

Home Search GO

**My Product** Search for this site GO

**Registration Device**

Serial number : 2011082214320301

Nickname : \* vigor2830

Registration Date : \* 08-24-2011

Usage : - Select -

Product Rating : - Select - [ Your opinion so far ]

No. of Employees : - Select - [ In total within your company ]

Supplier : [ ] [ Where you bought it from ]

Date of Purchase : [ ] [ mm-dd-yyyy ]

Internet Connection : \*

Cable  ADSL  VDSL  Fiber

3G  WIMAX  LTE

Cancel **Submit**

- When the following page appears, your router information has been added to the database.

Your device has been successfully added to the database.

OK

- Now, you have finished the product registration.
- After clicking **OK**, you will see the following page. Your router has been registered to *myvigor* website successfully.

**DrayTek** MyVigor

Home Search GO

**My Information**

Welcome, draytekfae

Last Login Time : 2011-08-24 09:39:13

Last Login From : 123.110.144.220

Current Login Time : 2011-08-24 23:01:15

Current Login From : 114.37.142.184

RowNo : 5 PageNo : 2

**Your Device List**

Serial Number / Host ID	Device Name	Model	Note
20100707144801	Vigor3300V	Vigor3300	-
20100708105301	Vigor2820	Vigor2820	-
20101005104801	Vigor2710vn	Vigor2710	-
2010121707335201	Vigor2920	Vigor2920	-
2011082214320301	Vigor2830	Vigor2830	-

This page is left blank.

# 3

## Advanced Configuration

This chapter will guide users to execute advanced web configuration.

1. Open a web browser on your PC and type **http://192.168.1.1**. The window will ask for typing username and password.
2. Please type “admin/admin” on Username/Password for administration operation.

Now, the **Main Screen** will appear. Note that different model will have different web pages.

The screenshot displays the web configuration interface for a Vigor2830 Series ADSL2+ Security Firewall. The interface is divided into a left sidebar with navigation menus and a main content area. The main content area is titled "System Status" and contains several tables and sections:

- System Status:** Model Name: Vigor2830Vn, Firmware Version: 3.6.7\_db, Build Date/Time: Mar 24 2014 15:47:36.
- LAN:** A table listing LAN ports (LAN1 to LAN4) and IP Routed Subnet with columns for MAC Address, IP Address, Subnet Mask, DHCP Server, and DNS.
- Wireless LAN:** A table listing MAC Address, Frequency, Domain, Firmware Version, and SSID.
- WAN:** A table listing WAN ports (WAN1 to WAN3) with columns for Link Status, MAC Address, Connection, IP Address, and Default Gateway.
- IPv6:** A table listing Address, Scope, and Internet Access Mode.
- VoIP:** A table listing Port, Profile, Req., and In/Out.

### 3.1 WAN

**Quick Start Wizard** offers user an easy method to quick setup the connection mode for the router. Moreover, if you want to adjust more settings for different WAN modes, please go to **WAN** group.

#### 3.1.1 Basics of Internet Protocol (IP) Network

IP means Internet Protocol. Every device in an IP-based Network including routers, print server, and host PCs, needs an IP address to identify its location on the network. To avoid address conflicts, IP addresses are publicly registered with the Network Information Centre (NIC). Having a unique IP address is mandatory for those devices participated in the public network but not in the private TCP/IP local area networks (LANs), such as host PCs under the management of a router since they do not need to be accessed by the public. Hence, the NIC has reserved certain addresses that will never be registered publicly. These are known as *private* IP addresses, and are listed in the following ranges:

**From 10.0.0.0 to 10.255.255.255**

**From 172.16.0.0 to 172.31.255.255**

**From 192.168.0.0 to 192.168.255.255**

## What are Public IP Address and Private IP Address

As the router plays a role to manage and further protect its LAN, it interconnects groups of host PCs. Each of them has a private IP address assigned by the built-in DHCP server of the Vigor router. The router itself will also use the default **private IP** address: 192.168.1.1 to communicate with the local hosts. Meanwhile, Vigor router will communicate with other network devices through a **public IP** address. When the data flow passing through, the Network Address Translation (NAT) function of the router will dedicate to translate public/private addresses, and the packets will be delivered to the correct host PC in the local area network. Thus, all the host PCs can share a common Internet connection.

## Get Your Public IP Address from ISP

In ADSL deployment, the PPP (Point to Point)-style authentication and authorization is required for bridging customer premises equipment (CPE). Point to Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) connects a network of hosts via an access device to a remote access concentrator or aggregation concentrator. This implementation provides users with significant ease of use. Meanwhile it provides access control, billing, and type of service according to user requirement.

When a router begins to connect to your ISP, a serial of discovery process will occur to ask for a connection. Then a session will be created. Your user ID and password is authenticated via **PAP** or **CHAP** with **RADIUS** authentication system. And your IP address, DNS server, and other related information will usually be assigned by your ISP.

## Network Connection by 3G/4G USB Modem

For 3G/4G mobile communication through Access Point is popular more and more, Vigor2830 adds the function of 3G/4G network connection for such purpose. By connecting 3G/4G USB Modem to the USB port of Vigor2830, it can support HSDPA/UMTS/EDGE/GPRS/GSM and the future 3G standard (HSUPA, etc). Vigor2830n with 3G/4G USB Modem allows you to receive 3G signals at any place such as your car or certain location holding outdoor activity and share the bandwidth for using by more people. Users can use four LAN ports on the router to access Internet. Also, they can access Internet via 802.11n wireless function of Vigor2830n, and enjoy the powerful firewall, bandwidth management, VPN features of Vigor2830n series.



After connecting into the router, 3G/4G USB Modem will be regarded as the third WAN port. However, the original WAN1 and WAN2 still can be used and Load-Balance can be done in the router. Besides, 3G/4G USB Modem in WAN3 also can be used as backup device. Therefore, when WAN1 and WAN2 are not available, the router will use 3.5G for supporting automatically. The supported 3G/4G USB Modem will be listed on DrayTek web site. Please visit [www.draytek.com](http://www.draytek.com) for more detailed information.

Below shows the menu items for WAN.



### 3.1.2 General Setup

This section will introduce some general settings of Internet and explain the connection modes for WAN1, WAN2 and WAN3 in details.

This router supports multiple-WAN function. It allows users to access Internet and combine the bandwidth of the multiple WANs to speed up the transmission through the network. Each WAN port can connect to different ISPs, Even if the ISPs use different technology to provide telecommunication service (such as DSL, Cable modem, etc.). If any connection problem occurred on one of the ISP connections, all the traffic will be guided and switched to the normal communication port for proper operation. Please configure WAN1, WAN2 and WAN3 settings.

This webpage allows you to set general setup for WAN1, WAN2 and WAN3 respectively.

WAN >> General Setup

Load Balance Mode:

Index	Enable	Physical Mode/Type	Line Speed(Kbps) DownLink/UpLink	Active Mode
<a href="#">WAN1</a>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ADSL/-	0 / 0	Always On
<a href="#">WAN2</a>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Ethernet/Auto negotiation	0 / 0	Always On
<a href="#">WAN3</a>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	USB/-	0 / 0	Always On

Note:Line Speed only used for load balance mode: according to Line Speed

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Load Balance Mode</b>	<p>This option is available for multiple-WAN for getting enough bandwidth for each WAN port. If you know the practical bandwidth for your WAN interface, please choose the setting of <b>According to Line Speed</b>. Otherwise, please choose <b>Auto Weigh</b> to let the router reach the best load balance.</p> <p><b>Load Balance Mode:</b> <input type="text" value="Auto Weight"/>  <input type="text" value="Auto Weight"/>  <input type="text" value="According to Line Speed"/></p>
<b>Index</b>	Click the WAN interface link under Index to access into the WAN configuration page.
<b>Enable</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> means such WAN interface is enabled and ready to be used.

<b>Physical Mode / Type</b>	Display the physical mode and physical type of such WAN interface.
<b>Line Speed</b>	Display the downstream and upstream rate of such WAN interface.
<b>Active Mode</b>	Display whether such WAN interface is Active device or backup device.

**Note:** In default, each WAN port is enabled.

## WAN1 with ADSL

WAN1 is fixed with physical mode of ADSL.

### WAN >> General Setup

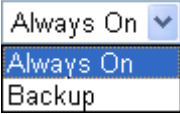
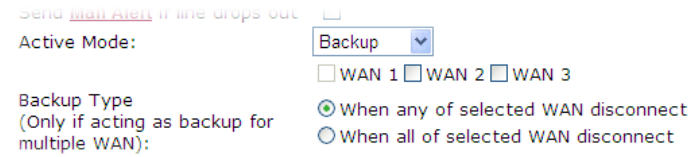
#### WAN 1

Enable:	<input type="button" value="Yes"/>
Display Name:	<input type="text"/>
Physical Mode:	ADSL
Physical Type:	<input type="button" value="Auto negotiation"/>
Line Speed(Kbps):	
DownLink	<input type="text"/>
UpLink	<input type="text"/>
VLAN Tag insertion :	<input type="button" value="Disable"/> (Please configure Internet Access setting first)
Tag value:	<input type="text"/> (0~4095)
Priority:	<input type="text"/> (0~7)
Active Mode:	<input type="button" value="Backup"/> Load Balance: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	<input type="checkbox"/> WAN 1 <input type="checkbox"/> WAN 2 <input type="checkbox"/> WAN 3
Backup Type (Only if acting as backup for multiple WAN):	<input checked="" type="radio"/> When any of selected WAN disconnect <input type="radio"/> When all of selected WAN disconnect

**Note:**Line Speed only used for load balance mode: according to Line Speed

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable</b>	Choose <b>Yes</b> to invoke the settings for this WAN interface. Choose <b>No</b> to disable the settings for this WAN interface.
<b>Display Name</b>	Type the description for such WAN interface.
<b>Physical Mode</b>	Display the physical mode of such WAN interface.
<b>Physical Type</b>	In such WAN interface, no type can be selected.
<b>Line Speed</b>	If your choose <b>According to Line Speed</b> as the <b>Load Balance Mode</b> , please type the line speed for downloading and uploading for such WAN interface. The unit is kbps.

<p><b>VLAN Tag insertion</b></p>	<p><b>Enable</b> – Enable the function of VLAN with tag. The router will add specific VLAN number to all packets on the WAN while sending them out. Please type the tag value and specify the priority for the packets sending by WAN1.</p> <p><b>Disable</b> – Disable the function of VLAN with tag.</p> <p><b>Tag value</b> – Type the value as the VLAN ID number. The range is form 0 to 4095.</p> <p><b>Priority</b> – Type the packet priority number for such VLAN. The range is from 0 to 7.</p>
<p><b>Active Mode</b></p>	<p>Choose <b>Always On</b> to make the WAN1 connection being activated always.</p>  <p><b>Load Balance:</b> Check this box to enable <b>auto</b> load balance function for such WAN interface. When the data traffic is large, the WAN interface with the function enabled will balance the data transmission automatically among all of the WAN interfaces in connection status.</p>
<p><b>Backup Type</b></p>	<p>If you choose <b>Backup</b> as the <b>Active Mode</b>, Backup WAN will be changed into <b>Backup Type</b>. You have to specify which role the WAN interface should play if you want to backup multiple WANs. However, ignore this setting if you want to backup a single WAN.</p>  <p><b>When any of selected WAN disconnect</b> – Such backup WAN will be activated when any master WAN interface disconnects.</p> <p><b>When all of selected WAN disconnect</b> – Such backup WAN will be activated only when all master WAN interfaces disconnect.</p>

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

## WAN2 with Ethernet

WAN2 is fixed with physical mode of Ethernet.

### WAN >> General Setup

#### WAN 2

Enable:	<input type="button" value="Yes"/>
Display Name:	<input type="text"/>
Physical Mode:	Ethernet
Physical Type:	<input type="button" value="Auto negotiation"/>
Line Speed(Kbps):	
DownLink	<input type="text" value="0"/>
UpLink	<input type="text" value="0"/>
VLAN Tag insertion :	<input type="button" value="Disable"/> (Please configure Internet Access setting first)
Tag value:	<input type="text" value="0"/> (0~4095)
Priority:	<input type="text" value="0"/> (0~7)
Active Mode:	<input type="button" value="Backup"/> Load Balance: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	<input type="checkbox"/> WAN 1 <input type="checkbox"/> WAN 2 <input type="checkbox"/> WAN 3
Backup Type (Only if acting as backup for multiple WAN):	<input checked="" type="radio"/> When any of selected WAN disconnect <input type="radio"/> When all of selected WAN disconnect

**Note:**Line Speed only used for load balance mode: according to Line Speed

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable</b>	Choose <b>Yes</b> to invoke the settings for this WAN interface. Choose <b>No</b> to disable the settings for this WAN interface.
<b>Display Name</b>	Type the description for such WAN interface.
<b>Physical Mode</b>	Display the physical mode of such WAN interface.
<b>Physical type</b>	You can change the physical type for WAN2 or choose <b>Auto negotiation</b> for determined by the system. Physical Type: <input type="button" value="Auto negotiation"/> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-top: 5px;">             Auto negotiation              10M half duplex              10M full duplex              100M half duplex              100M full duplex           </div>
<b>Line Speed</b>	If your choose <b>According to Line Speed</b> as the <b>Load Balance Mode</b> , please type the line speed for downloading and uploading for such WAN interface. The unit is kbps.
<b>VLAN Tag insertion</b>	<b>Enable</b> – Enable the function of VLAN with tag. The router will add specific VLAN number to all packets on the WAN while sending them out. Please type the tag value and specify the priority for the packets sending by WAN1. <b>Disable</b> – Disable the function of VLAN with tag. <b>Tag value</b> – Type the value as the VLAN ID number. The



	<p>range is form 0 to 4095.</p> <p><b>Priority</b> – Type the packet priority number for such VLAN. The range is from 0 to 7.</p>
<p><b>Active Mode</b></p>	<p>Choose <b>Always On</b> to make such WAN connection being activated always.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> <p>Always On ▾</p> <p>Always On</p> <p>Backup</p> </div> <p><b>Load Balance:</b> Check this box to enable <b>auto</b> load balance function for such WAN interface.</p> <p>When the data traffic is large, the WAN interface with the function enabled will balance the data transmission automatically among all of the WAN interfaces in connection status.</p>
<p><b>Backup Type</b></p>	<p>If you choose <b>Backup</b> as the <b>Active Mode</b>, Backup WAN will be changed into <b>Backup Type</b>. You have to specify which role the WAN interface should play if you want to backup multiple WANs. However, ignore this setting if you want to backup a single WAN.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px;"> <p>Active Mode: <span style="float: right;">Backup ▾</span></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><input type="checkbox"/> WAN 1 <input type="checkbox"/> WAN 2 <input type="checkbox"/> WAN 3</p> <p>Backup Type (Only if acting as backup for multiple WAN):</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><input checked="" type="radio"/> When any of selected WAN disconnect <input type="radio"/> When all of selected WAN disconnect</p> </div> <p><b>When any of selected WAN disconnect</b> – Such backup WAN will be activated when any master WAN interface disconnects.</p> <p><b>When all of selected WAN disconnect</b> – Such backup WAN will be activated only when all master WAN interfaces disconnect.</p>

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

## WAN3 with USB

To use 3G network connection through 3G/4G USB Modem, please configure **WAN3** interface.

### WAN >> General Setup

#### WAN 3

Enable:	<input type="button" value="Yes"/>
Display Name:	<input type="text"/>
Physical Mode:	USB
Line Speed(Kbps):	
DownLink	<input type="text"/>
UpLink	<input type="text"/>
Active Mode:	<input type="button" value="Backup"/> Load Balance: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	<input type="checkbox"/> WAN 1 <input type="checkbox"/> WAN 2 <input type="checkbox"/> WAN 3
Backup Type (Only if acting as backup for multiple WAN):	<input checked="" type="radio"/> When any of selected WAN disconnect <input type="radio"/> When all of selected WAN disconnect

**Note:**Line Speed only used for load balance mode: according to Line Speed

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable</b>	Choose <b>Yes</b> to invoke the settings for this WAN interface. Choose <b>No</b> to disable the settings for this WAN interface.
<b>Display Name</b>	Type the description for such WAN interface.
<b>Physical Mode</b>	Display the physical mode of such WAN interface.
<b>Physical type</b>	In such WAN interface, no type can be selected.
<b>Line Speed</b>	If your choose <b>According to Line Speed</b> as the <b>Load Balance Mode</b> , please type the line speed for downloading and uploading for such WAN interface. The unit is kbps.
<b>Active Mode</b>	<p>Choose <b>Always On</b> to make such WAN connection being activated always.</p> <p><input type="button" value="Always On"/> <input type="button" value="Backup"/></p> <p><b>Load Balance:</b> Check this box to enable <b>auto</b> load balance function for such WAN interface.</p> <p>When the data traffic is large, the WAN interface with the function enabled will balance the data transmission automatically among all of the WAN interfaces in connection status.</p>

<b>Backup Type</b>	<p>If you choose <b>Backup</b> as the <b>Active Mode</b>, Backup WAN will be changed into <b>Backup Type</b>. You have to specify which role the WAN interface should play if you want to backup multiple WANs. However, ignore this setting if you want to backup a single WAN.</p> <p>Send <a href="#">Mail Alert</a> if line drops out <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Active Mode: <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">Backup</span></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> WAN 1 <input type="checkbox"/> WAN 2 <input type="checkbox"/> WAN 3</p> <p>Backup Type (Only if acting as backup for multiple WAN):</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> When any of selected WAN disconnect</p> <p><input type="radio"/> When all of selected WAN disconnect</p> <p><b>When any of selected WAN disconnect</b> – Such backup WAN will be activated when any master WAN interface disconnects.</p> <p><b>When all of selected WAN disconnect</b> – Such backup WAN will be activated only when all master WAN interfaces disconnect.</p>
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After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

### 3.1.3 Internet Access

For the router supports multi-WAN function, the users can set different WAN settings (for WAN1/WAN2/WAN3) for Internet Access. Due to different Physical Mode for WAN interface, the Access Mode for these connections also varies. Refer to the following figures.

#### WAN >> Internet Access

##### Internet Access

Index	Display Name	Physical Mode	Access Mode		
WAN1		ADSL	PPPoE / PPPoA	Details Page	IPv6
WAN2		Ethernet	None	Details Page	IPv6
WAN3		USB	MPoA (RFC1483/2684)	Details Page	IPv6

**Note :** Only one WAN can support IPv6.

#### WAN >> Internet Access

##### Internet Access

Index	Display Name	Physical Mode	Access Mode		
WAN1		ADSL	PPPoE / PPPoA	Details Page	IPv6
WAN2		Ethernet	Static or Dynamic IP	Details Page	IPv6
WAN3		USB	None	Details Page	IPv6

**Note :** Only one WAN can support IPv6.

WAN >> Internet Access

**Internet Access**

Index	Display Name	Physical Mode	Access Mode		
WAN1		ADSL	None	Details Page	IPv6
WAN2		Ethernet	Static or Dynamic IP	Details Page	IPv6
WAN3		USB	None	Details Page	IPv6

**Note :** Only one WAN can support IPv6.

**Advanced** You can configure DHCP client options here.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Index</b>	Display the WAN interface.
<b>Display Name</b>	It shows the name of the WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 that entered in general setup.
<b>Physical Mode</b>	It shows the physical connection for WAN1(ADSL)/WAN2 (Ethernet) /WAN3 (3G/4G USB Modem) according to the real network connection.
<b>Access Mode</b>	Use the drop down list to choose a proper access mode. The details page of that mode will be popped up. If not, click Details Page for accessing the page to configure the settings.
<b>Details Page</b>	This button will open different web page according to the access mode that you choose in WAN interface
<b>IPv6</b>	This button will open different web page (based on Physical Mode) to setup IPv6 Internet Access Mode for WAN interface. If IPv6 service is active on this WAN interface, the color of “IPv6” will become green.
<b>Advanced</b>	This button allows you to configure DHCP client options. DHCP packets can be processed by adding option number and data information when such function is enabled and configured.

## DHCP Client Options Status

Options List				
Enable	Interface	Option	Type	Data

Enable:

Interface:  WAN1  WAN2  WAN3  WAN5  WAN6  WAN7

Option Number:

DataType:  String  Raw Byte in Hex. (Example of Raw Byte Data Type Input Format:2f 70 61 74 68 31)

Data:

## Note:

Option 61 has been given a default value.  
 You can configure option 61(Client Identifier) in "WAN >> Interface Access" page.  
 If you choose to configure option 61 here, the settings in "WAN >> Interface Access,Details Page" will be overwritten.  
 Option 12 is reserved, you cannot configure it here but you can configure it in "Router Name" field of "WAN >> Interface Access".

**Enable/Disable** – Enable/Disable the function of DHCP Option. Each DHCP option is composed by an option number with data. For example,

Option number: 100

Data: abcd

When such function is enabled, the specified values for DHCP option will be seen in DHCP reply packets.

**Interface** – Specify the WAN interface(s) that will be overwritten by such function. WAN5 ~ WAN7 can be located under **WAN>>Multi-PVCs**.

**Option Number** – Type a number for such function.

**Note:** If you choose to configure option 61 here, the detailed settings in WAN>>Interface Access will be overwritten.

**DataType** – Choose the type (ASCII or Hex) for the data to be stored.

**Data** – Type the content of the data to be processed by the function of DHCP option.

## Details Page for PPPoE/PPPoA in WAN1

To choose PPPoE /PPPoA as the accessing protocol of the Internet, please select **PPPoE/PPPoA** from the **WAN>>Internet Access >>WAN1** page. The following web page will be shown.

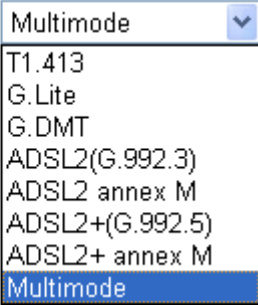
**WAN >> Internet Access**

**WAN 1**

PPPoE / PPPoA	MPoA (RFC1483/2684)	IPv6
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable		
<b>DSL Modem Settings</b> Multi-PVC channel: <input type="text" value="Channel 1"/>		
VPI: <input type="text" value="0"/>		
VCI: <input type="text" value="33"/>		
Encapsulating Type: <input type="text" value="LLC/SNAP"/>		
Protocol: <input type="text" value="PPPoE"/>		
Modulation: <input type="text" value="Multimode"/>		
<b>PPPoE Pass-through</b> <input type="checkbox"/> For Wired LAN <input type="checkbox"/> For Wireless LAN		
<b>WAN Connection Detection</b> Mode: <input type="text" value="ARP Detect"/> Ping IP: <input type="text"/> TTL: <input type="text"/>		
<b>Bridge Mode</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Enable Bridge Mode		
<b>MTU</b> <input type="text" value="1442"/> (Max:1492)		
<b>ISP Access Setup</b> Service Name (Optional): <input type="text"/> Username: <input type="text"/> Password: <input type="text"/> PPP Authentication: <input type="text" value="PAP or CHAP"/> Idle Timeout: <input type="text" value="-1"/> second(s) IP Address From ISP: <input type="text" value="WAN IP Alias"/> Fixed IP: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No (Dynamic IP) Fixed IP Address: <input type="text"/>		
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Default MAC Address <input type="radio"/> Specify a MAC Address MAC Address: <input type="text" value="00"/> · <input type="text" value="50"/> · <input type="text" value="7F"/> · <input type="text" value="6A"/> · <input type="text" value="FB"/> · <input type="text" value="19"/>		
Index(1-15) in <a href="#">Schedule</a> Setup: => <input type="text"/> , <input type="text"/> , <input type="text"/> , <input type="text"/>		

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable/Disable</b>	Click <b>Enable</b> for activating this function. If you click <b>Disable</b> , this function will be closed and all the settings that you adjusted in this page will be invalid.
<b>DSL Modem Settings</b>	<p>Set up the DSL parameters required by your ISP. These are vital for building DSL connection to your ISP.</p> <p><b>Multi-PVC channel</b> - The selections displayed here are determined by the page of <b>Internet Access &gt;&gt; Multi PVCs</b>. Select <b>M-PVCs Channel</b> means no selection will be chosen.</p> <p><b>VPI</b> - Type in the value provided by ISP.</p> <p><b>VCI</b> - Type in the value provided by ISP.</p> <p><b>Encapsulating Type</b> - Drop down the list to choose the type provided by ISP.</p> <p><b>Protocol</b> - Drop down the list to choose the one (PPPoE or PPPoA) provided by ISP.</p>

	<p>If you have already used <b>Quick Start Wizard</b> to set the protocol, then it is not necessary for you to change any settings in this group.</p> <p><b>Modulation</b> –Default setting is Multimode. Choose the one that fits the requirement of your router.</p> <p>Modulation </p>
<p><b>PPPoE Pass-through</b></p>	<p>The router offers PPPoE dial-up connection. Besides, you also can establish the PPPoE connection directly from local clients to your ISP via the Vigor router. When PPPoA protocol is selected, the PPPoE package transmitted by PC will be transformed into PPPoA package and sent to WAN server. Thus, the PC can access Internet through such direction.</p> <p><b>For Wired LAN</b> – If you check this box, PCs on the same network can use another set of PPPoE session (different with the Host PC) to access into Internet.</p> <p><b>For Wireless LAN</b> – If you check this box, PCs on the same wireless network can use another set of PPPoE session (different with the Host PC) to access into Internet.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> To have PPPoA Pass-through, please choose PPPoA protocol and check the box(es) here. The router will behave like a modem which only serves the PPPoE client on the LAN. That's, the router will offer PPPoA dial-up connection.</p>
<p><b>WAN Connection Detection</b></p>	<p>Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through ARP Detect or Ping Detect.</p> <p><b>Mode</b> – Choose <b>ARP Detect</b> or <b>Ping Detect</b> for the system to execute for WAN detection.</p> <p><b>Ping IP</b> – If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type IP address in this field for pinging.</p> <p><b>TTL (Time to Live)</b> – Displays value for your reference. TTL value is set by telnet command.</p>
<p><b>Bridge Mode</b></p>	<p><b>Enable Bridge Mode</b> - If you choose <b>Bridged IP</b> as the protocol, you can check this box to invoke the function. The router will work as a bridge modem.</p>
<p><b>MTU</b></p>	<p>It means Max Transmit Unit for packet. The default setting is 1442.</p>
<p><b>ISP Access Setup</b></p>	<p>Enter your allocated username, password and authentication parameters according to the information provided by your ISP.</p>

**Username** – Type in the valid user name (maximum 63 characters) provided by the ISP in this field.

**Password** – Type in the password provided by ISP in this field.

**PPP Authentication** – Select **PAP only** or **PAP or CHAP** for PPP. If you want to connect to Internet all the time, you can check **Always On**.

**Idle Timeout** – Set the timeout for breaking down the Internet after passing through the time without any action.

**IP Address From ISP**

Usually ISP dynamically assigns IP address to you each time you connect to it and request. In some case, your ISP provides service to always assign you the same IP address whenever you request. In this case, you can fill in this IP address in the Fixed IP field. Please contact your ISP before you want to use this function.

**WAN IP Alias** - If you have multiple public IP addresses and would like to utilize them on the WAN interface, please use WAN IP Alias. You can set up to 8 public IP addresses other than the current one you are using.



**Fixed IP** – Click **Yes** to use this function and type in a fixed IP address in the box of **Fixed IP Address**.

**Default MAC Address** – You can use **Default MAC Address** or specify another MAC address by typing on the boxes of MAC Address for the router.

**Specify a MAC Address** – Type the MAC address for the router manually.

**Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup** - You can type in four sets of time schedule for your request. All the schedules can be set previously in **Applications >> Schedule** web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to activate them.



## Details Page for MPoA (RFC1483/2684) in WAN1

MPoA is a specification that enables ATM services to be integrated with existing LANs, which use either Ethernet, token-ring or TCP/IP protocols. The goal of MPoA is to allow different LANs to send packets to each other via an ATM backbone.

To use **MPoA** as the accessing protocol of the Internet, select **MPoA** from the **WAN>>Internet Access >>WAN1** page. The following web page will appear.

**WAN >> Internet Access**

**WAN 1**

PPPoE / PPPoA
**MPoA (RFC1483/2684)**
IPv6

Enable
  Disable

---

**DSL Modem Settings**

Multi-PVC channel: Channel 2

Encapsulation: 1483 Bridged IP LLC

VPI: 8

VCI: 88

Modulation: Multimode

---

**WAN Connection Detection**

Mode: ARP Detect

Ping IP:

TTL:

---

**RIP Protocol**

Enable RIP

---

**Bridge Mode**

Enable Bridge Mode

---

**WAN IP Network Settings** WAN IP Alias

Obtain an IP address automatically

Router Name: Vigor\*

Domain Name: \*

\* : Required for some ISPs

**DHCP Client Identifier for some ISP**

Enable

Username:

Password:

Specify an IP address

IP Address: 202.211.100.10

Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

Gateway IP Address:

---

Default MAC Address
  Specify a MAC address

MAC Address: 00 · 1D · AA · A8 · 42 · 59

---

**DNS Server IP Address**

Primary IP Address: 8.8.8.8

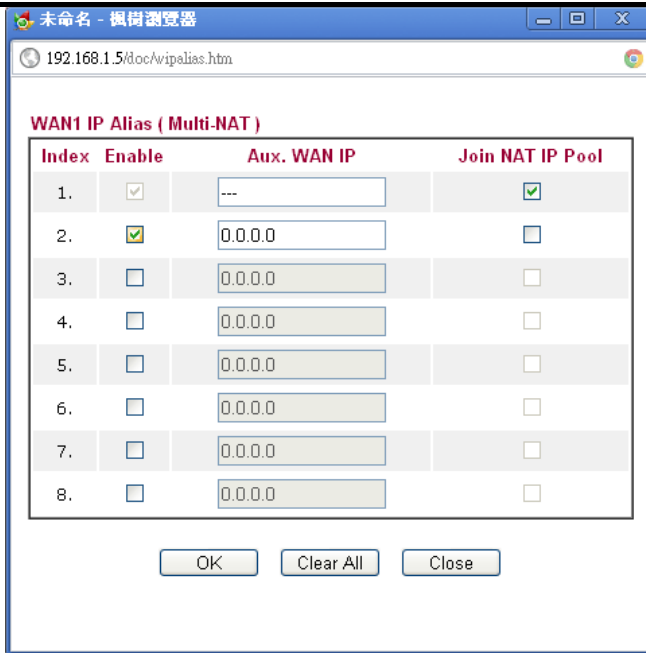
Secondary IP Address: 8.8.4.4

OK
Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable/Disable</b>	Click <b>Enable</b> for activating this function. If you click <b>Disable</b> , this function will be closed and all the settings that you adjusted in this page will be invalid.
<b>DSL Modem Settings</b>	<p>Set up the DSL parameters required by your ISP. These are vital for building DSL connection to your ISP.</p> <p><b>Multi-PVC channel</b> - The selections displayed here are determined by the page of <b>Internet Access &gt;&gt;Multi PVCs</b>. <b>Select M-PVCs Channel</b> means no selection will be chosen.</p> <p><b>VPI</b> - Type in the value provided by ISP.</p> <p><b>VCI</b> - Type in the value provided by ISP.</p> <p><b>Encapsulating</b> - Drop down the list to choose the type provided by ISP.</p> <p><b>Modulation</b> -Default setting is Multimode. Choose the one that fits the requirement of your router.</p>

	Modulation <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-left: 20px;">           Multimode <span style="float: right;">▼</span>            T1.413            G.Lite            G.DMT            ADSL2(G.992.3)            ADSL2 annex M            ADSL2+(G.992.5)            ADSL2+ annex M  <span style="background-color: #0056b3; color: white; padding: 2px;">Multimode</span> </div>
<b>WAN Connection Detection</b>	<p>Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through ARP Detect or Ping Detect.</p> <p><b>Mode</b> – Choose <b>ARP Detect</b> or <b>Ping Detect</b> for the system to execute for WAN detection.</p> <p><b>Ping IP</b> – If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type IP address in this field for pinging.</p> <p><b>TTL (Time to Live)</b> – Displays value for your reference. TTL value is set by telnet command.</p>
<b>RIP Protocol</b>	<p>Routing Information Protocol is abbreviated as RIP (RFC1058) specifying how routers exchange routing tables information. Click <b>Enable RIP</b> for activating this function.</p>
<b>Bridge Mode</b>	<p>If you choose <b>Bridged IP</b> as the protocol, you can check this box to invoke the function. The router will work as a bridge modem.</p>
<b>WAN IP Network Settings</b>	<p>This group allows you to obtain an IP address automatically and allows you type in IP address manually.</p> <p><b>WAN IP Alias</b> - If you have multiple public IP addresses and would like to utilize them on the WAN interface, please use WAN IP Alias. You can set up to 8 public IP addresses other than the current one you are using. Notice that this setting is available for WAN1 only. Type the additional WAN IP address and check the Enable box. Then click <b>OK</b> to exit the dialog.</p>



**Obtain an IP address automatically** – Click this button to obtain the IP address automatically.

- **Router Name** – Type in the router name provided by ISP.
- **Domain Name** – Type in the domain name that you have assigned.

#### DHCP Client Identifier for some ISP

- **Enable:** Check the box to specify username and password as the DHCP client identifier for some ISP.
- **Username:** Type a name as username. The maximum length of the user name you can set is 63 characters.
- **Password:** Type a password. The maximum length of the password you can set is 62 characters.

**Specify an IP address** – Click this radio button to specify some data.

- **IP Address** – Type in the private IP address.
- **Subnet Mask** – Type in the subnet mask.
- **Gateway IP Address** – Type in gateway IP address.

**Default MAC Address** – Type in MAC address for the router. You can use **Default MAC Address** or specify another MAC address for your necessity.

**Specify a MAC Address** – Some Cable service providers specify a specific MAC address for access authentication. In such cases you need to click the **Specify a MAC Address** and enter the MAC address in the MAC Address field.

<b>DNS Server IP Address</b>	Type in the primary IP address for the router. If necessary, type in secondary IP address for necessity in the future.
------------------------------	--

## Details Page for PPPoE in WAN2

To choose PPPoE as the accessing protocol of the Internet, please select **PPPoE** from the **WAN>>Internet Access >>WAN2** page. The following web page will be shown.


**WAN >> Internet Access**

**WAN 2**

PPPoE	Static or Dynamic IP	PPTP/L2TP	IPv6
<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable	<b>ISP Access Setup</b> Service Name (Optional) <input type="text"/> Username <input type="text"/> Password <input type="text"/> Index(1-15) in <b>Schedule</b> Setup: => <input type="text"/> , <input type="text"/> , <input type="text"/> , <input type="text"/>	<b>PPP/MP Setup</b> PPP Authentication <input type="text" value="PAP or CHAP"/> Idle Timeout <input type="text" value="-1"/> second(s) <b>IP Address Assignment Method (IPCP)</b> <input type="text" value="WAN IP Alias"/> Fixed IP: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No (Dynamic IP) Fixed IP Address <input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Default MAC Address <input type="radio"/> Specify a MAC Address MAC Address: <input type="text" value="00"/> <input type="text" value="50"/> <input type="text" value="7F"/> <input type="text" value="6A"/> <input type="text" value="FB"/> <input type="text" value="1A"/>
<b>MTU</b>	<input type="text" value="1442"/> (Max:1492)		

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable/Disable</b>	Click <b>Enable</b> for activating this function. If you click <b>Disable</b> , this function will be closed and all the settings that you adjusted in this page will be invalid.
<b>ISP Access Setup</b>	<p>Enter your allocated username, password and authentication parameters according to the information provided by your ISP.</p> <p><b>Username</b> – Type in the valid user name (maximum 63 characters) provided by the ISP in this field.</p> <p><b>Password</b> – Type in the password provided by ISP in this field.</p> <p><b>Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup</b> - You can type in four sets of time schedule for your request. All the schedules can be set previously in <b>Application &gt;&gt; Schedule</b> web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page.</p>
<b>WAN Connection Detection</b>	<p>Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through ARP Detect or Ping Detect.</p> <p><b>Mode</b> – Choose <b>ARP Detect</b> or <b>Ping Detect</b> for the system to execute for WAN detection.</p> <p><b>Ping IP</b> – If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you</p>

	<p>have to type IP address in this field for pinging.</p> <p><b>TTL (Time to Live)</b> – Displays value for your reference. TTL value is set by telnet command.</p>
<b>MTU</b>	It means Max Transmit Unit for packet. The default setting is 1442.
<b>PPP/MP Setup</b>	<p><b>PPP Authentication</b> – Select <b>PAP only</b> or <b>PAP or CHAP</b> for PPP. If you want to connect to Internet all the time, you can check <b>Always On</b>.</p> <p><b>Idle Timeout</b> – Set the timeout for breaking down the Internet after passing through the time without any action.</p>
<b>IP Address Assignment Method (IPCP)</b>	<p>Usually ISP dynamically assigns IP address to you each time you connect to it and request. In some case, your ISP provides service to always assign you the same IP address whenever you request. In this case, you can fill in this IP address in the Fixed IP field. Please contact your ISP before you want to use this function.</p> <p><b>WAN IP Alias</b> - If you have multiple public IP addresses and would like to utilize them on the WAN interface, please use WAN IP Alias. You can set up to 8 public IP addresses other than the current one you are using. Type the additional WAN IP address and check the Enable box. Then click <b>OK</b> to exit the dialog.</p>  <p><b>Fixed IP</b> – Click <b>Yes</b> to use this function and type in a fixed IP address in the box of <b>Fixed IP Address</b>.</p> <p><b>Default MAC Address</b> – You can use <b>Default MAC Address</b> or specify another MAC address by typing on the boxes of MAC Address for the router.</p> <p><b>Specify a MAC Address</b> – Type the MAC address for the router manually.</p>

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to activate them.

## Details Page for Static or Dynamic IP in WAN2

For static IP mode, you usually receive a fixed public IP address or a public subnet, namely multiple public IP addresses from your DSL or Cable ISP service providers. In most cases, a Cable service provider will offer a fixed public IP, while a DSL service provider will offer a public subnet. If you have a public subnet, you could assign an IP address or many IP address to the WAN interface.

To use **Static or Dynamic IP** as the accessing protocol of the internet, please click the **Static or Dynamic IP** tab. The following web page will be shown.


WAN >> Internet Access

**WAN 2**

PPPoE	Static or Dynamic IP	PPTP/L2TP	IPv6
<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable			
<b>Keep WAN Connection</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Enable PING to keep alive PING to the IP: <input type="text"/> PING Interval: <input type="text"/> minute(s)		<b>WAN IP Network Settings</b> <span style="float: right;">WAN IP Alias</span> <input type="radio"/> Obtain an IP address automatically Router Name: <input type="text"/> * Domain Name: <input type="text"/> * <small>* : Required for some ISPs</small>	
<b>WAN Connection Detection</b> Mode: <input type="text" value="ARP Detect"/> <span style="font-size: small;">v</span> Ping IP: <input type="text"/> TTL: <input type="text"/>		<b>DHCP Client Identifier for some ISP</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Enable Username: <input type="text"/> Password: <input type="text"/>	
<b>MTU</b> <input type="text" value="1442"/> (Max:1500)		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Specify an IP address IP Address: <input type="text"/> Subnet Mask: <input type="text"/> Gateway IP Address: <input type="text"/>	
<b>RIP Protocol</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Enable RIP		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Default MAC Address <input type="radio"/> Specify a MAC Address MAC Address: <input type="text" value="00"/> <input type="text" value="50"/> <input type="text" value="7F"/> <input type="text" value="6A"/> <input type="text" value="FB"/> <input type="text" value="1A"/>	
		<b>DNS Server IP Address</b> Primary IP Address: <input type="text" value="8.8.8.8"/> Secondary IP Address: <input type="text" value="8.8.4.4"/>	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable / Disable</b>	Click <b>Enable</b> for activating this function. If you click <b>Disable</b> , this function will be closed and all the settings that you adjusted in this page will be invalid.
<b>Keep WAN Connection</b>	Normally, this function is designed for Dynamic IP environments because some ISPs will drop connections if there is no traffic within certain periods of time. Check <b>Enable PING to keep alive</b> box to activate this function. <b>PING to the IP</b> - If you enable the PING function, please specify the IP address for the system to PING it for keeping alive. <b>PING Interval</b> - Enter the interval for the system to execute the PING operation.

<p><b>WAN Connection Detection</b></p>	<p>Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through ARP Detect or Ping Detect.</p> <p><b>Mode</b> – Choose <b>ARP Detect</b> or <b>Ping Detect</b> for the system to execute for WAN detection.</p> <p><b>Ping IP</b> – If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type IP address in this field for pinging.</p> <p><b>TTL (Time to Live)</b> – Displays value for your reference. TTL value is set by telnet command.</p>
<p><b>MTU</b></p>	<p>It means Max Transmit Unit for packet. The default setting is 1442.</p>
<p><b>RIP Protocol</b></p>	<p>Routing Information Protocol is abbreviated as RIP(RFC1058) specifying how routers exchange routing tables information. Click <b>Enable RIP</b> for activating this function.</p>
<p><b>WAN IP Network Settings</b></p>	<p>This group allows you to obtain an IP address automatically and allows you type in IP address manually.</p> <p><b>WAN IP Alias</b> - If you have multiple public IP addresses and would like to utilize them on the WAN interface, please use WAN IP Alias. You can set up to 8 public IP addresses other than the current one you are using.</p>  <p><b>Obtain an IP address automatically</b> – Click this button to obtain the IP address automatically if you want to use <b>Dynamic IP</b> mode.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>Router Name:</b> Type in the router name provided by ISP.</li> <li>● <b>Domain Name:</b> Type in the domain name that you have assigned.</li> </ul> <p><b>DHCP Client Identifier for some ISP</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>Enable:</b> Check the box to specify username and password as the DHCP client identifier for some</li> </ul>

	<p>ISP.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>Username:</b> Type a name as username. The maximum length of the user name you can set is 63 characters.</li> <li>● <b>Password:</b> Type a password. The maximum length of the password you can set is 62 characters.</li> </ul> <p><b>Specify an IP address</b> – Click this radio button to specify some data if you want to use <b>Static IP</b> mode.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>IP Address:</b> Type the IP address.</li> <li>● <b>Subnet Mask:</b> Type the subnet mask.</li> <li>● <b>Gateway IP Address:</b> Type the gateway IP address.</li> </ul> <p><b>Default MAC Address:</b> Click this radio button to use default MAC address for the router.</p> <p><b>Specify a MAC Address:</b> Some Cable service providers specify a specific MAC address for access authentication. In such cases you need to click the <b>Specify a MAC Address</b> and enter the MAC address in the MAC Address field.</p>
<b>DNS Server IP Address</b>	Type in the primary IP address for the router if you want to use <b>Static IP</b> mode. If necessary, type in secondary IP address for necessity in the future.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to activate them.

### Details Page for PPTP/L2TP in WAN2

To use **PPTP/L2TP** as the accessing protocol of the internet, please click the **PPTP/L2TP** tab. The following web page will be shown.

WAN >> Internet Access

**WAN 2**

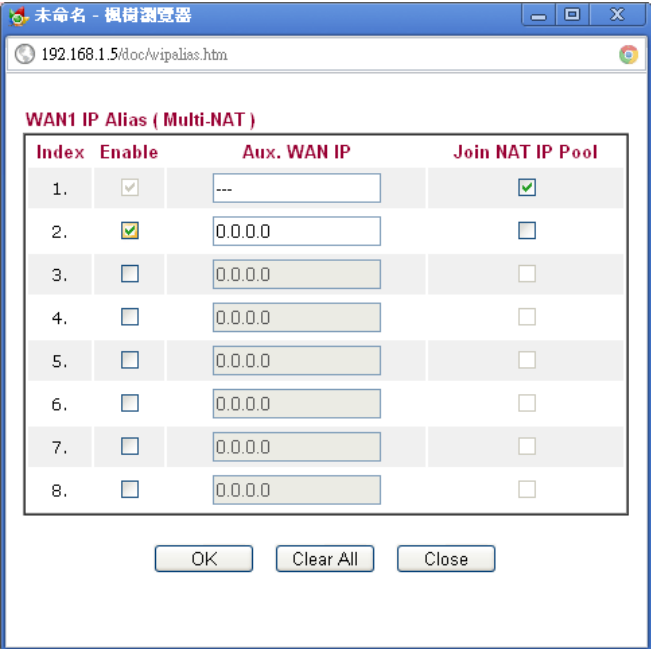
PPPoE	Static or Dynamic IP	PPTP/L2TP	IPv6
<input type="radio"/> Enable PPTP <input type="radio"/> Enable L2TP <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable Server Address <input type="text"/> Specify Gateway IP Address <input type="text"/>		<b>PPP Setup</b> PPP Authentication <input type="text" value="PAP or CHAP"/> Idle Timeout <input type="text" value="-1"/> second(s)	
<b>ISP Access Setup</b> Username <input type="text"/> Password <input type="text"/> Index(1-15) in <b>Schedule</b> Setup: => <input type="text"/> , <input type="text"/> , <input type="text"/> , <input type="text"/>		<b>IP Address Assignment Method (IPCP)</b> <input type="text" value="WAN IP Alias"/> Fixed IP: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No (Dynamic IP) Fixed IP Address <input type="text"/>	
<b>MTU</b> <input type="text" value="1442"/> (Max:1460)		<b>WAN IP Network Settings</b> <input type="radio"/> Obtain an IP address automatically <input checked="" type="radio"/> Specify an IP address IP Address <input type="text"/> Subnet Mask <input type="text"/>	

Detailed explanation is shown below:

Item	Description
<b>PPTP/L2TP</b>	<b>Enable PPTP-</b> Click this radio button to enable a PPTP



	<p>client to establish a tunnel to a DSL modem on the WAN interface.</p> <p><b>Enable L2TP</b> - Click this radio button to enable a L2TP client to establish a tunnel to a DSL modem on the WAN interface.</p> <p><b>Disable</b> – Click this radio button to close the connection through PPTP or L2TP.</p> <p><b>Server Address</b> - Specify the IP address of the PPTP/L2TP server if you enable PPTP/L2TP client mode.</p> <p><b>Specify Gateway IP Address</b> – Specify the gateway IP address for DHCP server.</p>
<b>ISP Access Setup</b>	<p><b>Username</b> -Type in the username provided by ISP in this field.</p> <p><b>Password</b> -Type in the password provided by ISP in this field.</p> <p><b>Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup</b> - You can type in four sets of time schedule for your request. All the schedules can be set previously in <b>Application &gt;&gt; Schedule</b> web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page.</p>
<b>MTU</b>	<p>It means Max Transmit Unit for packet. The default setting is 1442.</p>
<b>PPP Setup</b>	<p><b>PPP Authentication</b> - Select <b>PAP only</b> or <b>PAP or CHAP</b> for PPP.</p> <p><b>Idle Timeout</b> - Set the timeout for breaking down the Internet after passing through the time without any action.</p>
<b>IP Address Assignment Method(IPCP)</b>	<p><b>WAN IP Alias</b> - If you have multiple public IP addresses and would like to utilize them on the WAN interface, please use WAN IP Alias. You can set up to 8 public IP addresses other than the current one you are using.</p>  <p><b>Fixed IP</b> - Usually ISP dynamically assigns IP address to you each time you connect to it and request. In some case,</p>

	<p>your ISP provides service to always assign you the same IP address whenever you request. In this case, you can fill in this IP address in the Fixed IP field. Please contact your ISP before you want to use this function. Click <b>Yes</b> to use this function and type in a fixed IP address in the box.</p> <p><b>Fixed IP Address</b> -Type a fixed IP address.</p>
<p><b>WAN IP Network Settings</b></p>	<p><b>Obtain an IP address automatically</b> – Click this button to obtain the IP address automatically.</p> <p><b>Specify an IP address</b> – Click this radio button to specify some data.</p> <p><b>IP Address</b> – Type the IP address.</p> <p><b>Subnet Mask</b> – Type the subnet mask.</p>

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to activate them.

## Details Page for 3G/4G USB Modem (PPP) in WAN3

To use **PPP** (for 3G USB Modem) as the accessing protocol of the internet, please choose **Internet Access** from **WAN** menu. Then, select **PPP** mode for WAN2. The following web page will be shown.

WAN >> Internet Access



### WAN 3

**3G/4G USB Modem(PPP mode)**       Enable     Disable

SIM PIN code     

Modem Initial String        
(Default:AT&FE0V1X1&D2&C1S0=0)

APN Name           

Modem Initial String2     

Modem Dial String        
(Default:ATDT\*99#, CDMA:ATDT#777, TD-SCDMA:ATDT\*98\*1#)

PPP Username       (Optional)

PPP Password       (Optional)

PPP Authentication       ▼

Index(1-15) in **Schedule** Setup:  
 =>  ,  ,  ,

---

**WAN Connection Detection**

Mode       ▼

Ping IP     

TTL:

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>3G/4G USB Modem (PPP mode)</b>	<p><b>Enable / Disable</b> - Click <b>Enable</b> for activating this function. If you click <b>Disable</b>, this function will be closed and all the settings that you adjusted in this page will be invalid.</p> <p><b>SIM PIN code</b> - Type PIN code of the SIM card that will be used to access Internet.</p> <p><b>Modem Initial String</b> - Such value is used to initialize USB modem. Please use the default value. If you have any question, please contact to your ISP.</p> <p><b>APN Name</b> - APN means Access Point Name which is provided and required by some ISPs. Type the name and click <b>Apply</b>.</p> <p><b>Modem Initial String2</b> - The initial string 1 is shared with APN. In some cases, user may need another initial AT command to restrict 3G band or do any special settings.</p> <p><b>Modem Dial String</b> - Such value is used to dial through USB mode. Please use the default value. If you have any question, please contact to your ISP.</p> <p><b>PPP Username</b> - Type the PPP username (optional).</p>

	<p><b>PPP Password</b> - Type the PPP password (optional).</p> <p><b>PPP Authentication</b> - Select <b>PAP only</b> or <b>PAP or CHAP</b> for PPP.</p> <p><b>Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup</b> - You can type in four sets of time schedule for your request. All the schedules can be set previously in <b>Application &gt;&gt; Schedule</b> web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page</p>
<b>WAN Connection Detection</b>	<p>Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through ARP Detect or Ping Detect.</p> <p><b>Mode</b> – Choose <b>ARP Detect</b> or <b>Ping Detect</b> for the system to execute for WAN detection.</p> <p><b>Ping IP</b> – If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type IP address in this field for pinging.</p> <p><b>TTL (Time to Live)</b> – Displays value for your reference. TTL value is set by telnet command.</p>

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

### Details Page for 4G USB Modem (DHCP) in WAN3

To use **4G USB Modem (DHCP mode)** as the accessing protocol of the internet, please choose **Internet Access** from **WAN** menu. Then, select **4G USB Modem (DHCP mode)** for WAN3. The following web page will be shown.

WAN >> Internet Access



**WAN 3** | [Modem Support List](#) |

**4G USB Modem(DHCP mode)**  Enable  Disable

SIM PIN code

Network Mode 4G/3G/2G (Default:4G/3G/2G)

APN Name

MTU 1380 (Default:1380)

LTE software version ---

LTE hardware version ---

---

**WAN Connection Detection**

Mode ARP Detect

Ping IP

TTL:

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>4G USB Modem (DHCP mode)</b>	Click <b>Enable</b> for activating this function. If you click <b>Disable</b> , this function will be closed and all the settings that you adjusted in this page will be invalid.

<b>SIM PIN code</b>	Type PIN code of the SIM card that will be used to access Internet. The maximum length of the PIN code you can set is 19 characters.												
<b>Network Mode</b>	Force Vigor router to connect Internet with the mode specified here. If you choose 4G/3G/2G as network mode, the router will choose a suitable one according to the actual wireless signal automatically.												
<b>APN Name</b>	APN means Access Point Name which is provided and required by some ISPs. Type the name and click <b>Apply</b> . The maximum length of the name you can set is 47 characters.												
<b>MTU</b>	It means Max Transmit Unit for packet. The default setting is 1380.												
<b>WAN Connection Detection</b>	Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through ARP Detect or Ping Detect. <b>Mode</b> – Choose <b>ARP Detect</b> or <b>Ping Detect</b> for the system to execute for WAN detection. <b>Ping IP</b> – If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type IP address in this field for ping. <b>TTL (Time to Live)</b> – Displays value for your reference. TTL value is set by telnet command.												
<b>Modem Support List</b>	It lists all of the modems supported by such router. <b>4G Modem Support List</b> Last updated on 2013-03-26 <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Standard</th> <th>Brand</th> <th>Module</th> <th>Status</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>LTE</td> <td>LG</td> <td>VL600</td> <td>Y</td> </tr> <tr> <td>WIMAX</td> <td>Samsung</td> <td>swc-u200</td> <td>Y</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Y: Tested and is supported. M: Has not been tested but might be supported.</p>	Standard	Brand	Module	Status	LTE	LG	VL600	Y	WIMAX	Samsung	swc-u200	Y
Standard	Brand	Module	Status										
LTE	LG	VL600	Y										
WIMAX	Samsung	swc-u200	Y										

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

### Details Page for IPv6 – Offline in WAN1/WAN2/WAN3

When Offline is selected, the IPv6 connection will be disabled.

**WAN >> Internet Access**

**WAN 1**

PPPoE / PPPoA
  MPoA (RFC1483/2684)
  IPv6

**Internet Access Mode**

Connection Type:

### Details Page for IPv6 – PPP in WAN1/WAN2

During the procedure of IPv4 PPPoE connection, we can get the IPv6 Link Local Address between the gateway and Vigor router through IPv6CP. Later, use DHCPv6 or Accept RA to acquire the IPv6 prefix address (such as: 2001:B010:7300:200::/64) offered by the ISP. In addition, PCs under LAN also can have the public IPv6 address for Internet access by means of the generated prefix.

No need to type any other information for PPP mode.

**WAN >> Internet Access**

**WAN 1**

PPPoE / PPPoA	MPoA (RFC1483/2684)	IPv6
<b>Internet Access Mode</b>		
Connection Type	PPP	
<b>Note :</b> IPv4 WAN setting should be <b>PPPoE</b> client.		
OK		Cancel

Below shows an example for successful IPv6 connection based on PPPoE mode.

**Online Status**

---

Physical Connection		System Uptime: 0:0:30	
IPv4	IPv6		
<b>LAN Status</b>			
<b>IP Address</b>			
2001:B010:7300:200:21D:AAFF:FE7A:3E58/64 (Global)			
FE80::21D:AAFF:FE7A:3E58/64 (Link)			
<b>TX Packets</b>	<b>RX Packets</b>	<b>TX Bytes</b>	<b>RX Bytes</b>
7	8	618	672
<b>WAN2 IPv6 Status</b>			
<b>Enable</b>	<b>Mode</b>	<b>Up Time</b>	
Yes	PPP	0:00:11	
<b>IP</b>		<b>Gateway IP</b>	
2001:B010:7300:200:21D:AAFF:FE7A:3E5A/128 (Global)		FE80::90:1A00:242:AD52	
FE80::1D:AAFF:FE7A:3E5A/128 (Link)			
<b>DNS IP</b>			
2001:8000:168::1			
2001:8000:168::2			
<b>TX Packets</b>	<b>RX Packets</b>	<b>TX Bytes</b>	<b>RX Bytes</b>
7	4	544	616

**Note:** At present, the **IPv6 prefix** can be acquired via the PPPoE mode connection which is available for the areas such as Taiwan (hinet), the Netherlands, Australia and UK.

**Details Page for IPv6 – TSPC in WAN1/WAN2/WAN3**

Tunnel setup protocol client (TSPC) is an application which could help you to connect to IPv6 network easily.

Please make sure your IPv4 WAN connection is OK and apply one free account from hexago (<http://gogonet.gogo6.com/page/freenet6-account>) before you try to use TSPC for network connection. TSPC would connect to tunnel broker and requests a tunnel according to the specifications inside the configuration file. It gets a public IPv6 IP address and an IPv6 prefix from the tunnel broker and then monitors the state of the tunnel in background.

After getting the IPv6 prefix and starting router advertisement daemon (RADVD), the PC behind this router can directly connect to IPv6 the Internet.

**WAN >> Internet Access**

**WAN 1**

PPPoE / PPPoA	MPoA (RFC1483/2684)	IPv6
<p><b>Internet Access Mode</b></p> <p>Connection Type <input type="text" value="TSPC"/></p> <p><b>TSPC Configuration</b></p> <p>Username <input type="text"/></p> <p>Password <input type="text"/></p> <p>Confirm Password <input type="text"/></p> <p>Tunnel Broker <input type="text"/></p>		

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Username</b>	Type the name obtained from the broker. It is suggested for you to apply another username and password for <a href="http://gogonet.gogo6.com/page/freenet6-account">http://gogonet.gogo6.com/page/freenet6-account</a> .
<b>Password</b>	Type the password assigned with the user name.
<b>Confirm Password</b>	Type the password again to make the confirmation.
<b>Tunnel Broker</b>	Type the address for the tunnel broker IP, FQDN or an optional port number.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

## Details Page for IPv6 – AICCU in WAN1/WAN2/WAN3

WAN >> Internet Access



### WAN 1

PPPoE / PPPoA	MPoA (RFC1483/2684)	IPv6
<b>Internet Access Mode</b>		
Connection Type		AICCU
<b>AICCU Configuration</b>		
<input type="checkbox"/> Always On		
Username		<input type="text"/>
Password		<input type="text"/>
Confirm Password		<input type="text"/>
Tunnel Broker		tic.sixxs.net
Subnet Prefix		<input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/>
<p><b>Note :</b> If "Always On" is not enabled,AICCU connection would only retry three times.</p>		
OK		Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Always On</b>	Check this box to keep the network connection always.
<b>Username</b>	Type the name obtained from the broker. Please apply new account at <a href="http://www.sixxs.net/">http://www.sixxs.net/</a> . It is suggested for you to apply another username and password.
<b>Password</b>	Type the password assigned with the user name.
<b>Confirm Password</b>	Type the password again to make the confirmation.
<b>Tunnel Broker</b>	Type the address for the tunnel broker IP, FQDN or an optional port number.
<b>Subnet Prefix</b>	Type the subnet prefix address getting from service provider

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.



## Details Page for IPv6 – DHCPv6 Client in WAN1/WAN2

DHCPv6 client mode would use DHCPv6 protocol to obtain IPv6 address from server.

WAN >> Internet Access

WAN 1

PPPoE / PPPoA	MPoA (RFC1483/2684)	IPv6
<b>Internet Access Mode</b>		
Connection Type		DHCPv6 Client
<b>DHCPv6 Client Configuration</b>		
Identity Association	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Prefix Delegation	<input type="radio"/> Non-temporary Address
IAID (Identity Association ID)	11570169	

OK Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Identify Association	Choose <b>Prefix Delegation</b> or <b>Non-temporary Address</b> as the identify association.
IAID	Type a number as IAID.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

## Details Page for IPv6 – Static IPv6 in WAN1/WAN2

This type allows you to setup static IPv6 address for WAN interface.

WAN >> Internet Access

**WAN 1**

PPPoE / PPPoA      MPoA (RFC1483/2684)      **IPv6**

**Internet Access Mode**  
 Connection Type: Static IPv6

**Static IPv6 Address configuration**  
 IPv6 Address:  / Prefix Length:

**Current IPv6 Address Table**

Index	IPv6 Address/Prefix Length	Scope

**Static IPv6 Gateway configuration**  
 IPv6 Gateway Address:

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Static IPv6 Address configuration</b>	<b>IPv6 Address</b> – Type the IPv6 Static IP Address. <b>Prefix Length</b> – Type the fixed value for prefix length. <b>Add</b> – Click it to add a new entry. <b>Delete</b> – Click it to remove an existed entry.
<b>Current IPv6 Address Table</b>	Display current interface IPv6 address.
<b>Static IPv6 Gateway Configuration</b>	<b>IPv6 Gateway Address</b> - Type your IPv6 gateway address here.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

## Details Page for IPv6 – 6in4 Static Tunnel in WAN1/WAN2

This type allows you to setup 6in4 Static Tunnel for WAN interface.

Such mode allows the router to access IPv6 network through IPv4 network.

However, 6in4 offers a prefix outside of 2002::0/16. So, you can use a fixed endpoint rather than any cast endpoint. The mode has more reliability.

WAN >> Internet Access



**WAN 1**

PPPoE / PPPoA      MPoA (RFC1483/2684)      IPv6

**Internet Access Mode**

Connection Type: 6in4 Static Tunnel

**6in4 Static Tunnel**

Remote Endpoint IPv4 Address:

6in4 IPv6 Address:  /  (default: 64)

LAN Routed Prefix:  /  (default: 64)

Tunnel TTL:  (default: 255)

OK      Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Remote Endpoint IPv4 Address</b>	Type the static IPv4 address for the remote server.
<b>6in4 IPv6 Address</b>	Type the static IPv6 address for IPv4 tunnel with the value for prefix length.
<b>LAN Routed Prefix</b>	Type the static IPv6 address for LAN routing with the value for prefix length.
<b>Tunnel TTL</b>	Type the number for the data lifetime in tunnel.

After finished the above settings, click **OK** to save the settings.

Below shows an example for successful IPv6 connection based on 6in4 Static Tunnel mode.

**Online Status**

Physical Connection		System Uptime: 0day 0:4:16	
IPv4	IPv6		
<b>LAN Status</b>			
<b>IP Address</b>			
2001:4DD0:FF00:83E4:21D:AAFF:FE83:11B4/64 (Global)			
FE80::21D:AAFF:FE83:11B4/64 (Link)			
<b>TX Packets</b>	<b>RX Packets</b>	<b>TX Bytes</b>	<b>RX Bytes</b>
14	80	1244	6815
<b>WAN1 IPv6 Status</b>			
<b>Enable</b>	<b>Mode</b>	<b>Up Time</b>	
Yes	6in4 Static Tunnel	0:04:07	
<b>IP</b>		<b>Gateway IP</b>	
2001:4DD0:FF10:83E4::2131/64 (Global)		---	
FE80::C0A8:651D/128 (Link)			
<b>TX Packets</b>	<b>RX Packets</b>	<b>TX Bytes</b>	<b>RX Bytes</b>
3	26	211	2302

**Details Page for IPv6 – 6rd in WAN1/WAN2**

This type allows you to setup 6rd for WAN interface.

WAN >> Internet Access



**WAN 1**

PPPoE / PPPoA	MPoA (RFC1483/2684)	IPv6
<b>Internet Access Mode</b>		
Connection Type		6rd
<b>6rd Settings</b>		
6rd Mode		<input type="radio"/> Auto 6rd <input checked="" type="radio"/> Static 6rd
<b>Static 6rd Settings</b>		
IPv4 Border Relay:	<input type="text"/>	
IPv4 Mask Length:	<input type="text" value="0"/>	
6rd Prefix:	<input type="text"/>	
6rd Prefix Length:	<input type="text" value="0"/>	
<input type="button" value="OK"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>		

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>6rd Mode</b>	<b>Auto 6rd</b> – Retrieve 6rd prefix automatically from 6rd service provider. The IPv4 WAN must be set as "DHCP". <b>Static 6rd</b> - Set 6rd options manually.
<b>IPv4 Border Relay</b>	Type the IPv4 addresses of the 6rd Border Relay for a given 6rd domain.

<b>IPv4 Mask Length</b>	Type a number of high-order bits that are identical across all CE IPv4 addresses within a given 6rd domain. It may be any value between 0 and 32.
<b>6rd Prefix</b>	Type the 6rd IPv6 address.
<b>6rd Prefix Length</b>	Type the IPv6 prefix length for the 6rd IPv6 prefix in number of bits.

After finished the above settings, click **OK** to save the settings.

Below shows an example for successful IPv6 connection based on 6rd mode.

**Online Status**

Physical Connection		System Uptime: 0day 0:9:15	
IPv4	IPv6		
<b>LAN Status</b>			
<b>IP Address</b>			
2001:E41:A865:1D00:21D:AAFF:FE83:11B4/64 (Global)			
FE80::21D:AAFF:FE83:11B4/64 (Link)			
<b>TX Packets</b>	<b>RX Packets</b>	<b>TX Bytes</b>	<b>RX Bytes</b>
15	113	1354	18040
<b>WAN1 IPv6 Status</b>			
<b>Enable</b>	<b>Mode</b>	<b>Up Time</b>	
Yes	6rd	0:09:06	
<b>IP</b>		<b>Gateway IP</b>	
2001:E41:A865:1D01:21D:AAFF:FE83:11B5/128 (Global)		---	
FE80::C0A8:651D/128 (Link)			
<b>TX Packets</b>	<b>RX Packets</b>	<b>TX Bytes</b>	<b>RX Bytes</b>
13	29	967	2620

### 3.1.4 Multi-PVCs

This router allows you to create multi-PVCs for different data transferring for using. Simply go to **Internet Access** and select **Multi-PVCs** page.

#### General

The system allows you to set up to eight channels which are ready for choosing as the first PVC line that will be used as multi-PVCs.

WAN >> Multi-PVCs

Multi-PVCs							
General	ATM QoS	Port-based Bridge		PVC to PVC Binding/Add Tag			
Channel	Enable	VPI	VCI	QoS Type	Protocol	Encapsulation	
1.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0	33	UBR	PPPoE	LLC/SNAP	
2.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0	88	UBR	MPoA	1483 Bridged IP LLC	
3.	<input type="checkbox"/>	1	43	UBR	PPPoA	VC MUX	
4.	<input type="checkbox"/>	1	44	UBR	PPPoA	VC MUX	
5.	<input type="checkbox"/>	1	45	UBR	PPPoA	VC MUX	
6.	<input type="checkbox"/>	1	46	UBR	PPPoA	VC MUX	
7.	<input type="checkbox"/>	1	47	UBR	PPPoA	VC MUX	
8.	<input type="checkbox"/>	1	48	UBR	PPPoA	VC MUX	

Note:VPI/VCI must be unique for each channel!

OK Clear Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable</b>	Check this box to enable that channel. The channels that you enabled here will be shown in the <b>Multi-PVC channel</b> drop down list on the web page of <b>Internet Access</b> . Though you can enable eight channels in this page, yet only one channel can be chosen on the web page of <b>Internet Access</b> .
<b>VPI</b>	Type in the value provided by your ISP.
<b>VCI</b>	Type in the value provided by your ISP.
<b>QoS Type</b>	Select a proper QoS type for the channel. <b>QoS Type</b> UBR CBR ABR nrtVBR rtVBR
<b>Protocol</b>	Select a proper protocol for this channel.

	<b>Protocol</b> PPPoE ▼ PPPoA <b>PPPoE</b> MPoA
<b>Encapsulation</b>	Choose a proper type for this channel. The types will be different according to the protocol setting that you choose.

VC MUX ▼ VC MUX LLC/SNAP	1483 Route IP LLC ▼ 1483 Bridged IP LLC <b>1483 Route IP LLC</b> 1483 Bridged IP VC-Mux 1483 Routed IP VC-Mux(IPoA) 1483 Bridged IP(IPoE)
--------------------------------	--

WAN link for **Channel 5, 6 and 7** are provided for router-borne application such as **TR-069**. The settings must be applied and obtained from your ISP. For your special request, please contact with your ISP and then click WAN link of Channel 5, 6 or 7 to configure your router.

**WAN >> Multi-PVCs >> PVC Channel 5**

**WAN for Router-borne Application:** Management ▼

Enable  Disable

---

**DSL Modem Settings**

VPI	1	QoS Type	UBR ▼	PVC Binding	Disable ▼
VCI	45	Protocol	PPPoA ▼	Add Tag	<input type="checkbox"/> 0
		Encapsulation	VC MUX ▼		

---

**WAN Connection Detection**

Mode	ARP Detect ▼
Ping IP	
TTL:	

---

<p><b>PPPoE/PPPoA Client</b></p> <p><b>ISP Access Setup</b></p> <p>ISP Name <input type="text"/></p> <p>Username <input type="text"/></p> <p>Password <input type="text"/></p> <p>PPP Authentication <input type="text" value="PAP or CHAP"/></p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Always On</p> <p>Idle Timeout <input type="text" value="-1"/> second(s)</p> <p><b>IP Address From ISP</b></p> <p>Fixed IP <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No (Dynamic IP)</p> <p>Fixed IP Address <input type="text"/></p>	<p><b>MPoA (RFC1483/2684)</b></p> <p><input type="radio"/> Obtain an IP address automatically</p> <p>Router Name <input type="text" value="Vigor"/>*</p> <p>Domain Name <input type="text"/>*</p> <p>*: Required for some ISPs</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Specify an IP address</p> <p>IP Address <input type="text"/></p> <p>Subnet Mask <input type="text"/></p> <p>Gateway IP Address <input type="text"/></p> <p><b>DNS Server IP Address</b></p> <p>Primary IP Address <input type="text" value="8.8.8.8"/></p> <p>Secondary IP Address <input type="text" value="8.8.4.4"/></p>
--	--

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>WAN for Router-borne Application</b>	<p>Choose the router service for channel 5, 6 or 7.</p> <p><b>Management</b> - It can be specified for general management (Web configuration/telnet/TR069). If you choose Management, the configuration for this PVC will be effective for Web configuration/telnet/TR069.</p> <p><b>VoIP</b> - It can be specified for VoIP only. If you choose VoIP, the configuration for this PVC will be effective for VoIP data transmitting and receiving.</p> <p><b>IPTV</b> - The IPTV configuration will allow the WAN interface to send IGMP packets to IPTV servers.</p>

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

For other settings, refer to **Details Page for PPPoE/PPPoA in WAN1**.

## ATM QoS

Such configuration is applied to upstream packets. Such information will be provided by ISP. Please contact with your ISP for detailed information.

WAN >> Multi-PVCs

**Multi-PVCs**


General	ATM QoS	Port-based Bridge	PVC to PVC Binding/Add Tag	
Channel	QoS Type	PCR	SCR	MBS
1.	UBR	0	0	0
2.	UBR	0	0	0
3.	UBR	0	0	0
4.	UBR	0	0	0
5.	UBR	0	0	0
6.	UBR	0	0	0
7.	UBR	0	0	0
8.	UBR	0	0	0

Note: 1.Set 0 means default value.

2.PCR(max) = ADSL Up Speed / 53 / 8.

OK Clear Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>QoS Type</b>	<p>Select a proper QoS type for the channel according to the information that your ISP provides.</p> 



<b>PCR</b>	It represents Peak Cell Rate. The default setting is “0”.
<b>SCR</b>	It represents Sustainable Cell Rate. The value of SCR must be smaller than PCR.
<b>MBS</b>	It represents Maximum Burst Size. The range of the value is 10 to 50.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

## Port-based Bridge

General page lets you set the first PVC. As to set the second PVC line, please click the **Port-based Bridge** tab to open Bridge configuration page.

WAN >> Multi-PVCs

### Multi-PVCs

General		ATM QoS		Port-based Bridge				PVC to PVC Binding/Add Tag	
Channel	Enable	P1	P2	P3	P4	Service Type			
1.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Normal			
2.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Normal			
3.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Normal			
4.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Normal			
5.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Normal			
6.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Normal			
7.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Normal			
8.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	IGMP			

Note: 1.Channel 1 to 2 are reserved for Nat/Route use.  
2.P1 is reserved for Nat/Route use.

OK Clear Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable</b>	Check this box to enable that channel. Only channel 3 to 8 can be set in this page, for channel 1 to 2 are reserved for NAT using.
<b>P1 to P4</b>	It means the LAN port 1 to 4. Check the box to designate the LAN port for channel 3 to 8.
<b>Service Type</b>	<p>Normally, service type is used for the service of video stream (e.g., IPTV). It can divide the packets from remote control and from video stream into different PVC. Such feature is used for specific application. Please choose <b>Normal</b> as the <b>Service Type</b>.</p> <p><b>Normal</b> – It means that the PVC can accept all packets.</p> <p><b>IGMP</b> –It means that such PVC can accept IGMP packets only. Such type just meets a specific environment on some ISPs. Data and IGMP packets will be transmitted and received with different PVC.</p>

Click **Clear** to remove all the configurations in this page if you do not satisfy it. When you finish the configuration, please click **OK** to save and exit this page. Or click **Cancel** to abort the configuration and exit this page.

## PVC to PVC Binding/Add Tag

This feature can direct certain services (such as Internet, IPTV and so on) from other channels into a single channel.

WAN >> Multi-PVCs

**Multi-PVCs**

General	ATM QoS	Port-based Bridge	PVC to PVC Binding/Add Tag	
Channel	PVC Binding		Add Tag	Priority
1.	Disable		<input type="checkbox"/> 0	0
2.	Disable		<input type="checkbox"/> 0	0
3.	Disable		<input type="checkbox"/> 0	0
4.	1		<input type="checkbox"/> 0	0
5.	2		<input type="checkbox"/> 0	0
6.	3		<input type="checkbox"/> 0	0
7.	4		<input type="checkbox"/> 0	0
8.	5		<input type="checkbox"/> 0	0
	6		<input type="checkbox"/> 0	0
	7		<input type="checkbox"/> 0	0
	8		<input type="checkbox"/> 0	0

Note: Multiple channels may use the same channel link through the PVC Binding configuration. PVC to PVC Binding only supports PPPoE and MPoA 1483 Bridge mode.

OK Clear Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>PVC Binding</b>	Data transmitted through the selected channel will be redirected and transmitted via the channel configured in the field of PVC Binding.
<b>Add Tag</b>	To identify the usage of PVC, check this box to invoke this setting. And type the number for VLAN ID (number).
<b>Priority</b>	To add the packet priority number for such VLAN. The range is from 0 to 7.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

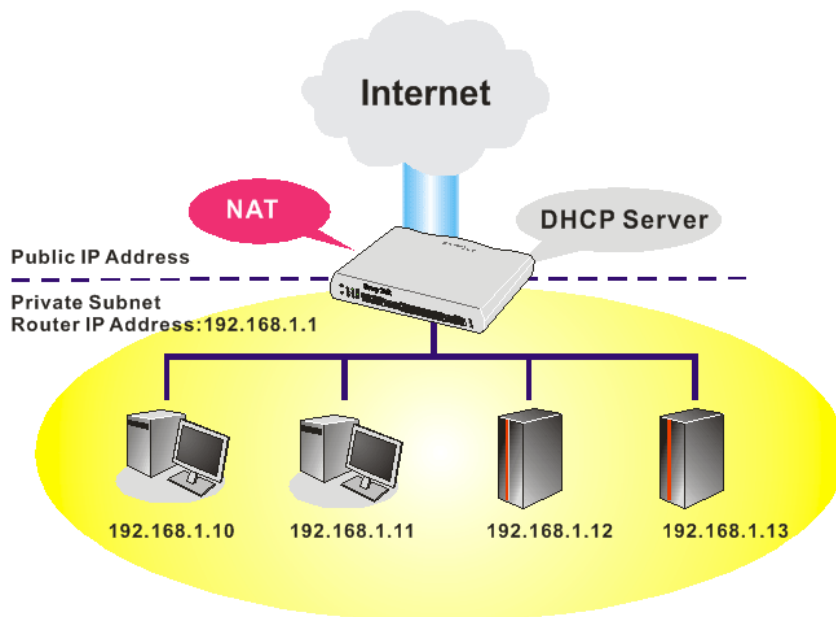
## 3.2 LAN

Local Area Network (LAN) is a group of subnets regulated and ruled by router. The design of network structure is related to what type of public IP addresses coming from your ISP.

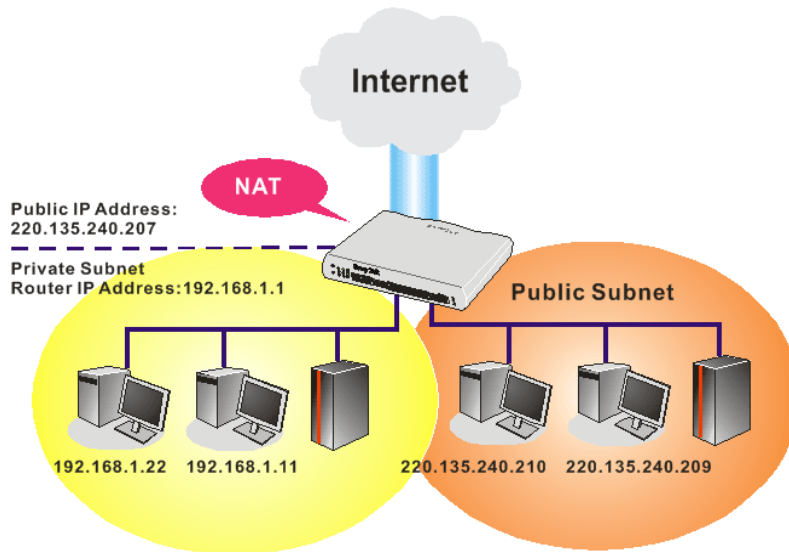


### 3.2.1 Basics of LAN

The most generic function of Vigor router is NAT. It creates a private subnet of your own. As mentioned previously, the router will talk to other public hosts on the Internet by using public IP address and talking to local hosts by using its private IP address. What NAT does is to translate the packets from public IP address to private IP address to forward the right packets to the right host and vice versa. Besides, Vigor router has a built-in DHCP server that assigns private IP address to each local host. See the following diagram for a briefly understanding.



In some special case, you may have a public IP subnet from your ISP such as 220.135.240.0/24. This means that you can set up a public subnet or call second subnet that each host is equipped with a public IP address. As a part of the public subnet, the Vigor router will serve for IP routing to help hosts in the public subnet to communicate with other public hosts or servers outside. Therefore, the router should be set as the gateway for public hosts.



## What is Routing Information Protocol (RIP)

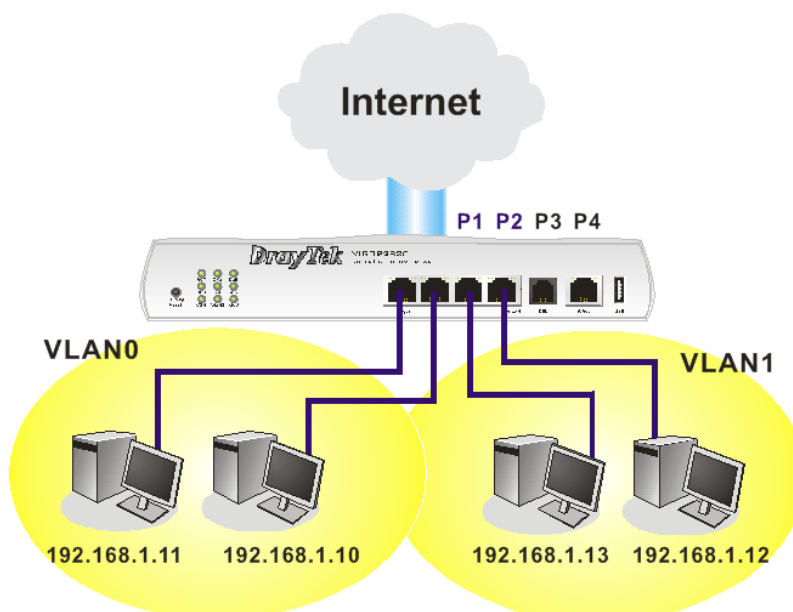
Vigor router will exchange routing information with neighboring routers using the RIP to accomplish IP routing. This allows users to change the information of the router such as IP address and the routers will automatically inform for each other.

## What is Static Route

When you have several subnets in your LAN, sometimes a more effective and quicker way for connection is the **Static routes** function rather than other method. You may simply set rules to forward data from one specified subnet to another specified subnet without the presence of RIP.

## What are Virtual LANs and Rate Control

You can group local hosts by physical ports and create up to 4 virtual LANs. To manage the communication between different groups, please set up rules in Virtual LAN (VLAN) function and the rate of each.



### 3.2.2 General Setup

This page provides you the general settings for LAN. Click **LAN** to open the LAN settings page and choose **General Setup**.

There are four subnets provided by the router which allow users to divide groups into different subnets (LAN1 – LAN4). In addition, different subnets can link for each other by configuring **Inter-LAN Routing**. At present, LAN1 setting is fixed with NAT mode only. LAN2 – LAN4 can be operated under **NAT** or **Route** mode. IP Routed Subnet can be operated under Route mode.

**LAN >> General Setup**

#### General Setup

Index	Status	DHCP	IP Address		
LAN 1	V	V	192.168.1.1	<a href="#">Details Page</a>	<a href="#">IPv6</a>
LAN 2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	192.168.2.1	<a href="#">Details Page</a>	
LAN 3	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	192.168.3.1	<a href="#">Details Page</a>	
LAN 4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	192.168.4.1	<a href="#">Details Page</a>	
IP Routed Subnet	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	192.168.0.1	<a href="#">Details Page</a>	

[Advanced](#) You can configure DHCP options here.

Force router to use "DNS server IP address" settings specified in [LAN1](#)

#### Inter-LAN Routing

Subnet	LAN 1	LAN 2	LAN 3	LAN 4
LAN 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
LAN 2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
LAN 3	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
LAN 4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

**Note: LAN 2/3/4 are available when VLAN is enabled.**

[OK](#)

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>General Setup</b>	<p>Allow to configure settings for each subnet respectively.</p> <p><b>Index</b> - Display all of the LAN items.</p> <p><b>Status</b> - Basically, LAN1 status is enabled in default. LAN2, LAN3, LAN3 and IP Routed Subnet can be observed by checking the box of <b>Status</b>.</p> <p><b>DHCP</b> - LAN1 is configured with DHCP in default. If required, please check the DHCP box for each LAN.</p> <p><b>IP Address</b> - Display the IP address for each LAN item. Such information is set in default and you can not modify it.</p> <p><b>Details Page</b> - Click it to access into the setting page. Each LAN will have different LAN configuration page. <b>Each LAN must be configured in different subnet.</b></p> <p><b>IPv6</b> - Click it to access into the settings page of IPv6.</p>
<b>Advanced</b>	<p>When the router receives the DHCP request from LAN client, the router will assign an IP with the DHCP packets adding option number and data information.</p>

	<p>LAN &gt;&gt; General Setup</p> <p>DHCP Options Status</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable</p> <p>Options List</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Index</th> <th>Option Number</th> <th>Ascii/Hex</th> <th>Data</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Option Number: <input type="text"/></p> <p>DataType: <input checked="" type="radio"/> Ascii <input type="radio"/> Hex (Example of Hex Data Type Input Format:0xff 0x00 0xc0 0xa8)</p> <p>Data: <input type="text"/></p> <p><input type="button" value="Add"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/></p> <p>Note: Maximum number of custom DHCP option is five.</p> <p><input type="button" value="OK"/></p> <p><b>Enable/Disable</b> – Enable/Disable the function of DHCP Option. Each DHCP option is composed by an option number with data. For example,</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">Option number: 100</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">Data: abcd</p> <p>When such function is enabled, the specified values for DHCP option will be seen in DHCP reply packets.</p> <p><b>Option Number</b> – Type a number for such function.</p> <p><b>DataType</b> – Choose the type (ASCII or Hex) for the data to be stored.</p> <p><b>Data</b> – Type the content of the data to be processed by the function of DHCP option.</p>	Index	Option Number	Ascii/Hex	Data				
Index	Option Number	Ascii/Hex	Data						
<p><b>Force router to use “DNS server IP address” settings as specified in ...</b></p>	<p>Force Vigor router to use DNS servers configured in LAN1/LAN2/LAN3/LAN4 instead of DNS servers given by the Internet Access server (PPPoE, PPTP, L2TP or DHCP server).</p>								
<p><b>Inter-LAN Routing</b></p>	<p>Check the box to link two or more different subnets (LAN and LAN).</p>								

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

To configure LAN 1 ~ LAN 4, or IP Routed Subnet, simply click **Details Page** to open the settings page.

### Details Page for LAN1

LAN1 is the default configuration for basic host connection.

LAN >> General Setup

LAN 1 Ethernet TCP / IP and DHCP Setup	LAN 1 IPv6 Setup
<p><b>Network Configuration</b> For NAT Usage</p> <p>IP Address <input type="text" value="192.168.1.1"/></p> <p>Subnet Mask <input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/></p> <p>RIP Protocol Control <input type="text" value="Disable"/></p> <p>Note: Disable LAN &amp; Enable LAN shouldn't be in the same subnet.</p>	<p><b>DHCP Server Configuration</b></p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable Server <input type="radio"/> Disable Server</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Enable Relay Agent</p> <p>Start IP Address <input type="text" value="192.168.1.10"/></p> <p>IP Pool Counts <input type="text" value="200"/></p> <p>Gateway IP Address <input type="text" value="192.168.1.1"/></p> <p>Lease Time <input type="text" value="86400"/> (s)</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Retrieve IPs from inactive clients periodically</p> <p><b>DNS Server IP Address</b></p> <p>Primary IP Address <input type="text"/></p> <p>Secondary IP Address <input type="text"/></p>

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>IP Address</b>	Type in private IP address for connecting to a local private network (Default: 192.168.1.1).
<b>Subnet Mask</b>	Type in an address code that determines the size of the network. (Default: 255.255.255.0/ 24)
<b>RIP Protocol Control</b>	<p><b>Disable</b> - deactivate the RIP protocol. It will lead to a stoppage of the exchange of routing information between routers. (Default)</p> <p><b>Enable</b> – activate the RIP protocol.</p>
<b>DHCP Server Configuration</b>	<p>DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol. The router by factory default acts a DHCP server for your network so it automatically dispatch related IP settings to any local user configured as a DHCP client. It is highly recommended that you leave the router enabled as a DHCP server if you do not have a DHCP server for your network.</p> <p>If you want to use another DHCP server in the network other than the Vigor Router's, you can let Relay Agent help you to redirect the DHCP request to the specified location.</p> <p><b>Enable Server</b> - Let the router assign IP address to every host in the LAN.</p> <p><b>Disable Server</b> – Let you manually assign IP address to every host in the LAN.</p> <p><b>Enable Relay Agent</b> –Specify which subnet that DHCP server is located the relay agent should redirect the DHCP request to.</p> <p><b>Start IP Address</b> - Enter a value of the IP address pool for the DHCP server to start with when issuing IP addresses. If the 1st IP address of your router is 192.168.1.1, the starting IP address must be 192.168.1.2 or greater, but smaller than 192.168.1.254.</p> <p><b>IP Pool Counts</b> - Enter the maximum number of PCs that</p>

	<p>you want the DHCP server to assign IP addresses to. The default is 50 and the maximum is 253.</p> <p><b>Gateway IP Address</b> - Enter a value of the gateway IP address for the DHCP server. The value is usually as same as the 1st IP address of the router, which means the router is the default gateway.</p> <p><b>Lease Time</b> – Enter the time to determine how long the IP address assigned by DHCP server can be used.</p> <p><b>Retrieve IPs from inactive clients periodically</b> – Whenever a DHCP client requests an IP address from the LAN DHCP server, the server will give out an IP to this client for a certain amount of time (e.g., 1 day). However, even if this client only uses the IP for say 5 minutes, the server still "reserves" 1 day for that client. Because a DHCP server only has a limited number of IPs to lease to its DHCP clients, soon enough all the IPs will be used out and then no one will be able to get any IPs from this server anymore. Therefore, this feature is used to get the IP back from inactive clients (i.e. doesn't use the IP but the server still reserves the IP for him).</p>																
<p><b>DNS Server Configuration</b></p>	<p>DNS stands for Domain Name System. Every Internet host must have a unique IP address, also they may have a human-friendly, easy to remember name such as www.yahoo.com. The DNS server converts the user-friendly name into its equivalent IP address.</p> <p><b>Primary IP Address</b> - You must specify a DNS server IP address here because your ISP should provide you with usually more than one DNS Server. If your ISP does not provide it, the router will automatically apply default DNS Server IP address: 194.109.6.66 to this field.</p> <p><b>Secondary IP Address</b> - You can specify secondary DNS server IP address here because your ISP often provides you more than one DNS Server. If your ISP does not provide it, the router will automatically apply default secondary DNS Server IP address: 194.98.0.1 to this field.</p> <p>The default DNS Server IP address can be found via Online Status:</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td colspan="2">System Status</td> <td colspan="2">System Uptime: 71:47:46</td> </tr> <tr> <td>LAN Status</td> <td>Primary DNS: 194.109.6.66</td> <td colspan="2">Secondary DNS: 168.95.1.1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>IP Address</td> <td>TX Packets</td> <td colspan="2">RX Packets</td> </tr> <tr> <td>192.168.1.1</td> <td>347390</td> <td colspan="2">214004</td> </tr> </table> <p>If both the Primary IP and Secondary IP Address fields are left empty, the router will use the DNS server assigned by ISP. If not, the router will assign its own IP address to local users as a DNS proxy server.</p> <p><b>Force router to use address for DNS-</b> Force Vigor router to use DNS servers in this page instead of DNS servers given by the Internet Access server (PPPoE, PPTP, L2TP or DHCP server).</p>	System Status		System Uptime: 71:47:46		LAN Status	Primary DNS: 194.109.6.66	Secondary DNS: 168.95.1.1		IP Address	TX Packets	RX Packets		192.168.1.1	347390	214004	
System Status		System Uptime: 71:47:46															
LAN Status	Primary DNS: 194.109.6.66	Secondary DNS: 168.95.1.1															
IP Address	TX Packets	RX Packets															
192.168.1.1	347390	214004															

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.



## Details Page for LAN1 – IPv6 Setup

There are two configuration pages for LAN1, Ethernet TCP/IP and DHCP Setup (based on IPv4) and IPv6 Setup. Click the tab for each type and refer to the following explanations for detailed information. Below shows the settings page for IPv6.

LAN >> General Setup

LAN 1 Ethernet TCP / IP and DHCP Setup
LAN 1 IPv6 Setup

**RADVD Configuration**

Enable     Disable

Advertisement Lifetime  Seconds (Range : 600 - 9000)

**DHCPv6 Server Configuration**

Enable Server     Disable Server

Start IPv6 Address

End IPv6 Address

**DNS Server IPv6 Address**

Primary DNS Server

Secondary DNS Server

**Static IPv6 Address configuration**

IPv6 Address  / Prefix Length

**Current IPv6 Address Table**

Index	IPv6 Address/Prefix Length	Scope
1	FE80::250:7FFF:FEEA:7EC8/64	Link

It provides 2 daemons for LAN side IPv6 address configuration. One is **RADVD**(stateless) and the other is **DHCPv6 Server** (Stateful).

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>RADVD Configuration</b>	<p><b>Enable</b> – Click it to enable RADVD server. The router advertisement daemon (radvd) sends Router Advertisement messages, specified by RFC 2461, to a local Ethernet LAN periodically and when requested by a node sending a Router Solicitation message. These messages are required for IPv6 stateless auto-configuration.</p> <p><b>Disable</b> – Click it to disable RADVD server.</p> <p><b>Advertisement Lifetime</b> - The lifetime associated with the default router in units of seconds. It's used to control the lifetime of the prefix. The maximum value corresponds to 18.2 hours. A lifetime of 0 indicates that the router is not a default router and should not appear on the default router</p>

	list.
<b>DHCPv6 Server Configuration</b>	<p><b>Enable Server</b> –Click it to enable DHCPv6 server. DHCPv6 Server could assign IPv6 address to PC according to the Start/End IPv6 address configuration.</p> <p><b>Disable Server</b> –Click it to disable DHCPv6 server.</p> <p><b>Start IPv6 Address / End IPv6 Address</b> –Type the start and end address for IPv6 server.</p>
<b>DNS Server IPv6 Address</b>	<p><b>Primary DNS Sever</b> – Type the IPv6 address for Primary DNS server.</p> <p><b>Secondary DNS Server</b> –Type another IPv6 address for DNS server if required.</p>
<b>Static IPv6 Address configuration</b>	<p><b>IPv6 Address</b> –Type static IPv6 address for LAN.</p> <p><b>Prefix Length</b> – Type the fixed value for prefix length.</p> <p><b>Add</b> – Click it to add a new entry.</p> <p><b>Delete</b> – Click it to remove an existed entry.</p>
<b>Current IPv6 Address Table</b>	Display current used IPv6 addresses.

## Details Page for LAN2/LAN3/LAN4

LAN >> General Setup

### Lan 2 Ethernet TCP / IP and DHCP Setup

<p><b>Network Configuration</b></p> <p><input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> For NAT Usage <input type="radio"/> For Routing Usage</p> <p>IP Address <input type="text" value="192.168.2.1"/></p> <p>Subnet Mask <input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/></p> <p>Note: Disable LAN &amp; Enable LAN shouldn't be in the same subnet.</p>	<p><b>DHCP Server Configuration</b></p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable Server <input type="radio"/> Disable Server</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Enable Relay Agent</p> <p>Start IP Address <input type="text" value="192.168.2.10"/></p> <p>IP Pool Counts <input type="text" value="100"/></p> <p>Gateway IP Address <input type="text" value="192.168.2.1"/></p> <p>Lease Time <input type="text" value="259200"/> (s)</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Retrieve IPs from inactive clients periodically</p>
<p><b>DNS Server IP Address</b></p> <p>Primary IP Address <input type="text"/></p> <p>Secondary IP Address <input type="text"/></p>	

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Network Configuration</b>	<p><b>Enable/Disable</b> - Click <b>Enable</b> to enable such configuration. Click <b>Disable</b> to disable such configuration.</p> <p><b>For NAT Usage</b> - Click this radio button to invoke NAT function.</p> <p><b>For Routing Usage</b> - Click this radio button to invoke this function.</p> <p><b>IP Address</b> - Type in private IP address for connecting to a local private network (Default: 192.168.1.1).</p>

	<p><b>Subnet Mask</b> - Type in an address code that determines the size of the network. (Default: 255.255.255.0/ 24)</p>
<p><b>DHCP Server Configuration</b></p>	<p>DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol. The router by factory default acts a DHCP server for your network so it automatically dispatch related IP settings to any local user configured as a DHCP client. It is highly recommended that you leave the router enabled as a DHCP server if you do not have a DHCP server for your network.</p> <p>If you want to use another DHCP server in the network other than the Vigor Router's, you can let Relay Agent help you to redirect the DHCP request to the specified location.</p> <p><b>Enable Server</b> - Let the router assign IP address to every host in the LAN.</p> <p><b>Disable Server</b> – Let you manually assign IP address to every host in the LAN.</p> <p><b>Start IP Address</b> - Enter a value of the IP address pool for the DHCP server to start with when issuing IP addresses. If the 1st IP address of your router is 192.168.1.1, the starting IP address must be 192.168.1.2 or greater, but smaller than 192.168.1.254.</p> <p><b>IP Pool Counts</b> - Enter the maximum number of PCs that you want the DHCP server to assign IP addresses to. The default is 50 and the maximum is 253.</p> <p><b>Gateway IP Address</b> - Enter a value of the gateway IP address for the DHCP server. The value is usually as same as the 1st IP address of the router, which means the router is the default gateway.</p> <p><b>Lease Time</b> – Enter the time to determine how long the IP address assigned by DHCP server can be used.</p> <p><b>Retrieve IPs from inactive clients periodically</b> – Whenever a DHCP client requests an IP address from the LAN DHCP server, the server will give out an IP to this client for a certain amount of time (e.g., 1 day). However, even if this client only uses the IP for say 5 minutes, the server still "reserves" 1 day for that client. Because a DHCP server only has a limited number of IPs to lease to its DHCP clients, soon enough all the IPs will be used out and then no one will be able to get any IPs from this server anymore. Therefore, this feature is used to get the IP back from inactive clients (i.e. doesn't use the IP but the server still reserves the IP for him).</p>
<p><b>DNS Server Configuration</b></p>	<p>DNS stands for Domain Name System. Every Internet host must have a unique IP address, also they may have a human-friendly, easy to remember name such as www.yahoo.com. The DNS server converts the user-friendly name into its equivalent IP address.</p> <p><b>Primary IP Address</b> -You must specify a DNS server IP address here because your ISP should provide you with usually more than one DNS Server. If your ISP does not</p>

provide it, the router will automatically apply default DNS Server IP address: 194.109.6.66 to this field.

**Secondary IP Address** - You can specify secondary DNS server IP address here because your ISP often provides you more than one DNS Server. If your ISP does not provide it, the router will automatically apply default secondary DNS Server IP address: 194.98.0.1 to this field.

The default DNS Server IP address can be found via Online Status:

System Status		System Uptime: 71:47:46	
LAN Status	Primary DNS: 194.109.6.66	Secondary DNS: 168.95.1.1	
IP Address	TX Packets	RX Packets	
192.168.1.1	347390	214004	

If both the Primary IP and Secondary IP Address fields are left empty, the router will use the DNS server assigned by ISP. If not, the router will assign its own IP address to local users as a DNS proxy server.

**Force router to use address for DNS-** Force Vigor router to use DNS servers in this page instead of DNS servers given by the Internet Access server (PPPoE, PPTP, L2TP or DHCP server).

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

## Details Page for IP Routed Subnet

LAN >> General Setup

### TCP/IP and DHCP Setup for IP Routed Subnet

<p><b>Network Configuration</b></p> <p><input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable</p> <p>For Routing Usage</p> <p>IP Address: <input type="text" value="192.168.0.1"/></p> <p>Subnet Mask: <input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/></p> <hr/> <p>RIP Protocol Control: <input type="text" value="Disable"/></p> <p>Note: Disable LAN &amp; Enable LAN shouldn't be in the same subnet.</p>	<p><b>DHCP Server Configuration</b></p> <p>Start IP Address: <input type="text"/></p> <p>IP Pool Counts: <input type="text" value="0"/> (max. 32)</p> <p>Lease Time: <input type="text" value="259200"/> (s)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Use LAN Port <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> P1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> P2</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Use MAC Address</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Index</th> <th>Matched MAC Address</th> <th>given IP Address</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td colspan="3" style="height: 100px;"> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>MAC Address: <input type="text"/> : <input type="text"/> : <input type="text"/> : <input type="text"/> : <input type="text"/> : <input type="text"/></p> <p><input type="button" value="Add"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/> <input type="button" value="Edit"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/></p>	Index	Matched MAC Address	given IP Address			
Index	Matched MAC Address	given IP Address					

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Network Configuration</b>	<p><b>Enable/Disable</b> - Click <b>Enable</b> to enable such configuration. Click <b>Disable</b> to disable such configuration.</p> <p><b>For Routing Usage</b> - Click this radio button to invoke this</p>

	<p>function.</p> <p><b>IP Address</b> - Type in private IP address for connecting to a local private network (Default: 192.168.1.1).</p> <p><b>Subnet Mask</b> - Type in an address code that determines the size of the network. (Default: 255.255.255.0/ 24).</p> <p><b>RIP Protocol Control –</b></p> <p><b>Disable</b> - Deactivate the RIP protocol. It will lead to a stoppage of the exchange of routing information between routers. (Default)</p> <p><b>Enable</b> – Activate the RIP protocol.</p>
<p><b>DHCP Server Configuration</b></p>	<p>DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol. The router by factory default acts a DHCP server for your network so it automatically dispatch related IP settings to any local user configured as a DHCP client. It is highly recommended that you leave the router enabled as a DHCP server if you do not have a DHCP server for your network.</p> <p>If you want to use another DHCP server in the network other than the Vigor Router's, you can let Relay Agent help you to redirect the DHCP request to the specified location.</p> <p><b>Start IP Address</b> - Enter a value of the IP address pool for the DHCP server to start with when issuing IP addresses. If the 1st IP address of your router is 192.168.1.1, the starting IP address must be 192.168.1.2 or greater, but smaller than 192.168.1.254.</p> <p><b>IP Pool Counts</b> - Enter the maximum number of PCs that you want the DHCP server to assign IP addresses to. The default is 50 and the maximum is 253.</p> <p><b>Lease Time</b> - Enter the time to determine how long the IP address assigned by DHCP server can be used.</p> <p><b>Use LAN Port</b> – Specify an IP for IP Route Subnet. If it is enabled, DHCP server will assign IP address automatically for the clients coming from P1 and/or P2. Please check the box of P1 and P2.</p> <p><b>Use MAC Address</b> - Check such box to specify MAC address.</p> <p><b>MAC Address:</b> Enter the MAC Address of the host one by one and click <b>Add</b> to create a list of hosts to be assigned, deleted or edited IP address from above pool. Set a list of MAC Address for 2<sup>nd</sup> DHCP server will help router to assign the correct IP address of the correct subnet to the correct host. So those hosts in 2<sup>nd</sup> subnet won't get an IP address belonging to 1<sup>st</sup> subnet.</p> <p><b>Add</b> – Type the MAC address in the boxes and click this button to add.</p> <p><b>Delete</b> – Click it to delete the selected MAC address.</p> <p><b>Edit</b> – Click it to edit the selected MAC address.</p> <p><b>Cancel</b> – Click it to cancel the job of adding, deleting and</p>

editing.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

### 3.2.3 Static Route

Go to **LAN** to open setting page and choose **Static Route**. The router offers IPv4 and IPv6 for you to configure the static route. Both protocols bring different web pages.

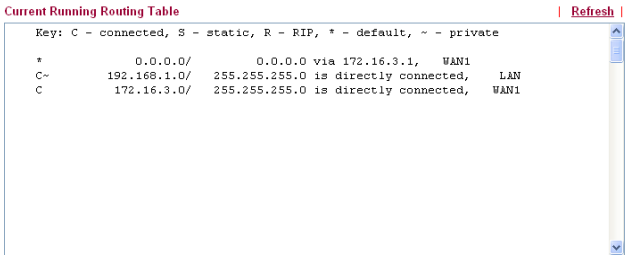
#### Static Route for IPv4

LAN >> Static Route Setup

IPv4			IPv6			<a href="#">Set to Factory Default</a>	<a href="#">View Routing Table</a>
Index	Destination Address	Status	Index	Destination Address	Status		
<a href="#">1.</a>	???	?	<a href="#">6.</a>	???	?		
<a href="#">2.</a>	???	?	<a href="#">7.</a>	???	?		
<a href="#">3.</a>	???	?	<a href="#">8.</a>	???	?		
<a href="#">4.</a>	???	?	<a href="#">9.</a>	???	?		
<a href="#">5.</a>	???	?	<a href="#">10.</a>	???	?		

Status: v --- Active, x --- Inactive, ? --- Empty

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Clear all of the settings and return to factory default settings.
<b>Viewing Routing Table</b>	Displays the routing table for your reference.  <a href="#">Diagnostics &gt;&gt; View Routing Table</a>   <pre>Current Running Routing Table   Refresh   Key: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, * - default, ~ - private *      0.0.0.0/      0.0.0.0 via 172.16.3.1, WAN1 C~    192.168.1.0/   255.255.255.0 is directly connected, LAN C     172.16.3.0/   255.255.255.0 is directly connected, WAN1</pre>
<b>Index</b>	The number (1 to 10) under Index allows you to open next page to set up static route.
<b>Destination Address</b>	Displays the destination address of the static route.
<b>Status</b>	Displays the status of the static route.

## Static Route for IPv6

You can set up to 40 profiles for IPv6 static route.

[LAN >> Static Route Setup](#)

IPv4			IPv6			<a href="#">Set to Factory Default</a>	<a href="#">View IPv6 Routing Table</a>
Index	Destination Address	Status	Index	Destination Address	Status		
<a href="#">1.</a>	::/0	x	<a href="#">11.</a>	::/0	x		
<a href="#">2.</a>	::/0	x	<a href="#">12.</a>	::/0	x		
<a href="#">3.</a>	::/0	x	<a href="#">13.</a>	::/0	x		
<a href="#">4.</a>	::/0	x	<a href="#">14.</a>	::/0	x		
<a href="#">5.</a>	::/0	x	<a href="#">15.</a>	::/0	x		
<a href="#">6.</a>	::/0	x	<a href="#">16.</a>	::/0	x		
<a href="#">7.</a>	::/0	x	<a href="#">17.</a>	::/0	x		
<a href="#">8.</a>	::/0	x	<a href="#">18.</a>	::/0	x		
<a href="#">9.</a>	::/0	x	<a href="#">19.</a>	::/0	x		
<a href="#">10.</a>	::/0	x	<a href="#">20.</a>	::/0	x		

[<< 1 - 20](#) | [21 - 40 >>](#)

[Next >>](#)

Status: v --- Active, x --- Inactive, ? --- Empty

Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Clear all of the settings and return to factory default settings.
<b>Viewing IPv6 Routing Table</b>	Displays the routing table for your reference.
<b>Index</b>	The number (1 to 40) under Index allows you to open next page to set up static route.
<b>Destination Address</b>	Displays the destination address of the static route.
<b>Status</b>	Displays the status of the static route.

Click any underline of index number to get the following page.

[LAN >> Static Route Setup](#)

**Index No. 1**

Enable


Destination IPv6 Address / Prefix Len:  /

Gateway IPv6 Address:

Network Interface:

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
------	-------------

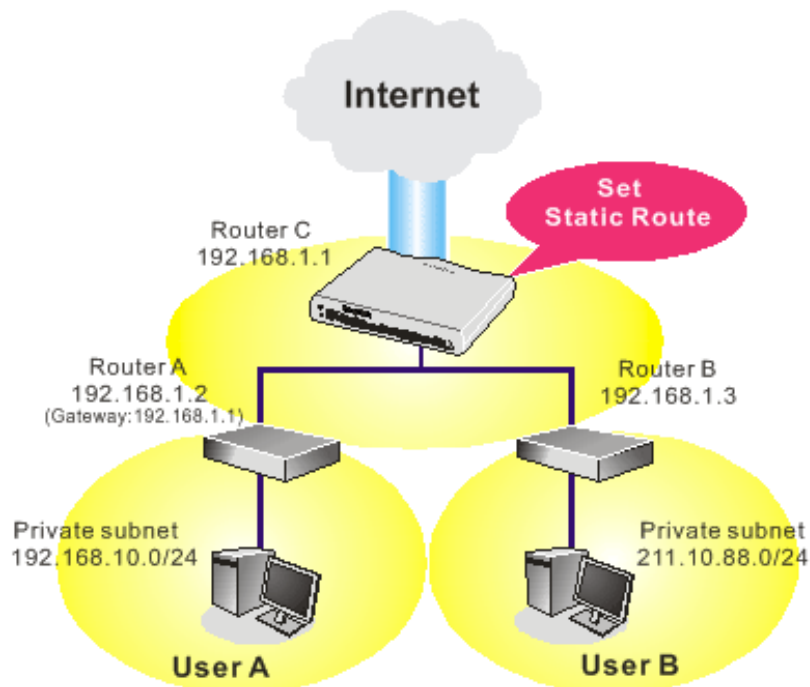
<b>Enable</b>	Click it to enable this profile.
<b>Destination IPv6 Address / Prefix Len</b>	Type the IP address with the prefix length for this entry.
<b>Gateway IPv6 Address</b>	Type the gateway address for this entry.
<b>Network Interface</b>	Use the drop down list to specify an interface for this static route. 

### Add Static Routes to Private and Public Networks (based on IPv4)

Here is an example of setting Static Route in Main Router so that user A and B locating in different subnet can talk to each other via the router. Assuming the Internet access has been configured and the router works properly:

- use the Main Router to surf the Internet.
- create a private subnet 192.168.10.0 using an internal Router A (192.168.1.2)
- create a public subnet 211.100.88.0 via an internal Router B (192.168.1.3).
- have set Main Router 192.168.1.1 as the default gateway for the Router A 192.168.1.2.

Before setting Static Route, user A cannot talk to user B for Router A can only forward recognized packets to its default gateway Main Router.





1. Go to **LAN** page and click **General Setup**, select 1st Subnet as the **RIP Protocol Control**. Then click the **OK** button.

**Note:** There are two reasons that we have to apply RIP Protocol Control on 1st Subnet. The first is that the LAN interface can exchange RIP packets with the neighboring routers via the 1st subnet (192.168.1.0/24). The second is that those hosts on the internal private subnets (ex. 192.168.10.0/24) can access the Internet via the router, and continuously exchange of IP routing information with different subnets.

2. Click the **LAN - Static Route** and click on the **Index Number 1**. Check the **Enable** box. Please add a static route as shown below, which regulates all packets destined to 192.168.10.0 will be forwarded to 192.168.1.2. Click **OK**.

LAN >> Static Route Setup

Index No. 1

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable	
Destination IP Address	192.168.10.0
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Gateway IP Address	192.168.1.2
Network Interface	LAN1

Note: WAN5, WAN6, WAN7 are router-borne WANs.

OK Cancel Delete

3. Return to **Static Route Setup** page. Click on another **Index Number** to add another static route as show below, which regulates all packets destined to 211.100.88.0 will be forwarded to 192.168.1.3.

LAN >> Static Route Setup

Index No. 2

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable	
Destination IP Address	211.100.88.0
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Gateway IP Address	192.168.1.3
Network Interface	LAN1

Note: WAN5, WAN6, WAN7 are router-borne WANs.

OK Cancel Delete

4. Go to **Diagnostics** and choose **Routing Table** to verify current routing table.

Diagnostics >> View Routing Table

Current Running Routing Table	IPv6 Routing Table	Refresh
Key: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, * - default, ~ - private		
* 0.0.0.0/ 0.0.0.0	via 172.16.1.1	WAN2
S~ 192.168.10.0/ 255.255.255.0	via 192.168.1.2	LAN1
C~ 192.168.1.0/ 255.255.255.0	directly connected	LAN1
C 172.16.0.0/ 255.255.0.0	directly connected	WAN2
S~ 211.100.88.0/ 255.255.255.0	via 192.168.1.3	LAN1

Note: WAN5, WAN6, WAN7 are router-borne WANs.

### 3.2.4 VLAN (Multi-Subnet)

Virtual LAN function provides you a very convenient way to manage hosts by grouping them based on the physical port. Go to **LAN** page and select **VLAN**. The following page will appear. Click **Enable** to invoke VLAN function. The multi-subnet can let a small businesses have much better isolation for multi-occupancy applications.

#### Tagged VLAN

The tagged VLANs (802.1q) can also mark data with a VLAN identifier. This identifier can be carried through an onward Ethernet switch to specific ports. The specific VLAN clients can also pick up this identifier as it passes to the LAN. Users can set the priorities for LAN-side QoS and can assign each of the VLANs to each of the different IP subnets that the router may also be operating in order to provide even more isolation. This functionality is **tag-based multi-subnet**.

#### Port-Based VLAN

Relative to tag-based VLAN which groups clients with an identifier, port-based VLAN uses physical ports to separate the clients into different VLAN group.

[LAN >> VLAN Configuration](#)

#### VLAN Configuration

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable	<b>LAN</b>				<b>Wireless LAN</b>				<b>VLAN Tag</b>			
	<b>P1</b>	<b>P2</b>	<b>P3</b>	<b>P4</b>	<b>SSID1</b>	<b>SSID2</b>	<b>SSID3</b>	<b>SSID4</b>	<b>Subnet</b>	<b>Enable</b>	<b>VID</b>	<b>Priority</b>
<b>VLAN0</b>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
<b>VLAN1</b>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
<b>VLAN2</b>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
<b>VLAN3</b>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
<b>VLAN4</b>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
<b>VLAN5</b>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
<b>VLAN6</b>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
<b>VLAN7</b>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0

Permit untagged device in P1 to access router

1. Tag based VLAN only applied for LAN Ports;
2. The checked Wireless LAN SSID will not has VLAN tagging function but regarded as joining VLAN group;
3. The set VLAN ID (VID) must be unique and not duplicate.

OK Clear Cancel

**Note:** Such page will be different slightly in accordance with the type of the router you have and settings in this page only applied to LAN port but not WAN port.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable</b>	Check this box to enable such function.
<b>LAN</b>	<b>P1 – P4</b> – Check the LAN port(s) to be grouped under the selected VLAN.
<b>Wireless LAN</b>	<b>SSID1 – SSID4</b> – Check the SSID box(es) for the wireless

	clients to be grouped under the selected VLAN.
<b>Subnet</b>	Choose one of them to make the selected VLAN mapping to the specified subnet only. For example, LAN1 is specified for VLAN0. It means that PCs grouped under VLAN0 can get the IP address(es) that specified by the subnet.
<b>VLAN Tag</b>	<p><b>Enable</b> – Check it to enable the function of VLAN with tag.</p> <p>The router will add specific VLAN number to all packets on the LAN while sending them out.</p> <p>Please type the tag value and specify the priority for the packets sending by LAN.</p> <p><b>VID</b> – Type the value as the VLAN ID number. The range is form 0 to 4095.</p> <p><b>Priority</b> – Type the packet priority number for such VLAN. The range is from 0 to 7.</p>
<b>Permit untagged device in P1 to access router</b>	It can help users to communicate with the router still even though configuring wrong VLAN tag setting. For Vigor router has one LAN physical port only, it is recommended to enable the management port (LAN 1) to ensure the data transmission is unimpeded.

**Note:** Leave one VLAN untagged at least to prevent from not connecting to Vigor router due to unexpected error.

Vigor2830 series features a hugely flexible VLAN system. In its simplest form, each of the Gigabit LAN ports can be isolated from each other, for example to feed different companies or departments but keeping their local traffic completely separated.

### Configuring port-based VLAN for wireless and non-wireless clients

1. All the wire network clients are categorized to group VLAN0 in subnet 192.168.1.0/24 (LAN1).
2. All the wireless network clients are categorized to group VLAN1 in subnet 192.168.2.0/24 (LAN2).
3. Open **LAN>>VLAN Configuration**. Check the boxes according to the statement in step 1 and Step 2.

LAN >> VLAN Configuration

VLAN Configuration

Enable

	LAN				Wireless LAN				VLAN Tag			
	P1	P2	P3	P4	SSID1	SSID2	SSID3	SSID4	Subnet	Enable	VID	Priority
VLAN0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	LAN 2	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 3	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN3	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN5	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN6	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN7	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0

- Permit untagged device in P1 to access router
1. For each VLAN row, if enable is checked for the VLAN Tag then the corresponding VID will be applied to wired LAN traffic.
  2. Wireless LAN traffic is always untagged, but will still be a member of the VLAN group selected.
  3. Each VID must be unique.

OK Clear Cancel

4. Click **OK**.
5. Open **LAN>>General Setup**. If you want to let the clients in both groups communicate with each other, simply activate **Inter-LAN Routing** by checking the box between **LAN1** and **LAN2**.

LAN >> General Setup

General Setup

Index	Status	DHCP	IP Address		
LAN 1	V	V	192.168.1.1	Details Page	IPv6
LAN 2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	192.168.2.1	Details Page	
LAN 3	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	192.168.3.1	Details Page	
LAN 4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	192.168.4.1	Details Page	
IP Routed Subnet	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	192.168.0.1	Details Page	

Advanced You can configure DHCP server options here.  
 Force router to use "DNS server IP address" settings specified in LAN1

Inter-LAN Routing

Subnet	LAN 1	LAN 2	LAN 3	LAN 4
LAN 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
LAN 2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
LAN 3	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
LAN 4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Note: LAN 2/3/4 are available when VLAN is enabled.

OK

Vigor router supports up to six private IP subnets on LAN. Each can be independent (isolated) or common (able to communicate with each other). This is ideal for departmental or multi-occupancy applications.

**Note:** As for the VLAN applications, refer to "Appendix I: VLAN Application on Vigor Router" for more detailed information.

### 3.2.5 Bind IP to MAC

This function is used to bind the IP and MAC address in LAN to have a strengthening control in network. When this function is enabled, all the assigned IP and MAC address binding together cannot be changed. If you modified the binding IP or MAC address, it might cause you not access into the Internet.

Click **LAN** and click **Bind IP to MAC** to open the setup page.

**LAN >> Bind IP to MAC**

**Bind IP to MAC**

Enable
  Disable
  Strict Bind

ARP Table	<a href="#">Select All</a>   <a href="#">Sort</a>   <a href="#">Refresh</a>	IP Bind List	<a href="#">Select All</a>   <a href="#">Sort</a>										
<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: left;">IP Address</th> <th style="text-align: left;">Mac Address</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">192.168.1.10</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">E0-CB-4E-DA-48-79</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	IP Address	Mac Address	192.168.1.10	E0-CB-4E-DA-48-79		<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: left;">Index</th> <th style="text-align: left;">IP Address</th> <th style="text-align: left;">Mac Address</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr style="height: 150px;"> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Index	IP Address	Mac Address				
IP Address	Mac Address												
192.168.1.10	E0-CB-4E-DA-48-79												
Index	IP Address	Mac Address											

**Add or Update**

IP Address:

Mac Address: -----

Comment:

Show Comment

**Note:** IP-MAC binding presets DHCP Allocations.  
If you select Strict Bind, unspecified LAN clients cannot access the Internet.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable</b>	Click this radio button to invoke this function. However, IP/MAC which is not listed in IP Bind List also can connect to Internet.
<b>Disable</b>	Click this radio button to disable this function. All the settings on this page will be invalid.
<b>Strict Bind</b>	Click this radio button to block the connection of the IP/MAC which is not listed in IP Bind List.
<b>ARP Table</b>	This table is the LAN ARP table of this router. The information for IP and MAC will be displayed in this field. Each pair of IP and MAC address listed in ARP table can be selected and added to IP Bind List by clicking <b>Add</b> below.
<b>Select All</b>	Click this link to select all the items in the ARP table.
<b>Sort</b>	Reorder the table based on the IP address.
<b>Refresh</b>	Refresh the ARP table listed below to obtain the newest

	ARP table information.
<b>Add and Update</b>	<p><b>IP Address</b> – Type the IP address that will be used for the specified MAC address.</p> <p><b>Mac Address</b> – Type the MAC address that is used to bind with the assigned IP address.</p> <p><b>Comment</b> – Type a brief description for the entry.</p> <p><b>Show Comment</b> – Check it to display the content of the comment.</p>
<b>IP Bind List</b>	It displays a list for the IP bind to MAC information.
<b>Add</b>	It allows you to add the one you choose from the ARP table or the IP/MAC address typed in <b>Add and Edit</b> to the table of <b>IP Bind List</b> .
<b>Update</b>	It allows you to edit and modify the selected IP address and MAC address that you create before.
<b>Delete</b>	You can remove any item listed in <b>IP Bind List</b> . Simply click and select the one, and click <b>Delete</b> . The selected item will be removed from the <b>IP Bind List</b> .

**Note:** Before you select **Strict Bind**, you have to bind one set of IP/MAC address for one PC. If not, no one of the PCs can access into Internet. And the web user interface of the router might not be accessed.

### 3.2.6 LAN Port Mirror

LAN port mirror can be applied for the users in LAN. Generally speaking, this function copies traffic from one or more specific ports to a target port. This mechanism helps manager track the network errors or abnormal packets transmission without interrupting the flow of data access the network. By the way, user can apply this function to monitor all traffics which user needs to check.

There are some advantages supported in this feature. First, it is more economical without other detecting equipments to be set up. Second, it may be able to view traffic on one or more ports within a VLAN at the same time. Third, it can transfer all data traffics to be mirrored to one analyzer connect to the mirroring port. Next, it is more convenient and easy to configure in user's interface. Last, connect a PC with Smart Monitor installed to the mirror port of this router to capture monitored information.

LAN >> LAN Port Mirror

#### LAN Port Mirror

Port Mirror:

Enable  Disable

Mirror port:

P2  P3  P4

Mirrored port:

P1  P2  P3  P4

**Note :**The selected mirror port will only serve debug purposes and should not be used as a part of the LAN.

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Port Mirror</b>	Check <b>Enable</b> to activate this function. Or, check <b>Disable</b> to close this function.
<b>Mirror Port</b>	Select a port to view traffic sent from mirrored ports.
<b>Mirrored port</b>	Select which ports are necessary to be mirrored.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

### 3.2.7 Wired 802.1x

IEEE 802.1x is an IEEE Standard for port-based Network Access Control (PNAC). It is part of the IEEE 802.1 group of networking protocols. It provides an authentication mechanism for the device that is attached to a LAN or WLAN.

Wired 802.1x provides authentication for one network device on each LAN port. The RADIUS Server settings must be configured before enabling 802.1x because the EAP (Extensible Authentication Protocol) Authenticator relies on the RADIUS Server in its authentication process. Each LAN port with Wired 802.1x configured will only forward 802.1x packets and block all other packets until the authentication has successfully completed.

**LAN >> Wired 802.1x**

#### Wired 802.1x

LAN 802.1x:

Enable

802.1x ports:

P1                       P2                       P3                       P4

Please note that 802.1x enabled LAN ports will support EAPOL authentication for one network device only. Therefore, 802.1x enabled LAN ports will have issues when connecting to a L2 switch. If you want 802.1x support for multiple network devices, please disable 802.1x here and configure 802.1x on the connecting switch. This feature supports PEAP and EAP-TLS.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable</b>	Check the box to enable LAN 802.1x function.
<b>802.1x ports</b>	After enabling the function, simply specify the LAN port(s) to apply such function.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

### 3.2.8 Web Portal Setup

This page allows you to configure a profile with specified URL for accessing into or display a message when a wireless/LAN user connects to Internet through this router. No matter what the purpose of the wireless/LAN client is, he/she will be forced into the URL configured here while trying to access into the Internet or the desired web page through this router. That is, a company which wants to have an advertisement for its products to users can specify the URL in this page to reach its goal.

LAN >> Web Portal Setup

Web Portal Table:

Profile	Status	Interface	
<a href="#">1.</a>	Disable	None	<input type="button" value="Preview"/>
<a href="#">2.</a>	Disable	None	<input type="button" value="Preview"/>
<a href="#">3.</a>	Disable	None	<input type="button" value="Preview"/>
<a href="#">4.</a>	Disable	None	<input type="button" value="Preview"/>

**Note:** Internet access must be enabled while webpage redirection is about to enable.

Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Profile</b>	Display the number link which allows you to configure the profile.
<b>Status</b>	Display the content (Disable, URL Redirect or Message) of the profile.
<b>Interface</b>	Display the applied interfaced of the profile.
<b>Preview</b>	Open a preview window according to the configured settings.



To configure the profile, click any index number link to open the following page.

**LAN >> Web Portal Setup**

**Profile Index: 1**

**Disable**

**URL Redirect**   
 e.g. http://www.draytek.com  
 Note : If the User Management application is enabled, it will override the Web Portal settings seen here.

**Message**

```
<h1><font color="red">Vigor</font></h1><h2> - Reliable connectivity</h2><h2> - Robust firewall protection</h2><h2> - Multi-site secure communication</h2>
```

(Max 255 characters)

**Applied Interfaces**

LAN1  LAN2  LAN3  LAN4  
 SSID1  SSID2  SSID3  SSID4

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Disable</b>	Click this button to close this function.
<b>URL Redirect</b>	Any user who wants to access into Internet through this router will be redirected to the URL specified here first. It is a useful method for the purpose of advertisement. For example, force the wireless user(s) in hotel to access into the web page that the hotel wants the user(s) to visit.
<b>Message</b>	Type words or sentences here. The message will be displayed on the screen for several seconds when the wireless users access into the web page through the router.
<b>Applied Interfaces</b>	Check the box(es) representing different interfaces to be applied by such profile. The advantage is that each SSID (1/2/3/4) for wireless network can be applied with different web portal separately.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

### 3.3 Load-Balance /Route Policy

**Load-Balance / Route Policy** (Cisco called it "policy-based routing") is a feature where a set of rules or "policies" are defined first. Then, if there comes a packet that matches any one of the "policies", it will be directed to the specified interface.

#### Load-Balance/Route Policy



Load-Balance/Route Policy | [Set to Factory Default](#) |

Index	Enable	Protocol	Interface	Interface Address	Src IP Start	Src IP End	Dest IP Start	Dest IP End	Dest Port Start	Dest Port End	Move Up	Move Down
<a href="#">1</a>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---								<a href="#">Down</a>
<a href="#">2</a>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
<a href="#">3</a>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
<a href="#">4</a>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
<a href="#">5</a>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
<a href="#">6</a>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
<a href="#">7</a>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
<a href="#">8</a>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
<a href="#">9</a>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
<a href="#">10</a>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>

<< [1-10](#) | [11-20](#) | [21-30](#) | [31-40](#) | [41-50](#) >>

[Next >>](#)

- Wizard Mode: most frequently used settings in three pages
- Advance Mode: all settings in one page

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Index</b>	Click the number of index to access into the configuration web page.
<b>Enable</b>	Check this box to enable this policy.
<b>Protocol</b>	Display the protocol used for this policy.
<b>Interface</b>	Display the interface to send packets to once the policy is matched.
<b>Interface Address</b>	Display the WAN IP or WAN IP alias address which is used as source IP of the outgoing packets.
<b>Src IP Start</b>	Displays the IP address for the start of the source IP.
<b>Src IP End</b>	Displays the IP address for the end of the source IP.
<b>Dest IP Start</b>	Displays the IP address for the start of the destination IP.
<b>Dest IP End</b>	Displays the IP address for the end of the destination IP.
<b>Dest Port Start</b>	Displays the IP address for the start of the destination port.
<b>Dest Port End</b>	Displays the IP address for the end of the destination port.
<b>Move UP/Move Down</b>	Use <b>Up</b> or <b>Down</b> link to move the order of the policy.

<b>Wizard Mode</b>	This mode will guide you to configure the common settings with several pages.
<b>Advance Mode</b>	This mode allows you to modify all the settings in one page.

Click **Index 1** to access into the following page for configuring load-balance policy. Here we choose **Advance Mode** as an example.

To use Wizard Mode, simple do the following steps:

1. Click the **Wizard Mode** radio button.
2. Click **Index 1**. The setting page will appear as follows:

**Load-Balance/Route Policy**

**Index: 1 Criteria**

Load-Balance/Route Policy applies to packets that meet the following criteria

Source IP

Any  
 Src IP Start      Src IP End  
 ~

Destination IP

Any  
 Dest IP Start      Dest IP End  
 ~

Available settings are explained as follows:

<b>Item</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>Source IP</b>	<p><b>Any</b> – Any IP can be treated as the source IP.</p> <p><b>Src IP Start</b> - Type the source IP start for the specified WAN interface.</p> <p><b>Src IP End</b> - Type the source IP end for the specified WAN interface. If this field is blank, it means that all the source IPs inside the LAN will be passed through the WAN interface.</p>
<b>Destination IP</b>	<p><b>Any</b> – Any IP can be treated as the destination IP.</p> <p><b>Dest IP Start</b>- Type the destination IP start for the specified WAN interface.</p> <p><b>Dest IP End</b> - Type the destination IP end for the specified WAN interface. If this field is blank, it means that all the destination IPs will be passed through the WAN interface.</p>

3. Click **Next** to get the following page.

### Load-Balance/Route Policy

#### Index: 1 Interface

Load-Balance/Route Policy directs the packets to the interface below

Interface

WAN1  
LAN1  
LAN2  
LAN3  
LAN4  
IP Routed Subnet  
WAN1

< Back   Next >   Finish   Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Interface</b>	Use the drop down list to choose a WAN or LAN interface or VPN profile. Packets match with the above criteria will be transferred to the interface chosen here.

- After specifying the interface, click **Next** to get the following page.

### Load-Balance/Route Policy

#### Index: 1 NAT or Routing

Based on the settings in the previous pages, we guess you want to have:  
Force NAT

The current setting is:

Force NAT  
 Force Routing

< Back   Next >   Finish   Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Force NAT /Force Routing</b>	It determines which mechanism that the router will use to forward the packet to WAN.

- After choosing the mechanism, click **Next** to get the summary page for reference.

### Load-Balance/Route Policy

#### Index: 1 Configuration Summary

**Criteria**

Source IP                      Any  
Destination IP                192.168.1.6 ~ 192.168.1.66

**Interface**

WAN1

**More options**

Force NAT

< Back   Next >   Finish   Cancel

- If there is no error, click **Finish** to complete wizard setting.

**Load-Balance/Route Policy** ?

---

**Load-Balance/Route Policy** | [Set to Factory Default](#) |

Index	Enable	Protocol	Interface	Interface Address	Src IP Start	Src IP End	Dest IP Start	Dest IP End	Dest Port Start	Dest Port End	Move Up	Move Down
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any		<a href="#">Down</a>
2	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
3	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>

To use Advance Mode, do the following steps:

- Click the **Advance Mode** radio button.
- Click **Index 1** to access into the following page.

**Load-Balance/Route Policy**

---

**Index: 2**

Enable

**Criteria**

---

Protocol: Any

Source IP:  Any  
 Src IP Start   ~   Src IP End

Destination IP:  Any  
 Dest IP Start   ~   Dest IP End

Destination Port:  Any  
 Dest Port Start   ~   Dest Port End

**Send to if Criteria Matched**

---

Interface: WAN1

Gateway IP:  Default Gateway  
 Specific Gateway  

**More Options**

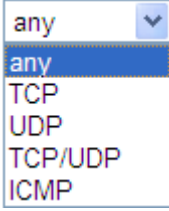
---

Auto failover to other WAN

Packet Forwarding to WAN via:  Force NAT  
 Force Routing

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable	Check this box to enable this policy.

<b>Protocol</b>	<p>Use the drop-down menu to choose a proper protocol for the WAN interface.</p> 
<b>Source IP</b>	<p><b>Any</b> – Any IP can be treated as the source IP.</p> <p><b>Src IP Start</b> - Type the source IP start for the specified WAN interface.</p> <p><b>Src IP End</b> - Type the source IP end for the specified WAN interface. If this field is blank, it means that all the source IPs inside the LAN will be passed through the WAN interface.</p>
<b>Destination IP</b>	<p><b>Any</b> – Any IP can be treated as the destination IP.</p> <p><b>Dest IP Start</b>- Type the destination IP start for the specified WAN interface.</p> <p><b>Dest IP End</b> - Type the destination IP end for the specified WAN interface. If this field is blank, it means that all the destination IPs will be passed through the WAN interface.</p>
<b>Destination Port</b>	<p><b>Any</b> – Any port number can be treated as the destination port.</p> <p><b>Dest Port Start</b> - Type the destination port start for the destination IP.</p> <p><b>Dest Port End</b> - Type the destination port end for the destination IP. If this field is blank, it means that all the destination ports will be passed through the WAN interface.</p>
<b>Send to if criteria matched</b>	<p><b>Interface</b> – Use the drop down list to choose a WAN or LAN interface or VPN profile. Packets match with the above criteria will be transferred to the interface chosen here.</p> <p><b>Gateway IP</b> – <b>Specific gateway</b> is used only when you want to forward the packets to the desired gateway. Usually, Default Gateway is selected in default.</p>
<b>More options</b>	<p><b>Auto Failover To The Other WAN</b> – Check this button to lead the data passing through other WAN automatically when the selected WAN interface is down.</p> <p><b>Packet Forwarding to WAN via</b> – Choose <b>Force NAT</b> or <b>Force Routing</b>.</p>

- When you finish the configuration, please click **OK** to save and exit this page.

Load-Balance/Route Policy ?

---

Load-Balance/Route Policy | Set to Factory Default |

Index	Enable	Protocol	Interface	Interface Address	Src IP Start	Src IP End	Dest IP Start	Dest IP End	Dest Port Start	Dest Port End	Move Up	Move Down
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any	Any		Down
2	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							UP	Down
3	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							UP	Down

## 3.4 NAT

Usually, the router serves as an NAT (Network Address Translation) router. NAT is a mechanism that one or more private IP addresses can be mapped into a single public one. Public IP address is usually assigned by your ISP, for which you may get charged. Private IP addresses are recognized only among internal hosts.

When the outgoing packets destined to some public server on the Internet reach the NAT router, the router will change its source address into the public IP address of the router, select the available public port, and then forward it. At the same time, the router shall list an entry in a table to memorize this address/port-mapping relationship. When the public server response, the incoming traffic, of course, is destined to the router's public IP address and the router will do the inversion based on its table. Therefore, the internal host can communicate with external host smoothly.

The benefit of the NAT includes:

- **Save cost on applying public IP address and apply efficient usage of IP address.** NAT allows the internal IP addresses of local hosts to be translated into one public IP address, thus you can have only one IP address on behalf of the entire internal hosts.
- **Enhance security of the internal network by obscuring the IP address.** There are many attacks aiming victims based on the IP address. Since the attacker cannot be aware of any private IP addresses, the NAT function can protect the internal network.

On NAT page, you will see the private IP address defined in RFC-1918. Usually we use the 192.168.1.0/24 subnet for the router. As stated before, the NAT facility can map one or more IP addresses and/or service ports into different specified services. In other words, the NAT function can be achieved by using port mapping methods.

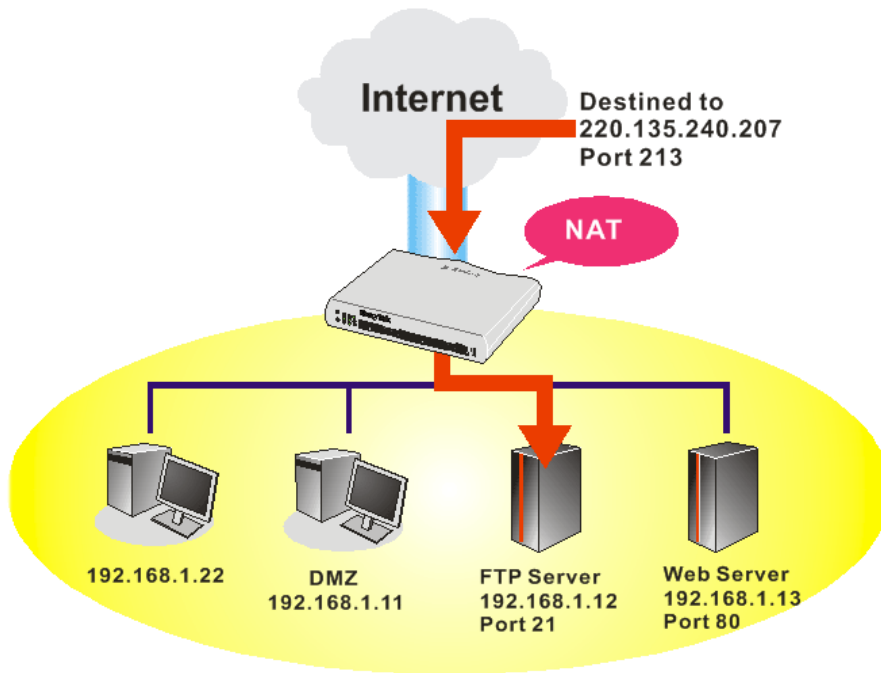
Below shows the menu items for NAT.



### 3.4.1 Port Redirection

Port Redirection is usually set up for server related service inside the local network (LAN), such as web servers, FTP servers, E-mail servers etc. Most of the case, you need a public IP address for each server and this public IP address/domain name are recognized by all users. Since the server is actually located inside the LAN, the network well protected by NAT of the router, and identified by its private IP address/port, the goal of Port Redirection function is to

forward all access request with public IP address from external users to the mapping private IP address/port of the server.



The port redirection can only apply to incoming traffic.

To use this function, please go to **NAT** page and choose **Port Redirection** web page. The **Port Redirection Table** provides 20 port-mapping entries for the internal hosts.

**NAT >> Port Redirection**

[Set to Factory Default](#)

Index	Service Name	WAN Interface	Protocol	Public Port	Private IP	Status
<a href="#">1.</a>		All				x
<a href="#">2.</a>		All				x
<a href="#">3.</a>		All				x
<a href="#">4.</a>		All				x
<a href="#">5.</a>		All				x
<a href="#">6.</a>		All				x
<a href="#">7.</a>		All				x
<a href="#">8.</a>		All				x
<a href="#">9.</a>		All				x
<a href="#">10.</a>		All				x

<< [1-10](#) | [11-20](#) >> [Next](#) >>

**Note:** The configured ports in the **Management** and **SSL VPN** webUIs will be used by the router and not be sent to the local computer defined here.

Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Index</b>	Display the number of the profile.
<b>Service Name</b>	Display the description of the specific network service.
<b>WAN Interface</b>	Display the WAN IP address used by the profile.



<b>Protocol</b>	Display the transport layer protocol (TCP or UDP).
<b>Public Port</b>	Display the port number which will be redirected to the specified <b>Private IP and Port</b> of the internal host.
<b>Private IP</b>	Display the IP address of the internal host providing the service.
<b>Status</b>	Display if the profile is enabled (v) or not (x).

Press any number under Index to access into next page for configuring port redirection.

**NAT >> Port Redirection**

**Index No. 1**

Enable

Mode Range ▾

Service Name Single

Protocol Range ▾

WAN IP --- ▾

Public Port 1.All ▾

Private IP 0  -

Private Port  -

Private Port 0

**Note:** In "Range" Mode the End IP will be calculated automatically once the Public Port and Start IP have been entered.

Available settings are explained as follows:

<b>Item</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>Enable</b>	Check this box to enable such port redirection setting.
<b>Mode</b>	Two options (Single and Range) are provided here for you to choose. To set a range for the specific service, select <b>Range</b> . In Range mode, if the public port (start port and end port) and the starting IP of private IP had been entered, the system will calculate and display the ending IP of private IP automatically.
<b>Service Name</b>	Enter the description of the specific network service.
<b>Protocol</b>	Select the transport layer protocol (TCP or UDP).
<b>WAN IP</b>	Select the WAN IP used for port redirection. There are eight WAN IP alias that can be selected and used for port redirection. The default setting is <b>All</b> which means all the incoming data from any port will be redirected to specified range of IP address and port.
<b>Public Port</b>	Specify which port can be redirected to the specified <b>Private IP and Port</b> of the internal host. If you choose <b>Range</b> as the port redirection mode, you will see two boxes on this field. Simply type the required number on the first box. The second one will be assigned automatically later.

<b>Private IP</b>	Specify the private IP address of the internal host providing the service. If you choose <b>Range</b> as the port redirection mode, you will see two boxes on this field. Type a complete IP address in the first box (as the starting point) and the fourth digits in the second box (as the end point).
<b>Private Port</b>	Specify the private port number of the service offered by the internal host.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

Note that the router has its own built-in services (servers) such as Telnet, HTTP and FTP etc. Since the common port numbers of these services (servers) are all the same, you may need to reset the router in order to avoid confliction.

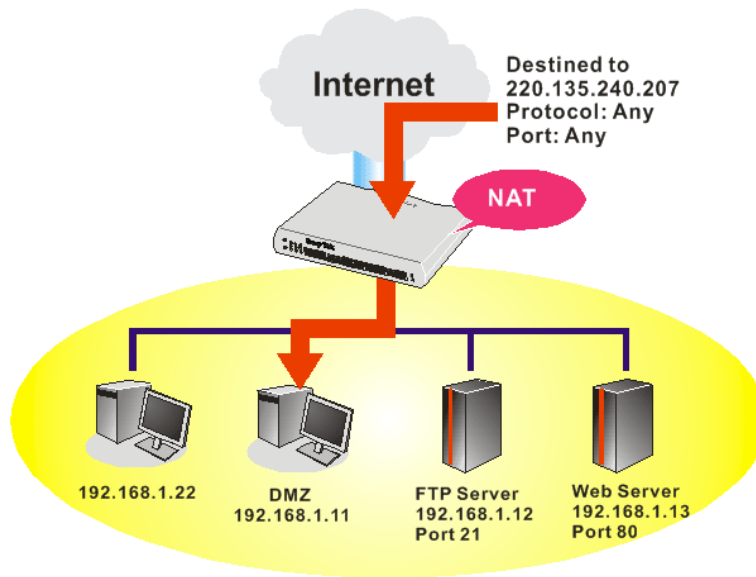
For example, the built-in web user interface in the router is with default port 80, which may conflict with the web server in the local network, http://192.168.1.13:80. Therefore, you need to **change the router's http port to any one other than the default port 80** to avoid conflict, such as 8080. This can be set in the **System Maintenance >>Management Setup**. You then will access the admin screen of by suffixing the IP address with 8080, e.g., http://192.168.1.1:8080 instead of port 80.

**System Maintenance >> Management**

IPv4 Management Setup	IPv6 Management Setup
Router Name <input type="text"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Default:Disable Auto-Logout <b>Internet Access Control</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Allow management from the Internet <input type="checkbox"/> FTP Server <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HTTP Server <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HTTPS Server <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Telnet Server <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TR069 Server <input type="checkbox"/> SSH Server <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Disable PING from the Internet <b>LAN Access Control</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow management from LAN <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FTP Server <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HTTP Server <input type="checkbox"/> HTTPS Server	<b>Management Port Setup</b> <input checked="" type="radio"/> User Define Ports <input type="radio"/> Default Ports Telnet Port <input type="text" value="23"/> (Default: 23) HTTP Port <input type="text" value="80"/> (Default: 80) HTTPS Port <input type="text" value="443"/> (Default: 443) FTP Port <input type="text" value="21"/> (Default: 21) TR069 Port <input type="text" value="8069"/> (Default: 8069) SSH Port <input type="text" value="22"/> (Default: 22) <b>External Device Control</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No respond to External Device

### 3.4.2 DMZ Host

As mentioned above, **Port Redirection** can redirect incoming TCP/UDP or other traffic on particular ports to the specific private IP address/port of host in the LAN. However, other IP protocols, for example Protocols 50 (ESP) and 51 (AH), do not travel on a fixed port. Vigor router provides a facility **DMZ Host** that maps ALL unsolicited data on any protocol to a single host in the LAN. Regular web surfing and other such Internet activities from other clients will continue to work without inappropriate interruption. **DMZ Host** allows a defined internal user to be totally exposed to the Internet, which usually helps some special applications such as Netmeeting or Internet Games etc.



The security properties of NAT are somewhat bypassed if you set up DMZ host. We suggest you to add additional filter rules or a secondary firewall.

Click **DMZ Host** to open the following page:

**NAT >> DMZ Host Setup**

**DMZ Host Setup**

WAN1      WAN2      WAN3

**WAN 1**

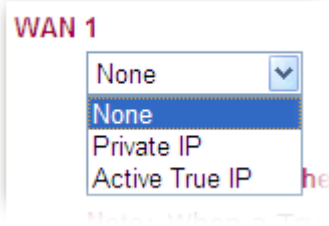
None

**Private IP**

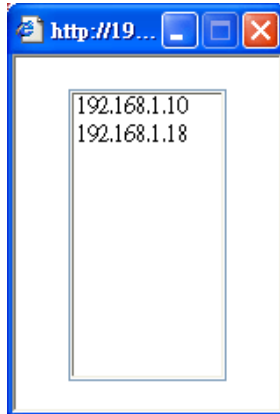
**MAC Address of the True IP DMZ Host**  .  .  :  .  .

**Note:** When a True-IP DMZ host is turned on, it will force the router's WAN connection to be always on.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<p><b>WAN 1</b></p> <p>None <input type="button" value="v"/></p>	<p>Choose <b>Private IP</b> or <b>Active True IP</b> first.</p> <p><b>Active True IP</b> selection is available for WAN1 only.</p> 
<b>Private IP</b>	Enter the private IP address of the DMZ host, or click Choose PC to select one.
<b>Choose PC</b>	Click this button and then a window will automatically pop up, as depicted below. The window consists of a list of private

IP addresses of all hosts in your LAN network. Select one private IP address in the list to be the DMZ host.



When you have selected one private IP from the above dialog, the IP address will be shown on the following screen. Click **OK** to save the setting.

NAT >> DMZ Host Setup

DMZ Host Setup

WAN1	WAN2	WAN3	WAN4	WAN5
<b>WAN 1</b> Private IP <input type="button" value="v"/> Private IP 192.168.1.11 <input type="button" value="Choose PC"/> MAC Address of the True IP DMZ Host <input type="text" value="00.00.00.00"/> <small>Note: When a True-IP DMZ host is turned on, it will force the router's WAN connection to be always on.</small>				

DMZ Host for WAN2 and WAN3 is slightly different with WAN1. **Active True IP** selection is available for WAN1 only. See the following figure.

NAT >> DMZ Host Setup

DMZ Host Setup



WAN1	WAN2	WAN3
	<b>WAN 2</b> Enable <input type="checkbox"/> Private IP 0.0.0.0 <input type="button" value="Choose PC"/>	

If you previously have set up **WAN Alias** for **PPPoE** or **Static or Dynamic IP** mode in WAN2 interface, you will find them in **Aux. WAN IP** for your selection.

**DMZ Host Setup**

WAN1		WAN2		WAN3	
<b>WAN 2</b>					
Index	Enable	Aux. WAN IP	Private IP		
1.	<input type="checkbox"/>	172.16.3.102	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>	<input type="button" value="Choose PC"/>	
2.	<input type="checkbox"/>	172.16.3.200	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>	<input type="button" value="Choose PC"/>	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable</b>	Check to enable the DMZ Host function.
<b>Private IP</b>	Enter the private IP address of the DMZ host, or click Choose PC to select one.
<b>Choose PC</b>	<p>Click this button and then a window will automatically pop up, as depicted below. The window consists of a list of private IP addresses of all hosts in your LAN network. Select one private IP address in the list to be the DMZ host.</p>  <p>When you have selected one private IP from the above dialog, the IP address will be shown on the following screen. Click <b>OK</b> to save the setting.</p> 

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

### 3.4.3 Open Ports

**Open Ports** allows you to open a range of ports for the traffic of special applications.

Common application of Open Ports includes P2P application (e.g., BT, KaZaA, Gnutella, WinMX, eMule and others), Internet Camera etc. Ensure that you keep the application involved up-to-date to avoid falling victim to any security exploits.

Click **Open Ports** to open the following page:

[NAT >> Open Ports](#)

Open Ports Setup				<a href="#">Set to Factory Default</a>
Index	Comment	WAN Interface	Local IP Address	Status
<a href="#">1.</a>				X
<a href="#">2.</a>				X
<a href="#">3.</a>				X
<a href="#">4.</a>				X
<a href="#">5.</a>				X
<a href="#">6.</a>				X
<a href="#">7.</a>				X
<a href="#">8.</a>				X
<a href="#">9.</a>				X
<a href="#">10.</a>				X

<< [1-10](#) | [11-20](#) >> [Next](#) >>

**Note:** The configured ports in the **Management** and **SSL VPN** webUIs will be used by the router and not be sent to the local computer defined here.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Index</b>	Indicate the relative number for the particular entry that you want to offer service in a local host. You should click the appropriate index number to edit or clear the corresponding entry.
<b>Comment</b>	Display the name for the defined network service.
<b>WAN Interface</b>	Display the WAN interface of the profile.
<b>Local IP Address</b>	Display the private IP address of the local host offering the service.
<b>Status</b>	Display the state for the corresponding entry. X or V is to represent the <b>Inactive</b> or <b>Active</b> state.

To add or edit port settings, click one index number on the page. The index entry setup page will pop up. In each index entry, you can specify **10** port ranges for diverse services.

Index No. 1

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable Open Ports							
Comment		<input type="text" value="P2P"/>					
WAN Interface		<input type="text" value="WAN1"/>					
Local Computer		<input type="text" value="192.168.1.10"/>	<input type="button" value="Choose PC"/>				
	Protocol	Start Port	End Port		Protocol	Start Port	End Port
1.	<input type="text" value="TCP"/>	<input type="text" value="4500"/>	<input type="text" value="4700"/>	6.	<input type="text" value="-----"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
2.	<input type="text" value="UDP"/>	<input type="text" value="4500"/>	<input type="text" value="4700"/>	7.	<input type="text" value="-----"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
3.	<input type="text" value="-----"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	8.	<input type="text" value="-----"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
4.	<input type="text" value="-----"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	9.	<input type="text" value="-----"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
5.	<input type="text" value="-----"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	10.	<input type="text" value="-----"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable Open Ports</b>	Check to enable this entry.
<b>Comment</b>	Make a name for the defined network application/service.
<b>WAN Interface</b>	Choose a WAN interface for this profile.
<b>Local Computer</b>	Enter the private IP address of the local host or click <b>Choose PC</b> to select one. <b>Choose PC</b> - Click this button and, subsequently, a window having a list of private IP addresses of local hosts will automatically pop up. Select the appropriate IP address of the local host in the list.
<b>Protocol</b>	Specify the transport layer protocol. It could be <b>TCP</b> , <b>UDP</b> , or <b>-----</b> (none) for selection.
<b>Start Port</b>	Specify the starting port number of the service offered by the local host.
<b>End Port</b>	Specify the ending port number of the service offered by the local host.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

### 3.4.4 Port Triggering

Port Triggering is a variation of open ports function.

The key difference between "open port" and "port triggering" is:

- Once the OK button is clicked and the configuration has taken effect, "open port" keeps the ports opened forever.
- Once the OK button is clicked and the configuration has taken effect, "port triggering" will only attempt to open the ports once the triggering conditions are met.
- The duration that these ports are opened depends on the type of protocol used. The "default" durations are shown below and these duration values can be modified via telnet commands.

TCP: 86400 sec.

UDP: 180 sec.

IGMP: 10 sec.

TCP WWW: 60 sec.

TCP SYN: 60 sec.

[NAT >> Port Triggering](#)

Port Triggering						<a href="#">Set to Factory Default</a>
Index	Comment	Triggering Protocol	Triggering Port	Incoming Protocol	Incoming Port	Status
<a href="#">1.</a>						x
<a href="#">2.</a>						x
<a href="#">3.</a>						x
<a href="#">4.</a>						x
<a href="#">5.</a>						x
<a href="#">6.</a>						x
<a href="#">7.</a>						x
<a href="#">8.</a>						x
<a href="#">9.</a>						x
<a href="#">10.</a>						x

<< [1-10](#) | [11-20](#) >> [Next](#) >>

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Comment</b>	Display the text which memorizes the application of this rule.
<b>Triggering Protocol</b>	Display the protocol of the triggering packets.
<b>Triggering Port</b>	Display the port of the triggering packets.
<b>Incoming Protocol</b>	Display the protocol for the incoming data of such triggering profile.
<b>Incoming Port</b>	Display the port for the incoming data of such triggering profile.
<b>Status</b>	Display if the rule is active or de-active.

Click the index number link to open the configuration page.



No. 1

Enable

Service User Defined ▾

Comment

Triggering Protocol --- ▾

Triggering Port


Incoming Protocol --- ▾

Incoming Port

**Note:** The Triggering Port and Incoming Port should be input like this :  
 123-456,777-789 (legal),123-456,789 (legal), but 123-456-789 (illegal).

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable</b>	Check to enable this entry.
<b>Service</b>	Choose the <b>predefined</b> service to apply for such trigger profile. <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: fit-content;">             User Defined ▾              User Defined              Real Player              QuickTime              WMP              IRC              AIM Talk              ICQ              PalTalk              BitTorrent           </div>
<b>Comment</b>	Type the text to memorize the application of this rule.
<b>Triggering Protocol</b>	Select the protocol (TCP, UDP or TCP/UDP) for such triggering profile. <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: fit-content;">             --- ▾              ---              TCP              UDP              TCP/UDP           </div>
<b>Triggering Port</b>	Type the port or port range for such trigger profile.
<b>Incoming Protocol</b>	When the triggering packets received, it is expected the incoming packets will use the selected protocol. Select the protocol (TCP, UDP or TCP/UDP) for the incoming data of such triggering profile.

	
<b>Incoming Port</b>	Type the port or port range for the incoming packets.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

## 3.5 Firewall

### 3.5.1 Basics for Firewall

While the broadband users demand more bandwidth for multimedia, interactive applications, or distance learning, security has been always the most concerned. The firewall of the Vigor router helps to protect your local network against attack from unauthorized outsiders. It also restricts users in the local network from accessing the Internet. Furthermore, it can filter out specific packets that trigger the router to build an unwanted outgoing connection.

#### Firewall Facilities

The users on the LAN are provided with secured protection by the following firewall facilities:

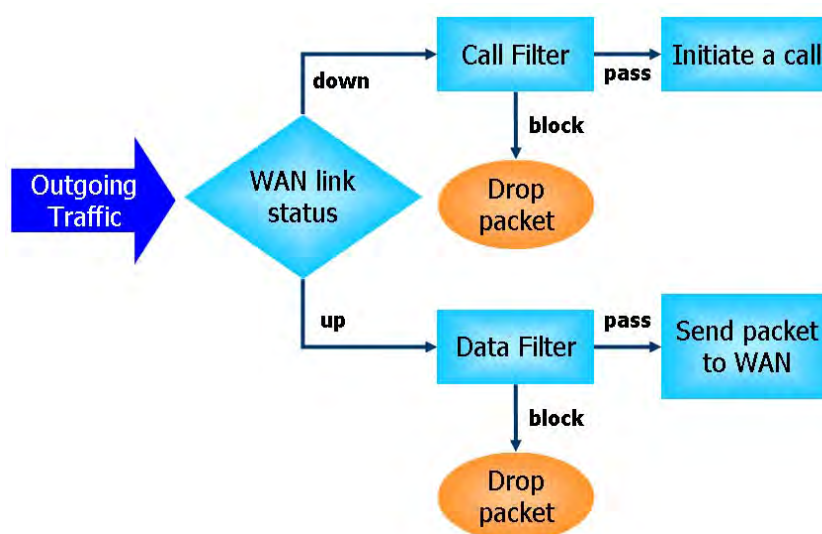
- User-configurable IP filter (Call Filter/ Data Filter).
- Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI): tracks packets and denies unsolicited incoming data
- Selectable Denial of Service (DoS) /Distributed DoS (DDoS) attacks protection

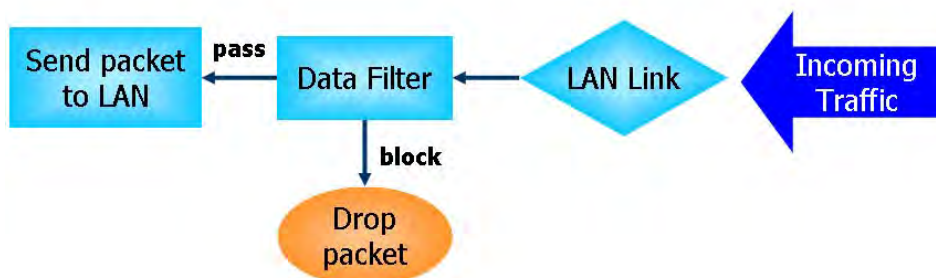
#### IP Filters

Depending on whether there is an existing Internet connection, or in other words “the WAN link status is up or down”, the IP filter architecture categorizes traffic into two: **Call Filter** and **Data Filter**.

- **Call Filter** - When there is no existing Internet connection, **Call Filter** is applied to all traffic, all of which should be outgoing. It will check packets according to the filter rules. If legal, the packet will pass. Then the router shall “**initiate a call**” to build the Internet connection and send the packet to Internet.
- **Data Filter** - When there is an existing Internet connection, **Data Filter** is applied to incoming and outgoing traffic. It will check packets according to the filter rules. If legal, the packet will pass the router.

The following illustrations are flow charts explaining how router will treat incoming traffic and outgoing traffic respectively.





## Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI)

Stateful inspection is a firewall architecture that works at the network layer. Unlike legacy static packet filtering, which examines a packet based on the information in its header, stateful inspection builds up a state machine to track each connection traversing all interfaces of the firewall and makes sure they are valid. The stateful firewall of Vigor router not just examine the header information also monitor the state of the connection.

## Denial of Service (DoS) Defense

The **DoS Defense** functionality helps you to detect and mitigate the DoS attack. The attacks are usually categorized into two types, the flooding-type attacks and the vulnerability attacks. The flooding-type attacks will attempt to exhaust all your system's resource while the vulnerability attacks will try to paralyze the system by offending the vulnerabilities of the protocol or operation system.

The **DoS Defense** function enables the Vigor router to inspect every incoming packet based on the attack signature database. Any malicious packet that might duplicate itself to paralyze the host in the secure LAN will be strictly blocked and a Syslog message will be sent as warning, if you set up Syslog server.

Also the Vigor router monitors the traffic. Any abnormal traffic flow violating the pre-defined parameter, such as the number of thresholds, is identified as an attack and the Vigor router will activate its defense mechanism to mitigate in a real-time manner.

The below shows the attack types that DoS/DDoS defense function can detect:

- |                      |                          |
|----------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. SYN flood attack  | 9. SYN fragment          |
| 2. UDP flood attack  | 10. Fraggle attack       |
| 3. ICMP flood attack | 11. TCP flag scan        |
| 4. Port Scan attack  | 12. Tear drop attack     |
| 5. IP options        | 13. Ping of Death attack |
| 6. Land attack       | 14. ICMP fragment        |
| 7. Smurf attack      | 15. Unassigned Numbers   |
| 8. Trace route       |                          |

Below shows the menu items for Firewall.



### 3.5.2 General Setup

General Setup allows you to adjust settings of IP Filter and common options. Here you can enable or disable the **Call Filter** or **Data Filter**. Under some circumstance, your filter set can be linked to work in a serial manner. So here you assign the **Start Filter Set** only. Also you can configure the **Log Flag** settings, **Apply IP filter to VPN incoming packets**, and **Accept incoming fragmented UDP packets**.

Click **Firewall** and click **General Setup** to open the general setup page.

#### General Setup Page

Such page allows you to enable / disable Call Filter and Data Filter, determine general rule for filtering the incoming and outgoing data.

Firewall >> General Setup

**General Setup**

General Setup
Default Rule

**Call Filter**       Enable      Start Filter Set:

Disable

**Data Filter**       Enable      Start Filter Set:

Disable

Accept large incoming fragmented UDP or ICMP packets ( for some games, ex. CS )

Enable Strict Security Firewall

Accept routing packet from WAN

IPv4     IPv6

**Note:** The packets will be filtered with the follow function sequentially:

1. Accept Routing Packet from WAN
2. Data Filter Set and Rule in Firewall
3. Default Rule in Firewall

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Call Filter</b>	Check <b>Enable</b> to activate the Call Filter function. Assign a start filter set for the Call Filter.
<b>Data Filter</b>	Check <b>Enable</b> to activate the Data Filter function. Assign a start filter set for the Data Filter.
<b>Accept large incoming...</b>	Some on-line games (for example: Half Life) will use lots of fragmented UDP packets to transfer game data. Instinctively as a secure firewall, Vigor router will reject these fragmented packets to prevent attack unless you enable “ <b>Accept large incoming fragmented UDP or ICMP Packets</b> ”. By checking this box, you can play these kinds of on-line games. If security concern is in higher priority, you cannot enable “ <b>Accept large incoming</b>

	<b>fragmented UDP or ICMP Packets”.</b>
<b>Enable Strict Security Firewall</b>	<p>Check the box to enable such function.</p> <p>All the packets, while transmitting through Vigor router, will be filtered by firewall settings configured by Vigor router if such feature is enabled. If the firewall system does not have any response (pass or block) for these packets, such as no response coming from web content filter, then the router’s firewall will block the packets directly.</p>
<b>Accept routing packet from WAN</b>	<p>Usually, IPv6 network sessions/traffic from WAN to LAN will be blocked by IPv6 firewall to prevent remote client accessing into the PCs on LAN in default.</p> <p><b>IPv6</b> - Check the box to make the packets (routed from WAN to LAN) via IPv6 being accepted by such router. It is effective only for the packets routed but not for packets translated by NAT.</p> <p><b>IPv4</b> - Check the box to make the incoming packets via IPv4 being accepted by such router. It is effective only for the packets routed but not for packets translated by NAT.</p>

## Default Rule Page

Such page allows you to choose filtering profiles including QoS, Load-Balance policy, WCF, APP Enforcement, URL Content Filter, AI/AV, AS, for data transmission via Vigor router.

[Firewall >> General Setup](#)

**General Setup**

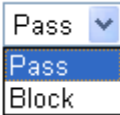
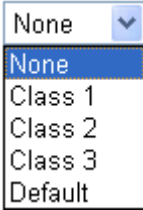
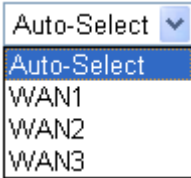
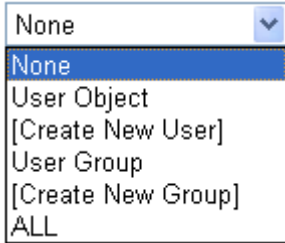
General Setup
Default Rule

Actions for default rule:	Action/Profile	Syslog
<b>Application Filter</b>	Pass <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Sessions Control</b>	141 / <input type="text" value="60000"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Quality of Service</b>	None <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Load-Balance policy</b>	Auto-Select <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>User Management</b>	None <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>APP Enforcement</b>	None <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>URL Content Filter</b>	None <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Web Content Filter</b>	None <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Advance Setting

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Filter</b>	Select <b>Pass</b> or <b>Block</b> for the packets that do not match with the filter rules.

	Filter 
<b>Sessions Control</b>	The number typed here is the total sessions of the packets that do not match the filter rule configured in this page. The default setting is 60000.
<b>Quality of Service</b>	Choose one of the QoS rules to be applied as firewall rule. For detailed information of setting QoS, please refer to the related section later. 
<b>Load-Balance Policy</b>	Choose the WAN interface for applying Load-Balance Policy. 
<b>User Management</b>	Such item is available only when <b>Rule-Based</b> is selected in User <b>Management</b> >> <b>General Setup</b> . The general firewall rule will be applied to the user/user group/all users specified here.  <b>Note:</b> When there is no user profile or group profile existed, <b>Create New User</b> or <b>Create New Group</b> item will appear for you to click to create a new one.
<b>APP Enforcement</b>	Select an <b>APP Enforcement</b> profile for global IM/P2P application blocking. If there is no profile for you to select, please choose <b>[Create New]</b> from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. All the hosts in LAN must follow the standard configured in the <b>APP Enforcement</b> profile selected here. For detailed information, refer to the section of <b>APP Enforcement</b> profile setup. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for IM/P2P by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section <b>Syslog/Mail Alert</b> for more detailed information.
<b>URL Content Filter</b>	Select one of the <b>URL Content Filter</b> profile settings (created in <b>CSM</b> >> <b>URL Content Filter</b> ) for applying with

	<p>this router. Please set at least one profile for choosing in <b>CSM&gt;&gt; URL Content Filter</b> web page first. Or choose <b>[Create New]</b> from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for <b>URL Content Filter</b> by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section <b>Syslog/Mail Alert</b> for more detailed information.</p>
<p><b>Web Content Filter</b></p>	<p>Select one of the <b>Web Content Filter</b> profile settings (created in <b>CSM&gt;&gt; Web Content Filter</b>) for applying with this router. Please set at least one profile for anti-virus in <b>CSM&gt;&gt; Web Content Filter</b> web page first. Or choose <b>[Create New]</b> from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for <b>Web Content Filter</b> by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section <b>Syslog/Mail Alert</b> for more detailed information.</p>
<p><b>Advance Setting</b></p>	<p>Click <b>Edit</b> to open the following window. However, it is <b>strongly recommended</b> to use the default settings here.</p> <p><b>Firewall &gt;&gt; General Setup</b></p> <div> <p>Advance Setting</p> <p>Codepage: ANSI(1252)-Latin I</p> <p>Window size: 65535</p> <p>Session timeout: 1440 Minute</p> <p>OK Close</p> </div> <p><b>Codepage</b> - This function is used to compare the characters among different languages. Choose correct codepage can help the system obtaining correct ASCII after decoding data from URL and enhance the correctness of URL Content Filter. The default value for this setting is ANSI 1252 Latin I. If you do not choose any codepage, no decoding job of URL will be processed. Please use the drop-down list to choose a codepage.</p> <p>If you do not have any idea of choosing suitable codepage, please open Syslog. From Codepage Information of Setup dialog, you will see the recommended codepage listed on the dialog box.</p> <div> </div> <p><b>Window size</b> – It determines the size of TCP protocol</p>



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(0~65535). The more the value is, the better the performance will be. However, if the network is not stable, small value will be proper.

**Session timeout** – Setting timeout for sessions can make the best utilization of network resources.

---

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

### 3.5.3 Filter Setup

Click **Firewall** and click **Filter Setup** to open the setup page.

Firewall >> Filter Setup

Filter Setup		<a href="#">Set to Factory Default</a>	
Set	Comments	Set	Comments
<a href="#">1.</a>	Default Call Filter	<a href="#">7.</a>	
<a href="#">2.</a>	Default Data Filter	<a href="#">8.</a>	
<a href="#">3.</a>		<a href="#">9.</a>	
<a href="#">4.</a>		<a href="#">10.</a>	
<a href="#">5.</a>		<a href="#">11.</a>	
<a href="#">6.</a>		<a href="#">12.</a>	

To edit or add a filter, click on the set number to edit the individual set. The following page will be shown. Each filter set contains up to 7 rules. Click on the rule number button to edit each rule. Check **Active** to enable the rule.

Firewall >> Filter Setup >> Edit Filter Set

Filter Set 1  
 Comments :

Filter Rule	Active	Comments	Move Up	Move Down
<input type="button" value="1"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Block NetBios		<a href="#">Down</a>
<input type="button" value="2"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
<input type="button" value="3"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
<input type="button" value="4"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
<input type="button" value="5"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
<input type="button" value="6"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
<input type="button" value="7"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		<a href="#">UP</a>	

Next Filter Set

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Filter Rule</b>	Click a button numbered (1 ~ 7) to edit the filter rule. Click the button will open Edit Filter Rule web page. For the detailed information, refer to the following page.
<b>Active</b>	Enable or disable the filter rule.
<b>Comment</b>	Enter filter set comments/description. Maximum length is 23-character long.
<b>Move Up/Down</b>	Use <b>Up</b> or <b>Down</b> link to move the order of the filter rules.
<b>Next Filter Set</b>	Set the link to the next filter set to be executed after the current filter run. Do not make a loop with many filter sets.

To edit **Filter Rule**, click the **Filter Rule** index button to enter the **Filter Rule** setup page.

Firewall >> Edit Filter Set >> Edit Filter Rule

Filter Set 3 Rule 1

Check to enable the Filter Rule

Comments:

Index(1-15) in [Schedule](#) Setup: , , ,

Clear sessions when schedule ON:  Enable

---

Direction:

Source IP:

Destination IP:

Service Type:

Fragments:

---

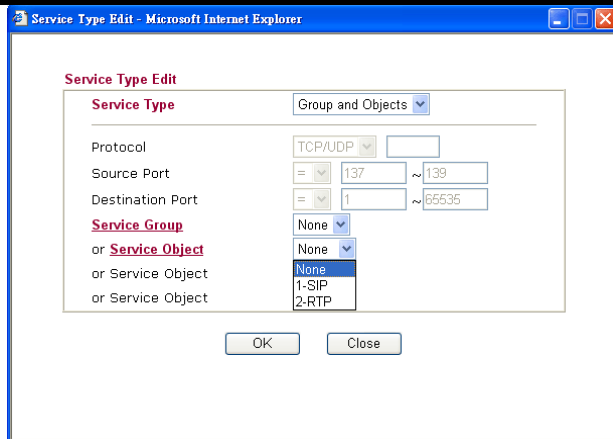
Application	Action/Profile	Syslog
Filter:	<input type="text" value="Pass Immediately"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Branch to Other Filter Set:	<input type="text" value="None"/>	
Sessions Control	0 / <input type="text" value="60000"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
MAC Bind IP	<input type="text" value="Non-Strict"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<a href="#">Quality of Service</a>	<input type="text" value="None"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Load-Balance policy	<input type="text" value="Auto-Select"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<a href="#">User Management</a>	<input type="text" value="None"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<a href="#">APP Enforcement:</a>	<input type="text" value="None"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<a href="#">URL Content Filter:</a>	<input type="text" value="None"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<a href="#">Web Content Filter:</a>	<input type="text" value="None"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Advance Setting

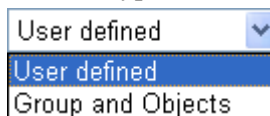
Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Check to enable the Filter Rule</b>	Check this box to enable the filter rule.
<b>Comments</b>	Enter filter set comments/description. Maximum length is 14- character long.
<b>Index(1-15)</b>	Set PCs on LAN to work at certain time interval only. You may choose up to 4 schedules out of the 15 schedules pre-defined in <b>Applications &gt;&gt; Schedule</b> setup. The default setting of this field is blank and the function will always work.
<b>Clear sessions when schedule ON</b>	Check this box to clear the sessions when the above schedule profiles are applied.
<b>Direction</b>	Set the direction of packet flow. It is for <b>Data Filter</b> only. For the <b>Call Filter</b> , this setting is not available since <b>Call Filter</b> is only applied to outgoing traffic.

	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">       LAN/RT/VPN -&gt; WAN        LAN/RT/VPN -&gt; WAN        WAN -&gt; LAN/RT/VPN        LAN/RT/VPN -&gt; LAN/RT/VPN     </div> <p><b>Note:</b> RT means routing domain for 2nd subnet or other LAN.</p>
<p><b>Source/Destination IP</b></p>	<p>Click <b>Edit</b> to access into the following dialog to choose the source/destination IP or IP ranges.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> </div> <p>To set the IP address manually, please choose <b>Any Address/Single Address/Range Address/Subnet Address</b> as the Address Type and type them in this dialog. In addition, if you want to use the IP range from defined groups or objects, please choose <b>Group and Objects</b> as the Address Type.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">       Group and Objects        Any Address        Single Address        Range Address        Subnet Address        Group and Objects     </div> <p>From the <b>IP Group</b> drop down list, choose the one that you want to apply. Or use the <b>IP Object</b> drop down list to choose the object that you want.</p>
<p><b>Service Type</b></p>	<p>Click <b>Edit</b> to access into the following dialog to choose a suitable service type.</p>



To set the service type manually, please choose **User defined** as the Service Type and type them in this dialog. In addition, if you want to use the service type from defined groups or objects, please choose **Group and Objects** as the Service Type.



**Protocol** - Specify the protocol(s) which this filter rule will apply to.

**Source/Destination Port** –

(=) – when the first and last value are the same, it indicates one port; when the first and last values are different, it indicates a range for the port and available for this service type.

(!=) – when the first and last value are the same, it indicates all the ports except the port defined here; when the first and last values are different, it indicates that all the ports except the range defined here are available for this service type.

(>) – the port number greater than this value is available.

(<) – the port number less than this value is available for this profile.

**Service Group/Object** - Use the drop down list to choose the one that you want.

## Fragments

Specify the action for fragmented packets. And it is used for **Data Filter** only.

**Don't care** -No action will be taken towards fragmented packets.

**Unfragmented** -Apply the rule to unfragmented packets.

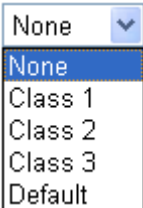
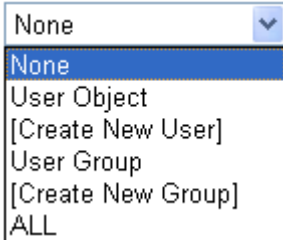
**Fragmented** - Apply the rule to fragmented packets.

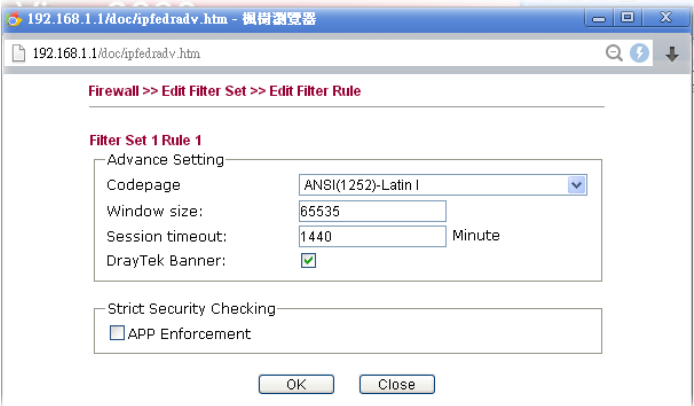
**Too Short** - Apply the rule only to packets that are too short to contain a complete header.

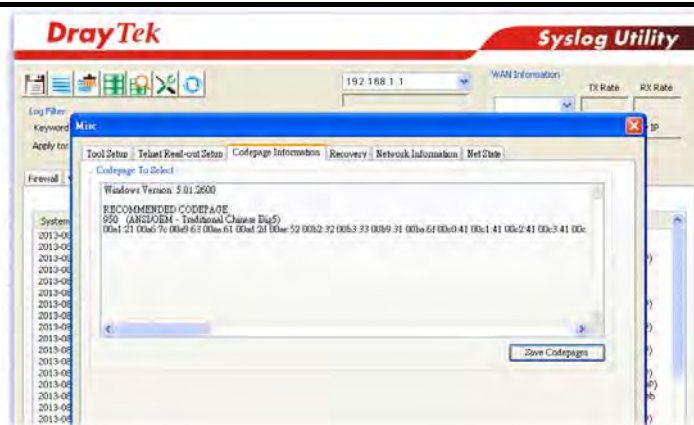
## Filter

Specifies the action to be taken when packets match the rule.

**Block Immediately** - Packets matching the rule will be dropped immediately.

	<p><b>Pass Immediately</b> - Packets matching the rule will be passed immediately.</p> <p><b>Block If No Further Match</b> - A packet matching the rule, and that does not match further rules, will be dropped.</p> <p><b>Pass If No Further Match</b> - A packet matching the rule, and that does not match further rules, will be passed through.</p>
<b>Branch to other Filter Set</b>	If the packet matches the filter rule, the next filter rule will branch to the specified filter set. Select next filter rule to branch from the drop-down menu. Be aware that the router will apply the specified filter rule for ever and will not return to previous filter rule any more.
<b>Sessions Control</b>	The number typed here is the total sessions of the packets that do not match the filter rule configured in this page. The default setting is 60000.
<b>MAC Bind IP</b>	<p><b>Strict</b> - Make the MAC address and IP address settings configured in <b>IP Object</b> for <b>Source IP</b> and <b>Destination IP</b> be bound for applying such filter rule.</p> <p><b>No-Strict</b> - no limitation.</p>
<b>Quality of Service</b>	<p>Choose one of the QoS rules to be applied as firewall rule. For detailed information of setting QoS, please refer to the related section later.</p> 
<b>Load-Balance policy</b>	Choose the WAN interface for applying Load-Balance Policy.
<b>User Management</b>	<p>uch item is available only when <b>Rule-Based</b> is selected in User <b>Management</b>&gt;&gt;<b>General Setup</b>. The general firewall rule will be applied to the user/user group/all users specified here.</p>  <p><b>Note:</b> When there is no user profile or group profile existed, <b>Create New User</b> or <b>Create New Group</b> item will appear for you to click to create a new one</p>
<b>APP Enforcement</b>	Select an <b>APP Enforcement</b> profile for global IM/P2P application blocking. If there is no profile for you to select, please choose [ <b>Create New</b> ] from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. All the hosts in LAN must follow the standard configured in the <b>APP Enforcement</b>

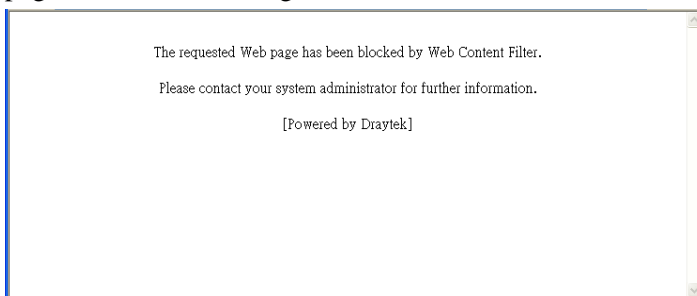
	<p>profile selected here. For detailed information, refer to the section of <b>APP Enforcement</b> profile setup. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for IM/P2P by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section <b>Syslog/Mail Alert</b> for more detailed information.</p>
<p><b>URL Content Filter</b></p>	<p>Select one of the <b>URL Content Filter</b> profile settings (created in <b>CSM&gt;&gt; URL Content Filter</b>) for applying with this router. Please set at least one profile for choosing in <b>CSM&gt;&gt; URL Content Filter</b> web page first. Or choose <b>[Create New]</b> from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for <b>URL Content Filter</b> by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section <b>Syslog/Mail Alert</b> for more detailed information.</p>
<p><b>Web Content Filter</b></p>	<p>Select one of the <b>Web Content Filter</b> profile settings (created in <b>CSM&gt;&gt; Web Content Filter</b>) for applying with this router. Please set at least one profile for anti-virus in <b>CSM&gt;&gt; Web Content Filter</b> web page first. Or choose <b>[Create New]</b> from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for <b>Web Content Filter</b> by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section <b>Syslog/Mail Alert</b> for more detailed information.</p>
<p><b>Advance Setting</b></p>	<p>Click <b>Edit</b> to open the following window. However, it is <b>strongly recommended</b> to use the default settings here.</p>  <p><b>Codepage</b> - This function is used to compare the characters among different languages. Choose correct codepage can help the system obtaining correct ASCII after decoding data from URL and enhance the correctness of URL Content Filter. The default value for this setting is ANSI 1252 Latin I. If you do not choose any codepage, no decoding job of URL will be processed. Please use the drop-down list to choose a codepage.</p> <p>If you do not have any idea of choosing suitable codepage, please open Syslog. From Codepage Information of Setup dialog, you will see the recommended codepage listed on the dialog box.</p>



**Window size** – It determines the size of TCP protocol (0~65535). The more the value is, the better the performance will be. However, if the network is not stable, small value will be proper.

**Session timeout**–Setting timeout for sessions can make the best utilization of network resources. However, Queue timeout is configured for TCP protocol only; session timeout is configured for the data flow which matched with the firewall rule.

**DrayTek Banner** – Please uncheck this box and the following screen will not be shown for the unreachable web page. The default setting is Enabled.



**Strict Security Checking** - All the packets, while transmitting through Vigor router, will be filtered by firewall settings configured by Vigor router. When the resource is inadequate, the packets will be blocked if Strict Security Checking is enabled. If Strict Security Checking is not enabled, then the packets will pass through the router.

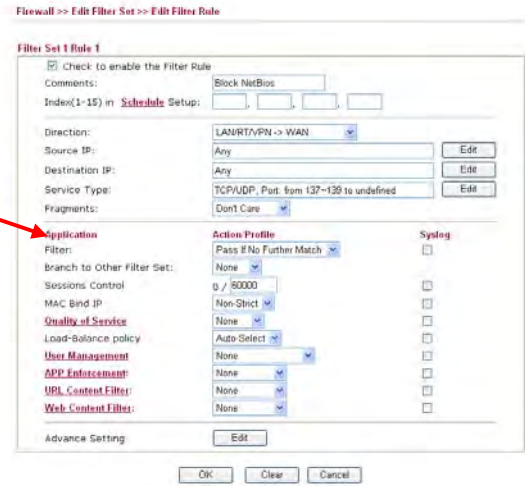
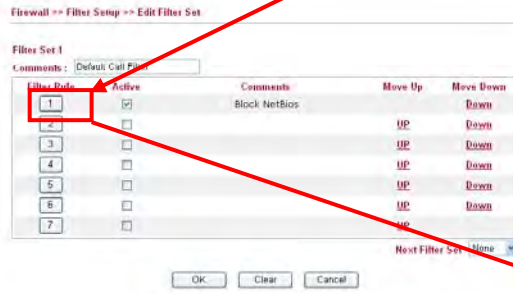
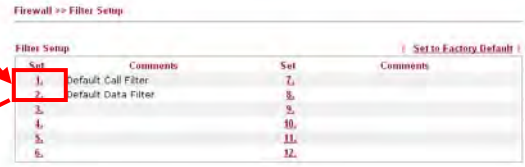
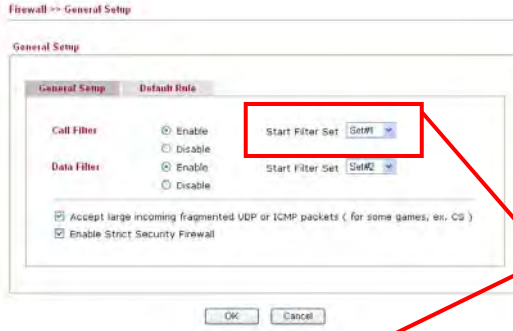
**APP Enforcement** – Check this box to execute the critical checking for all the files transferred via IM/P2P.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

## Example

As stated before, all the traffic will be separated and arbitrated using on of two IP filters: call filter or data filter. You may preset 12 call filters and data filters in **Filter Setup** and even link them in a serial manner. Each filter set is composed by 7 filter rules, which can be further defined. After that, in **General Setup** you may specify one set for call filter and one set for data filter to execute first.





### 3.5.4 DoS Defense

As a sub-functionality of IP Filter/Firewall, there are 15 types of detect/ defense function in the **DoS Defense** setup. The DoS Defense functionality is disabled for default.

Click **Firewall** and click **DoS Defense** to open the setup page.

**Firewall >> DoS defense Setup**

**DoS defense Setup**

Enable DoS Defense

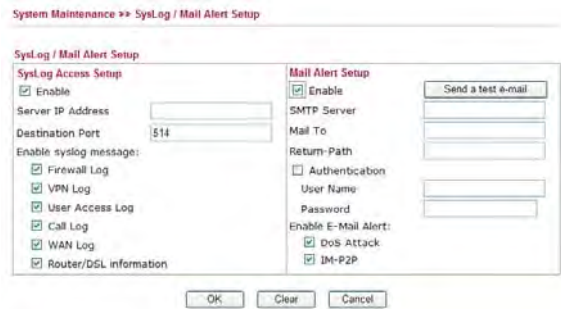
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable SYN flood defense	Threshold	<input type="text" value="2000"/>	packets / sec
	Timeout	<input type="text" value="10"/>	sec
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable UDP flood defense	Threshold	<input type="text" value="2000"/>	packets / sec
	Timeout	<input type="text" value="10"/>	sec
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable ICMP flood defense	Threshold	<input type="text" value="250"/>	packets / sec
	Timeout	<input type="text" value="10"/>	sec
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable Port Scan detection	Threshold	<input type="text" value="2000"/>	packets / sec
<input type="checkbox"/> Block IP options	<input type="checkbox"/> Block TCP flag scan		
<input type="checkbox"/> Block Land	<input type="checkbox"/> Block Tear Drop		
<input type="checkbox"/> Block Smurf	<input type="checkbox"/> Block Ping of Death		
<input type="checkbox"/> Block trace route	<input type="checkbox"/> Block ICMP fragment		
<input type="checkbox"/> Block SYN fragment	<input type="checkbox"/> Block Unassigned Numbers		
<input type="checkbox"/> Block Fraggle Attack			

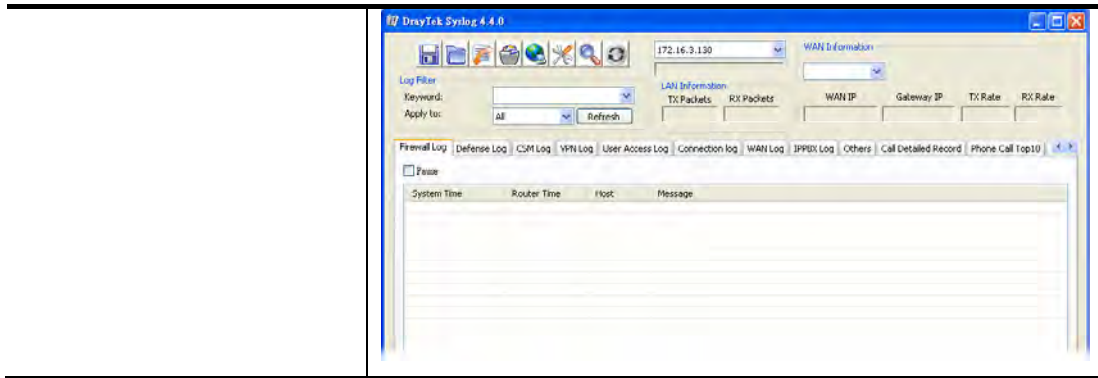
Enable DoS defense function to prevent the attacks from hacker or crackers.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable Dos Defense</b>	Check the box to activate the DoS Defense Functionality.
<b>Select All</b>	Click this button to select all the items listed below.
<b>Enable SYN flood defense</b>	<p>Check the box to activate the SYN flood defense function. Once detecting the Threshold of the TCP SYN packets from the Internet has exceeded the defined value, the Vigor router will start to randomly discard the subsequent TCP SYN packets for a period defined in Timeout. The goal for this is prevent the TCP SYN packets' attempt to exhaust the limited-resource of Vigor router.</p> <p>By default, the threshold and timeout values are set to 2000 packets per second and 10 seconds, respectively. That means, when 2000 packets per second received, they will be regarded as "attack event" and the session will be paused for 10 seconds.</p>
<b>Enable UDP flood defense</b>	<p>Check the box to activate the UDP flood defense function. Once detecting the Threshold of the UDP packets from the Internet has exceeded the defined value, the Vigor router will start to randomly discard the subsequent UDP packets for a period defined in Timeout.</p> <p>The default setting for threshold and timeout are 2000 packets per second and 10 seconds, respectively. That</p>

	means, when 2000 packets per second received, they will be regarded as “attack event” and the session will be paused for 10 seconds.
<b>Enable ICMP flood defense</b>	<p>Check the box to activate the ICMP flood defense function. Similar to the UDP flood defense function, once if the Threshold of ICMP packets from Internet has exceeded the defined value, the router will discard the ICMP echo requests coming from the Internet.</p> <p>The default setting for threshold and timeout are 250 packets per second and 10 seconds, respectively. That means, when 250 packets per second received, they will be regarded as “attack event” and the session will be paused for 10 seconds.</p>
<b>Enable Port Scan detection</b>	<p>Port Scan attacks the Vigor router by sending lots of packets to many ports in an attempt to find ignorant services would respond. Check the box to activate the Port Scan detection. Whenever detecting this malicious exploration behavior by monitoring the port-scanning Threshold rate, the Vigor router will send out a warning.</p> <p>By default, the Vigor router sets the threshold as 2000 packets per second. That means, when 2000 packets per second received, they will be regarded as “attack event”.</p>
<b>Block IP options</b>	<p>Check the box to activate the Block IP options function. The Vigor router will ignore any IP packets with IP option field in the datagram header. The reason for limitation is IP option appears to be a vulnerability of the security for the LAN because it will carry significant information, such as security, TCC (closed user group) parameters, a series of Internet addresses, routing messages...etc. An eavesdropper outside might learn the details of your private networks.</p>
<b>Block Land</b>	<p>Check the box to enforce the Vigor router to defense the Land attacks. The Land attack combines the SYN attack technology with IP spoofing. A Land attack occurs when an attacker sends spoofed SYN packets with the identical source and destination addresses, as well as the port number to victims.</p>
<b>Block Smurf</b>	<p>Check the box to activate the Block Smurf function. The Vigor router will ignore any broadcasting ICMP echo request.</p>
<b>Block trace router</b>	<p>Check the box to enforce the Vigor router not to forward any trace route packets.</p>
<b>Block SYN fragment</b>	<p>Check the box to activate the Block SYN fragment function. The Vigor router will drop any packets having SYN flag and more fragment bit set.</p>
<b>Block Fraggle Attack</b>	<p>Check the box to activate the Block fraggle Attack function. Any broadcast UDP packets received from the Internet is blocked.</p> <p>Activating the DoS/DDoS defense functionality might block some legal packets. For example, when you activate the fraggle attack defense, all broadcast UDP packets</p>

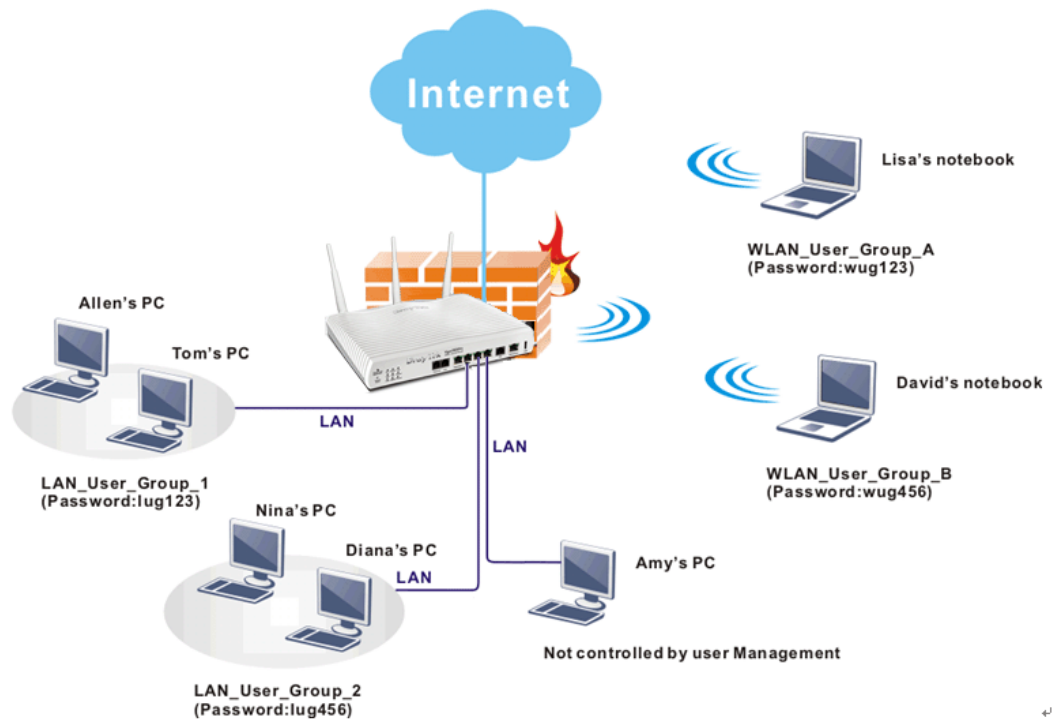
	coming from the Internet are blocked. Therefore, the RIP packets from the Internet might be dropped.
<b>Block TCP flag scan</b>	Check the box to activate the Block TCP flag scan function. Any TCP packet with anomaly flag setting is dropped. Those scanning activities include <i>no flag scan</i> , <i>FIN without ACK scan</i> , <i>SYN FINscan</i> , <i>Xmas scan</i> and <i>full Xmas scan</i> .
<b>Block Tear Drop</b>	Check the box to activate the Block Tear Drop function. Many machines may crash when receiving ICMP datagrams (packets) that exceed the maximum length. To avoid this type of attack, the Vigor router is designed to be capable of discarding any fragmented ICMP packets with a length greater than 1024 octets.
<b>Block Ping of Death</b>	Check the box to activate the Block Ping of Death function. This attack involves the perpetrator sending overlapping packets to the target hosts so that those target hosts will hang once they re-construct the packets. The Vigor routers will block any packets realizing this attacking activity.
<b>Block ICMP Fragment</b>	Check the box to activate the Block ICMP fragment function. Any ICMP packets with more fragment bit set are dropped.
<b>Block Unassigned Numbers</b>	Check the box to activate the Block Unknown Protocol function. Individual IP packet has a protocol field in the datagram header to indicate the protocol type running over the upper layer. However, the protocol types greater than 100 are reserved and undefined at this time. Therefore, the router should have ability to detect and reject this kind of packets.
<b>Warning Messages</b>	<p>We provide Syslog function for user to retrieve message from Vigor router. The user, as a Syslog Server, shall receive the report sending from Vigor router which is a Syslog Client.</p> <p>All the warning messages related to <b>DoS Defense</b> will be sent to user and user can review it through Syslog daemon. Look for the keyword <b>DoS</b> in the message, followed by a name to indicate what kind of attacks is detected.</p> 



After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

### 3.6 User Management

User Management is a security feature which disallows any IP traffic (except DHCP-related packets) from a particular host until that host has correctly supplied a valid username and password. Instead of managing with IP address/MAC address, User Management function manages hosts with user account. Network administrator can give different firewall policies or rules for different hosts with different User Management accounts. This is more flexible and convenient for network management. Not only offering the basic checking for Internet access, User Management also provides additional firewall rules, e.g. CSM checking for protecting hosts.



**Note:** Filter rules configured under Firewall usually are applied to the host (the one that the router installed) only. With user management, the rules can be applied to every user connected to the router with customized profiles.

**Note:** If **Transparency Mode** is selected in **Firewall>>General Setup**, User Management cannot be used any more. Please uncheck Transparency Mode first if you want to utilize user management to handle users in LAN, WAN or WLAN.

- Firewall
- User Management**
  - ▶ General Setup
  - ▶ User Profile
  - ▶ User Group
  - ▶ User Online Status
- Objects Setting

### 3.6.1 General Setup

General Setup can determine the standard (rule-based or user-based) for the users controlled by User Management. The mode (standard) selected here will influence the contents of the filter rule(s) applied to every user.

**User Management >> General Setup**

**General Setup**

Mode:

Display IP Address on tracking window:

---

Web Authentication:

**Notice :**

1. User Management will refer to active rules in Data Filter as whitelists and blacklists in user-based firewall mode.
2. Users match the above lists will not be required for authentication. The firewall rules policy will still valid.
3. Otherwise, authentication required for users not matched the above lists. The firewall rules designated in the user profile's policy will still valid.

**Landing Page** (Max 255 characters) [Preview](#) | [Set to Factory Default](#) |

```
<body stats=1><script language='javascript'>
window.location='http://www.draytek.com'</script></body>
```

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Mode</b>	<p>There are two modes offered here for you to choose. Each mode will bring different filtering effect to the users involved.</p> <p><b>User-Based</b> - If you choose such mode, the router will apply the filter rules configured in <b>User Management&gt;&gt;User Profile</b> to the users.</p> <p><b>Rule-Based</b> –If you choose such mode, the router will apply the filter rules configured in <b>Firewall&gt;&gt;General Setup</b> and <b>Filter Rule</b> to the users.</p>
<b>Display IP Address on tracking window</b>	<b>On</b> – The IP address of the user accessing into Vigor router/Internet will be displayed on the tracking window.
<b>Web Authentication</b>	Choose the protocol for web authentication.
<b>Landing Page</b>	Type the information to be displayed on the first web page when the LAN user accessing into Internet via such router.

### 3.6.2 User Profile

This page allows you to set customized profiles (up to 200) which will be applied for users controlled under **User Management**. Simply open **User Management>>User Profile**.

**User Management >> User Profile**

User Profile Table		<a href="#">Set to Factory Default</a>	
Profile	Name	Profile	Name
<a href="#">1.</a>	admin	<a href="#">17.</a>	
<a href="#">2.</a>	Dial-In User	<a href="#">18.</a>	
<a href="#">3.</a>		<a href="#">19.</a>	
<a href="#">4.</a>		<a href="#">20.</a>	
<a href="#">5.</a>		<a href="#">21.</a>	
<a href="#">6.</a>		<a href="#">22.</a>	
<a href="#">7.</a>		<a href="#">23.</a>	
<a href="#">8.</a>		<a href="#">24.</a>	
<a href="#">9.</a>		<a href="#">25.</a>	
<a href="#">10.</a>		<a href="#">26.</a>	
<a href="#">11.</a>		<a href="#">27.</a>	
<a href="#">12.</a>		<a href="#">28.</a>	
<a href="#">13.</a>		<a href="#">29.</a>	
<a href="#">14.</a>		<a href="#">30.</a>	
<a href="#">15.</a>		<a href="#">31.</a>	
<a href="#">16.</a>		<a href="#">32.</a>	

[<< 1-32](#) | [33-64](#) | [65-96](#) | [97-128](#) | [129-160](#) | [161-192](#) | [193-200 >>](#)
[Next >>](#)

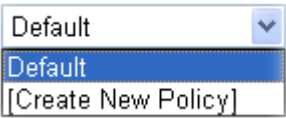
To set the user profile, please click any index number link to open the following page. Notice that profile 1 (**admin**) and profile 2 (**System Reservation**) are factory default settings. Profile 2 is reserved for future use.

**User Management >>User Profile**

#### Profile Index 3

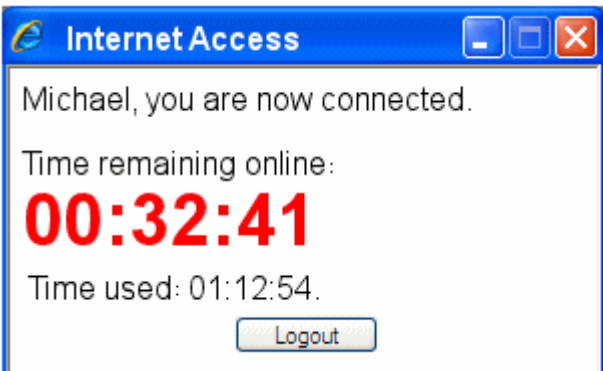
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Enable this account	
	User Name	<input type="text"/>
	Password	<input type="password"/>
	Confirm Password	<input type="password"/>
	Idle Timeout	<input type="text" value="10"/> min(s) 0:Unlimited
	Max User Login	<input type="text" value="0"/> 0:Unlimited
	<b>External Server Authentication</b>	None <input type="button" value="v"/>
	Log	None <input type="button" value="v"/>
	Pop Browser Tracking Window	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Authentication	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Web <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Alert Tool <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Telnet
	<b>Landing Page</b>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Index(1-15) in <b>Schedule</b> Setup:	<input type="text"/> , <input type="text"/> , <input type="text"/> , <input type="text"/>
<hr/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Enable Time Quota	0 min. <input type="button" value="+"/> <input type="button" value="-"/> 0 min.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Enable Data Quota	0 <input type="button" value="v"/> MB <input type="button" value="+"/> <input type="button" value="-"/> 0 MB
Reset quota to default when scheduling time expired		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Enable	Default Time Quota <input type="text"/> min. Default Data Quota <input type="text"/> MB

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable this account</b>	Check this box to enable such user profile.
<b>User Name</b>	Type a name for such user profile (e.g., <i>LAN_User_Group_1</i> , <i>WLAN_User_Group_A</i> , <i>WLAN_User_Group_B</i> , etc). When a user tries to access Internet through this router, an authentication step must be performed first. The user has to type the User Name specified here to pass the authentication. When the user passes the authentication, he/she can access Internet via this router. However the accessing operation will be restricted with the conditions configured in this user profile.
<b>Password</b>	Type a password for such profile (e.g., <i>lug123</i> , <i>wug123</i> , <i>wug456</i> , etc). When a user tries to access Internet through this router, an authentication step must be performed first. The user has to type the password specified here to pass the authentication. When the user passes the authentication, he/she can access Internet via this router with the limitation configured in this user profile.
<b>Confirm Password</b>	Type the password again for confirmation.
<b>Idle Timeout</b>	If the user is idle over the limitation of the timer, the <b>network connection will be stopped for such user</b> . By default, the Idle Timeout is set to 10 minutes.
<b>Max User Login</b>	Such profile can be used by many users. You can set the limitation for the number of users accessing Internet with the conditions of such profile. The default setting is 0 which means no limitation in the number of users.
<b>Policy</b>	<p>It is available only when <b>User-Based</b> mode selected in <b>User Management&gt;&gt;General Setup</b>.</p>  <p><b>Default</b> – If you choose such item, the filter rules pre-configured in <b>Firewall</b> can be adopted for such user profile.</p> <p><b>Create New Policy</b> – If you choose such item, the following page will be popped up for you to define another filter rule as a new policy.</p>



Item	Description
	<p><b>Firewall &gt;&gt; Edit Filter Set &gt;&gt; Edit Filter Rule</b></p> <hr/> <p><b>Filter Set 1 Rule 2</b></p> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px;"> <p>Comments: <input type="text"/></p> <p>Index(1-15) in <b>Schedule</b> Setup: <input type="text"/>, <input type="text"/>, <input type="text"/>, <input type="text"/></p> <hr/> <p>Direction: <input type="text" value="LAN/RT/VPN -&gt; WAN"/></p> <p>Source IP: <input type="text" value="Any"/></p> <p>Destination IP: <input type="text" value="Any"/></p> <p>Service Type: <input type="text" value="Any"/></p> <p>Fragment: <input type="text" value="Don't Care"/></p> </div> <p>For the detailed configuration, simply refer to <b>Firewall&gt;&gt;Filter Rule</b>. The firewall filter rules that are not selected in <b>Firewall&gt;&gt;General&gt;&gt;Default rule</b> can be available for use in <b>User Management&gt;&gt;User Profile</b>.</p>
<p><b>External Service Authentication</b></p>	<p>The router will authenticate the dial-in user by itself or by external service such as Radius server. If Radius is selected here, it is not necessary to configure the password setting above.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px;"> <p>None ▾</p> <p>None</p> <p>Radius</p> </div>
<p><b>Log</b></p>	<p>Time of login/log out, block/unblock for the user(s) can be sent to and displayed in Syslog. Please choose any one of the log items to take down relational records for the user(s).</p> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px;"> <p>None ▾</p> <p>None</p> <p>Login</p> <p>Event</p> <p>All</p> </div>
<p><b>Pop Browser Tracking Window</b></p>	<p>If such function is enabled, a pop up window will be displayed on the screen with time remaining for connection if Idle Timeout is set. However, the system will update the time periodically to keep the connection always on. Thus, Idle Timeout will not interrupt the network connection.</p>
<p><b>Authentication</b></p>	<p>Any user (from LAN side or WLAN side) tries to connect to Internet via Vigor router must be authenticated by the router first. There are three ways offered by the router for the user to choose for authentication.</p> <p><b>Web</b> – If it is selected, the use can type the URL of the router from any browser. Then, a login window will be popped up and ask the user to type the user name and password for authentication. If succeed, a <b>Welcome Message</b> (configured in <b>User Management &gt;&gt; General Setup</b>) will be displayed. After authentication, the destination URL (if requested by the user) will be guided automatically by the router.</p> <p><b>Alert Tool</b> – If it is selected, the user can open Alert Tool and type the user name and password for authentication. A</p>

Item	Description
	<p>window with remaining time of connection for such user will be displayed. Next, the user can access Internet through any browser on Windows. Note that Alert Tool can be downloaded from DrayTek web site.</p> <p><b>Telnet</b> – If it is selected, the user can use Telnet command to perform the authentication job.</p>
<b>Landing Page</b>	<p>When a user tries to access into the web user interface of Vigor router series with the user name and password specified in this profile, he/she will be lead into the web page configured in Landing Page field in <b>User Management&gt;&gt;General Setup</b>.</p> <p>Check this box to enable such function.</p>
<b>Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup</b>	<p>You can type in four sets of time schedule for your request. All the schedules can be set previously in <b>Application &gt;&gt; Schedule</b> web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page.</p>
<b>Enable Time Quota</b>	<p>Time quota means the total connection time allowed by the router for the user with such profile. Check the box to enable the function of time quota. The first box displays the remaining time of the network connection. The second box allows to type the number of time (unit is minute) which is available for the user (using such profile) to access Internet.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> + – Click this box to set and increase the time quota for such profile.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> - – Click this box to decrease the time quota for such profile.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p><b>Note:</b> A dialog will be popped up to notify how many time remained when a user accesses into Internet through Vigor router successfully.</p>  <p>When the time is up, all the connection jobs including network, IM, social media, facebook, and etc. will be terminated.</p> </div>
<b>Enable Data Quota</b>	<p>Data Quota means the total amount for data transmission allowed for the user. The unit is MB.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> + – Click this box to set and increase the data quota for</p>

Item	Description
	such profile. <input type="checkbox"/> – Click this box to decrease the data quota for such profile.
<b>Reset quota to default when scheduling time expired</b>	Set default time quota and data quota for such profile. When the scheduling time is up, the router will use the default quota settings automatically. <b>Enable</b> – Check it to use the default setting for time quota and data quota. <b>Default Time Quota</b> – Type the value for the time manually. <b>Default Data Quota</b> – Type the value for the data manually.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

### 3.6.3 User Group

This page allows you to bind several user profiles into one group. These groups will be used in **Firewall>>General Setup** as part of filter rules.

User Group Table: [Set to Factory Default](#)

Index	Name	Index	Name
<a href="#">1.</a>		<a href="#">17.</a>	
<a href="#">2.</a>		<a href="#">18.</a>	
<a href="#">3.</a>		<a href="#">19.</a>	
<a href="#">4.</a>		<a href="#">20.</a>	
<a href="#">5.</a>		<a href="#">21.</a>	
<a href="#">6.</a>		<a href="#">22.</a>	
<a href="#">7.</a>		<a href="#">23.</a>	
<a href="#">8.</a>		<a href="#">24.</a>	
<a href="#">9.</a>		<a href="#">25.</a>	
<a href="#">10.</a>		<a href="#">26.</a>	
<a href="#">11.</a>		<a href="#">27.</a>	
<a href="#">12.</a>		<a href="#">28.</a>	
<a href="#">13.</a>		<a href="#">29.</a>	
<a href="#">14.</a>		<a href="#">30.</a>	
<a href="#">15.</a>		<a href="#">31.</a>	
<a href="#">16.</a>		<a href="#">32.</a>	

Please click any index number link to open the following page.

Profile Index : 1

Name:

**Available User Objects**

1-admin  
 2-System Reservation  
 3-LAN\_User\_Group\_1  
 4-WLAN\_User\_Group\_A  
 5-WLAN\_User\_Group\_B

**Selected User Objects(Max 32 Objects)**

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Name</b>	Type a name for this user group.
<b>Available User Objects</b>	You can gather user profiles (objects) from <b>User Profile</b> page within one user group. All the available user objects that you have created will be shown in this box. Notice that user object, Admin and Dial-In User are factory settings. User defined profiles will be numbered with 3, 4, 5 and so on.
<b>Selected Keyword Objects</b>	Click <input style="width: 30px; height: 20px;" type="button" value="»"/> button to add the selected user objects in this box.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

### 3.6.4 User Online Status

This page displays the user(s) connected to the router and refreshes the connection status in an interval of several seconds.


#### User Management >> User Online Status

Current Time : 11-01 02:53:00      Refresh Seconds: 10   Page: 1   | [Refresh](#) |

<b>Index</b>	<b>Profile</b>	<b>IP Address</b>	<b>User</b>	<b>Last Login Time</b>	<b>Expired Time</b>	<b>Idle Time</b>	<b>Action</b>
1	admin	192.168.1.10	admin	10-31 08:50:50	Unlimited	Unlimited	<a href="#">Block</a> <a href="#">Logout</a>

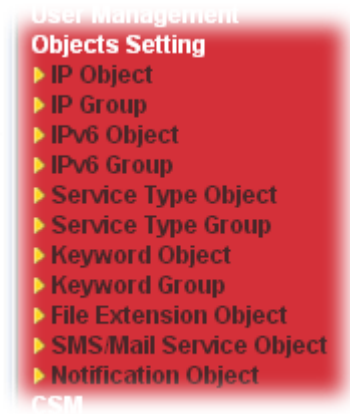
Total Number : 1

Available settings are explained as follows:

<b>Item</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>Refresh Seconds</b>	Use the drop down list to choose the time interval of refreshing data flow that will be done by the system automatically.  Refresh Seconds: 10 
<b>Refresh</b>	Click this link to refresh this page manually.
<b>Index</b>	Display the number of the data flow.
<b>Profile</b>	Display the authority of the account.
<b>IP Address</b>	Display the IP address of the device.
<b>User</b>	Display the users which connect to Vigor router currently. You can click the link under the username to open the user profile setting page for that user.
<b>Last Login Time</b>	Display the login time that such user connects to the router last time.
<b>Expired Time</b>	Display the expired time of the network connection for the user.
<b>Idle Time</b>	Display the idle timeout setting for such profile.
<b>Action</b>	<b>Block</b> - can prevent specified user accessing into Internet. <b>Unblock</b> - the user will be blocked. <b>Logout</b> - the user will be logged out forcefully.

## 3.7 Objects Settings

For IPs in a range and service ports in a limited range usually will be applied in configuring router's settings, therefore we can define them with *objects* and bind them with *groups* for using conveniently. Later, we can select that object/group that can apply it. For example, all the IPs in the same department can be defined with an IP object (a range of IP address).



### 3.7.1 IP Object

You can set up to 192 sets of IP Objects with different conditions.

[Objects Setting >> IP Object](#)

IP Object Profiles: [Set to Factory Default](#)

Index	Name	Index	Name
<a href="#">1.</a>		<a href="#">17.</a>	
<a href="#">2.</a>		<a href="#">18.</a>	
<a href="#">3.</a>		<a href="#">19.</a>	
<a href="#">4.</a>		<a href="#">20.</a>	
<a href="#">5.</a>		<a href="#">21.</a>	
<a href="#">6.</a>		<a href="#">22.</a>	
<a href="#">7.</a>		<a href="#">23.</a>	
<a href="#">8.</a>		<a href="#">24.</a>	
<a href="#">9.</a>		<a href="#">25.</a>	
<a href="#">10.</a>		<a href="#">26.</a>	
<a href="#">11.</a>		<a href="#">27.</a>	
<a href="#">12.</a>		<a href="#">28.</a>	
<a href="#">13.</a>		<a href="#">29.</a>	
<a href="#">14.</a>		<a href="#">30.</a>	
<a href="#">15.</a>		<a href="#">31.</a>	
<a href="#">16.</a>		<a href="#">32.</a>	

<< [1-32](#) | [33-64](#) | [65-96](#) | [97-128](#) | [129-160](#) | [161-192](#) >> [Next >>](#)

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Clear all profiles.
<b>Index</b>	Display the profile number that you can configure.
<b>Name</b>	Display the name of the object profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

**Objects Setting >> IP Object**

**IP Object Profiles:**

Index	Name	Ind
<a href="#">1.</a>		<a href="#">1</a>
<a href="#">2.</a>		<a href="#">1</a>
<a href="#">3.</a>		<a href="#">1</a>

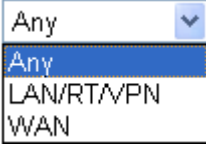
2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

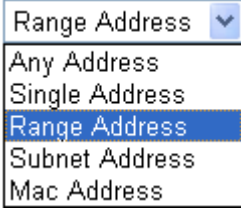
**Objects Setting >> IP Object**

**Profile Index : 11**

Name:	<input type="text" value="RD Department"/>
Interface:	<input type="text" value="Any"/>
Address Type:	<input type="text" value="Range Address"/>
Mac Address:	<input type="text" value="00 : 00 : 00 : 00 : 00 : 00"/>
Start IP Address:	<input type="text" value="192.168.1.65"/>
End IP Address:	<input type="text" value="192.168.1.69"/>
Subnet Mask:	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>
Invert Selection:	<input type="checkbox"/>

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Name</b>	Type a name for this profile. Maximum 15 characters are allowed.
<b>Interface</b>	<p>Choose a proper interface.</p>  <p>For example, the <b>Direction</b> setting in <b>Edit Filter Rule</b> will ask you specify IP or IP range for WAN or LAN/RT/VPN or any IP address. If you choose LAN/RT/VPN as the <b>Interface</b> here, and choose LAN/RT/VPN as the direction setting in <b>Edit Filter Rule</b>, then all the IP addresses specified with LAN/RT/VPN interface will be opened for you to choose in <b>Edit Filter Rule</b> page.</p>

<b>Address Type</b>	<p>Determine the address type for the IP address.  Select <b>Single Address</b> if this object contains one IP address only.  Select <b>Range Address</b> if this object contains several IPs within a range.  Select <b>Subnet Address</b> if this object contains one subnet for IP address.  Select <b>Any Address</b> if this object contains any IP address.  Select <b>Mac Address</b> if this object contains Mac address.</p> 
<b>MAC Address</b>	Type the MAC address of the network card which will be controlled.
<b>Start IP Address</b>	Type the start IP address for Single Address type.
<b>End IP Address</b>	Type the end IP address if the Range Address type is selected.
<b>Subnet Mask</b>	Type the subnet mask if the Subnet Address type is selected.
<b>Invert Selection</b>	If it is checked, all the IP addresses except the ones listed above will be applied later while it is chosen.

- After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

#### Objects Setting >> IP Object

##### IP Object Profiles:

Index	Name	Index
<u>1.</u>	RD Department	<u>17.</u>
<u>2.</u>	Financial Dept.	<u>18.</u>
<u>3.</u>	HR Department	<u>19.</u>
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>



### 3.7.2 IP Group

This page allows you to bind several IP objects into one IP group.

[Objects Setting >> IP Group](#)

IP Group Table: [Set to Factory Default](#)

Index	Name	Index	Name
<a href="#">1.</a>		<a href="#">17.</a>	
<a href="#">2.</a>		<a href="#">18.</a>	
<a href="#">3.</a>		<a href="#">19.</a>	
<a href="#">4.</a>		<a href="#">20.</a>	
<a href="#">5.</a>		<a href="#">21.</a>	
<a href="#">6.</a>		<a href="#">22.</a>	
<a href="#">7.</a>		<a href="#">23.</a>	
<a href="#">8.</a>		<a href="#">24.</a>	
<a href="#">9.</a>		<a href="#">25.</a>	
<a href="#">10.</a>		<a href="#">26.</a>	
<a href="#">11.</a>		<a href="#">27.</a>	
<a href="#">12.</a>		<a href="#">28.</a>	
<a href="#">13.</a>		<a href="#">29.</a>	
<a href="#">14.</a>		<a href="#">30.</a>	
<a href="#">15.</a>		<a href="#">31.</a>	
<a href="#">16.</a>		<a href="#">32.</a>	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Clear all profiles.
<b>Index</b>	Display the profile number that you can configure.
<b>Name</b>	Display the name of the group profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

[Objects Setting >> IP Group](#)

IP Group Table:

Index	Name	Index	Name
<a href="#">1.</a>			
<a href="#">2.</a>			
<a href="#">3.</a>			

- The configuration page will be shown as follows:

Objects Setting >> IP Group

**Profile Index : 1**

Name:

Interface:

**Available IP Objects**

1-RD Department  
2-Financial Dept.  
3-HR Department

**Selected IP Objects**

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Name</b>	Type a name for this profile. Maximum 15 characters are allowed.
<b>Interface</b>	Choose WAN, LAN or Any to display all the available IP objects with the specified interface.
<b>Available IP Objects</b>	All the available IP objects with the specified interface chosen above will be shown in this box.
<b>Selected IP Objects</b>	Click >> button to add the selected IP objects in this box.

- After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

Objects Setting >> IP Group

IP Group Table: [Set to Factory Default](#)

Index	Name	Index	Name
<a href="#">1.</a>	Administration	<a href="#">17.</a>	
<a href="#">2.</a>		<a href="#">18.</a>	
<a href="#">3.</a>		<a href="#">19.</a>	

### 3.7.3 IPv6 Object

You can set up to 64 sets of IPv6 Objects with different conditions.

[Objects Setting >> IPv6 Object](#)

IPv6 Object Profiles: [Set to Factory Default](#)

Index	Name	Index	Name
<a href="#">1.</a>		<a href="#">17.</a>	
<a href="#">2.</a>		<a href="#">18.</a>	
<a href="#">3.</a>		<a href="#">19.</a>	
<a href="#">4.</a>		<a href="#">20.</a>	
<a href="#">5.</a>		<a href="#">21.</a>	
<a href="#">6.</a>		<a href="#">22.</a>	
<a href="#">7.</a>		<a href="#">23.</a>	
<a href="#">8.</a>		<a href="#">24.</a>	
<a href="#">9.</a>		<a href="#">25.</a>	
<a href="#">10.</a>		<a href="#">26.</a>	
<a href="#">11.</a>		<a href="#">27.</a>	
<a href="#">12.</a>		<a href="#">28.</a>	
<a href="#">13.</a>		<a href="#">29.</a>	
<a href="#">14.</a>		<a href="#">30.</a>	
<a href="#">15.</a>		<a href="#">31.</a>	
<a href="#">16.</a>		<a href="#">32.</a>	

<< [1-32](#) | [33-64](#) >> [Next](#) >>

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Clear all profiles.
<b>Index</b>	Display the profile number that you can configure.
<b>Name</b>	Display the name of the object profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

[Objects Setting >> IPv6 Object](#)

IPv6 Object Profiles:

Index	Name
<a href="#">1.</a>	
<a href="#">2.</a>	
<a href="#">3.</a>	

2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

Profile Index : 1

Name:	<input type="text"/>
Address Type:	Subnet Address <input type="button" value="v"/>
Mac Address:	<input type="text" value="00:00:00:00:00:00"/>
Start IP Address:	<input type="text"/>
End IP Address:	<input type="text"/>
Prefix Len:	<input type="text"/>
Invert Selection:	<input type="checkbox"/>

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Name</b>	Type a name for this profile. Maximum 15 characters are allowed.
<b>Address Type</b>	<p>Determine the address type for the IPv6 address.</p> <p>Select <b>Single Address</b> if this object contains one IPv6 address only.</p> <p>Select <b>Range Address</b> if this object contains several IPv6s within a range.</p> <p>Select <b>Subnet Address</b> if this object contains one subnet for IPv6 address.</p> <p>Select <b>Any Address</b> if this object contains any IPv6 address.</p> <p>Select <b>Mac Address</b> if this object contains Mac address.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-top: 5px;"> <p>Range Address <input type="button" value="v"/></p> <p>Any Address</p> <p>Single Address</p> <p style="background-color: #e0e0e0;">Range Address</p> <p>Subnet Address</p> <p>Mac Address</p> </div>
<b>MAC Address</b>	Type the MAC address of the network card which will be controlled.
<b>Start IP Address</b>	Type the start IP address for Single Address type.
<b>End IP Address</b>	Type the end IP address if the Range Address type is selected.
<b>Subnet Mask</b>	Type the subnet mask if the Subnet Address type is selected.
<b>Invert Selection</b>	If it is checked, all the IPv6 addresses except the ones listed above will be applied later while it is chosen.

- After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

### 3.7.4 IPv6 Group

This page allows you to bind several IPv6 objects into one IPv6 group.

[Objects Setting >> IP Group](#)

IPv6 Group Table: [Set to Factory Default](#)

Index	Name	Index	Name
<a href="#">1.</a>		<a href="#">17.</a>	
<a href="#">2.</a>		<a href="#">18.</a>	
<a href="#">3.</a>		<a href="#">19.</a>	
<a href="#">4.</a>		<a href="#">20.</a>	
<a href="#">5.</a>		<a href="#">21.</a>	
<a href="#">6.</a>		<a href="#">22.</a>	
<a href="#">7.</a>		<a href="#">23.</a>	
<a href="#">8.</a>		<a href="#">24.</a>	
<a href="#">9.</a>		<a href="#">25.</a>	
<a href="#">10.</a>		<a href="#">26.</a>	
<a href="#">11.</a>		<a href="#">27.</a>	
<a href="#">12.</a>		<a href="#">28.</a>	
<a href="#">13.</a>		<a href="#">29.</a>	
<a href="#">14.</a>		<a href="#">30.</a>	
<a href="#">15.</a>		<a href="#">31.</a>	
<a href="#">16.</a>		<a href="#">32.</a>	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Clear all profiles.
<b>Index</b>	Display the profile number that you can configure.
<b>Name</b>	Display the name of the group profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

[Objects Setting >> IP Group](#)

IPv6 Group Table:

Index	Name
<a href="#">1.</a>	
<a href="#">2.</a>	

- The configuration page will be shown as follows:

Objects Setting >> IPv6 Group

---

Profile Index : 1

Name:

**Available IPv6 Objects**

1-v6\_ob\_1

>>

<<

**Selected IPv6 Objects**

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Name</b>	Type a name for this profile. Maximum 15 characters are allowed.
<b>Available IPv6 Objects</b>	All the available IPv6 objects with the specified interface chosen above will be shown in this box.
<b>Selected IPv6 Objects</b>	Click >> button to add the selected IPv6 objects in this box.

- After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

Objects Setting >> IP Group

---

IPv6 Group Table: [Set to Factory Default](#)

Index	Name	Index	Name
1.	v6_group1	17.	
2.		18.	
3.		19.	
4.		20.	

### 3.7.5 Service Type Object

You can set up to 96 sets of Service Type Objects with different conditions.

[Objects Setting >> Service Type Object](#)

**Service Type Object Profiles:** | [Set to Factory Default](#) |

Index	Name	Index	Name
<a href="#">1.</a>		<a href="#">17.</a>	
<a href="#">2.</a>		<a href="#">18.</a>	
<a href="#">3.</a>		<a href="#">19.</a>	
<a href="#">4.</a>		<a href="#">20.</a>	
<a href="#">5.</a>		<a href="#">21.</a>	
<a href="#">6.</a>		<a href="#">22.</a>	
<a href="#">7.</a>		<a href="#">23.</a>	
<a href="#">8.</a>		<a href="#">24.</a>	
<a href="#">9.</a>		<a href="#">25.</a>	
<a href="#">10.</a>		<a href="#">26.</a>	
<a href="#">11.</a>		<a href="#">27.</a>	
<a href="#">12.</a>		<a href="#">28.</a>	
<a href="#">13.</a>		<a href="#">29.</a>	
<a href="#">14.</a>		<a href="#">30.</a>	
<a href="#">15.</a>		<a href="#">31.</a>	
<a href="#">16.</a>		<a href="#">32.</a>	

<< [1-32](#) | [33-64](#) | [65-96](#) >> [Next](#) >>

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Clear all profiles.
<b>Index</b>	Display the profile number that you can configure.
<b>Name</b>	Display the name of the object profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

[Objects Setting >> Service Type Object](#)

**Service Type Object Profiles:**

Index	Name
<a href="#">1.</a>	
<a href="#">2.</a>	

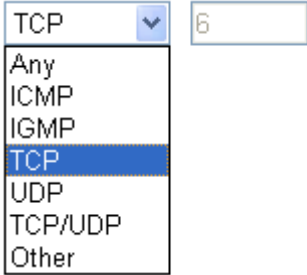
2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

Objects Setting >> Service Type Object Setup

Profile Index : 1

Name	WWW	
Protocol	TCP	6
Source Port	=	1 ~ 65535
Destination Port	=	80 ~ 80

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Name</b>	Type a name for this profile.
<b>Protocol</b>	Specify the protocol(s) which this profile will apply to. 
<b>Source/Destination Port</b>	<p><b>Source Port</b> and the <b>Destination Port</b> column are available for TCP/UDP protocol. It can be ignored for other protocols. The filter rule will filter out any port number.</p> <p>(=) – when the first and last value are the same, it indicates one port; when the first and last values are different, it indicates a range for the port and available for this profile.</p> <p>(!=) – when the first and last value are the same, it indicates all the ports except the port defined here; when the first and last values are different, it indicates that all the ports except the range defined here are available for this service type.</p> <p>(&gt;) – the port number greater than this value is available.</p> <p>(&lt;) – the port number less than this value is available for this profile.</p>

- After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

**Service Type Object Profiles:**

Index	Name
<u>1.</u>	SIP
<u>2.</u>	RTP
<u>3.</u>	



### 3.7.6 Service Type Group

This page allows you to bind several service types into one group.

[Objects Setting >> Service Type Group](#)

Service Type Group Table: [Set to Factory Default](#)

Group	Name	Group	Name
<a href="#">1.</a>		<a href="#">17.</a>	
<a href="#">2.</a>		<a href="#">18.</a>	
<a href="#">3.</a>		<a href="#">19.</a>	
<a href="#">4.</a>		<a href="#">20.</a>	
<a href="#">5.</a>		<a href="#">21.</a>	
<a href="#">6.</a>		<a href="#">22.</a>	
<a href="#">7.</a>		<a href="#">23.</a>	
<a href="#">8.</a>		<a href="#">24.</a>	
<a href="#">9.</a>		<a href="#">25.</a>	
<a href="#">10.</a>		<a href="#">26.</a>	
<a href="#">11.</a>		<a href="#">27.</a>	
<a href="#">12.</a>		<a href="#">28.</a>	
<a href="#">13.</a>		<a href="#">29.</a>	
<a href="#">14.</a>		<a href="#">30.</a>	
<a href="#">15.</a>		<a href="#">31.</a>	
<a href="#">16.</a>		<a href="#">32.</a>	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Clear all profiles.
<b>Index</b>	Display the profile number that you can configure.
<b>Name</b>	Display the name of the group profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Group column for configuration in details.

[Objects Setting >> Service Type Group](#)

Service Type Group Table:

Group	Name
<a href="#">1.</a>	
<a href="#">2.</a>	
<a href="#">3.</a>	

- The configuration page will be shown as follows:

**Objects Setting >> Service Type Group Setup**

**Profile Index : 1**

Name:

**Available Service Type Objects**

1-SIP  
2-RTP

**Selected Service Type Objects**

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Name</b>	Type a name for this profile.
<b>Available Service Type Objects</b>	All the available service objects that you have added on <b>Objects Setting&gt;&gt;Service Type Object</b> will be shown in this box.
<b>Selected Service Type Objects</b>	Click >> button to add the selected IP objects in this box.

- After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

**Objects Setting >> Service Type Group**

**Service Type Group Table:** | [Set to Factory Default](#) |

Group	Name	Group	Name
<u>1.</u>	VoIP	<u>17.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>19.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>	

### 3.7.7 Keyword Object

You can set 200 keyword object profiles for choosing as black /white list in **CSM >>URL Web Content Filter Profile**.

[Objects Setting >> Keyword Object](#)

Keyword Object Profiles: [Set to Factory Default](#)

Index	Name	Index	Name
<a href="#">1.</a>		<a href="#">17.</a>	
<a href="#">2.</a>		<a href="#">18.</a>	
<a href="#">3.</a>		<a href="#">19.</a>	
<a href="#">4.</a>		<a href="#">20.</a>	
<a href="#">5.</a>		<a href="#">21.</a>	
<a href="#">6.</a>		<a href="#">22.</a>	
<a href="#">7.</a>		<a href="#">23.</a>	
<a href="#">8.</a>		<a href="#">24.</a>	
<a href="#">9.</a>		<a href="#">25.</a>	
<a href="#">10.</a>		<a href="#">26.</a>	
<a href="#">11.</a>		<a href="#">27.</a>	
<a href="#">12.</a>		<a href="#">28.</a>	
<a href="#">13.</a>		<a href="#">29.</a>	
<a href="#">14.</a>		<a href="#">30.</a>	
<a href="#">15.</a>		<a href="#">31.</a>	
<a href="#">16.</a>		<a href="#">32.</a>	

<< [1-32](#) | [33-64](#) | [65-96](#) | [97-128](#) | [129-160](#) | [161-192](#) | [193-200](#) >> [Next](#) >>

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Clear all profiles.
<b>Index</b>	Display the profile number that you can configure.
<b>Name</b>	Display the name of the object profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

[Objects Setting >> Keyword Object](#)

Keyword Object Profiles:

Index	Name
<a href="#">1.</a>	
<a href="#">2.</a>	
<a href="#">3.</a>	

2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

Objects Setting >> Keyword Object Setup

Profile Index : 1

Name	<input type="text"/>
Contents	<input type="text"/>

**Limit of Contents:** Max 3 Words and 63 Characters.  
Each word should be separated by a single space.

You can replace a character with %HEX.  
Example:  
Contents: backdoo%72 virus keep%20out

Result:  
1. backdoor  
2. virus  
3. keep out

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Name</b>	Type a name for this profile, e.g., game.
<b>Contents</b>	Type the content for such profile. For example, type <i>gambling</i> as Contents. When you browse the webpage, the page with gambling information will be watched out and be passed/blocked based on the configuration on Firewall settings.

3. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

Objects Setting >> Keyword Object

Keyword Object Profiles: | [Set to Factory Default](#) |

Index	Name	Index	Name
<a href="#">1.</a>	Keyword-1	<a href="#">17.</a>	
<a href="#">2.</a>	Keyword-2	<a href="#">18.</a>	
<a href="#">3.</a>		<a href="#">19.</a>	
<a href="#">4.</a>		<a href="#">20.</a>	

### 3.7.8 Keyword Group

This page allows you to bind several keyword objects into one group. The keyword groups set here will be chosen as black /white list in **CSM >>URL /Web Content Filter Profile**.

[Objects Setting >> Keyword Group](#)

Keyword Group Table: [| Set to Factory Default |](#)

Index	Name	Index	Name
<a href="#">1.</a>		<a href="#">17.</a>	
<a href="#">2.</a>		<a href="#">18.</a>	
<a href="#">3.</a>		<a href="#">19.</a>	
<a href="#">4.</a>		<a href="#">20.</a>	
<a href="#">5.</a>		<a href="#">21.</a>	
<a href="#">6.</a>		<a href="#">22.</a>	
<a href="#">7.</a>		<a href="#">23.</a>	
<a href="#">8.</a>		<a href="#">24.</a>	
<a href="#">9.</a>		<a href="#">25.</a>	
<a href="#">10.</a>		<a href="#">26.</a>	
<a href="#">11.</a>		<a href="#">27.</a>	
<a href="#">12.</a>		<a href="#">28.</a>	
<a href="#">13.</a>		<a href="#">29.</a>	
<a href="#">14.</a>		<a href="#">30.</a>	
<a href="#">15.</a>		<a href="#">31.</a>	
<a href="#">16.</a>		<a href="#">32.</a>	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Clear all profiles.
<b>Index</b>	Display the profile number that you can configure.
<b>Name</b>	Display the name of the group profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

[Objects Setting >> Keyword Group](#)

Keyword Group Table:

Index	Name
<a href="#">1.</a>	
<a href="#">2.</a>	
<a href="#">3.</a>	
<a href="#">4.</a>	

- The configuration page will be shown as follows:

Objects Setting >> Keyword Group Setup

**Profile Index : 1**

Name:

**Available Keyword Objects**

- 1-Keyword-1
- 2-Keyword-2

>>

<<

**Selected Keyword Objects(Max 16 Objects)**

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Name</b>	Type a name for this group.
<b>Available Keyword Objects</b>	You can gather keyword objects from <b>Keyword Object</b> page within one keyword group. All the available Keyword objects that you have created will be shown in this box.
<b>Selected Keyword Objects</b>	Click <input type="button" value="&gt;&gt;"/> button to add the selected Keyword objects in this box.

- After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

Objects Setting >> Keyword Group

**Keyword Group Table:** [Set to Factory Default](#)

Index	Name	Index	Name
<a href="#">1.</a>	night	<a href="#">17.</a>	
<a href="#">2.</a>		<a href="#">18.</a>	
<a href="#">3.</a>		<a href="#">19.</a>	
<a href="#">4.</a>		<a href="#">20.</a>	
<a href="#">5.</a>		<a href="#">21.</a>	
<a href="#">6.</a>		<a href="#">22.</a>	

### 3.7.9 File Extension Object

This page allows you to set eight profiles which will be applied in **CSM>>URL Content Filter**. All the files with the extension names specified in these profiles will be processed according to the chosen action.

[Objects Setting >> File Extension Object](#)

**File Extension Object Profiles:** | [Set to Factory Default](#) |

Profile	Name	Profile	Name
<a href="#">1.</a>		<a href="#">5.</a>	
<a href="#">2.</a>		<a href="#">6.</a>	
<a href="#">3.</a>		<a href="#">7.</a>	
<a href="#">4.</a>		<a href="#">8.</a>	

Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Clear all of the settings and return to factory default settings.
<b>Index</b>	Display the profile number that you can configure.
<b>Name</b>	Display the name of the object profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Profile column for configuration in details.

[Objects Setting >> File Extension Object](#)

**File Extension Object Profiles:**

Profile	Name
<a href="#">1.</a>	
<a href="#">2.</a>	

- The configuration page will be shown as follows:

Objects Setting >> File Extension Object Setup

Profile Index: 1      Profile Name:

Categories	File Extensions
<b>Image</b> <input type="button" value="Select All"/> <input type="button" value="Clear All"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> .bmp <input type="checkbox"/> .dib <input type="checkbox"/> .gif <input type="checkbox"/> .jpeg <input type="checkbox"/> .jpg <input type="checkbox"/> .jpg2 <input type="checkbox"/> .jp2 <input type="checkbox"/> .pct <input type="checkbox"/> .pcx <input type="checkbox"/> .pic <input type="checkbox"/> .pict <input type="checkbox"/> .png <input type="checkbox"/> .tif <input type="checkbox"/> .tiff
<b>Video</b> <input type="button" value="Select All"/> <input type="button" value="Clear All"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> .asf <input type="checkbox"/> .avi <input type="checkbox"/> .mov <input type="checkbox"/> .mpe <input type="checkbox"/> .mpeg <input type="checkbox"/> .mpg <input type="checkbox"/> .mp4 <input type="checkbox"/> .qt <input type="checkbox"/> .rm <input type="checkbox"/> .wmv <input type="checkbox"/> .3gp <input type="checkbox"/> .3gpp <input type="checkbox"/> .3gpp2 <input type="checkbox"/> .3g2
<b>Audio</b> <input type="button" value="Select All"/> <input type="button" value="Clear All"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> .aac <input type="checkbox"/> .aiff <input type="checkbox"/> .au <input type="checkbox"/> .mp3 <input type="checkbox"/> .m4a <input type="checkbox"/> .m4p <input type="checkbox"/> .ogg <input type="checkbox"/> .ra <input type="checkbox"/> .ram <input type="checkbox"/> .vox <input type="checkbox"/> .wav <input type="checkbox"/> .wma
<b>Java</b> <input type="button" value="Select All"/> <input type="button" value="Clear All"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> .class <input type="checkbox"/> .jad <input type="checkbox"/> .jar <input type="checkbox"/> .jav <input type="checkbox"/> .java <input type="checkbox"/> .jcm <input type="checkbox"/> .js <input type="checkbox"/> .jse <input type="checkbox"/> .jsp <input type="checkbox"/> .jtk
<b>ActiveX</b> <input type="button" value="Select All"/> <input type="button" value="Clear All"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> .alx <input type="checkbox"/> .apb <input type="checkbox"/> .axs <input type="checkbox"/> .ocx <input type="checkbox"/> .olb <input type="checkbox"/> .ole <input type="checkbox"/> .tlb <input type="checkbox"/> .viv <input type="checkbox"/> .vrm
<b>Compression</b> <input type="button" value="Select All"/> <input type="button" value="Clear All"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> .ace <input type="checkbox"/> .arj <input type="checkbox"/> .bzip2 <input type="checkbox"/> .bz2 <input type="checkbox"/> .cab <input type="checkbox"/> .gz <input type="checkbox"/> .gzip <input type="checkbox"/> .rar <input type="checkbox"/> .sit <input type="checkbox"/> .zip
<b>Execution</b> <input type="button" value="Select All"/> <input type="button" value="Clear All"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> .bas <input type="checkbox"/> .bat <input type="checkbox"/> .com <input type="checkbox"/> .exe <input type="checkbox"/> .inf <input type="checkbox"/> .pif <input type="checkbox"/> .reg <input type="checkbox"/> .scr

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Profile Name	Type a name for this profile.

- Type a name for such profile and check all the items of file extension that will be processed in the router.
- After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

Objects Setting >> File Extension Object

File Extension Object Profiles: [Set to Factory Default](#)

Profile	Name	Profile	Name
<a href="#">1.</a>	game	<a href="#">5.</a>	
<a href="#">2.</a>		<a href="#">6.</a>	
<a href="#">3.</a>		<a href="#">7.</a>	
<a href="#">4.</a>		<a href="#">8.</a>	



### 3.7.10 SMS/Mail Service Object

#### SMS Service Object

This page allows you to set ten profiles which will be applied in **Application>>SMS/Mail Alert Service**.

[Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object](#)

SMS Provider		Mail Server	<a href="#">Set to Factory Default</a>
Index	Profile Name	SMS Provider	
<a href="#">1.</a>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)	
<a href="#">2.</a>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)	
<a href="#">3.</a>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)	
<a href="#">4.</a>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)	
<a href="#">5.</a>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)	
<a href="#">6.</a>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)	
<a href="#">7.</a>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)	
<a href="#">8.</a>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)	
<a href="#">9.</a>	Custom 1		
<a href="#">10.</a>	Custom 2		

Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Clear all of the settings and return to factory default settings.
<b>Index</b>	Display the profile number that you can configure.
<b>Profile</b>	Display the name for such SMS profile.
<b>SMS Provider</b>	Display the service provider which offers SMS service.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Click the **SMS Provider** tab, and click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

[Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object](#)

SMS Provider		Mail Server
Index	Profile Name	
<a href="#">1.</a>		
<a href="#">2.</a>		
<a href="#">3.</a>		

- The configuration page will be shown as follows:

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

Profile Index: 1

Profile Name	<input type="text" value="Line_down"/>
Service Provider	<input type="text" value="kotsms.com.tw (TW)"/>
Username	<input type="text" value="line1"/>
Password	<input type="password" value="****"/>
Quota	<input type="text" value="10"/>
Sending Interval	<input type="text" value="3"/> (seconds)

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Profile Name</b>	Type a name for such SMS profile.
<b>Service Provider</b>	Use the drop down list to specify the service provider which offers SMS service.
<b>Username</b>	Type a user name that the sender can use to register to selected SMS provider.
<b>Password</b>	Type a password that the sender can use to register to selected SMS provider.
<b>Quota</b>	Type the number of the credit that you purchase from the service provider chosen above. Note that one credit equals to one SMS text message on the standard route.
<b>Sending Interval</b>	To avoid quota being exhausted soon, type time interval for sending the SMS.

- After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

SMS Provider	Mail Server	
		<a href="#">Set to Factory Default</a>
<b>Index</b>	<b>Profile Name</b>	<b>SMS Provider</b>
1.	Line_down	kotsms.com.tw (TW)
2.		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
3.		kotsms.com.tw (TW)

## Customized SMS Service

Vigor router offers several SMS service provider to offer the SMS service. However, if your service provider cannot be found from the service provider list, simply use Index 9 and Index 10 to make customized SMS service. The profile name for Index 9 and Index 10 are fixed.

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

SMS Provider	Mail Server	<a href="#">Set to Factory Default</a>
<b>Index</b>	<b>Profile Name</b>	<b>SMS Provider</b>
<a href="#">1.</a>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<a href="#">2.</a>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<a href="#">3.</a>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<a href="#">4.</a>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<a href="#">5.</a>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<a href="#">6.</a>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<a href="#">7.</a>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<a href="#">8.</a>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<a href="#">9.</a>	Custom 1	
<a href="#">10.</a>	Custom 2	

You can click the number (e.g., #9) under Index column for configuration in details.

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

Profile Index: 9

Profile Name	<input type="text" value="Custom 1"/>
Service Provider	<input type="text"/>
<div style="border: 1px solid black; height: 40px; width: 100%;"></div>	
<p>Please contact with your SMS provide to get the exact URL String            eg: bulksms.vsms.net:5567/eapi/submission/send_sms/2/2.0?username=###txtUser###            &amp;password=###txtPwd###&amp;msisdn=###txtDest###&amp;message=###txtMsg###</p>	
Username	<input type="text"/>
Password	<input type="text"/>
Quota	<input type="text" value="10"/>
Sending Interval	<input type="text" value="3"/> (seconds)

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Profile Name</b>	Display the name of this profile. It cannot be modified.
<b>Service Provider</b>	Type the website of the service provider. Type the URL string in the box under the filed of Service Provider. You have to contact your SMS provider to obtain the exact URL string.

<b>Username</b>	Type a user name that the sender can use to register to selected SMS provider.
<b>Password</b>	Type a password that the sender can use to register to selected SMS provider.
<b>Quota</b>	Type the total number of the messages that the router will send out.
<b>Sending Interval</b>	Type the shortest time interval for the system to send SMS.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

## Mail Service Object

This page allows you to set ten profiles which will be applied in **Application>>SMS/Mail Alert Service**.

[Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object](#)

SMS Provider	Mail Server	<a href="#">Set to Factory Default</a>
<b>Index</b>	<b>Profile Name</b>	
<a href="#">1.</a>		
<a href="#">2.</a>		
<a href="#">3.</a>		
<a href="#">4.</a>		
<a href="#">5.</a>		
<a href="#">6.</a>		
<a href="#">7.</a>		
<a href="#">8.</a>		
<a href="#">9.</a>		
<a href="#">10.</a>		

Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Clear all of the settings and return to factory default settings.
<b>Index</b>	Display the profile number that you can configure.
<b>Profile</b>	Display the name for such mail server profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Click the **Mail Server** tab, and click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

**Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object**

SMS Provider		Mail Server	
Index			Prd
<a href="#">1.</a>			
<a href="#">2.</a>			
<a href="#">3.</a>			
<a href="#">4.</a>			

2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

**Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object**

**Profile Index: 1**

Profile Name	<input type="text" value="Mail_notify"/>
SMTP Server	<input type="text" value="192.168.1.98"/>
SMTP Port	<input type="text" value="465"/>
Sender Address	<input type="text" value="carrie@draytek.com"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Use SSL	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <b>Authentication</b>	
Username	<input type="text" value="John"/>
Password	<input type="password" value="*****"/>
Sending Interval	<input type="text" value="0"/> (seconds)

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Profile Name</b>	Type a name for such mail service profile.
<b>SMTP Server</b>	Type the IP address of the mail server.
<b>SMTP Port</b>	Type the port number for SMTP server.
<b>Sender Address</b>	Type the e-mail address of the sender.
<b>Use SSL</b>	Check this box to use port 465 for SMTP server for some e-mail server uses https as the transmission method.
<b>Authentication</b>	<p>The mail server must be authenticated with the correct username and password to have the right of sending message out. Check the box to enable the function.</p> <p><b>Username</b> – Type a name for authentication.</p> <p><b>Password</b> – Type a password for authentication.</p>
<b>Sending Interval</b>	Define the interval for the system to send the SMS out.

- After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

SMS Provider		Mail Server		Set to Factory Default	
Index		Profile Name			
1.		Mail_Notify			
2.					
3.					
4.					

### 3.7.11 Notification Object

This page allows you to set ten profiles which will be applied in **Application>>SMS/Mail Alert Service**.

You can set an object with different monitoring situation.

Object Settings >> Notification Object

			Set to Factory Default		
Index	Profile Name		Settings		
1.					
2.					
3.					
4.					
5.					
6.					
7.					
8.					

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

- Open **Object Setting>>Notification Object**, and click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

Object Settings >> Notification Object

Index	Profile Name
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	

- The configuration page will be shown as follows:

Object Settings >> Notification Object

Profile Index: 1

Profile Name	Notify_attack	
<b>Category</b>	<b>Status</b>	
WAN	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Disconnected	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Reconnected
VPN Tunnel	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Disconnected	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Reconnected

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Profile Name</b>	Type a name for such notification profile.
<b>Category</b>	Display the types that will be monitored.
<b>Status</b>	Display the status for the category. You can check the box you want to be monitored.

- After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

Object Settings >> Notification Object

<a href="#">Set to Factory Default</a>		
Index	Profile Name	Settings
<u>1.</u>	Notify_attack	WAN
<u>2.</u>		
<u>3.</u>		
<u>4.</u>		

## 3.8 CSM Profile

### **Content Security Management (CSM)**

**CSM** is an abbreviation of **Content Security Management** which is used to control IM/P2P usage, filter the web content and URL content to reach a goal of security management.

### **APP Enforcement Filter**

As the popularity of all kinds of instant messenger application arises, communication cannot become much easier. Nevertheless, while some industry may leverage this as a great tool to connect with their customers, some industry may take reserve attitude in order to reduce employee misuse during office hour or prevent unknown security leak. It is similar situation for corporation towards peer-to-peer applications since file-sharing can be convenient but insecure at the same time. To address these needs, we provide CSM functionality.

### **URL Content Filter**

To provide an appropriate cyberspace to users, Vigor router equips with **URL Content Filter** not only to limit illegal traffic from/to the inappropriate web sites but also prohibit other web feature where malicious code may conceal.

Once a user type in or click on an URL with objectionable keywords, URL keyword blocking facility will decline the HTTP request to that web page thus can limit user's access to the website. You may imagine **URL Content Filter** as a well-trained convenience-store clerk who won't sell adult magazines to teenagers. At office, **URL Content Filter** can also provide a job-related only environment hence to increase the employee work efficiency. How can URL Content Filter work better than traditional firewall in the field of filtering? Because it checks the URL strings or some of HTTP data hiding in the payload of TCP packets while legacy firewall inspects packets based on the fields of TCP/IP headers only.

On the other hand, Vigor router can prevent user from accidentally downloading malicious codes from web pages. It's very common that malicious codes conceal in the executable objects, such as ActiveX, Java Applet, compressed files, and other executable files. Once downloading these types of files from websites, you may risk bringing threat to your system. For example, an ActiveX control object is usually used for providing interactive web feature. If malicious code hides inside, it may occupy user's system.

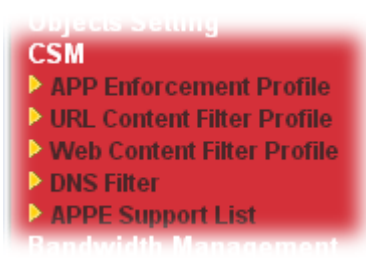
### **Web Content Filter**

We all know that the content on the Internet just like other types of media may be inappropriate sometimes. As a responsible parent or employer, you should protect those in your trust against the hazards. With Web filtering service of the Vigor router, you can protect your business from common primary threats, such as productivity, legal liability, network and security threats. For parents, you can protect your children from viewing adult websites or chat rooms.

Once you have activated your Web Filtering service in Vigor router and chosen the categories of website you wish to restrict, each URL address requested (e.g. www.bbc.co.uk) will be checked against our server database. This database is updated as frequent as daily by a global team of Internet researchers. The server will look up the URL and return a category to your router. Your Vigor router will then decide whether to allow access to this site according to the categories you have selected. Please note that this action will not introduce any delay in your Web surfing because each of multiple load balanced database servers can handle millions of requests for categorization.

<b>Note:</b> The priority of URL Content Filter is higher than Web Content Filter.
--





### 3.8.1 APP Enforcement Profile

You can define policy profiles for IM (Instant Messenger)/P2P (Peer to Peer)/Protocol/OTHERS application. This page allows you to set 32 profiles for different requirements. The APP Enforcement Profile will be applied in **Default Rule** of **Firewall>>General Setup** for filtering.

CSM >> APP Enforcement Profile

APP Enforcement Profile Table:

[Set to Factory Default](#)

Profile	Name	Profile	Name
<a href="#">1.</a>		<a href="#">17.</a>	
<a href="#">2.</a>		<a href="#">18.</a>	
<a href="#">3.</a>		<a href="#">19.</a>	
<a href="#">4.</a>		<a href="#">20.</a>	
<a href="#">5.</a>		<a href="#">21.</a>	
<a href="#">6.</a>		<a href="#">22.</a>	
<a href="#">7.</a>		<a href="#">23.</a>	
<a href="#">8.</a>		<a href="#">24.</a>	
<a href="#">9.</a>		<a href="#">25.</a>	
<a href="#">10.</a>		<a href="#">26.</a>	
<a href="#">11.</a>		<a href="#">27.</a>	
<a href="#">12.</a>		<a href="#">28.</a>	
<a href="#">13.</a>		<a href="#">29.</a>	
<a href="#">14.</a>		<a href="#">30.</a>	
<a href="#">15.</a>		<a href="#">31.</a>	
<a href="#">16.</a>		<a href="#">32.</a>	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Clear all profiles.
<b>Profile</b>	Display the number of the profile which allows you to click to set different policy.
<b>Name</b>	Display the name of the APP Enforcement Profile.

Click the number under Index column for settings in detail.

There are four tabs IM, P2P, Protocol and Misc displayed on this page. Each tab will bring out different items that you can choose to disallow people using.

Below shows the items which are categorized under **Protocol**.

CSM >> APP Enforcement Profile

Profile Index : 1 Profile Name:

IM	P2P	PROTOCOL	OTHERS
<input type="button" value="Select All"/>	<input type="button" value="Clear All"/>	<a href="#">Support List</a>	
Action : <input type="button" value="Block"/>			
<b>Protocol</b>			
<input type="checkbox"/> DNS	<input type="checkbox"/> FTP	<input type="checkbox"/> HTTP	<input type="checkbox"/> IMAP
<input type="checkbox"/> NNTP	<input type="checkbox"/> POP3	<input type="checkbox"/> SMB	<input type="checkbox"/> SMTP
<input type="checkbox"/> SSH	<input type="checkbox"/> SSL/TLS	<input type="checkbox"/> TELNET	<input type="checkbox"/> MSSQL
<input type="checkbox"/> Oracle	<input type="checkbox"/> PostgreSQL	<input type="checkbox"/> Sybase	<input type="checkbox"/> DB2
			<input type="checkbox"/> IRC
			<input type="checkbox"/> SNMP
			<input type="checkbox"/> MySQL
			<input type="checkbox"/> Informix

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Profile Name</b>	Type a name for the CSM profile.
<b>Select All</b>	Click it to choose all of the items in this page.
<b>Clear All</b>	Uncheck all the selected boxes.
<b>Support List</b>	Display the all the information (name, version and note) about IM, P2P, Protocol and others applications that Vigor router supports for APPE function.
<b>Action</b>	<p><b>Block</b> – Block all the packets passing with the settings configured in this page.</p> <p><b>Pass</b> – Pass all the packets with the settings configured in this page.</p>

The profiles configured here can be applied in the **Firewall>>General Setup** and **Firewall>>Filter Setup** pages as the standard for the host(s) to follow.

The items categorized under **P2P** -----

CSM >> APP Enforcement Profile

Profile Index : 1 Profile Name:

IM	P2P	PROTOCOL	OTHERS
<input type="button" value="Select All"/>	<input type="button" value="Clear All"/>	<a href="#">Support List</a>	
<b>Protocol</b>		<b>Applications</b>	
<input type="checkbox"/> SoulSeek	<input type="checkbox"/> SoulSeek		
<input type="checkbox"/> eDonkey	<input type="checkbox"/> eDonkey, eMule, Shareaza		
<input type="checkbox"/> FastTrack	<input type="checkbox"/> KazaA, BearShare, iMesh		
<input type="checkbox"/> OpenFT	<input type="checkbox"/> KCeasy, FilePipe		
<input type="checkbox"/> Gnutella	<input type="checkbox"/> BearShare, Limewire, Shareaza, Foxy, KCeasy		
<input type="checkbox"/> OpenNap	<input type="checkbox"/> Lopster, XNap, WinLop		
<input type="checkbox"/> BitTorrent	<input type="checkbox"/> BitTorrent, BitSpirit, BitComet		
<b>Other P2P Applications</b>			
<input type="checkbox"/> Xunlei	<input type="checkbox"/> Vagaa	<input type="checkbox"/> PP365	<input type="checkbox"/> POCO
<input type="checkbox"/> Ares	<input type="checkbox"/> ezPeer	<input type="checkbox"/> Pando	<input type="checkbox"/> Huntmine
			<input type="checkbox"/> Clubbox
			<input type="checkbox"/> Kuwo

Below shows the items which are categorized under **IM**.

CSM >> APP Enforcement Profile

Profile Index : 1 Profile Name:

IM	P2P	PROTOCOL	OTHERS		
<input type="button" value="Select All"/>	<input type="button" value="Clear All"/>	<a href="#">Support List</a>			
<b>Advanced Management</b>					
Activity / Application	MSN	YahooIM	AIM(<= v5.9) ICQ		
Login	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
Message	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
File Transfer	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
Game	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
Conference(Video/Voice)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
Other Activities	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>IM Application</b>			<b>VoIP</b>		
<input type="checkbox"/> AIM6/7	<input type="checkbox"/> QQ/TM	<input type="checkbox"/> iChat	<input type="checkbox"/> Jabber/GoogleTalk		
<input type="checkbox"/> GoogleChat	<input type="checkbox"/> XFire	<input type="checkbox"/> GaduGadu	<input type="checkbox"/> Paltalk		
<input type="checkbox"/> Qnext	<input type="checkbox"/> POCO/PP365	<input type="checkbox"/> AresChat	<input type="checkbox"/> AliWW		
<input type="checkbox"/> KC	<input type="checkbox"/> Lava-Lava	<input type="checkbox"/> ICU2	<input type="checkbox"/> iSpQ		
<input type="checkbox"/> UC	<input type="checkbox"/> MobileMSN	<input type="checkbox"/> BaiduHi	<input type="checkbox"/> Fetion		
<input type="checkbox"/> LINE			<input type="checkbox"/> Skype <input type="checkbox"/> Kubao		
			<input type="checkbox"/> Gizmo <input type="checkbox"/> SIP/RTP		
			<input type="checkbox"/> TelTel <input type="checkbox"/> TeamSpeak		
			<input type="checkbox"/> RaidCall		
<b>Web IM ( * = more than one address)</b>					
<input type="checkbox"/> WebIM URLs	<a href="#">eMessenger</a>	<a href="#">WebMSN</a>	<a href="#">meebo*</a>	<a href="#">eBuddy</a>	<a href="#">iLoveIM*</a>
	<a href="#">iCO Java*</a>	<a href="#">iCO Flash*</a>	<a href="#">goowy*</a>	<a href="#">IMhaha*</a>	<a href="#">getMessenger</a>
	<a href="#">IMUnitive*</a>	<a href="#">WabJet*</a>	<a href="#">mabber*</a>	<a href="#">MSN2GO*</a>	<a href="#">KoolIM</a>
	<a href="#">MessengerFX*</a>	<a href="#">MessengerAdictos</a>	<a href="#">WebYahooIM</a>		
<input type="button" value="OK"/>		<input type="button" value="Cancel"/>			

The items categorized under **OTHERS** -----

CSM >> APP Enforcement Profile

Profile Index : 1 Profile Name:

IM	P2P	PROTOCOL	OTHERS
<input type="button" value="Select All"/>	<input type="button" value="Clear All"/>	<a href="#">Support List</a>	
<b>Tunneling</b>			
<input type="checkbox"/> Socks4/5	<input type="checkbox"/> PGPNet	<input type="checkbox"/> HTTP Proxy Reply	<input type="checkbox"/> Tor
<input type="checkbox"/> SoftEther	<input type="checkbox"/> MS TEREDO	<input type="checkbox"/> Skyfire	<input type="checkbox"/> Hamachi
<input type="checkbox"/> Ping Tunnel	<input type="checkbox"/> TinyVPN	<input type="checkbox"/> RealTunnel	<input type="checkbox"/> DynaPass
<input type="checkbox"/> FreeU	<input type="checkbox"/> Wujie/UltraSurf	<input type="checkbox"/> Hotspot Shield	<input type="checkbox"/> VNN
			<input type="checkbox"/> HTTP Tunnel
			<input type="checkbox"/> UltraVPN
<b>Streaming</b>			
<input type="checkbox"/> MMS	<input type="checkbox"/> RTSP	<input type="checkbox"/> TVAnts	<input type="checkbox"/> PPStream
<input type="checkbox"/> FeiDian	<input type="checkbox"/> UUSee	<input type="checkbox"/> NSPlayer	<input type="checkbox"/> PCAST
<input type="checkbox"/> SopCast	<input type="checkbox"/> UDLiveX	<input type="checkbox"/> TVUPlayer	<input type="checkbox"/> MySee
<input type="checkbox"/> FlashVideo	<input type="checkbox"/> SilverLight	<input type="checkbox"/> Slingbox	<input type="checkbox"/> QVOD
			<input type="checkbox"/> PPTV
			<input type="checkbox"/> TVKoo
			<input type="checkbox"/> Joost
<b>Remote Control</b>			
<input type="checkbox"/> VNC	<input type="checkbox"/> Radmin	<input type="checkbox"/> SpyAnywhere	<input type="checkbox"/> ShowMyPC
<input type="checkbox"/> TeamViewer	<input type="checkbox"/> Gogrok	<input type="checkbox"/> RemoteControlPro	<input type="checkbox"/> CrossLoop
<input type="checkbox"/> pcAnywhere	<input type="checkbox"/> Timbuktu	<input type="checkbox"/> WindowsLiveSync	<input type="checkbox"/> SharedView
			<input type="checkbox"/> LogMeIn
			<input type="checkbox"/> WindowsRDP
<b>Web HD</b>			
<input type="checkbox"/> HTTP Upload	<input type="checkbox"/> HiNet SafeBox	<input type="checkbox"/> MS SkyDrive	<input type="checkbox"/> GDoc Uploader
<input type="checkbox"/> MyOtherDrive	<input type="checkbox"/> Mozy	<input type="checkbox"/> BoxNet	<input type="checkbox"/> OfficeLive
			<input type="checkbox"/> ADrive
			<input type="checkbox"/> DropBox
<input type="button" value="OK"/>		<input type="button" value="Cancel"/>	

### 3.8.2 URL Content Filter Profile

To provide an appropriate cyberspace to users, Vigor router equips with **URL Content Filter** not only to limit illegal traffic from/to the inappropriate web sites but also prohibit other web feature where malicious code may conceal.

Once a user type in or click on an URL with objectionable keywords, URL keyword blocking facility will decline the HTTP request to that web page thus can limit user’s access to the website. You may imagine **URL Content Filter** as a well-trained convenience-store clerk who won’t sell adult magazines to teenagers. At office, **URL Content Filter** can also provide a job-related only environment hence to increase the employee work efficiency. How can URL Content Filter work better than traditional firewall in the field of filtering? Because it checks the URL strings or some of HTTP data hiding in the payload of TCP packets while legacy firewall inspects packets based on the fields of TCP/IP headers only.

On the other hand, Vigor router can prevent user from accidentally downloading malicious codes from web pages. It’s very common that malicious codes conceal in the executable objects, such as ActiveX, Java Applet, compressed files, and other executable files. Once downloading these types of files from websites, you may risk bringing threat to your system. For example, an ActiveX control object is usually used for providing interactive web feature. If malicious code hides inside, it may occupy user’s system.

For example, if you add key words such as “sex”, Vigor router will limit web access to web sites or web pages such as “www.sex.com”, ”www.backdoor.net/images/sex/p\_386.html”. Or you may simply specify the full or partial URL such as “www.sex.com” or “sex.com”.

Also the Vigor router will discard any request that tries to retrieve the malicious code.

Click **CSM** and click **URL Content Filter Profile** to open the profile setting page.

CSM >> URL Content Filter Profile



URL Content Filter Profile Table:

| [Set to Factory Default](#) |

Profile	Name	Profile	Name
1.		5.	
2.		6.	
3.		7.	
4.		8.	

Administration Message (Max 255 characters)

```
<body><center><br><p>The requested Web page has been blocked by URL Content Filter.
<p>Please contact your system administrator for further information.</center></body>
```

Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Clear all profiles.
<b>Profile</b>	Display the number of the profile which allows you to click to set different policy.
<b>Name</b>	Display the name of the URL Content Filter Profile.

<b>Administration Message</b>	You can type the message manually for your necessity. <b>Default Message</b> - You can type the message manually for your necessity or click this button to get the default message which will be displayed on the field of <b>Administration Message</b> .
-------------------------------	--

You can set eight profiles as URL content filter. Simply click the index number under Profile to open the following web page.

CSM >> URL Content Filter Profile

Profile Index: 1

Profile Name:

Priority:  Log:

**1.URL Access Control**

Enable URL Access Control       Prevent web access from IP address

Action:       Group/Object Selections:

**2.Web Feature**

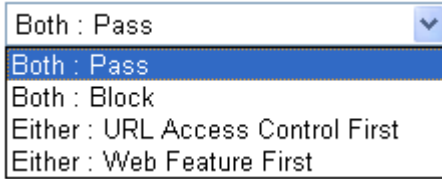
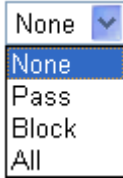

Enable Restrict Web Feature

Action:        Cookie       Proxy      **File Extension Profile:**

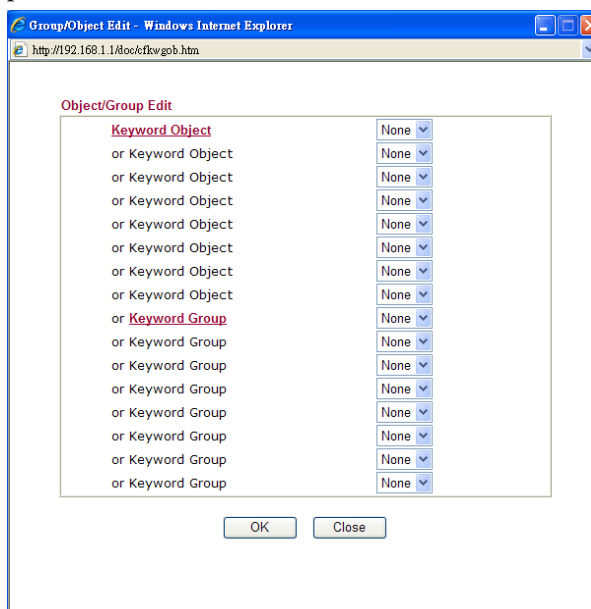
      

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Profile Name</b>	Type a name for the CSM profile.
<b>Priority</b>	<p>It determines the action that this router will apply.</p> <p><b>Both: Pass</b> – The router will let all the packages that match with the conditions specified in URL Access Control and Web Feature below passing through. When you choose this setting, both configuration set in this page for URL Access Control and Web Feature will be inactive.</p> <p><b>Both:Block</b> –The router will block all the packages that match with the conditions specified in URL Access Control and Web Feature below. When you choose this setting, both configuration set in this page for URL Access Control and Web Feature will be inactive.</p> <p><b>Either: URL Access Control First</b> – When all the packages matching with the conditions specified in URL Access Control and Web Feature below, such function can determine the priority for the actions executed. For this one, the router will process the packages with the conditions set below for URL first, then Web feature second.</p> <p><b>Either: Web Feature First</b> –When all the packages matching with the conditions specified in URL Access</p>

	<p>Control and Web Feature below, such function can determine the priority for the actions executed. For this one, the router will process the packages with the conditions set below for web feature first, then URL second.</p> 
<p><b>Log</b></p>	<p><b>None</b> – There is no log file will be recorded for this profile.  <b>Pass</b> – Only the log about Pass will be recorded in Syslog.  <b>Block</b> – Only the log about Block will be recorded in Syslog.  <b>All</b> – All the actions (Pass and Block) will be recorded in Syslog.</p> 
<p><b>URL Access Control</b></p>	<p><b>Enable URL Access Control</b> - Check the box to activate URL Access Control. Note that the priority for <b>URL Access Control</b> is higher than <b>Restrict Web Feature</b>. If the web content match the setting set in URL Access Control, the router will execute the action specified in this field and ignore the action specified under Restrict Web Feature.</p> <p><b>Prevent web access from IP address</b> - Check the box to deny any web surfing activity using IP address, such as http://202.6.3.2. The reason for this is to prevent someone dodges the URL Access Control. You must clear your browser cache first so that the URL content filtering facility operates properly on a web page that you visited before.</p> <p><b>Action</b> – This setting is available only when <b>Either : URL Access Control First</b> or <b>Either : Web Feature First</b> is selected. <b>Pass</b> - Allow accessing into the corresponding webpage with the keywords listed on the box below.  <b>Block</b> - Restrict accessing into the corresponding webpage with the keywords listed on the box below.  If the web pages do not match with the keyword set here, it will be processed with reverse action.</p> <p>Action:</p>  <p><b>Group/Object Selections</b> – The Vigor router provides several frames for users to define keywords and each frame supports multiple keywords. The keyword could be a noun, a partial noun, or a complete URL string. Multiple</p>

keywords within a frame are separated by space, comma, or semicolon. In addition, the maximal length of each frame is 32-character long. After specifying keywords, the Vigor router will decline the connection request to the website whose URL string matched to any user-defined keyword. It should be noticed that the more simplified the blocking keyword list is, the more efficiently the Vigor router performs.



## Web Feature

**Enable Restrict Web Feature** - Check this box to make the keyword being blocked or passed.

**Action** - This setting is available only when **Either: URL Access Control First** or **Either: Web Feature First** is selected. **Pass** allows accessing into the corresponding webpage with the keywords listed on the box below.

**Pass** - Allow accessing into the corresponding webpage with the keywords listed on the box below.

**Block** - Restrict accessing into the corresponding webpage with the keywords listed on the box below.

If the web pages do not match with the specified feature set here, it will be processed with reverse action.

**Cookie** - Check the box to filter out the cookie transmission from inside to outside world to protect the local user's privacy.

**Proxy** - Check the box to reject any proxy transmission. To control efficiently the limited-bandwidth usage, it will be of great value to provide the blocking mechanism that filters out the multimedia files downloading from web pages.

**Upload** - Check the box to block the file upload by way of web page.

**File Extension Profile** - Choose one of the profiles that you configured in **Object Setting**>> **File Extension Objects** previously for passing or blocking the file downloading.

	<b>File Extension Profile:</b> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> None ▼  None  1-default </div>
--	--

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

### 3.8.3 Web Content Filter Profile

There are three ways to activate WCF on vigor router, using **Service Activation Wizard**, by means of **CSM>>Web Content Filter Profile** or via **System Maintenance>>Activation**.

Service Activation Wizard allows you to use trial version or update the license of WCF directly without accessing into the server (**MyVigor**) located on <http://myvigor.draytek.com>.

However, if you use the **Web Content Filter Profile** page to activate WCF feature, it is necessary for you to access into the server (**MyVigor**) located on <http://myvigor.draytek.com>. Therefore, you need to register an account on <http://myvigor.draytek.com> for using corresponding service. Please refer to section of creating MyVigor account.

**Note:** If you have used **Service Activation Wizard** to activate WCF service, you can skip this section.

WCF adopts the mechanism developed and offered by certain service provider (e.g., DrayTek). No matter activating WCF feature or getting a new license for web content filter, you have to click **Activate** to satisfy your request. Be aware that service provider matching with Vigor router currently offers a period of time for trial version for users to experiment. If you want to purchase a formal edition, simply contact with the channel partner or your dealer.

Click **CSM** and click **Web Content Filter Profile** to open the profile setting page. The default setting for Setup Query Server /Setup Test Server is **auto-selected**. You can choose another server for your necessity by clicking **Find more** to open <http://myvigor.draytek.com> for searching another qualified and suitable one.

**Note 1:** Web Content Filter (WCF) is not a built-in service of Vigor router but a service powered by **Commtouch**. If you want to use such service (trial or formal edition), you have to perform the procedure of activation first. For the service of formal edition, please contact with your dealer/distributor for detailed information.

**Note 2:** Commtouch is merged by **Cyren**, and **GlobalView** services will be continued to deliver powerful cloud-based information security solutions! Refer to: <http://www.prnewswire.com/news-releases/commtouch-is-now-cyren-239025151.html>





**Web-Filter License**

[Activate](#)

[Status: **Not Activated**]

<b>Setup Query Server</b>	<input type="text" value="auto-selected"/>	<a href="#">Find more</a>
<b>Setup Test Server</b>	<input type="text" value="auto-selected"/>	<a href="#">Find more</a>

**Web Content Filter Profile Table:** | [Set to Factory Default](#) |

Profile	Name	Profile	Name
<a href="#">1.</a>	Default	<a href="#">5.</a>	
<a href="#">2.</a>		<a href="#">6.</a>	
<a href="#">3.</a>		<a href="#">7.</a>	
<a href="#">4.</a>		<a href="#">8.</a>	

**Administration Message** (Max 255 characters)  Cache :

```
<body><center><br><br><br><p>The requested Web page <br> from %SIP% <br>to %URL%
<br>that is categorized with %CL% <br>has been blocked by %RNAME% Web Content Filter.
<p>Please contact your system administrator for further information.</center></body>
```

**Legend:**

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Activate</b>	Click it to access into MyVigor for activating WCF service.
<b>Setup Query Server</b>	It is recommended for you to use the default setting, auto-selected. You need to specify a server for categorize searching when you type URL in browser based on the web content filter profile.
<b>Setup Test Server</b>	It is recommended for you to use the default setting, auto-selected.
<b>Find more</b>	Click it to open http://myvigor.draytek.com for searching another qualified and suitable server.
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Click this link to retrieve the factory settings.
<b>Default Message</b>	You can type the message manually for your necessity or click this button to get the default message which will be displayed on the field of <b>Administration Message</b> .

<b>Cache</b>	<p><b>None</b> – the router will check the URL that the user wants to access via WCF precisely, however, the processing rate is normal. Such item can provide the most accurate URL matching.</p> <p><b>L1</b> – the router will check the URL that the user wants to access via WCF. If the URL has been accessed previously, it will be stored for a short time (about 1 second) in the router to be accessed quickly if required. Such item can provide accurate URL matching with faster rate.</p> <p><b>L2</b> – the router will check the URL that the user wants to access via WCF. If the data has been accessed previously, the IP addresses of source and destination IDs will be memorized for a short time (about 1 second) in the router. When the user tries to access the same destination ID, the router will check it by comparing the record stored. If it matches, the page will be retrieved quickly. Such item can provide URL matching with the fastest rate.</p> <p><b>L1+L2 Cache</b> – the router will check the URL with fast processing rate combining the feature of L1 and L2.</p>
--------------	---

Eight profiles are provided here as Web content filters. Simply click the index number under Profile to open the following web page. The items listed in Categories will be changed according to the different service providers. If you have and activate another web content filter license, the items will be changed simultaneously. All of the configuration made for web content filter will be deleted automatically. Therefore, please backup your data before you change the web content filter license.

**Profile Index: 1**

Profile Name:

Log:

**Black/White List**

Enable

Action:

Group/Object Selections:

Action:

**Groups**

Child Protection

Leisure

Business

**Categories**

Alcohol & Tobacco

Hate & Intolerance

Porn & Sexually

School Cheating

Child Abuse Images

Criminal Activity

Illegal Drug

Violence

Sex Education

Gambling

Nudity

Weapons

Tasteless

Entertainment

Games

Sports

Travel

Leisure & Recreation

Fashion & Beauty

Compromised

Dating & Personals

Education

Finance

Government

Health & Medicine

News

Non-profits & NGOs

Personal Sites

Politics

Real Estate

Religion

Restaurants & Dining

Shopping

Translators

General

Cults

Greeting cards

Image Sharing

Network Errors

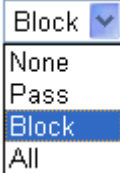
Parked Domains

Private IP Addresses

Uncategorized Sites

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Black/White List</b>	<p><b>Enable</b> – Activate white/black list function for such profile.</p> <p><b>Group/Object Selections</b> – Click <b>Edit</b> to choose the group or object profile as the content of white/black list.</p> <p><b>Pass - allow</b> accessing into the corresponding webpage with the characters listed on <b>Group/Object Selections</b>. If the web pages do not match with the specified feature set here, they will be processed with the categories listed on the box below.</p> <p><b>Block - restrict</b> accessing into the corresponding webpage with the characters listed on <b>Group/Object Selections</b>. If the web pages do not match with the specified feature set here, they will be processed with the categories listed on the box below.</p>
<b>Action</b>	<p><b>Pass</b> - allow accessing into the corresponding webpage with the categories listed on the box below.</p> <p><b>Block</b> - restrict accessing into the corresponding webpage with the categories listed on the box below.</p>

	If the web pages do not match with the specified feature set here, it will be processed with reverse action.
<b>Log</b>	<p><b>None</b> – There is no log file will be recorded for this profile.</p> <p><b>Pass</b> – Only the log about Pass will be recorded in Syslog.</p> <p><b>Block</b> – Only the log about Block will be recorded in Syslog.</p> <p><b>All</b> – All the actions (Pass and Block) will be recorded in Syslog.</p> 

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

### 3.8.4 DNS Filter

The DNS Filter monitors DNS queries on UDP port 53 and will pass the DNS query information to the WCF to help with categorizing HTTPS URL's.

**Note:** For DNS filter must use the WCF service profile to filter the packets, therefore WCF license must be activated first. Otherwise, DNS filter does not have any effect on packets.

CSM >> DNS Filter

**DNS Filter**

<b>DNS Filter</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable
<b>Syslog</b>	None ▾
<b>Service</b>	None ▾
<b>Cache Time(hour)</b>	1 ▾
<b>Enable Block Page</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable

**Administration Message** (Max 255 characters) Default Message

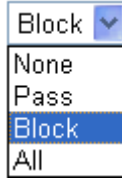
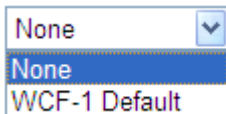
```
<body><center><br><br><br><p>The requested Web page <br> from %SIP% <br>to %URL% <br>that is categorized with %CL% <br>has been blocked by %RNAME% DNS Filter.<p>Please contact your system administrator for further information.</center></body>
```

**Legend:**  
 %SIP% - Source IP , %URL% - URL  
 %CL% - Category , %RNAME% - Router Name

OK Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>DNS Filter</b>	Check Enable to enable such feature.
<b>Syslog</b>	The filtering result can be recorded according to the setting selected for Syslog.

	<p><b>None</b> – There is no log file will be recorded for this profile.</p> <p><b>Pass</b> – Only the log about Pass will be recorded in Syslog.</p> <p><b>Block</b> – Only the log about Block will be recorded in Syslog.</p> <p><b>All</b> – All the actions (Pass and Block) will be recorded in Syslog.</p> 
<b>Service</b>	<p>Set the filtering conditions. Specify one of the WCF profiles as Service.</p>  <p>Choose the WCF profiles to apply DNS filter.</p>
<b>Cache Time (hour)</b>	Set the time for DNS query.
<b>Enable Block Page</b>	Check the box to enable such function.

After finishing all the settings, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

### 3.8.5 APPE Support List

This page offers the software versions for each applications managed by APP Enforcement Profiles by Vigor router. Click the IM/P2P/PROTOCOL/OTHERS tab to open the information page for different APP type.

#### CSM >> APPE Support List

This charts lists out the APP Enforcement supported by Vigor routers.  
Last update on 2014-03-11

IM	P2P	PROTOCOL	OTHERS
APP Type	APP Name	Version	Note
IM	AIM	5.9	
	AIM	6/7	Only block Login. If users have already logged in, AIM services can not be blocked.
	AliWW	2008	
	Ares	2.0.9	
	BaiduHi	37378	
	Fetion	2010	
	GaduGadu Protocol		
	Google Chat		
	ICQ	7	In ICQ6, if Videos are blocked, Voices will be blocked at the same time. In ICQ5 or former versions, Videos and Voices can be blocked separately.
	ICU2	8.0.6	
	Jabber Protocol/Google Talk		
	KC	2008	
	LINE	4.0.1	To block LINE for PC (3.5.1.36) and mobile phone (v4.0.1).
	Lava-Lava	2007	
MSN	2011		
MobileMSN			

## 3.9 Bandwidth Management

Below shows the menu items for Bandwidth Management.



### 3.9.1 Sessions Limit

A PC with private IP address can access to the Internet via NAT router. The router will generate the records of NAT sessions for such connection. The P2P (Peer to Peer) applications (e.g., BitTorrent) always need many sessions for procession and also they will occupy over resources which might result in important accesses impacted. To solve the problem, you can use limit session to limit the session procession for specified Hosts.

In the **Bandwidth Management** menu, click **Sessions Limit** to open the web page.

**Bandwidth Management >> Sessions Limit**

**Sessions Limit**

Enable  Disable

Default Max Sessions:

**Limitation List**

Index	Start IP	End IP	Max Sessions
-------	----------	--------	--------------

**Specific Limitation**

Start IP:  End IP:

Maximum Sessions:

**Administration Message** (Max 256 characters)

You have reached the maximum number of permitted Internet sessions.<p>Please close one or more applications to allow further Internet access.<p>Contact your system administrator for further information.

**Time Schedule**

Index(1-15) in **Schedule** Setup: , , ,

**Note:** Action and Idle Timeout settings will be ignored.

To activate the function of limit session, simply click **Enable** and set the default session limit.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Session Limit</b>	<p><b>Enable</b> - Click this button to activate the function of limit session.</p> <p><b>Disable</b> - Click this button to close the function of limit session.</p> <p><b>Default Max Session</b> - Defines the default session number used for each computer in LAN.</p>
<b>Limitation List</b>	<p>Displays a list of specific limitations that you set on this web page.</p>
<b>Specific Limitation</b>	<p><b>Start IP</b>- Defines the start IP address for limit session.</p> <p><b>End IP</b> - Defines the end IP address for limit session.</p> <p><b>Maximum Sessions</b> - Defines the available session number for each host in the specific range of IP addresses. If you do not set the session number in this field, the system will use the default session limit for the specific limitation you set for each index.</p> <p><b>Add</b> - Adds the specific session limitation onto the list above.</p> <p><b>Edit</b> - Allows you to edit the settings for the selected limitation.</p> <p><b>Delete</b> - Remove the selected settings existing on the limitation list.</p>
<b>Administration Message</b>	<p>Type the words which will be displayed when reaches the maximum number of Internet sessions permitted.</p> <p>Click <b>Default Message</b> to display the default message on the screen.</p>
<b>Time Schedule</b>	<p><b>Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup</b> - You can type in four sets of time schedule for your request. All the schedules can be set previously in <b>Application &gt;&gt; Schedule</b> web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page.</p>

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

### 3.9.2 Bandwidth Limit

The downstream or upstream from FTP, HTTP or some P2P applications will occupy large of bandwidth and affect the applications for other programs. Please use Limit Bandwidth to make the bandwidth usage more efficient.

In the **Bandwidth Management** menu, click **Bandwidth Limit** to open the web page.

**Bandwidth Management >> Bandwidth Limit**

**Bandwidth Limit**

**Enable**    IP Routed Subnet    **Disable**  
 Default TX Limit:  Kbps   Default RX Limit:  Kbps  
 Allow auto adjustment to make the best utilization of **available bandwidth**.

**Limitation List**

Index	Start IP	End IP	TX limit	RX limit	Shared

**Specific Limitation**

Start IP:    End IP:

Each    Shared  
 TX Limit:  Kbps   RX Limit:  Kbps  
     

**Smart Bandwidth Limit**  
 For any LAN IP Not in Limitation List, whose session number exceeds  
  
 TX Limit :  Kbps   RX Limit :  Kbps

**Note** : For TX/RX, a setting of "0" means unlimited bandwidth.

**Time Schedule**

Index(1-15) in **Schedule** Setup: , , ,

**Note**: Action and Idle Timeout settings will be ignored.

To activate the function of limit bandwidth, simply click **Enable** and set the default upstream and downstream limit.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Bandwidth Limit</b>	<p><b>Enable</b> - Click this button to activate the function of limit bandwidth.</p> <p><b>IP Routed Subnet</b> - Check this box to apply the bandwidth limit to the second subnet specified in <b>LAN&gt;&gt;General Setup</b>.</p> <p><b>Disable</b> - Click this button to close the function of limit bandwidth.</p> <p><b>Default TX limit</b> - Define the default speed of the upstream for each computer in LAN.</p> <p><b>Default RX limit</b> - Define the default speed of the</p>



	<p>downstream for each computer in LAN.</p> <p><b>Allow auto adjustment</b>...- Check this box to make the best utilization of available bandwidth.</p>
<b>Limitation List</b>	<p>Display a list of specific limitations that you set on this web page.</p>
<b>Specific Limitation</b>	<p><b>Start IP</b> - Define the start IP address for limit bandwidth.</p> <p><b>End IP</b> - Define the end IP address for limit bandwidth.</p> <p><b>Each /Shared</b> - Select <b>Each</b> to make each IP within the range of Start IP and End IP having the same speed defined in TX limit and RX limit fields; select <b>Shared</b> to make all the IPs within the range of Start IP and End IP share the speed defined in TX limit and RX limit fields.</p> <p><b>TX limit</b> - Define the limitation for the speed of the upstream. If you do not set the limit in this field, the system will use the default speed for the specific limitation you set for each index.</p> <p><b>RX limit</b> - Define the limitation for the speed of the downstream. If you do not set the limit in this field, the system will use the default speed for the specific limitation you set for each index.</p> <p><b>Add</b> - Add the specific speed limitation onto the list above.</p> <p><b>Update</b> - Allow you to edit the settings for the selected limitation.</p> <p><b>Delete</b> - Remove the selected settings existing on the limitation list.</p>
<b>Smart Bandwidth Limit</b>	<p>Check this box to have the bandwidth limit determined by the system automatically.</p> <p><b>TX limit</b> - Define the limitation for the speed of the upstream. If you do not set the limit in this field, the system will use the default speed for the specific limitation you set for each index.</p> <p><b>RX limit</b> - Define the limitation for the speed of the downstream. If you do not set the limit in this field, the system will use the default speed for the specific limitation you set for each index.</p>
<b>Time Schedule</b>	<p><b>Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup</b> - You can type in four sets of time schedule for your request. All the schedules can be set previously in <b>Application &gt;&gt; Schedule</b> web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page.</p>

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

### 3.9.3 Quality of Service

Deploying QoS (Quality of Service) management to guarantee that all applications receive the service levels required and sufficient bandwidth to meet performance expectations is indeed one important aspect of modern enterprise network.

One reason for QoS is that numerous TCP-based applications tend to continually increase their transmission rate and consume all available bandwidth, which is called TCP slow start. If other applications are not protected by QoS, it will detract much from their performance in the overcrowded network. This is especially essential to those are low tolerant of loss, delay or jitter (delay variation).

Another reason is due to congestions at network intersections where speeds of interconnected circuits mismatch or traffic aggregates, packets will queue up and traffic can be throttled back to a lower speed. If there's no defined priority to specify which packets should be discarded (or in another term "dropped") from an overflowing queue, packets of sensitive applications mentioned above might be the ones to drop off. How this will affect application performance?

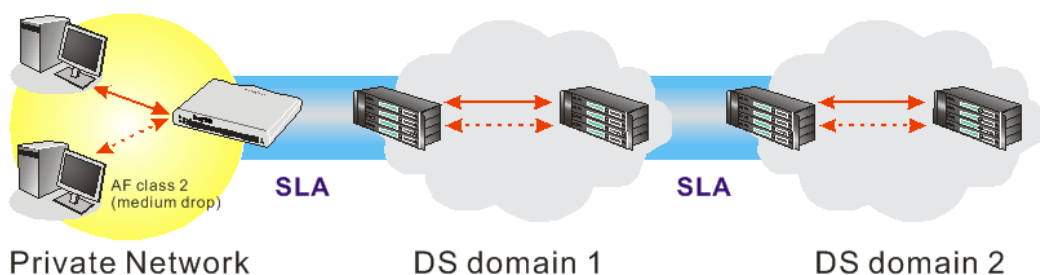
There are two components within Primary configuration of QoS deployment:

- **Classification:** Identifying low-latency or crucial applications and marking them for high-priority service level enforcement throughout the network.
- **Scheduling:** Based on classification of service level to assign packets to queues and associated service types

The basic QoS implementation in Vigor routers is to classify and schedule packets based on the service type information in the IP header. For instance, to ensure the connection with the headquarter, a teleworker may enforce an index of QoS Control to reserve bandwidth for HTTPS connection while using lots of application at the same time.

One more larger-scale implementation of QoS network is to apply DSCP (Differentiated Service Code Point) and IP Precedence disciplines at Layer 3. Compared with legacy IP Precedence that uses Type of Service (ToS) field in the IP header to define 8 service classes, DSCP is a successor creating 64 classes possible with backward IP Precedence compatibility. In a QoS-enabled network, or Differentiated Service (DiffServ or DS) framework, a DS domain owner should sign a Service License Agreement (SLA) with other DS domain owners to define the service level provided toward traffic from different domains. Then each DS node in these domains will perform the priority treatment. This is called per-hop-behavior (PHB). The definition of PHB includes Expedited Forwarding (EF), Assured Forwarding (AF), and Best Effort (BE). AF defines the four classes of delivery (or forwarding) classes and three levels of drop precedence in each class.

Vigor routers as edge routers of DS domain shall check the marked DSCP value in the IP header of bypassing traffic, thus to allocate certain amount of resource execute appropriate policing, classification or scheduling. The core routers in the backbone will do the same checking before executing treatments in order to ensure service-level consistency throughout the whole QoS-enabled network.



However, each node may take different attitude toward packets with high priority marking since it may bind with the business deal of SLA among different DS domain owners. It's not easy to achieve deterministic and consistent high-priority QoS traffic throughout the whole network with merely Vigor router's effort.

In the **Bandwidth Management** menu, click **Quality of Service** to open the web page.

[Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service](#)

[Set to Factory Default](#)

Index	Status	Bandwidth	Direction	Class 1	Class 2	Class 3	Others	UDP Bandwidth Control	Online Statistics
WAN1	Enable	--Kbps/--Kbps	Outbound	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	<a href="#">Status</a> <a href="#">Setup</a>
WAN2	Enable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps	Outbound	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	<a href="#">Status</a> <a href="#">Setup</a>
WAN3	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	<a href="#">Status</a> <a href="#">Setup</a>

Index	Name	Rule	Service Type
Class 1	VoIP	<a href="#">Edit</a>	<a href="#">Edit</a>
Class 2	HTTP	<a href="#">Edit</a>	
Class 3	Mail	<a href="#">Edit</a>	

**Enable the First Priority for VoIP SIP/RTP:**  
 SIP UDP Port:  (Default: 5060)

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>General Setup</b>	<p><b>Index</b> - Display the WAN interface number that you can edit.</p> <p><b>Status</b> - Display the current QoS status of this WAN.</p> <p><b>Bandwidth</b> - Display the inbound and outbound bandwidth setting for the WAN interface.</p> <p><b>Direction</b> - Display which direction that such function will influence.</p> <p><b>Class 1/Class2/Class 3/Others</b> - Display the bandwidth percentage for each class.</p> <p><b>UDP Bandwidth Control</b> - Display the UDP bandwidth control is enabled or not.</p> <p><b>Online Statistics</b> - Display an online statistics for quality of service for your reference</p> <p><b>Setup</b> - Allow to configure general QoS setting for WAN interface.</p>
<b>Class Rule</b>	<p><b>Index</b> - Display the class number that you can edit.</p> <p><b>Name</b> - Display the name of the class.</p> <p><b>Rule</b> - Allow to configure detailed settings for the selected Class.</p> <p><b>Service Type</b> - Allow to configure detailed settings for the service type.</p>

Item	Description
<b>Enable the First Priority for VoIP SIP/RTP</b>	When this feature is enabled, the VoIP SIP/RTP packets will be sent with highest priority. <b>SIP UDP Port</b> – Set a port number used for SIP.

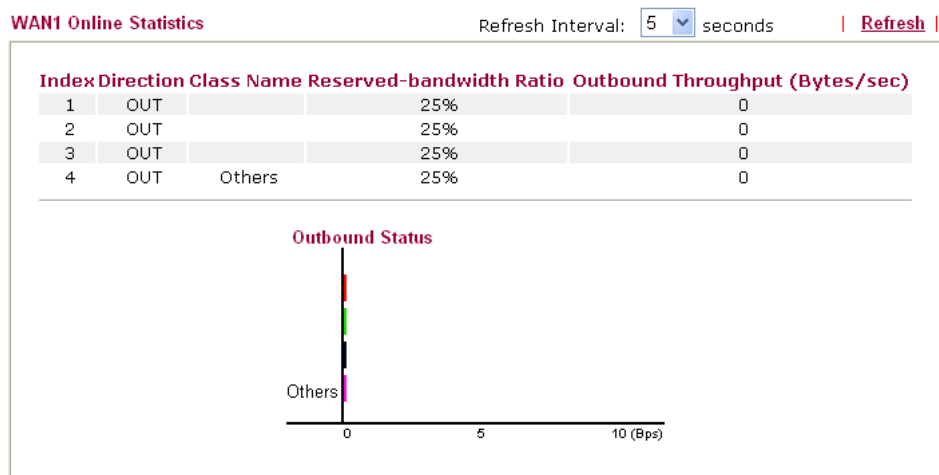
This page displays the QoS settings result of the WAN interface. Click the **Setup** link to access into next page for the general setup of WAN interface. As to class rule, simply click the **Edit** link to access into next for configuration.

You can configure general setup for the WAN interface, edit the Class Rule, and edit the Service Type for the Class Rule for your request.

## Online Statistics

Display an online statistics for quality of service for your reference.

[Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service](#)



## General Setup for WAN Interface

When you click **Setup**, you can configure the bandwidth ratio for QoS of the WAN interface. There are four queues allowed for QoS control. The first three (Class 1 to Class 3) class rules can be adjusted for your necessity. Yet, the last one is reserved for the packets which are not suitable for the user-defined class rules.

WAN1 General Setup

Enable the QoS Control OUT

Index	Class Name	Reserved_bandwidth Ratio
Class 1		<input type="text" value="25"/> %
Class 2		<input type="text" value="25"/> %
Class 3		<input type="text" value="25"/> %
	Others	<input type="text" value="25"/> %

Enable UDP Bandwidth Control Limited\_bandwidth Ratio  %  
 Outbound TCP ACK Prioritize

**Note:** 1. Before enable QoS, you should test the real bandwidth first. QoS may not work properly if the bandwidth is not accurate.

2. You can do speed test by <http://speedtest.net> or contact with your ISP for speed test program.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable the QoS Control</b>	The factory default for this setting is checked. Please also define which traffic the QoS Control settings will apply to. <b>IN-</b> apply to incoming traffic only. <b>OUT-</b> apply to outgoing traffic only. <b>BOTH-</b> apply to both incoming and outgoing traffic. Check this box and click <b>OK</b> , then click <b>Setup</b> link again. You will see the <b>Online Statistics</b> link appearing on this page.
<b>WAN Inbound Bandwidth</b>	It allows you to set the connecting rate of data input for WAN2/WAN3. For example, if your ADSL supports 1M of downstream and 256K upstream, please set 1000kbps for this box. The default value is 10000kbps.
<b>WAN Outbound Bandwidth</b>	It allows you to set the connecting rate of data output for WAN2/WAN3. For example, if your ADSL supports 1M of downstream and 256K upstream, please set 256kbps for this box. The default value is 10000kbps. <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p><b>Note:</b> The rate of outbound/inbound must be smaller than the real bandwidth to ensure correct calculation of QoS. It is suggested to set the bandwidth value for inbound/outbound as 80% - 85% of physical network speed provided by ISP to maximize the QoS performance.</p> </div>
<b>Reserved Bandwidth Ratio</b>	It is reserved for the group index in the form of ratio of <b>reserved bandwidth to upstream speed</b> and <b>reserved bandwidth to downstream speed</b> .
<b>Enable UDP Bandwidth Control</b>	Check this and set the limited bandwidth ratio on the right field. This is a protection of TCP application traffic since UDP application traffic such as streaming video will exhaust lots of bandwidth.

<b>Outbound TCP ACK Prioritize</b>	The difference in bandwidth between download and upload are great in ADSL2+ environment. For the download speed might be impacted by the uploading TCP ACK, you can check this box to push ACK of upload faster to speed the network traffic.
<b>Limited_bandwidth Ratio</b>	The ratio typed here is reserved for limited bandwidth of UDP application.

## Edit the Class Rule for QoS

- The first three (Class 1 to Class 3) class rules can be adjusted for your necessity. To add, edit or delete the class rule, please click the **Edit** link of that one.

[Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service](#)

[Set to Factory Default](#) |

**General Setup**

Index	Status	Bandwidth	Direction	Class 1	Class 2	Class 3	Others	UDP Bandwidth Control	Online Statistics
WAN1	Enable	--Kbps/--Kbps	Outbound	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	<a href="#">Status</a> <a href="#">Setup</a>
WAN2	Enable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps	Outbound	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	<a href="#">Status</a> <a href="#">Setup</a>
WAN3	Disable	100000Kbps/100000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	<a href="#">Status</a> <a href="#">Setup</a>

**Class Rule**

Index	Name	Rule	Service Type
Class 1	VoIP	<a href="#">Edit</a>	<a href="#">Edit</a>
Class 2	HTTP	<a href="#">Edit</a>	
Class 3	Mail	<a href="#">Edit</a>	

**Enable the First Priority for VoIP SIP/RTP:**  
SIP UDP Port:  (Default:5060)

- After you click the **Edit** link, you will see the following page. Now you can define the name for that Class. In this case, "Test" is used as the name of Class Index #1.

[Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service](#)

**Class Index #1**

Name:   Tag packets as: 

NO	Status	Local Address	Remote Address	DiffServ CodePoint	Service Type
1 <input type="radio"/>	Active	Any	Any	ANY	ANY

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Name</b>	Display the name of such class.
<b>Tag packets as</b>	Check the box to tag the packets with the header selected in the drop down list for this class.
<b>NO</b>	Display the number of the rules defined for such rule.
<b>Status</b>	Display if such rule is enabled (Active) or not.
<b>Local Address</b>	Display the local IP address (on LAN) for the rule.
<b>Remote Address</b>	Display the remote IP address (on LAN/WAN) for the rule.
<b>DiffServ CodePoint</b>	Display the levels of the data for processing with QoS control.
<b>Service Type</b>	Display the service type of the data for processing with QoS control

- For adding a new rule, click **Add** to open the following page.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

#### Rule Edit

ACT

Ethernet Type  IPv4  IPv6

Local Address

Remote Address

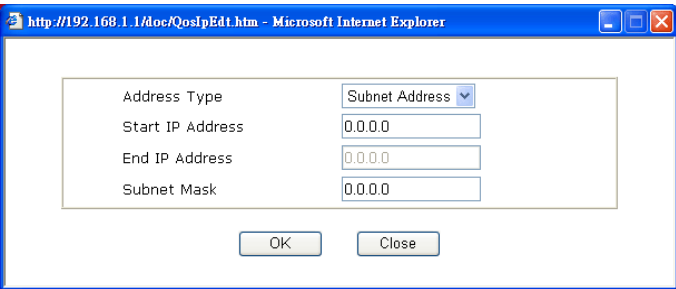
DiffServ CodePoint  ▼

Service Type  ▼

**Note:** Please choose/setup the Service Type first.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>ACT</b>	Check this box to invoke these settings.
<b>Ethernet Type</b>	Please specify which protocol (IPv4 or IPv6) will be used for this rule.
<b>Local Address</b>	Click the <b>Edit</b> button to set the local IP address (on LAN) for the rule.
<b>Remote Address</b>	Click the <b>Edit</b> button to set the remote IP address (on LAN/WAN) for the rule.

<b>Edit</b>	<p>It allows you to edit source address information.</p>  <p><b>Address Type</b> – Determine the address type for the source address.</p> <p>For <b>Single Address</b>, you have to fill in Start IP address.</p> <p>For <b>Range Address</b>, you have to fill in Start IP address and End IP address.</p> <p>For <b>Subnet Address</b>, you have to fill in Start IP address and Subnet Mask.</p>
<b>DiffServ CodePoint</b>	<p>All the packets of data will be divided with different levels and will be processed according to the level type by the system. Please assign one of the levels of the data for processing with QoS control.</p>
<b>Service Type</b>	<p>It determines the service type of the data for processing with QoS control. It can also be edited. You can choose the predefined service type from the Service Type drop down list. Those types are predefined in factory. Simply choose the one that you want for using by current QoS.</p>

4. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.
5. By the way, you can set up to 20 rules for one Class. If you want to edit an existed rule, please select the radio button of that one and click **Edit** to open the rule edit page for modification.

**Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service**

**Class Index #1**

Name   Tag packets as:

NO	Status	Local Address	Remote Address	DiffServ CodePoint	Service Type
1 <input type="radio"/>	Active	Any	Any	ANY	ANY
2 <input type="radio"/>	Active	192.168.1.96	172.16.3.228	AF Class1 (Medium Drop)	SNMP-TRAPS (TCP/UDP:162)

**Edit the Service Type for Class Rule**

1. To add a new service type, edit or delete an existed service type, please click the Edit link under Service Type field.



Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

**General Setup** | [Set to Factory Default](#)

Index	Status	Bandwidth	Direction	Class 1	Class 2	Class 3	Others	UDP Bandwidth Control	Online Statistics
WAN1	Enable	--Kbps/--Kbps	Outbound	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	<a href="#">Status</a> <a href="#">Setup</a>
WAN2	Enable	10000Kbps/10000Kbps	Outbound	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	<a href="#">Status</a> <a href="#">Setup</a>
WAN3	Disable	10000Kbps/10000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status <a href="#">Setup</a>

**Class Rule**

Index	Name	Rule	Service Type
Class 1		<a href="#">Edit</a>	
Class 2		<a href="#">Edit</a>	<a href="#">Edit</a>
Class 3		<a href="#">Edit</a>	

2. After you click the **Edit** link, you will see the following page.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

**User Defined Service Type**

NO	Name	Protocol	Port
1	Empty	-	-

3. For adding a new service type, click **Add** to open the following page.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

**Service Type Edit**

Service Name	<input type="text"/>
Service Type	TCP <input type="button" value="v"/> <input type="text" value="6"/>
Port Configuration	
Type	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Single <input type="radio"/> Range
Port Number	<input type="text" value="0"/> - <input type="text" value="0"/>

Available settings are explained as follows:

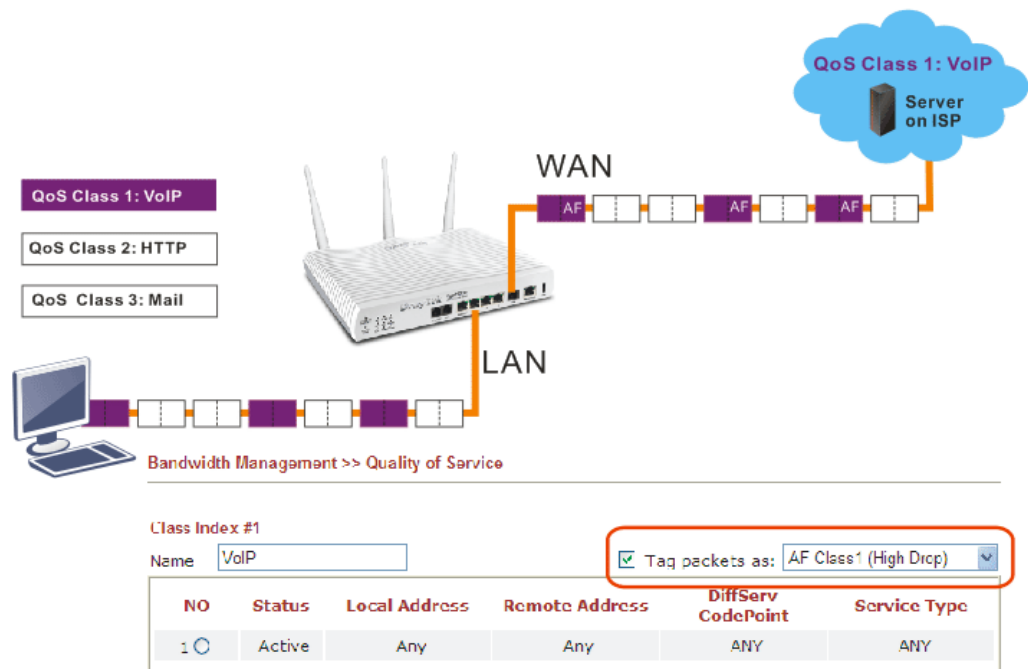
Item	Description
<b>Service Name</b>	Type in a new service for your request.
<b>Service Type</b>	Choose the type (TCP, UDP or TCP/UDP or other) for the new service.
<b>Port Configuration</b>	<p><b>Type</b> - Click <b>Single</b> or <b>Range</b> as the <b>Type</b>. If you select <b>Range</b>, you have to type in the starting port number and the end porting number on the boxes below.</p> <p><b>Port Number</b> – Type in the starting port number and the end porting number here if you choose <b>Range</b> as the type.</p>

- By the way, you can set up to 10 service types. If you want to edit/delete an existed service type, please select the radio button of that one and click **Edit/Edit** for modification.

## Retag the Packets for Identification

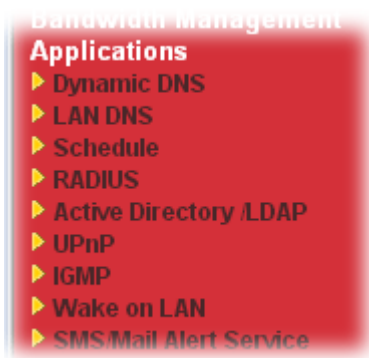
Packets coming from LAN IP can be retagged through QoS setting. When the packets sent out through WAN interface, all the them will be tagged with certain header and that will be easily to be identified by server on ISP.

For example, in the following illustration, the VoIP packets in LAN go into Vigor router without any header. However, when they go forward to the Server on ISP through Vigor router, all of the packets are tagged with AF (configured in Bandwidth >>QoS>>Class) automatically.



## 3.10 Applications

Below shows the menu items for Applications.



### 3.10.1 Dynamic DNS

The ISP often provides you with a dynamic IP address when you connect to the Internet via your ISP. It means that the public IP address assigned to your router changes each time you access the Internet. The Dynamic DNS feature lets you assign a domain name to a dynamic WAN IP address. It allows the router to update its online WAN IP address mappings on the specified Dynamic DNS server. Once the router is online, you will be able to use the registered domain name to access the router or internal virtual servers from the Internet. It is particularly helpful if you host a web server, FTP server, or other server behind the router.

Before you use the Dynamic DNS feature, you have to apply for free DDNS service to the DDNS service providers. The router provides up to three accounts from three different DDNS service providers. Basically, Vigor routers are compatible with the DDNS services supplied by most popular DDNS service providers such as [www.dyndns.org](http://www.dyndns.org), [www.no-ip.com](http://www.no-ip.com), [www.dtdns.com](http://www.dtdns.com), [www.changeip.com](http://www.changeip.com), [www.dynamic-nameserver.com](http://www.dynamic-nameserver.com). You should visit their websites to register your own domain name for the router.

#### Enable the Function and Add a Dynamic DNS Account

1. Assume you have a registered domain name from the DDNS provider, say *hostname.dyndns.org*, and an account with username: *test* and password: *test*.
2. In the DDNS setup menu, check **Enable Dynamic DNS Setup**.

Applications >> Dynamic DNS Setup

**Dynamic DNS Setup** | [Set to Factory Default](#) |

Enable Dynamic DNS Setup [View Log](#) [Force Update](#)

Auto-Update interval  Min(s) (1~14400)

**Accounts:**

Index	WAN Interface	Domain Name	Active
<a href="#">1.</a>	WAN1 First		x
<a href="#">2.</a>	WAN1 First		x
<a href="#">3.</a>	WAN1 First		x
<a href="#">4.</a>	WAN1 First		x
<a href="#">5.</a>	WAN1 First		x
<a href="#">6.</a>	WAN1 First		x

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable Dynamic	Check this box to enable DDNS function.

<b>DNS Setup</b>	
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Clear all profiles and recover to factory settings.
<b>View Log</b>	Display DDNS log status.
<b>Force Update</b>	Force the router updates its information to DDNS server.
<b>Auto-Update interval</b>	Set the time for the router to perform auto update for DDNS service.
<b>Index</b>	Click the number below Index to access into the setting page of DDNS setup to set account(s).
<b>WAN Interface</b>	Display the WAN interface used.
<b>Domain Name</b>	Display the domain name that you set on the setting page of DDNS setup.
<b>Active</b>	Display if this account is active or inactive.

3. Select Index number 1 to add an account for the router. Check **Enable Dynamic DNS Account**, and choose correct Service Provider: dyndns.org, type the registered hostname: *hostname* and domain name suffix: dyndns.org in the **Domain Name** block. The following two blocks should be typed your account Login Name: *test* and Password: *test*.

[Applications >> Dynamic DNS Setup >> Dynamic DNS Account Setup](#)

**Index : 1**

Enable Dynamic DNS Account

WAN Interface:

Service Provider:

Service Type:

Domain Name:  .

Login Name:  (max. 64 characters)

Password:  (max. 23 characters)

Wildcards

Backup MX

Mail Extender:

Determine Real WAN IP:

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable Dynamic DNS Account</b>	Check this box to enable the current account. If you did check the box, you will see a check mark appeared on the Active column of the previous web page in step 2).
<b>WAN Interface</b>	<p><b>WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 First</b> - While connecting, the router will use WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 as the first channel for such account. If WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 fails, the router will use another WAN interface instead.</p> <p><b>WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 Only</b> - While connecting, the router will use WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 as the only channel for such account.</p>

	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">         WAN1 First ▾          WAN1 First          WAN1 Only          WAN2 First          WAN2 Only          WAN3 First          WAN3 Only       </div>
<b>Service Provider</b>	Select the service provider for the DDNS account.
<b>Service Type</b>	Select a service type (Dynamic, Custom or Static). If you choose Custom, you can modify the domain that is chosen in the Domain Name field.
<b>Domain Name</b>	Type in one domain name that you applied previously. Use the drop down list to choose the desired domain.
<b>Login Name</b>	Type in the login name that you set for applying domain.
<b>Password</b>	Type in the password that you set for applying domain.
<b>Wildcard and Backup MX</b>	The Wildcard and Backup MX (Mail Exchange) features are not supported for all Dynamic DNS providers. You could get more detailed information from their websites.
<b>Mail Extender</b>	If the mail server is defined with another name, please type the name in this area. Such mail server will be used as backup mail exchange.
<b>Determine Real WAN IP</b>	<p>If a Vigor router is installed behind any NAT router, you can enable such function to locate the real WAN IP.</p> <p>When the WAN IP used by Vigor router is private IP, this function can detect the public IP used by the NAT router and use the detected IP address for DDNS update.</p> <p>There are two methods offered for you to choose:</p> <p><b>WAN IP</b> - If it is selected and the WAN IP of Vigor router is private, DDNS update will take place right away.</p> <p><b>Internet IP</b> – If it is selected and the WAN IP of Vigor router is private, it will be converted to public IP before DDNS update takes place.</p>

- Click **OK** button to activate the settings. You will see your setting has been saved.

#### **Disable the Function and Clear all Dynamic DNS Accounts**

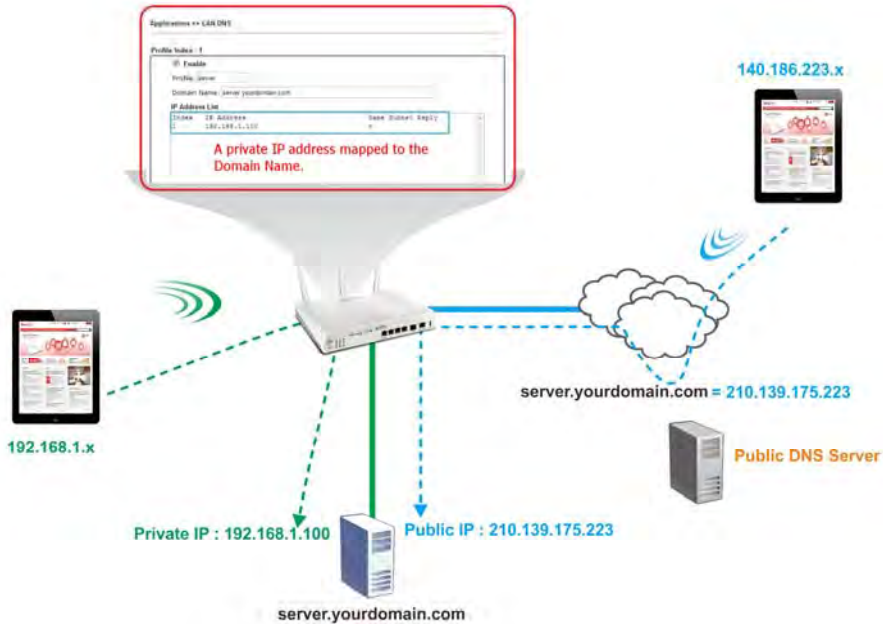
In the DDNS setup menu, uncheck **Enable Dynamic DNS Setup**, and push **Clear All** button to disable the function and clear all accounts from the router.

#### **Delete a Dynamic DNS Account**

In the DDNS setup menu, click the **Index** number you want to delete and then push **Clear All** button to delete the account.

### 3.10.2 LAN DNS

The LAN DNS lets the network administrators host servers with privacy and security. When the network administrators of your office set up FTP, Mail or Web server inside LAN, you can specify specific private IP address (es) to correspondent servers. Thus, even the remote PC is adopting public DNS as the DNS server, the LAN DNS resolution on Vigor2830 series will respond the specified private IP address.



Open **Application>>LAN DNS** to get the following page:

**Applications >> LAN DNS**

[Set to Factory Default](#)

Enable	Index	Profile	Domain Name
<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">1.</a>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">2.</a>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">3.</a>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">4.</a>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">5.</a>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">6.</a>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">7.</a>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">8.</a>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">9.</a>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">10.</a>		

<< [1-10](#) | [11-20](#) >>

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Clear all profiles and recover to factory settings.
<b>Enable</b>	Check the box to enable such profile.

<b>Index</b>	Click the number below Index to access into the setting page of schedule.
<b>Profile</b>	Display the name of the profile.
<b>Domain Name</b>	Display the domain name for certain service (e.g., FTP, Mail or Web server) used by such profile.

To add a new LAN DNS profile,

1. Click any index, for example Index No.1.

[Applications >> LAN DNS](#)

**Profile Index : 1**

**Enable**

Profile:

Domain Name:

**IP Address List**

Index	IP Address	Same Subnet	Reply

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable</b>	Check the box to enable such profile.
<b>Profile</b>	Type a name for such profile.
<b>Domain Name</b>	Type a domain name (e.g., FTP, Mail or Web server) for such profile.
<b>IP Address List</b>	<p><b>Add</b> – Click it to open the following dialog. You have to give an IP address representing the host.</p> <p><b>Only responds.....</b> - Disable it to apply this profile to all of the LAN subnets. Or enable it to apply such profile to the PCs on the same subnet.</p> <p><b>Delete</b> – Click it to remove the existed IP address displayed on the IP Address List.</p>

- Click **OK** button to save the settings.

Note: For the detailed information about LAN DNS application, refer to DrayTek website, [http://www.draytek.com.tw/index.php?option=com\\_k2&view=item&id=5242&Itemid=293&lang=en](http://www.draytek.com.tw/index.php?option=com_k2&view=item&id=5242&Itemid=293&lang=en).

### 3.10.3 Schedule

The Vigor router has a built-in real time clock which can update itself manually or automatically by means of Network Time Protocols (NTP). As a result, you can not only schedule the router to dialup to the Internet at a specified time, but also restrict Internet access to certain hours so that users can connect to the Internet only during certain hours, say, business hours. The schedule is also applicable to other functions.

You have to set your time before set schedule. In **System Maintenance>> Time and Date** menu, press **Inquire Time** button to set the Vigor router's clock to current time of your PC. The clock will reset once if you power down or reset the router. There is another way to set up time. You can inquiry an NTP server (a time server) on the Internet to synchronize the router's clock. This method can only be applied when the WAN connection has been built up.

[Applications >> Schedule](#)

Schedule:		<a href="#">Set to Factory Default</a>	
Index	Status	Index	Status
<a href="#">1.</a>	x	<a href="#">9.</a>	x
<a href="#">2.</a>	x	<a href="#">10.</a>	x
<a href="#">3.</a>	x	<a href="#">11.</a>	x
<a href="#">4.</a>	x	<a href="#">12.</a>	x
<a href="#">5.</a>	x	<a href="#">13.</a>	x
<a href="#">6.</a>	x	<a href="#">14.</a>	x
<a href="#">7.</a>	x	<a href="#">15.</a>	x
<a href="#">8.</a>	x		

Status: v --- Active, x --- Inactive

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Clear all profiles and recover to factory settings.
<b>Index</b>	Click the number below Index to access into the setting page of schedule.
<b>Status</b>	Display if this schedule setting is active or inactive.

You can set up to 15 schedules. Then you can apply them to your **Internet Access** or **VPN and Remote Access >> LAN-to-LAN** settings.



To add a schedule:

1. Click any index, for example Index No.1.

**Applications >> Schedule**

**Schedule:** | [Set to Factory Default](#) |

Index	Status	Index	Status
<a href="#">1.</a>	x	<a href="#">9.</a>	x
<a href="#">2.</a>	x	<a href="#">10.</a>	x
<a href="#">3.</a>	x	<a href="#">11.</a>	x
<a href="#">4.</a>	x	<a href="#">12.</a>	x
<a href="#">5.</a>	x	<a href="#">13.</a>	x
<a href="#">6.</a>	x	<a href="#">14.</a>	x
<a href="#">7.</a>	x	<a href="#">15.</a>	x
<a href="#">8.</a>	x		

Status: v --- Active, x --- Inactive

2. The detailed settings of the call schedule with index 1 are shown below.

**Applications >> Schedule**

**Index No. 1**

Enable Schedule Setup

Start Date (yyyy-mm-dd) 2000 1 1

Start Time (hh:mm) 0 : 0

Duration Time (hh:mm) 0 : 0

Action Force On

Idle Timeout 0 minute(s).(max. 255, 0 for default)

How Often

Once

Weekdays

Sun  Mon  Tue  Wed  Thu  Fri  Sat

OK Clear Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable Schedule Setup</b>	Check to enable the schedule.
<b>Start Date (yyyy-mm-dd)</b>	Specify the starting date of the schedule.
<b>Start Time (hh:mm)</b>	Specify the starting time of the schedule.
<b>Duration Time (hh:mm)</b>	Specify the duration (or period) for the schedule.

<b>Action</b>	<p>Specify which action Call Schedule should apply during the period of the schedule.</p> <p><b>Force On</b> -Force the connection to be always on.</p> <p><b>Force Down</b> -Force the connection to be always down.</p> <p><b>Enable Dial-On-Demand</b> -Specify the connection to be dial-on-demand and the value of idle timeout should be specified in <b>Idle Timeout</b> field.</p> <p><b>Disable Dial-On-Demand</b> -Specify the connection to be up when it has traffic on the line. Once there is no traffic over idle timeout, the connection will be down and never up again during the schedule.</p>
<b>Idle Timeout</b>	<p>Specify the duration (or period) for the schedule.</p> <p><b>How often</b> -Specify how often the schedule will be applied</p> <p><b>Once</b> -The schedule will be applied just once</p> <p><b>Weekdays</b> -Specify which days in one week should perform the schedule.</p>

3. Click **OK** button to save the settings.

### Example

Suppose you want to control the PPPoE Internet access connection to be always on (Force On) from 9:00 to 18:00 for whole week. Other time the Internet access connection should be disconnected (Force Down).

**Office**

**Hour:**

**(Force On)**



**Mon - Sun      9:00 am      to      6:00 pm**

1. Make sure the PPPoE connection and **Time Setup** is working properly.
2. Configure the PPPoE always on from 9:00 to 18:00 for whole week.
3. Configure the **Force Down** from 18:00 to next day 9:00 for whole week.
4. Assign these two profiles to the PPPoE Internet access profile. Now, the PPPoE Internet connection will follow the schedule order to perform **Force On** or **Force Down** action according to the time plan that has been pre-defined in the schedule profiles.

### 3.10.4 RADIUS

Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS) is a security authentication client/server protocol that supports authentication, authorization and accounting, which is widely used by Internet service providers. It is the most common method of authenticating and authorizing dial-up and tunneled network users.

The built-in RADIUS client feature enables the router to assist the remote dial-in user or a wireless station and the RADIUS server in performing mutual authentication. It enables centralized remote access authentication for network management.

Applications >> RADIUS

**RADIUS Setup**

Enable

Server IP Address

Destination Port

Shared Secret

Confirm Shared Secret

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable</b>	Check to enable RADIUS client feature.
<b>Server IP Address</b>	Enter the IP address of RADIUS server
<b>Destination Port</b>	The UDP port number that the RADIUS server is using. The default value is 1812, based on RFC 2138.
<b>Shared Secret</b>	The RADIUS server and client share a secret that is used to authenticate the messages sent between them. Both sides must be configured to use the same shared secret.
<b>Confirm Shared Secret</b>	Re-type the Shared Secret for confirmation.

After finished the above settings, click **OK** button to save the settings.

### 3.10.5 Active Directory/LDAP

Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) is a communication protocol for using in TCP/IP network. It defines the methods to access distributing directory server by clients, work on directory and share the information in the directory by clients. The LDAP standard is established by the work team of Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF).

As the name described, LDAP is designed as an effect way to access directory service without the complexity of other directory service protocols. For LDAP is defined to perform , inquire and modify the information within the directory, and acquire the data in the directory securely, therefore users can apply LDAP to search or list the directory object, inquire or manage the active directory.

#### General Setup

This page allows you to enable the function and specify general settings for LDAP server.

[Applications >> Active Directory /LDAP](#)

**Active Directory /LDAP**
[Set to Factory Default](#)

General Setup
Active Directory / LDAP Profiles

Enable

Bind Type

Server Address

Destination Port

Use SSL

Regular DN

Regular Password

Simple Mode

**Note:** After finishing the configuration of the LDAP profiles, they will be listed in the page of [VPN and Remote Access >> PPP General Setup](#). If you want to use the profiles for VPN authentication, check the boxes under PPTP LDAP Profiles in [VPN and Remote Access >> PPP General Setup](#) first.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable</b>	Check to enable such function.
<b>Bind Type</b>	<p>There are three types of bind type supported.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> <p>Simple Mode <input type="button" value="v"/></p> <p style="background-color: #000080; color: white; padding: 2px;">Simple Mode</p> <p>Anonymous</p> <p>Regular Mode</p> </div> <p><b>Simple Mode</b> – Just simply do the bind authentication without any search action.</p> <p><b>Anonymous</b> – Perform a search action first with Anonymous account then do the bind authentication.</p>

	<b>Regular Mode</b> – Mostly it is the same with anonymous mode. The different is that, the server will firstly check if you have the search authority. For the regular mode, you'll need to type in the <b>Regular DN</b> and <b>Regular Password</b> .
<b>Server Address</b>	Enter the IP address of LDAP server.
<b>Destination Port</b>	Type a port number as the destination port for LDAP server.
<b>Use SSL</b>	Check the box to use the port number specified for SSL.
<b>Regular DN</b>	Type this setting if <b>Regular Mode</b> is selected as <b>Bind Type</b> .
<b>Regular Password</b>	Specify a password if <b>Regular Mode</b> is selected as <b>Bind Type</b> .

After finished the above settings, click **OK** button to save the settings.

## Profiles

You can configure eight AD/LDAP profiles. These profiles would be used with User Management for different purposes in management.

[Applications >> Active Directory /LDAP](#)

**Active Directory /LDAP**
| [Set to Factory Default](#) |

General Setup
Active Directory / LDAP Profiles



Index	Name	Distinguished Name
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		

**Note:** After finishing the configuration of the LDAP profiles, they will be listed in the page of [VPN and Remote Access >> PPP General Setup](#). If you want to use the profiles for VPN authentication, check the boxes under PPTP LDAP Profiles in [VPN and Remote Access >> PPP General Setup](#) first.


Click any index number link to open the following page.

[Applications >> Active Directory /LDAP>>Server Profiles](#)

**Index No. 1**

Name	<input type="text" value="vpn"/>	
Common Name Identifier	<input type="text" value="uid"/>	
Base Distinguished Name	<input type="text" value="ou=People,dc=ms,dc=draytek,dc=com"/>	
Additional Filter	<input type="text" value="gidNumber=500"/>	
<p>Note: Please type in your additional filter for BaseDN search request.            For example,            1) For OpenLDAP: (gidNumber=500)            2) For AD: (msNPAllowDialin=TRUE)</p>		
Group Distinguished Name	<input type="text" value="cn=vpn,ou=Group,dc=ms,dc=draytek,dc=c"/>	
<input type="button" value="OK"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>		

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Name</b>	Type a name for such profile. The length of the use name is limited to 19 characters.
<b>Common Name Identifier</b>	Type or edit the common name identifier for the LDAP server. The common name identifier for most LDAP server is “cn”.
<b>Base Distinguished Name / Group Distinguished Name</b>	Type or edit the distinguished name used to look up entries on the LDAP server.  Sometimes, you may forget the Distinguished Name since it’s too long. Then you may click the  button to list all the account information on the AD/LDAP Server to assist you finish the setup.
<b>Additional Filter</b>	This is an optional setting.

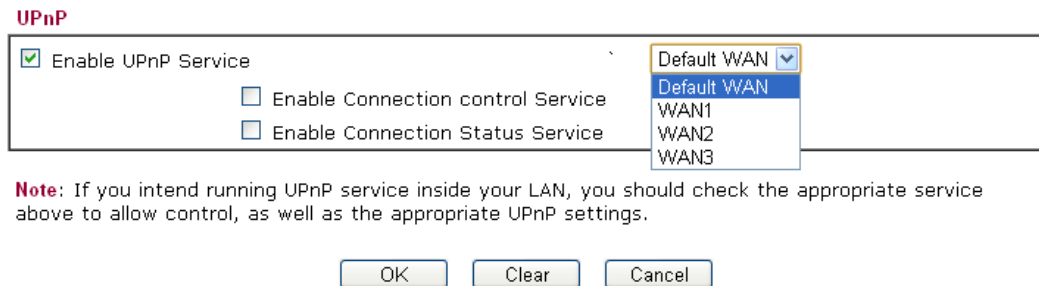
After finished the above settings, click **OK** to save and exit this page. A new profile will be created.

For detailed information about LDAP application, refer to **section 4.14 How to Implement the AD/LDAP Authentication for User Management?**

### 3.10.6 UPnP

The **UPnP** (Universal Plug and Play) protocol is supported to bring to network connected devices the ease of installation and configuration which is already available for directly connected PC peripherals with the existing Windows 'Plug and Play' system. For NAT routers, the major feature of UPnP on the router is "NAT Traversal". This enables applications inside the firewall to automatically open the ports that they need to pass through a router. It is more reliable than requiring a router to work out by itself which ports need to be opened. Further, the user does not have to manually set up port mappings or a DMZ. **UPnP is available on Windows XP** and the router provide the associated support for MSN Messenger to allow full use of the voice, video and messaging features.

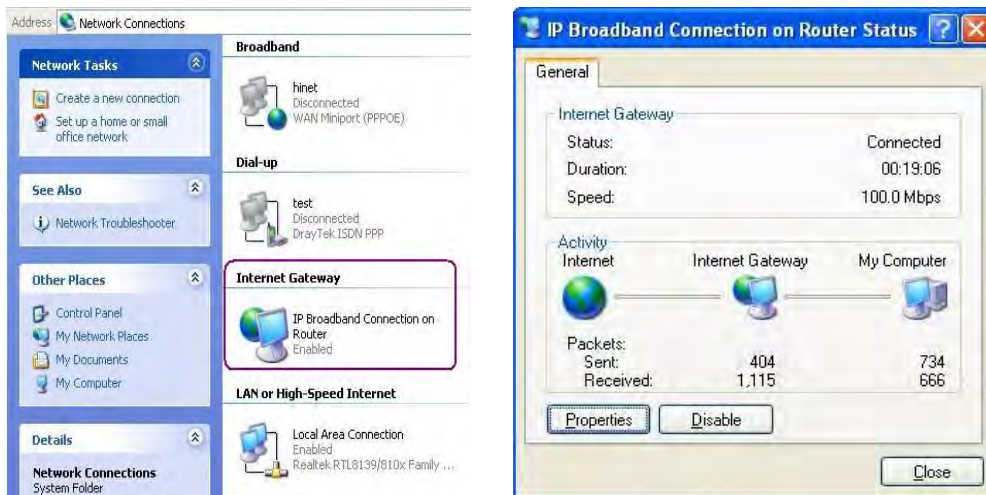
**Applications >> UPnP**



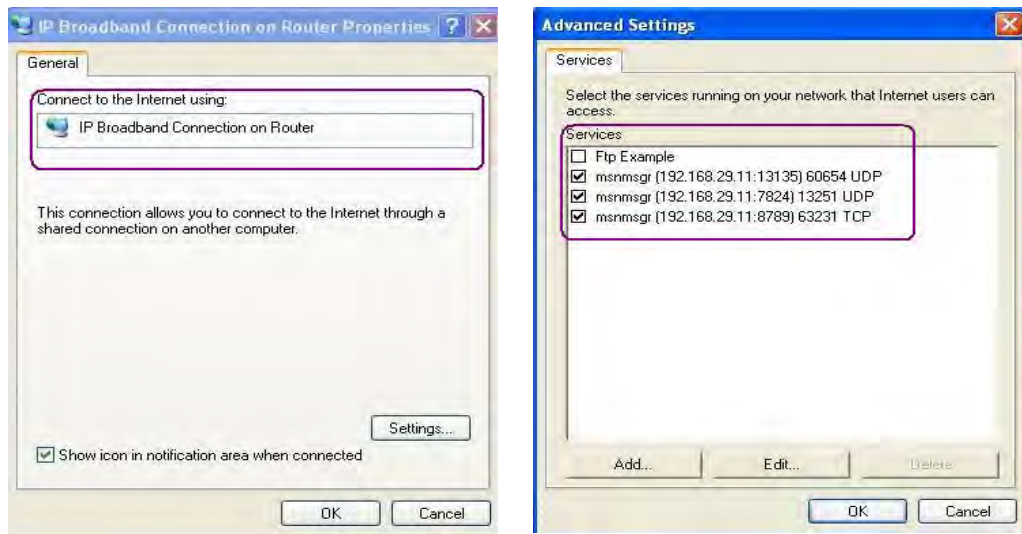
Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable UPnP Service</b>	Accordingly, you can enable either the <b>Connection Control Service</b> or <b>Connection Status Service</b> .
<b>Default WAN</b>	It is used to specify the WAN interface for applying such function. The default setting is WAN1.

After setting **Enable UPnP Service** setting, an icon of **IP Broadband Connection on Router** on Windows XP/Network Connections will appear. The connection status and control status will be able to be activated. The NAT Traversal of UPnP enables the multimedia features of your applications to operate. This has to manually set up port mappings or use other similar methods. The screenshots below show examples of this facility.



The UPnP facility on the router enables UPnP aware applications such as MSN Messenger to discover what are behind a NAT router. The application will also learn the external IP address and configure port mappings on the router. Subsequently, such a facility forwards packets from the external ports of the router to the internal ports used by the application.



The reminder as regards concern about Firewall and UPnP

#### **Can't work with Firewall Software**

Enabling firewall applications on your PC may cause the UPnP function not working properly. This is because these applications will block the accessing ability of some network ports.

#### **Security Considerations**

Activating the UPnP function on your network may incur some security threats. You should consider carefully these risks before activating the UPnP function.

- Some Microsoft operating systems have found out the UPnP weaknesses and hence you need to ensure that you have applied the latest service packs and patches.
- Non-privileged users can control some router functions, including removing and adding port mappings.

The UPnP function dynamically adds port mappings on behalf of some UPnP-aware applications. When the applications terminate abnormally, these mappings may not be removed.



### 3.10.7 IGMP

IGMP is the abbreviation of *Internet Group Management Protocol*. It is a communication protocol which is mainly used for managing the membership of Internet Protocol multicast groups.

[Applications >> IGMP](#)

**IGMP**

**Enable IGMP Proxy** WAN1 ▾  
 IGMP Proxy is to act as a multicast proxy for hosts on the LAN side. Enable IGMP Proxy, if you will access any multicast group. But this function **take no affect when Bridge Mode is enabled**.

**Enable IGMP Snooping**  
 Enable IGMP Snooping, multicast traffic is only forwarded to ports that have members of that group.  
 Disable IGMP snooping, multicast traffic is treated in the same manner as broadcast traffic.

[Refresh](#)

Working Multicast Groups					
Index	Group ID	P1	P2	P3	P4

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable IGMP Proxy</b>	Check this box to enable this function. The application of multicast will be executed through WAN port. In addition, such function is available in NAT mode.
<b>Enable IGMP Snooping</b>	Check this box to enable this function. Multicast traffic will be forwarded to ports that have members of that group. Disabling IGMP snooping will make multicast traffic treated in the same manner as broadcast traffic.
<b>Refresh</b>	Click this link to renew the working multicast group status.
<b>Group ID</b>	This field displays the ID port for the multicast group. The available range for IGMP starts from 224.0.0.0 to 239.255.255.254.
<b>P1 to P4</b>	It indicates the LAN port used for the multicast group.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

### 3.10.8 Wake on LAN

A PC client on LAN can be woken up by the router it connects. When a user wants to wake up a specified PC through the router, he/she must type correct MAC address of the specified PC on this web page of **Wake on LAN (WOL)** of this router.

In addition, such PC must have installed a network card supporting WOL function. By the way, WOL function must be set as “Enable” on the BIOS setting.

**Application >> Wake on LAN**

**Wake on LAN**

**Note:** Wake on LAN cooperate with **Bind IP to MAC** function, only binded PCs can wake up through IP.

Wake by:

IP Address:

MAC Address:

**Result**

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Wake by</b>	Two types provide for you to wake up the binded IP. If you choose Wake by MAC Address, you have to type the correct MAC address of the host in MAC Address boxes. If you choose Wake by IP Address, you have to choose the correct IP address.  Wake by: <input type="text" value="MAC Address"/> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;"> MAC Address  IP Address </div>
<b>IP Address</b>	The IP addresses that have been configured in <b>Firewall&gt;&gt;Bind IP to MAC</b> will be shown in this drop down list. Choose the IP address from the drop down list that you want to wake up.
<b>MAC Address</b>	Type any one of the MAC address of the bound PCs.
<b>Wake Up</b>	Click this button to wake up the selected IP. See the following figure. The result will be shown on the box.

**Wake on LAN**

**Note:** Wake on LAN cooperate with **Bind IP to MAC** function, only binded PCs can wake up through IP.

Wake by:

IP Address:

MAC Address:  :  :  :  :  :

**Result**

Send command to client done.

### 3.10.9 SMS/Mail Alert Service

The function of SMS (Short Message Service)/Mail Alert is that Vigor router sends a message to user's mobile or e-mail box through specified service provider to assist the user knowing the real-time abnormal situations.

Vigor router allows you to set up to **10** SMS profiles which will be sent out according to different conditions.

#### SMS Provider

This page allows you to specify SMS provider, who will get the SMS, what the content is and when the SMS will be sent.

	SMS Provider	Mail Server	<a href="#">Set to Factory Default</a>	
Index	SMS Provider	Recipient	Notify Profile	Schedule(1-15)
1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1 - Line_down <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/>	1 - ??? <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
2 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1 - Line_down <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/>	1 - ??? <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
3 <input type="checkbox"/>	1 - Line_down <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/>	1 - ??? <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
4 <input type="checkbox"/>	2 - ??? <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/>	1 - ??? <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
5 <input type="checkbox"/>	3 - ??? <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/>	1 - ??? <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
6 <input type="checkbox"/>	4 - ??? <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/>	1 - ??? <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
7 <input type="checkbox"/>	5 - ??? <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/>	1 - ??? <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
8 <input type="checkbox"/>	6 - ??? <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/>	1 - ??? <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
9 <input type="checkbox"/>	7 - ??? <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/>	1 - ??? <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
10 <input type="checkbox"/>	8 - ??? <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/>	1 - ??? <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
	9 - Custome 1 <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/>	1 - ??? <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
	10 - Custome 2 <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/>	1 - ??? <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
	1 - Line_down <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/>	1 - ??? <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
	1 - Line_down <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/>	1 - ??? <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
	1 - Line_down <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/>	1 - ??? <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Index</b>	Check the box to enable such profile.
<b>SMS Provider</b>	Use the drop down list to choose SMS service provider. You can click <b>SMS Provider</b> link to define the SMS server.

<b>Recipient</b>	Type the name of the one who will receive the SMS.
<b>Notify</b>	Use the drop down list to choose a message profile. The recipient will get the content stated in the message profile. You can click the <b>Notify Profile</b> link to define the content of the SMS.
<b>Schedule</b>	Type the schedule number that the SMS will be sent out. You can click the <b>Schedule(1-15)</b> link to define the schedule.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

## Mail Server

This page allows you to specify Mail Server profile, who will get the notification e-mail, what the content is and when the message will be sent.

Application >> SMS / Mail Alert Service

SMS Provider		Mail Server			Set to Factory Default	
Index	Mail Service	Recipient	Notify Profile	Schedule(1-15)		
1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1 - Mail_Notify	<input type="text"/>	1 - ???	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
2 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1 - Mail_Notify	<input type="text"/>	1 - ???	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
3 <input type="checkbox"/>	1 - Mail_Notify	<input type="text"/>	1 - ???	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
4 <input type="checkbox"/>	2 - ???	<input type="text"/>	1 - ???	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
5 <input type="checkbox"/>	3 - ???	<input type="text"/>	1 - ???	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
6 <input type="checkbox"/>	4 - ???	<input type="text"/>	1 - ???	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
7 <input type="checkbox"/>	5 - ???	<input type="text"/>	1 - ???	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
8 <input type="checkbox"/>	6 - ???	<input type="text"/>	1 - ???	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
9 <input type="checkbox"/>	7 - ???	<input type="text"/>	1 - ???	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
10 <input type="checkbox"/>	8 - ???	<input type="text"/>	1 - ???	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
	9 - ???	<input type="text"/>	1 - ???	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
	10 - ???	<input type="text"/>	1 - ???	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
	1 - Mail_Notify	<input type="text"/>	1 - ???	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
	1 - Mail_Notify	<input type="text"/>	1 - ???	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
	1 - Mail_Notify	<input type="text"/>	1 - ???	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Index</b>	Check the box to enable such profile.
<b>Mail Service</b>	Use the drop down list to choose mail service provider. You can click <b>Mail Service</b> link to define the mail server.
<b>Recipient</b>	Type the e-mail address of the one who will receive the notification message.
<b>Notify</b>	Use the drop down list to choose a message profile. The recipient will get the content stated in the message profile. You can click the <b>Notify Profile</b> link to define the content of the mail message.

<b>Schedule</b>	Type the schedule number that the notification will be sent out. You can click the <b>Schedule(1-15)</b> link to define the schedule.
-----------------	--

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

### 3.11 VPN and Remote Access

A Virtual Private Network (VPN) is the extension of a private network that encompasses links across shared or public networks like the Internet. In short, by VPN technology, you can send data between two computers across a shared or public network in a manner that emulates the properties of a point-to-point private link.

Below shows the menu items for VPN and Remote Access.



### 3.11.1 Remote Access Control

Enable the necessary VPN service as you need. If you intend to run a VPN server inside your LAN, you should disable the VPN service of Vigor Router to allow VPN tunnel pass through, as well as the appropriate NAT settings, such as DMZ or open port.

**VPN and Remote Access >> Remote Access Control Setup**

**Remote Access Control Setup**

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Enable PPTP VPN Service
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Enable IPsec VPN Service
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Enable L2TP VPN Service
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Enable SSL VPN Service

**Note:** To allow VPN pass-through to a separate VPN server on the LAN, disable any services above that use the same protocol and ensure that NAT [Open Ports](#) or [Port Redirection](#) is also configured.

OK Clear Cancel

### 3.11.2 PPP General Setup

This submenu only applies to PPP-related VPN connections, such as PPTP, L2TP, L2TP over IPsec.

**VPN and Remote Access >> PPP General Setup**

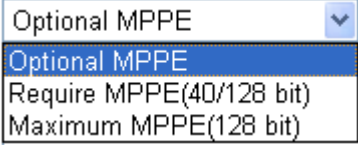
**PPP General Setup**

<p><b>PPP/MP Protocol</b></p> <p>Dial-In PPP Authentication: PAP/CHAP/MS-CHAP/MS-CHAPv2</p> <p>Dial-In PPP Encryption(MPPE): Optional MPPE</p> <p>Mutual Authentication (PAP): <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No</p> <p>Username: <input type="text"/></p> <p>Password: <input type="text"/></p> <p><b>IP Address Assignment for Dial-In Users (When DHCP Disable set)</b></p> <table border="1"> <tr><td>Assigned IP start</td><td>LAN 1</td><td>192.168.1.200</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>LAN 2</td><td>192.168.2.200</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>LAN 3</td><td>192.168.3.200</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>LAN 4</td><td>192.168.4.200</td></tr> </table>		Assigned IP start	LAN 1	192.168.1.200		LAN 2	192.168.2.200		LAN 3	192.168.3.200		LAN 4	192.168.4.200	<p><b>LDAP Server Profiles for PPP Authentication</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> rd1</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> shrd</p> <p>Note: Please select 'PAP Only' in 'Dial-In PPP Authentication', if you want to use AD/LDAP for PPP Authentication!!</p>
Assigned IP start	LAN 1	192.168.1.200												
	LAN 2	192.168.2.200												
	LAN 3	192.168.3.200												
	LAN 4	192.168.4.200												

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Dial-In PPP Authentication</b>	<p><b>PAP Only</b> - elect this option to force the router to authenticate dial-in users with the PAP protocol.</p> <p><b>PAP or CHAP</b> - Selecting this option means the router will attempt to authenticate dial-in users with the CHAP protocol first. If the dial-in user does not support this protocol, it will fall back to use the PAP protocol for authentication.</p>
<b>Dial-In PPP Encryption (MPPE)</b>	<p><b>Optional MPPE</b> - This option represents that the MPPE encryption method will be optionally employed in the router for the remote dial-in user. If the remote dial-in user</p>

	<p>does not support the MPPE encryption algorithm, the router will transmit “no MPPE encrypted packets”. Otherwise, the MPPE encryption scheme will be used to encrypt the data.</p>  <p><b>Require MPPE (40/128bits)</b> - Selecting this option will force the router to encrypt packets by using the MPPE encryption algorithm. In addition, the remote dial-in user will use 40-bit to perform encryption prior to using 128-bit for encryption. In other words, if 128-bit MPPE encryption method is not available, then 40-bit encryption scheme will be applied to encrypt the data.</p> <p><b>Maximum MPPE</b> - This option indicates that the router will use the MPPE encryption scheme with maximum bits (128-bit) to encrypt the data.</p>
<b>Mutual Authentication (PAP)</b>	<p>The Mutual Authentication function is mainly used to communicate with other routers or clients who need bi-directional authentication in order to provide stronger security, for example, Cisco routers. So you should enable this function when your peer router requires mutual authentication. You should further specify the <b>User Name</b> and <b>Password</b> of the mutual authentication peer.</p>
<b>Assigned IP Start</b>	<p>Enter a start IP address for the dial-in PPP connection. You should choose an IP address from the local private network. For example, if the local private network is 192.168.1.0/255.255.255.0, you could choose 192.168.1.200 as the Start IP Address.</p> <p>You can configure up to four start IP addresses for LAN.</p>
<b>LDAP Server Profiles for PPP Authentication</b>	<p>Configured LDAP profiles will be listed under such item. Simply check the one you want to enable the PPP authentication by LDAP server profiles.</p> <p>However, if there is no profile listed, simply click the link of <b>PPTP LDAP Profile</b> to create/add some new LDAP profiles you want.</p> <p>For detailed information about LDAP application, refer to section <b>4.14 How to Implement the AD/LDAP Authentication for User Management?</b></p>

### 3.11.3 IPSec General Setup

In **IPSec General Setup**, there are two major parts of configuration.

There are two phases of IPSec.

- Phase 1: negotiation of IKE parameters including encryption, hash, Diffie-Hellman parameter values, and lifetime to protect the following IKE exchange, authentication of both peers using either a Pre-Shared Key or Digital Signature (x.509). The peer that starts the negotiation proposes all its policies to the remote peer and then remote peer tries to find a highest-priority match with its policies. Eventually to set up a secure tunnel for IKE Phase 2.
- Phase 2: negotiation IPSec security methods including Authentication Header (AH) or Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) for the following IKE exchange and mutual examination of the secure tunnel establishment.

There are two encapsulation methods used in IPSec, **Transport** and **Tunnel**. The **Transport** mode will add the AH/ESP payload and use original IP header to encapsulate the data payload only. It can just apply to local packet, e.g., L2TP over IPSec. The **Tunnel** mode will not only add the AH/ESP payload but also use a new IP header (Tunneled IP header) to encapsulate the whole original IP packet.

Authentication Header (AH) provides data authentication and integrity for IP packets passed between VPN peers. This is achieved by a keyed one-way hash function to the packet to create a message digest. This digest will be put in the AH and transmitted along with packets. On the receiving side, the peer will perform the same one-way hash on the packet and compare the value with the one in the AH it receives.

Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) is a security protocol that provides data confidentiality and protection with optional authentication and replay detection service.

#### VPN and Remote Access >> IPSec General Setup

##### VPN IKE/IPSec General Setup

Dial-in Set up for Remote Dial-in users and Dynamic IP Client (LAN to LAN).

**IKE Authentication Method**

Pre-Shared Key

Confirm Pre-Shared Key

**IPSec Security Method**

Medium (AH)  
Data will be authentic, but will not be encrypted.

High (ESP)     DES     3DES     AES  
Data will be encrypted and authentic.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>IKE Authentication Method</b>	<p>This usually applies to those are remote dial-in user or node (LAN-to-LAN) which uses dynamic IP address and IPSec-related VPN connections such as L2TP over IPSec and IPSec tunnel.</p> <p><b>Pre-Shared Key</b> -Currently only support Pre-Shared Key authentication.</p> <p><b>Pre-Shared Key</b>- Specify a key for IKE authentication</p>



	<b>Confirm Pre-Shared Key</b> - Retype the characters to confirm the pre-shared key.
<b>IPSec Security Method</b>	<b>Medium</b> - Authentication Header (AH) means data will be authenticated, but not be encrypted. By default, this option is active. <b>High</b> - Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) means payload (data) will be encrypted and authenticated. You may select encryption algorithm from Data Encryption Standard (DES), Triple DES (3DES), and AES.

### 3.11.4 IPsec Peer Identity

To use digital certificate for peer authentication in either LAN-to-LAN connection or Remote User Dial-In connection, here you may edit a table of peer certificate for selection. As shown below, the router provides **32** entries of digital certificates for peer dial-in users.

VPN and Remote Access >> IPsec Peer Identity

X509 Peer ID Accounts: [Set to Factory Default](#)

Index	Name	Status	Index	Name	Status
<a href="#">1.</a>	???	X	<a href="#">17.</a>	???	X
<a href="#">2.</a>	???	X	<a href="#">18.</a>	???	X
<a href="#">3.</a>	???	X	<a href="#">19.</a>	???	X
<a href="#">4.</a>	???	X	<a href="#">20.</a>	???	X
<a href="#">5.</a>	???	X	<a href="#">21.</a>	???	X
<a href="#">6.</a>	???	X	<a href="#">22.</a>	???	X
<a href="#">7.</a>	???	X	<a href="#">23.</a>	???	X
<a href="#">8.</a>	???	X	<a href="#">24.</a>	???	X
<a href="#">9.</a>	???	X	<a href="#">25.</a>	???	X
<a href="#">10.</a>	???	X	<a href="#">26.</a>	???	X
<a href="#">11.</a>	???	X	<a href="#">27.</a>	???	X
<a href="#">12.</a>	???	X	<a href="#">28.</a>	???	X
<a href="#">13.</a>	???	X	<a href="#">29.</a>	???	X
<a href="#">14.</a>	???	X	<a href="#">30.</a>	???	X
<a href="#">15.</a>	???	X	<a href="#">31.</a>	???	X
<a href="#">16.</a>	???	X	<a href="#">32.</a>	???	X

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Click it to clear all indexes.
<b>Index</b>	Click the number below Index to access into the setting page of IPsec Peer Identity.
<b>Name</b>	Display the profile name of that index.

Click each index to edit one peer digital certificate. There are three security levels of digital signature authentication: Fill each necessary field to authenticate the remote peer. The following explanation will guide you to fill all the necessary fields.

Profile Index : 1

**Profile Name**

Enable this account

---

**Accept Any Peer ID**

---

**Accept Subject Alternative Name**

Type

IP

---

**Accept Subject Name**

Country (C)

State (ST)

Location (L)

Organization (O)

Organization Unit (OU)

Common Name (CN)

Email (E)

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Profile Name</b>	Type the name of the profile.
<b>Accept Any Peer ID</b>	Click to accept any peer regardless of its identity.
<b>Accept Subject Alternative Name</b>	Click to check one specific field of digital signature to accept the peer with matching value. The field can be <b>IP Address, Domain, or E-mail Address</b> . The box under the Type will appear according to the type you select and ask you to fill in corresponding setting.
<b>Accept Subject Name</b>	Click to check the specific fields of digital signature to accept the peer with matching value. The field includes <b>Country (C), State (ST), Location (L), Organization (O), Organization Unit (OU), Common Name (CN), and Email (E)</b> .

### 3.11.5 Remote Dial-in User

You can manage remote access by maintaining a table of remote user profile, so that users can be authenticated to dial-in via VPN connection. You may set parameters including specified connection peer ID, connection type (VPN connection - including PPTP, IPsec Tunnel, and L2TP by itself or over IPsec) and corresponding security methods, etc.

The router provides 32 access accounts for dial-in users. Besides, you can extend the user accounts to the RADIUS server through the built-in RADIUS client function. The following figure shows the summary table.

VPN and Remote Access >> Remote Dial-in User

Remote Access User Accounts: | [Set to Factory Default](#) |

Index	User	Active	Status	Index	User	Active	Status
<a href="#">1.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">17.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">2.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">18.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">3.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">19.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">4.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">20.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">5.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">21.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">6.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">22.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">7.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">23.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">8.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">24.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">9.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">25.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">10.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">26.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">11.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">27.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">12.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">28.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">13.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">29.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">14.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">30.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">15.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">31.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">16.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">32.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Click to clear all indexes.
<b>Index</b>	Click the number below Index to access into the setting page of Remote Dial-in User.
<b>User</b>	Display the username for the specific dial-in user of the LAN-to-LAN profile. The symbol ??? represents that the profile is empty.
<b>Active</b>	Check the box to enable the selected profile.
<b>Status</b>	Display the access state of the specific dial-in user. The symbol V and X represent the specific dial-in user to be active and inactive, respectively.

Click each index to edit one remote user profile. **Each Dial-In Type requires you to fill the different corresponding fields on the right.** If the fields gray out, it means you may leave it untouched. The following explanation will guide you to fill all the necessary fields.

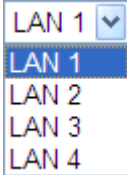
**VPN and Remote Access >> Remote Dial-in User**

**Index No. 1**

<p><b>User account and Authentication</b></p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable this account</p> <p>Idle Timeout <input type="text" value="300"/> second(s)</p> <hr/> <p><b>Allowed Dial-In Type</b></p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PPTP</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IPsec Tunnel</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> L2TP with IPsec Policy <input type="text" value="None"/></p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SSL Tunnel</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Specify Remote Node</p> <p>Remote Client IP <input type="text"/></p> <p>or Peer ID <input type="text"/></p> <p>Netbios Naming Packet <input checked="" type="radio"/> Pass <input type="radio"/> Block</p> <p>Multicast via VPN <input type="radio"/> Pass <input checked="" type="radio"/> Block (for some IGMP,IP-Camera,DHCP Relay..etc.)</p> <hr/> <p><b>Subnet</b></p> <p><input type="text" value="LAN 1"/></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Assign Static IP Address</p> <p><input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/></p>	<p>Username <input style="background-color: #e0e0e0;" type="text" value="???"/></p> <p>Password(Max 19 char) <input style="background-color: #e0e0e0;" type="text"/></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Enable Mobile One-Time Passwords(mOTP)</p> <p>PIN Code <input style="background-color: #e0e0e0;" type="text"/></p> <p>Secret <input style="background-color: #e0e0e0;" type="text"/></p> <hr/> <p><b>IKE Authentication Method</b></p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pre-Shared Key</p> <p>IKE Pre-Shared Key <input style="background-color: #e0e0e0;" type="text"/></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Digital Signature(X.509)</p> <p><input type="text" value="None"/></p> <hr/> <p><b>IPsec Security Method</b></p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Medium(AH)</p> <p>High(ESP) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AES</p> <p>Local ID (optional) <input style="background-color: #e0e0e0;" type="text"/></p>
---	--

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>User account and Authentication</b>	<p><b>Enable this account</b> - Check the box to enable this function.</p> <p><b>Idle Timeout</b>- If the dial-in user is idle over the limitation of the timer, the router will drop this connection. By default, the Idle Timeout is set to 300 seconds.</p>
<b>Allowed Dial-In Type</b>	<p><b>PPTP</b> - Allow the remote dial-in user to make a PPTP VPN connection through the Internet. You should set the User Name and Password of remote dial-in user below.</p> <p><b>IPSec Tunnel</b> - Allow the remote dial-in user to make an IPSec VPN connection through Internet.</p> <p><b>L2TP with IPSec Policy</b> - Allow the remote dial-in user to make a L2TP VPN connection through the Internet. You can select to use L2TP alone or with IPSec. Select from below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>None</b> - Do not apply the IPSec policy. Accordingly, the VPN connection employed the L2TP without IPSec policy can be viewed as one pure L2TP connection.</li> <li>● <b>Nice to Have</b> - Apply the IPSec policy first, if it is applicable during negotiation. Otherwise, the dial-in VPN connection becomes one pure L2TP connection.</li> <li>● <b>Must</b> -Specify the IPSec policy to be definitely applied on the L2TP connection.</li> </ul>

Item	Description
	<p><b>SSL Tunnel</b> – Allow the remote dial-in user to make an SSL VPN connection through Internet.</p> <p><b>Specify Remote Node</b> - Check the checkbox to specify the IP address of the remote dial-in user, or peer ID (used in IKE aggressive mode). If you uncheck the checkbox, the connection type you select above will apply the authentication methods and security methods in the <b>general settings</b>.</p> <p><b>Netbios Naming Packet</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>Pass</b> – Click it to have an inquiry for data transmission between the hosts located on both sides of VPN Tunnel while connecting.</li> <li>● <b>Block</b> – When there is conflict occurred between the hosts on both sides of VPN Tunnel in connecting, such function can block data transmission of Netbios Naming Packet inside the tunnel.</li> </ul> <p><b>Multicast via VPN</b> - Some programs might send multicast packets via VPN connection.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>Pass</b> – Click this button to let multicast packets pass through the router.</li> <li>● <b>Block</b> – This is default setting. Click this button to let multicast packets be blocked by the router.</li> </ul>
<b>Subnet</b>	<p>Chose one of the subnet selections for such VPN profile.</p>  <p><b>Assign Static IP Address</b> – Please type a static IP address for the subnet you specified.</p> <p><b>User Name</b> - This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above. The maximum length for username is 16 characters.</p> <p><b>Password</b> - This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above. The maximum length for password is 16 characters.</p> <p><b>Enable Mobile One-Time Passwords (mOTP)</b> - Check this box to make the authentication with mOTP function.</p> <p><b>PIN Code</b> – Type the code for authentication (e.g, 1234).</p> <p><b>Secret</b> – Use the 32 digit-secret number generated by mOTP in the mobile phone (e.g., e759bb6f0e94c7ab4fe6).</p>
<b>IKE Authentication Method</b>	<p>This group of fields is applicable for IPsec Tunnels and L2TP with IPsec Policy when you specify the IP address of the remote node. The only exception is Digital Signature (X.509) can be set when you select IPsec tunnel either with or without specify the IP address of the remote node.</p> <p><b>Pre-Shared Key</b> - Check the box of Pre-Shared Key to invoke this function and type in the required characters (1-63) as the</p>

Item	Description
	<p>pre-shared key.</p> <p><b>Digital Signature (X.509)</b> – Check the box of Digital Signature to invoke this function and Select one predefined Profiles set in the <b>VPN and Remote Access &gt;&gt;IPSec Peer Identity</b>.</p>
<b>IPSec Security Method</b>	<p>This group of fields is a must for IPSec Tunnels and L2TP with IPSec Policy when you specify the remote node. Check the Medium, DES, 3DES or AES box as the security method.</p> <p><b>Medium-Authentication Header (AH)</b> means data will be authenticated, but not be encrypted. By default, this option is invoked. You can uncheck it to disable it.</p> <p><b>High-Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP)</b> means payload (data) will be encrypted and authenticated. You may select encryption algorithm from Data Encryption Standard (DES), Triple DES (3DES), and AES.</p> <p><b>Local ID (optional)</b>- Specify a local ID to be used for Dial-in setting in the LAN-to-LAN Profile setup. This item is optional and can be used only in IKE aggressive mode.</p>

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

### 3.11.6 LAN to LAN

Here you can manage LAN-to-LAN connections by maintaining a table of connection profiles. You may set parameters including specified connection direction (dial-in or dial-out), connection peer ID, connection type (VPN connection - including PPTP, IPsec Tunnel, and L2TP by itself or over IPsec) and corresponding security methods, etc.

The router supports up to 32 VPN tunnels simultaneously.

The following figure shows the summary table according to the item (All/Trunk) selected for View.

VPN and Remote Access >> LAN to LAN

---

LAN-to-LAN Profiles: | [Set to Factory Default](#) |

View:  All  Trunk

Index	Name	Active	Status	Index	Name	Active	Status
<a href="#">1.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">17.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">2.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">18.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">3.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">19.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">4.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">20.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">5.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">21.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">6.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">22.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">7.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">23.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">8.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">24.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">9.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">25.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">10.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">26.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">11.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">27.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">12.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">28.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">13.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">29.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">14.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">30.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">15.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">31.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">16.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">32.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---

[XXXXXX:This Dial-out profile has already joined for VPN Backup Mechanism]  
 [XXXXXX:This Dial-out profile does not join for VPN TRUNK]

The following shows profiles joined into VPN Backup mechanism.

VPN and Remote Access >> LAN to LAN

---

LAN-to-LAN Profiles:

View:  All  Trunk

Name	Activate	Members	Status
[XXXXXX:This Dial-out profile has already joined for VPN Backup Mechanism]			

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>View</b>	<b>All</b> – Click it to display the LAN to LAN profiles. <b>Trunk</b> – Click it to display the Trunk profiles.
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Click to clear all indexes.



<b>Name</b>	Indicate the name of the LAN-to-LAN profile. The symbol ??? represents that the profile is empty.
<b>Active</b>	Check the box to enable the selected profile.
<b>Status</b>	Indicate the status of individual profiles. The symbol V and X represent the profile to be active and inactive, respectively.

To edit each profile:

1. Click each index to edit each profile and you will get the following page. Each LAN-to-LAN profile includes 4 subgroups. If the fields gray out, it means you may leave it untouched. The following explanations will guide you to fill all the necessary fields.

For the web page is too long, we divide the page into several sections for explanation.

**Profile Index : 1**

**1. Common Settings**

Profile Name <input style="width: 100px;" type="text" value="???"/>	Call Direction <input checked="" type="radio"/> Both <input type="radio"/> Dial-Out <input type="radio"/> Dial-in
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable this profile	<input type="checkbox"/> Always on
VPN Dial-Out Through <input style="width: 100px;" type="text" value="WAN1 First"/>	Idle Timeout <input style="width: 50px;" type="text" value="300"/> second(s)
Netbios Naming Packet <input checked="" type="radio"/> Pass <input type="radio"/> Block	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable PING to keep alive
Multicast via VPN <input type="radio"/> Pass <input checked="" type="radio"/> Block <small>(for some IGMP,IP-Camera,DHCP Relay..etc.)</small>	PING to the IP <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/>

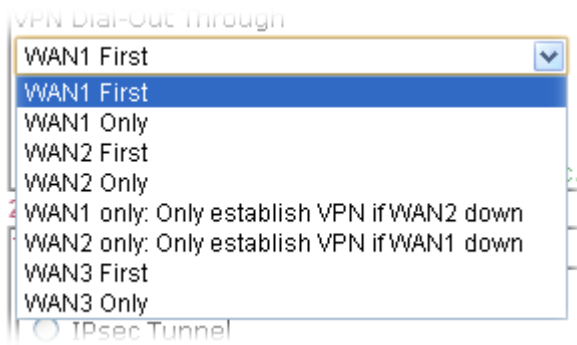
**2. Dial-Out Settings**

<b>Type of Server I am calling</b> <input checked="" type="radio"/> PPTP <input type="radio"/> IPsec Tunnel <input type="radio"/> L2TP with IPsec Policy <input style="width: 50px;" type="text" value="None"/>	Username <input style="width: 100px;" type="text" value="???"/> Password(Max 15 char) <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/> PPP Authentication <input style="width: 100px;" type="text" value="PAP Only"/> VJ Compression <input checked="" type="radio"/> On <input type="radio"/> Off
Server IP/Host Name for VPN. (such as draytek.com or 123.45.67.89) <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/>	<b>IKE Authentication Method</b> <input checked="" type="radio"/> Pre-Shared Key IKE Pre-Shared Key <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/> <input type="radio"/> Digital Signature(X.509) Peer ID <input style="width: 100px;" type="text" value="None"/> Local ID <input checked="" type="radio"/> Alternative Subject Name First <input type="radio"/> Subject Name First Local Certificate <input style="width: 100px;" type="text" value="None"/>
	<b>IPsec Security Method</b> <input checked="" type="radio"/> Medium(AH) <input type="radio"/> High(ESP) <input style="width: 100px;" type="text" value="DES without Authentication"/> <input type="button" value="Advanced"/>
	Index(1-15) in <b>Schedule</b> Setup: <input style="width: 30px;" type="text"/> , <input style="width: 30px;" type="text"/> , <input style="width: 30px;" type="text"/> , <input style="width: 30px;" type="text"/>

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Common Settings</b>	<p><b>Profile Name</b> – Specify a name for the profile of the LAN-to-LAN connection.</p> <p><b>Enable this profile</b> - Check here to activate this profile.</p> <p><b>VPN Dial-Out Through</b> - Use the drop down menu to choose a proper WAN interface for this profile. This setting</p>

is useful for dial-out only.



- **WAN1 /WAN2 /WAN3 First** - While connecting, the router will use WAN1 /WAN2 /WAN3 as the first channel for VPN connection. If WAN1 fails, the router will use another WAN interface instead.
- **WAN1 /WAN2 /WAN3 Only** - While connecting, the router will use WAN1 /WAN2 /WAN3 as the only channel for VPN connection.
- **WAN1 only: Only establish VPN if WAN2 down** - While connecting, the router will use WAN2 for VPN connection. If WAN2 fails, the router will use backup WAN1 interface instead.
- **WAN2 only: Only establish VPN if WAN1 down** - While connecting, the router will use WAN1 for VPN connection. If WAN1 fails, the router will use backup WAN2 interface instead.

#### Netbios Naming Packet

- **Pass** – click it to have an inquiry for data transmission between the hosts located on both sides of VPN Tunnel while connecting.
- **Block** – When there is conflict occurred between the hosts on both sides of VPN Tunnel in connecting, such function can block data transmission of Netbios Naming Packet inside the tunnel.

**Multicast via VPN** - Some programs might send multicast packets via VPN connection.

- **Pass** – Click this button to let multicast packets pass through the router.
- **Block** – This is default setting. Click this button to let multicast packets be blocked by the router.

**Call Direction** - Specify the allowed call direction of this LAN-to-LAN profile.

- **Both**:-initiator/responder
- **Dial-Out**- initiator only
- **Dial-In**- responder only.

**Always On**-Check to enable router always keep VPN connection.

**Idle Timeout**: The default value is 300 seconds. If the connection has been idled over the value, the router will drop the connection.

	<p><b>Enable PING to keep alive</b> - This function is to help the router to determine the status of IPSec VPN connection, especially useful in the case of abnormal VPN IPSec tunnel disruption. For details, please refer to the note below. Check to enable the transmission of PING packets to a specified IP address.</p> <p><b>Enable PING to keep alive</b> is used to handle abnormal IPSec VPN connection disruption. It will help to provide the state of a VPN connection for router's judgment of redial. Normally, if any one of VPN peers wants to disconnect the connection, it should follow a serial of packet exchange procedure to inform each other. However, if the remote peer disconnect without notice, Vigor router will by no where to know this situation. To resolve this dilemma, by continuously sending PING packets to the remote host, the Vigor router can know the true existence of this VPN connection and react accordingly. This is independent of DPD (dead peer detection).</p> <p><b>PING to the IP</b> - Enter the IP address of the remote host that located at the other-end of the VPN tunnel.</p>
<p><b>Dial-Out Settings</b></p>	<p><b>Type of Server I am calling:</b></p> <p><b>PPTP</b> - Build a PPTP VPN connection to the server through the Internet. You should set the identity like User Name and Password below for the authentication of remote server.</p> <p><b>IPSec Tunnel</b> - Build an IPSec VPN connection to the server through Internet.</p> <p><b>L2TP with IPSec Policy</b> - Build a L2TP VPN connection through the Internet. You can select to use L2TP alone or with IPSec. Select from below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>None:</b> Do not apply the IPSec policy. Accordingly, the VPN connection employed the L2TP without IPSec policy can be viewed as one pure L2TP connection.</li> <li>● <b>Nice to Have:</b> Apply the IPSec policy first, if it is applicable during negotiation. Otherwise, the dial-out VPN connection becomes one pure L2TP connection.</li> </ul> <p><b>Must:</b> Specify the IPSec policy to be definitely applied on the L2TP connection.</p> <p><b>User Name</b> - This field is applicable when you select, PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above. The maximum length for username is 49 characters.</p> <p><b>Password</b> - This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above. The maximum length for password is 15 characters.</p> <p><b>PPP Authentication</b> - This field is applicable when you select, PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above. PAP/CHAP/MS-CHAP/MS-CHAPv2 is the most common selection due to wild compatibility.</p> <p><b>VJ compression</b> - This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above. VJ</p>

---

Compression is used for TCP/IP protocol header compression. Normally set to **Yes** to improve bandwidth utilization.

**IKE Authentication Method** - This group of fields is applicable for IPSec Tunnels and L2TP with IPSec Policy.

- **Pre-Shared Key** - Input 1-63 characters as pre-shared key.
- **Digital Signature (X.509)** - Click Digital Signature to invoke this function and select one predefined Profiles set in the **VPN and Remote Access >>IPSec Peer Identity** as **Peer ID**.

**Local ID** – Specify which one will be inspected first.

- **Alternative Subject Name First** – The alternative subject name (configured in **Certificate Management>>Local Certificate**) will be inspected first.
- **Subject Name First** – The subject name (configured in **Certificate Management>>Local Certificate**) will be inspected first.

**Local Certificate** – Select one of the profiles set in **Certificate Management>>Local Certificate**.

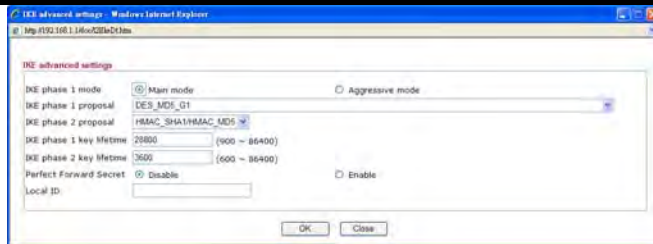
**IPSec Security Method** - This group of fields is a must for IPSec Tunnels and L2TP with IPSec Policy.

- **Medium AH (Authentication Header)** means data will be authenticated, but not be encrypted. By default, this option is active.
- **High (ESP-Encapsulating Security Payload)**- means payload (data) will be encrypted and authenticated. Select from below:
- **DES without Authentication** -Use DES encryption algorithm and not apply any authentication scheme.
- **DES with Authentication**-Use DES encryption algorithm and apply MD5 or SHA-1 authentication algorithm.
- **3DES without Authentication**-Use triple DES encryption algorithm and not apply any authentication scheme.
- **3DES with Authentication**-Use triple DES encryption algorithm and apply MD5 or SHA-1 authentication algorithm.
- **AES without Authentication**-Use AES encryption algorithm and not apply any authentication scheme.
- **AES with Authentication**-Use AES encryption algorithm and apply MD5 or SHA-1 authentication algorithm.

**Advanced** - Specify mode, proposal and key life of each IKE phase, Gateway, etc.

The window of advance setup is shown as below:

---



**IKE phase 1 mode** -Select from **Main** mode and **Aggressive** mode. The ultimate outcome is to exchange security proposals to create a protected secure channel. **Main** mode is more secure than **Aggressive** mode since more exchanges are done in a secure channel to set up the IPSec session. However, the **Aggressive** mode is faster. The default value in Vigor router is Main mode.

- **IKE phase 1 proposal**-To propose the local available authentication schemes and encryption algorithms to the VPN peers, and get its feedback to find a match. Two combinations are available for Aggressive mode and nine for **Main** mode. We suggest you select the combination that covers the most schemes.
- **IKE phase 2 proposal**-To propose the local available algorithms to the VPN peers, and get its feedback to find a match. Three combinations are available for both modes. We suggest you select the combination that covers the most algorithms.
- **IKE phase 1 key lifetime**-For security reason, the lifetime of key should be defined. The default value is 28800 seconds. You may specify a value in between 900 and 86400 seconds.
- **IKE phase 2 key lifetime**-For security reason, the lifetime of key should be defined. The default value is 3600 seconds. You may specify a value in between 600 and 86400 seconds.
- **Perfect Forward Secret (PFS)**-The IKE Phase 1 key will be reused to avoid the computation complexity in phase 2. The default value is inactive this function.

**Local ID**-In **Aggressive** mode, Local ID is on behalf of the IP address while identity authenticating with remote VPN server. The length of the ID is limited to 47 characters.

### 3. Dial-In Settings

<b>Allowed Dial-In Type</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PPTP <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IPsec Tunnel <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> L2TP with IPsec Policy <span>None</span>		Username <input type="text" value="???"/> Password(Max 11 char) <input type="text"/> VJ Compression <input checked="" type="radio"/> On <input type="radio"/> Off
<input type="checkbox"/> Specify Remote VPN Gateway Peer VPN Server IP <input type="text"/> or Peer ID <input type="text"/>		<b>IKE Authentication Method</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pre-Shared Key IKE Pre-Shared Key <input type="text"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Digital Signature(X.509) <span>None</span> Local ID <input checked="" type="radio"/> Alternative Subject Name First <input type="radio"/> Subject Name First
		<b>IPsec Security Method</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Medium(AH) High(ESP) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AES

### 4. GRE over IPsec Settings

<input type="checkbox"/> Enable IPsec Dial-Out function GRE over IPsec
<input type="checkbox"/> Logical Traffic    My GRE IP <input type="text"/> Peer GRE IP <input type="text"/>

### 5. TCP/IP Network Settings

My WAN IP <input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>	RIP Direction <span>Disable</span>
Remote Gateway IP <input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>	From first subnet to remote network, you have to do
Remote Network IP <input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>	<span>Route</span>
Remote Network Mask <input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Change default route to this VPN tunnel ( Only single WAN supports this )
Local Network IP <input type="text" value="192.168.1.1"/>	
Local Network Mask <input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/>	
<input type="button" value="More"/>	

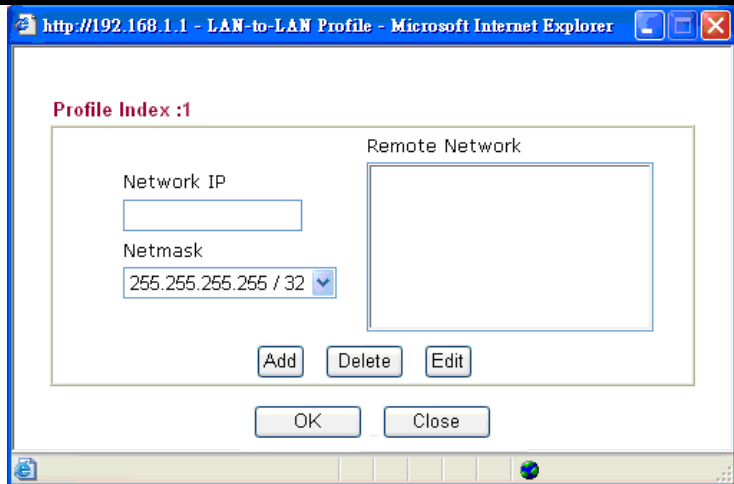
Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Allowed Dial-In Type</b>	<p>Determine the dial-in connection with different types.</p> <p><b>PPTP</b> - Allow the remote dial-in user to make a PPTP VPN connection through the Internet. You should set the User Name and Password of remote dial-in user below.</p> <p><b>IPSec Tunnel</b>- Allow the remote dial-in user to trigger an IPSec VPN connection through Internet.</p> <p><b>L2TP with IPSec Policy</b> - Allow the remote dial-in user to make a L2TP VPN connection through the Internet. You can select to use L2TP alone or with IPSec. Select from below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>None</b> - Do not apply the IPSec policy. Accordingly, the VPN connection employed the L2TP without IPSec policy can be viewed as one pure L2TP connection.</li> <li>● <b>Nice to Have</b> - Apply the IPSec policy first, if it is applicable during negotiation. Otherwise, the dial-in VPN connection becomes one pure L2TP connection.</li> <li>● <b>Must</b> - Specify the IPSec policy to be definitely applied</li> </ul>

	<p>on the L2TP connection.</p> <p><b>Specify Remote VPN Gateway</b> - You can specify the IP address of the remote dial-in user or peer ID (should be the same with the ID setting in dial-in type) by checking the box. Also, you should further specify the corresponding security methods on the right side. If you uncheck the checkbox, the connection type you select above will apply the authentication methods and security methods in the general settings.</p> <p><b>User Name</b> - This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above. The maximum length for both username is 11 characters.</p> <p><b>Password</b> - This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above. The maximum length for both username is 11 characters.</p> <p><b>VJ Compression</b> - VJ Compression is used for TCP/IP protocol header compression. This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above.</p> <p><b>IKE Authentication Method</b> - This group of fields is applicable for IPSec Tunnels and L2TP with IPSec Policy when you specify the IP address of the remote node. The only exception is Digital Signature (X.509) can be set when you select IPSec tunnel either with or without specify the IP address of the remote node.</p> <p><b>Pre-Shared Key</b> - Check the box of Pre-Shared Key to invoke this function and type in the required characters (1-63) as the pre-shared key. <b>Digital Signature (X.509)</b> –Check the box of Digital Signature to invoke this function and select one predefined Profiles set in the <b>VPN and Remote Access &gt;&gt;IPSec Peer Identity</b>.</p> <p><b>Local ID</b> – Specify which one will be inspected first.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>Alternative Subject Name First</b> – The alternative subject name (configured in <b>Certificate Management&gt;&gt;Local Certificate</b>) will be inspected first.</li> <li>● <b>Subject Name First</b> – The subject name (configured in <b>Certificate Management&gt;&gt;Local Certificate</b>) will be inspected first.</li> </ul> <p><b>IPSec Security Method</b> - This group of fields is a must for IPSec Tunnels and L2TP with IPSec Policy when you specify the remote node.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>Medium-</b> Authentication Header (AH) means data will be authenticated, but not be encrypted. By default, this option is active.</li> <li>● <b>High-</b> Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) means payload (data) will be encrypted and authenticated. You may select encryption algorithm from Data Encryption Standard (DES), Triple DES (3DES), and AES.</li> </ul>
<p><b>GRE over IPSec Settings</b></p>	<p><b>Enable IPSec Dial-Out function GRE over IPSec:</b> Check this box to verify data and transmit data in encryption with</p>

	<p>GRE over IPsec packet after configuring IPsec Dial-Out setting. Both ends must match for each other by setting same virtual IP address for communication.</p> <p><b>Logical Traffic:</b> Such technique comes from RFC2890. Define logical traffic for data transmission between both sides of VPN tunnel by using the characteristic of GRE. Even hacker can decipher IPsec encryption, he/she still cannot ask LAN site to do data transmission with any information. Such function can ensure the data transmitted on VPN tunnel is really sent out from both sides. This is an optional function. However, if one side wants to use it, the peer must enable it, too.</p> <p><b>My GRE IP:</b> Type the virtual IP for router itself for verified by peer.</p> <p><b>Peer GRE IP:</b> Type the virtual IP of peer host for verified by router.</p>
<p><b>TCP/IP Network Settings</b></p>	<p><b>My WAN IP</b> - This field is only applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above. The default value is 0.0.0.0, which means the Vigor router will get a PPP IP address from the remote router during the IPCP negotiation phase. If the PPP IP address is fixed by remote side, specify the fixed IP address here. Do not change the default value if you do not select PPTP or L2TP.</p> <p><b>Remote Gateway IP</b> - This field is only applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPsec policy above. The default value is 0.0.0.0, which means the Vigor router will get a remote Gateway PPP IP address from the remote router during the IPCP negotiation phase. If the PPP IP address is fixed by remote side, specify the fixed IP address here. Do not change the default value if you do not select PPTP or L2TP.</p> <p><b>Remote Network IP/ Remote Network Mask</b> - Add a static route to direct all traffic destined to this Remote Network IP Address/Remote Network Mask through the VPN connection. For IPsec, this is the destination clients IDs of phase 2 quick mode.</p> <p><b>Local Network IP / Local Network Mask</b> - Add a static route to direct all traffic destined to Local Network IP Address/Local Network Mask through the VPN connection.</p> <p><b>More</b> - Add a static route to direct all traffic destined to more Remote Network IP Addresses/ Remote Network Mask through the VPN connection. This is usually used when you find there are several subnets behind the remote VPN router.</p>





**RIP Direction** - The option specifies the direction of RIP (Routing Information Protocol) packets. You can enable/disable one of direction here. Herein, we provide four options: TX/RX Both, TX Only, RX Only, and Disable.

**From first subnet to remote network, you have to do -** If the remote network only allows you to dial in with single IP, please choose **NAT**, otherwise choose **Route**.

**Change default route to this VPN tunnel** - Check this box to change the default route with this VPN tunnel. Note that this setting is available only for one WAN interface is enabled. It is not available when both WAN interfaces are enabled.

2. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

### 3.11.7 VPN TRUNK Management

VPN trunk includes some features - VPN Backup, GRE over IPSec, and Binding tunnel policy.

#### Features of VPN TRUNK – VPN Backup Mechanism

VPN TRUNK Management is a backup mechanism which can set multiple VPN tunnels as backup tunnel. It can assure the network connection not to be cut off due to network environment blocked by any reason.

- VPN TRUNK-VPN Backup mechanism can judge abnormal situation for the environment of VPN server and correct it to complete the backup of VPN Tunnel in real-time.
- VPN TRUNK-VPN Backup mechanism is compliant with all WAN modes (single/multi)
- Dial-out connection types contain IPSec, PPTP, L2TP, and L2TP over IPSec (depends on hardware specification)
- The web page is simple to understand and easy to configure
- Fully compliant with VPN Server LAN Sit Single/Multi Network
- Mail Alert support, please refer to **System Maintenance >> SysLog / Mail Alert** for detailed configuration
- Syslog support, please refer to **System Maintenance >> SysLog / Mail Alert** for detailed configuration
- Specific ERD (Environment Recovery Detection) mechanism which can be operated by using Telnet command

**VPN TRUNK-VPN Backup** mechanism profile will be activated when initial connection of single VPN tunnel is off-line. Before setting VPN TRUNK -VPN Backup mechanism backup profile, please configure at least two sets of LAN-to-LAN profiles (with fully configured dial-out settings) first, otherwise you will not have selections for grouping Member1 and Member2.

[VPN and Remote Access >> VPN TRUNK Management](#)



#### Backup Profile List

[Set to Factory Default](#)

**Note:** [Active:NO] The LAN-to-LAN Profile is disabled or under Dial-In(Call Direction) at present.

No.	Status	Name	Member1 (Active) Type	Member2 (Active) Type

Advanced



#### General Setup

Status  Enable  Disable

Profile Name

Member1

Member2

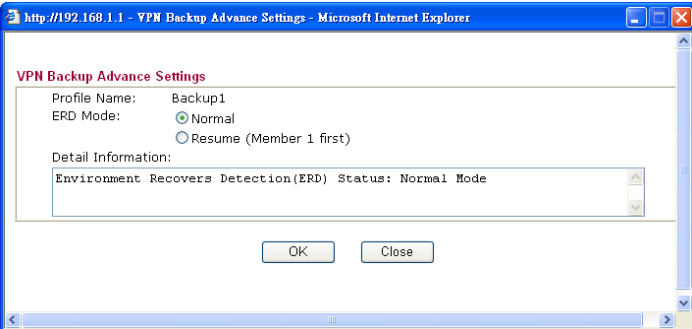
Active Mode  Backup

Add

Update

Delete

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<p><b>Backup Profile List</b></p>	<p><b>Set to Factory Default</b> - Click to clear all VPN TRUNK-VPN Backup mechanism profile.</p> <p><b>No</b> – The order of VPN TRUNK-VPN Backup mechanism profile.</p> <p><b>Status</b> - “v” means such profile is enabled; “x” means such profile is disabled.</p> <p><b>Name</b> - Display the name of VPN TRUNK-VPN Backup mechanism profile.</p> <p><b>Member1</b> - Display the dial-out profile selected from the Member1 drop down list below.</p> <p><b>Active</b> - “Yes” means normal condition. ”No” means the state might be disabled or that profile currently is set with Dial-in mode (for call direction) in LAN-to-LAN.</p> <p><b>Type</b> - Display the connection type for that profile, such as IPSec, PPTP, L2TP, L2TP over IPSec (NICE), L2TP over IPSec(MUST) and so on.</p> <p><b>Member2</b> - Display the dial-out profile selected from the Member2 drop down list below.</p> <p><b>Advanced</b> – This button is available only when LAN to LAN profile (or more) is created.</p>  <p>Detailed information for this dialog, see later section - <b>Advanced Backup</b>.</p>
<p><b>General Setup</b></p>	<p><b>Status</b>- After choosing one of the profile listed above, please click <b>Enable</b> to activate this profile. If you click <b>Disable</b>, the selected or current used VPN TRUNK-Backup/Load Balance mechanism profile will not have any effect for VPN tunnel.</p> <p><b>Profile Name</b>- Type a name for VPN TRUNK profile. Each profile can group two VPN connections set in LAN-to-LAN. The saved VPN profiles in LAN-to-LAN will be shown on Member1 and Member2 fields.</p> <p><b>Member 1/Member2</b> - Display the selection for LAN-to-LAN dial-out profiles (configured in <b>VPN and Remote Access &gt;&gt; LAN-to-LAN</b>) for you to choose for grouping under certain VPN TRUNK-VPN Backup mechanism profile.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>No</b> - Index number of LAN-to-LAN dial-out profile.</li> </ul>

- 
- **Name** - Profile name of LAN-to-LAN dial-out profile.
  - **Connection Type** - Connection type of LAN-to-LAN dial-out profile.
  - **VPN ServerIP (Private Network)** - VPN Server IP of LAN-to-LAN dial-out profiles.

**Active Mode** - Display available mode for you to choose.

**Add** - Add and save new profile to the backup profile list.

**Update** - Click this button to save the changes to the **Status** (Enable or Disable), profile name, member1 or member2.

**Delete** - Click this button to delete the selected VPN TRUNK profile. The corresponding members (LAN-to-LAN profiles) grouped in the deleted VPN TRUNK profile will be released and that profiles in LAN-to-LAN will be displayed in black.

---

### **Time for activating VPN TRUNK – VPN Backup mechanism profile**

VPN TRUNK – VPN Backup mechanism will be activated automatically after the initial connection of single VPN Tunnel off-line. The content in Member1/2 within VPN TRUNK – VPN Backup mechanism backup profile is similar to dial-out profile configured in LAN-to-LAN web page. VPN TRUNK – VPN Backup mechanism backup profile will process and handle everything unless it is off-line once it is activated.

## How can you set a VPN TRUNK-VPN Backup mechanism profile?

1. First of all, go to **VPN and Remote Access>>LAN-to-LAN**. Set two or more LAN-to-LAN profiles first that will be used for Member1 and Member2. If you do not set enough LAN-to-LAN profiles, you cannot operate VPN TRUNK – VPN Backup mechanism profile management well.
2. Access into **VPN and Remote Access>>VPN TRUNK Management**.
3. Set one group of VPN TRUNK – VPN Backup mechanism backup profile by choosing **Enable** radio button; type a name for such profile (e.g., 071023); choose one of the LAN-to-LAN profiles from Member1 drop down list; choose one of the LAN-to-LAN profiles from Member2 drop down list; and click **Add** at last.

4. Take a look for LAN-to-LAN profiles. Index 1 is chosen as Member1; index 2 is chosen as Member2. For such reason, LAN-to-LAN profiles of 1 and 2 will be expressed in red to indicate that they are fixed. If you delete the VPN TRUNK – VPN Backup mechanism profile, the selected LAN-to-LAN profiles will be released and expressed in black.

### VPN and Remote Access >> LAN to LAN

#### LAN-to-LAN Profiles:

Index	Name	Status
<u>1.</u>	To-A Place	√
<u>2.</u>	To-B Site	√
<u>3.</u>	To-C place	√
<u>4.</u>	To-D Site	√
5	???	√

## How can you set a GRE over IPsec profile?

1. Please go to LAN to LAN to set a profile with IPsec.
2. If the router will be used as the VPN Server (i.e., with virtual address 192.168.50.200). Please type 192.168.50.200 in the field of My GRE IP. Type IP address (192.168.50.100) of the client in the field of Peer GRE IP. See the following graphic for an example.

- Later, on peer side (as VPN Client): please type 192.168.50.100 in the field of My GRE IP and type IP address of the server (192.168.50.200) in the field of Peer GRE IP.

Callback Budget  minute(s)

**4. GRE over IPSec Settings**

Enable IPSec Dial-Out function GRE over IPSec

Logical Traffic

My GRE IP  Peer GRE IP

**5. TCP/IP Network Settings**

My WAN IP

Remote Gateway IP

Remote Network IP

Remote Network Mask

RIP Direction

From first subnet to remote network, you have to do

Change default route to this VPN tunnel ( Only single WAN supports this )

## Advanced Backup

After setting profiles for backup, you can choose any one of them and click **Advanced** for more detailed configuration.

http://192.168.1.1 - VPN Backup Advance Settings - Microsoft Internet Explorer

**VPN Backup Advance Settings**

Profile Name: Backup1

ERD Mode:  Normal  Resume (Member 1 first)

Detail Information:

Environment Recovers Detection(ERD) Status: Normal Mode

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Profile Name</b>	List the backup profile name.
<b>ERD Mode</b>	ERD means “Environment Recovers Detection”. <b>Normal</b> – choose this mode to make all dial-out VPN TRUNK backup profiles being activated alternatively. <b>Resume</b> – when VPN connection breaks down or disconnects, Member 1 will be the top priority for the system to do VPN connection.
<b>Detail Information</b>	This field will display detailed information for Environment Recovers Detection.

### 3.11.8 Connection Management

You can find the summary table of all VPN connections. You may disconnect any VPN connection by clicking **Drop** button. You may also aggressively Dial-out by using Dial-out Tool and clicking **Dial** button.

VPN and Remote Access >> Connection Management

**Dial-out Tool** Refresh Seconds : 10

General Mode:

Backup Mode:

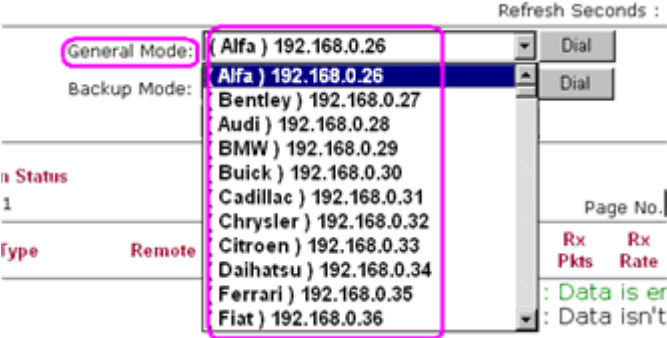
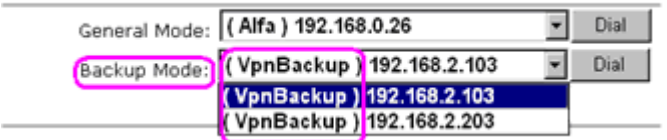
**VPN Connection Status**

Current Page: 1 Page No.

VPN	Type	Remote IP	Virtual Network	Tx Pkts	Tx Rate (Bps)	Rx Pkts	Rx Rate (Bps)	UpTime

xxxxxxx : Data is encrypted.  
xxxxxxx : Data isn't encrypted.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Dial-out Tool</b>	<p><b>General Mode</b> - This field displays the profile configured in LAN-to-LAN (with Index number and VPN Server IP address). The VPN connection built by General Mode does not support VPN backup function.</p>  <p><b>Backup Mode</b> - This field displays the profile name saved in VPN TRUNK Management (with Index number and VPN Server IP address). The VPN connection built by Backup Mode supports VPN backup function.</p>  <p><b>Dial</b> - Click this button to execute dial out function.</p> <p><b>Refresh Seconds</b> - Choose the time for refresh the dial information among 5, 10, and 30.</p> <p><b>Refresh</b> - Click this button to refresh the whole connection status.</p>

## 3.12 Certificate Management

A digital certificate works as an electronic ID, which is issued by a certification authority (CA). It contains information such as your name, a serial number, expiration dates etc., and the digital signature of the certificate-issuing authority so that a recipient can verify that the certificate is real. Here Vigor router support digital certificates conforming to standard X.509.

Any entity wants to utilize digital certificates should first request a certificate issued by a CA server. It should also retrieve certificates of other trusted CA servers so it can authenticate the peer with certificates issued by those trusted CA servers.

Here you can manage generate and manage the local digital certificates, and set trusted CA certificates. Remember to adjust the time of Vigor router before using the certificate so that you can get the correct valid period of certificate.

Below shows the menu items for Certificate Management.



### 3.12.1 Local Certificate

Certificate Management >> Local Certificate

X509 Local Certificate Configuration

Name	Subject	Status	Modify	
---	---	---	<input type="button" value="View"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>
---	---	---	<input type="button" value="View"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>
---	---	---	<input type="button" value="View"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Generate</b>	Click this button to open <b>Generate Certificate Request</b> window. Type in all the information that the window requests. Then click <b>Generate</b> again.
<b>Import</b>	Click this button to import a saved file as the certification information.
<b>Refresh</b>	Click this button to refresh the information listed below.
<b>View</b>	Click this button to view the detailed settings for certificate request.
<b>Delete</b>	Click this button to delete selected name with certification information.

#### GENERATE

Click this button to open **Generate Certificate Signing Request** window. Type in all the information that the window request such as certificate name (used for identifying different



certificate), subject alternative name type and relational settings for subject name. Then click **GENERATE** again.

**Certificate Management >> Local Certificate**

**Generate Certificate Signing Request**

<b>Certificate Name</b>	<input type="text"/>
<b>Subject Alternative Name</b>	
Type	IP Address <input type="button" value="v"/>
IP	<input type="text"/>
<b>Subject Name</b>	
Country (C)	<input type="text"/>
State (ST)	<input type="text"/>
Location (L)	<input type="text"/>
Organization (O)	<input type="text"/>
Organization Unit (OU)	<input type="text"/>
Common Name (CN)	<input type="text"/>
Email (E)	<input type="text"/>
<b>Key Type</b>	RSA <input type="button" value="v"/>
<b>Key Size</b>	1024 Bit <input type="button" value="v"/>

**Note:** Please be noted that “Common Name” must be configured with rotuer’s WAN IP or domain name.

After clicking **GENERATE**, the generated information will be displayed on the window below:

**Certificate Management >> Local Certificate**

**X509 Local Certificate Configuration**

Name	Subject	Status	Modify	
local	/C=TW/O=DrayTek/OU=RD/CN=192...	Requesting	<input type="button" value="View"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>
---	---	---	<input type="button" value="View"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>
---	---	---	<input type="button" value="View"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>

## IMPORT

Vigor router allows you to generate a certificate request and submit it the CA server, then import it as “Local Certificate”. If you have already gotten a certificate from a third party, you may import it directly. The supported types are PKCS12 Certificate and Certificate with a private key.

Click this button to import a saved file as the certification information. There are three types of local certificate supported by Vigor router.

### Certificate Management >> Local Certificate

**Import X509 Local Certificate**

**Upload Local Certificate**  
 Select a local certificate file.  
 Certificate file:   
 Click [Import](#) to upload the local certificate.

---

**Upload PKCS12 Certificate**  
 Select a PKCS12 file.  
 PKCS12 file:   
 Password:   
 Click [Import](#) to upload the PKCS12 file.

---

**Upload Certificate and Private Key**  
 Select a certificate file and a matchable Private Key.  
 Certificate file:   
 Key file:   
 Password:   
 Click [Import](#) to upload the local certificate and private key.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description																
<b>Upload Local Certificate</b>	<p>It allows users to import the certificate which is generated by vigor router and signed by CA server.</p> <p>If you have done well in certificate generation, the Status of the certificate will be shown as “OK”.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 5px; margin: 5px 0;"> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Congratulation!</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Local Certificate has been imported successfully.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Please click <input type="button" value="Back"/> to view the certificate.</p> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 5px; margin: 5px 0;"> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>X509 Local Certificate Configuration</b></p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: left;">Name</th> <th style="text-align: left;">Subject</th> <th style="text-align: left;">Status</th> <th style="text-align: left;">Modify</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>draytekdemo</td> <td>/O=Draytek/OU=Draytek Sales/...</td> <td>OK</td> <td><input type="button" value="View"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>---</td> <td>---</td> <td>---</td> <td><input type="button" value="View"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>---</td> <td>---</td> <td>---</td> <td><input type="button" value="View"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="text-align: center;"> <input type="button" value="GENERATE"/> <input type="button" value="IMPORT"/> <input type="button" value="REFRESH"/> </p> </div>	Name	Subject	Status	Modify	draytekdemo	/O=Draytek/OU=Draytek Sales/...	OK	<input type="button" value="View"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>	---	---	---	<input type="button" value="View"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>	---	---	---	<input type="button" value="View"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>
Name	Subject	Status	Modify														
draytekdemo	/O=Draytek/OU=Draytek Sales/...	OK	<input type="button" value="View"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>														
---	---	---	<input type="button" value="View"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>														
---	---	---	<input type="button" value="View"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>														
<b>Upload PKCS12 Certificate</b>	<p>It allows users to import the certificate whose extensions are usually .pfx or .p12. And these certificates usually need passwords.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> PKCS12 is a standard for storing private keys and</p>																

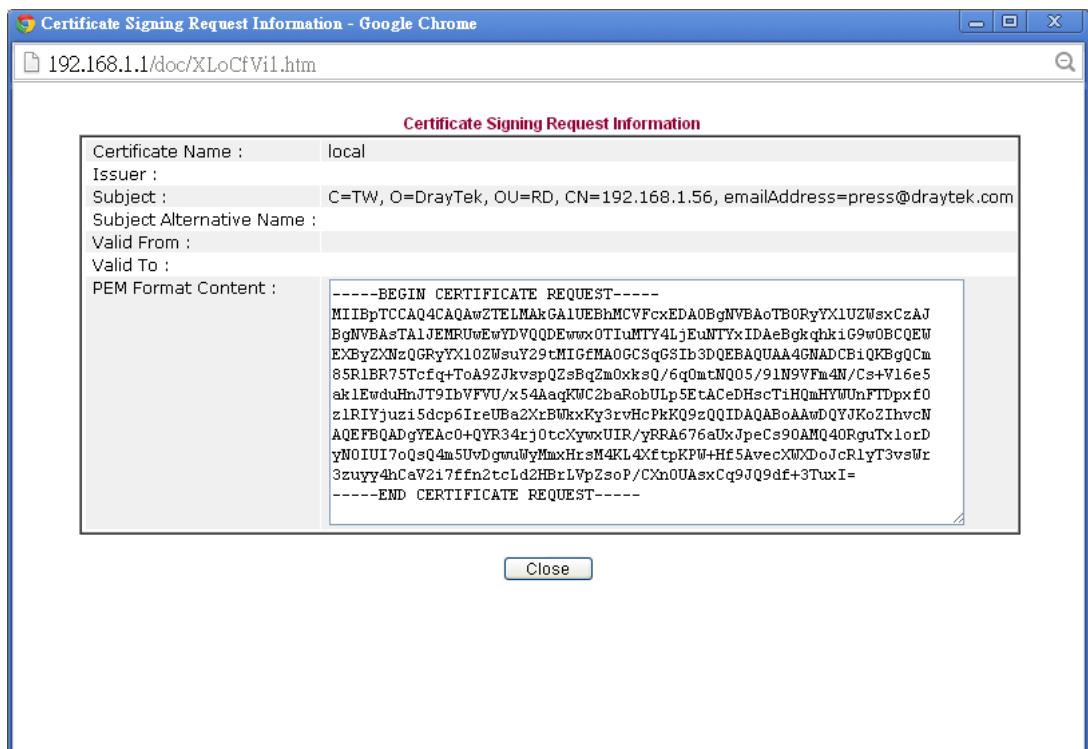
	certificates securely. It is used in (among other things) Netscape and Microsoft Internet Explorer with their import and export options.
<b>Upload Certificate and Private Key</b>	It is useful when users have separated certificates and private keys. And the password is needed if the private key is encrypted.

## REFRESH

Click this button to refresh the information listed below.

## View

Click this button to view the detailed settings for certificate request.



**Note:** You have to copy the certificate request information from above window. Next, access your CA server and enter the page of certificate request, copy the information into it and submit a request. A new certificate will be issued to you by the CA server. You can save it.

### 3.12.2 Trusted CA Certificate

Trusted CA certificate lists three sets of trusted CA certificate.

[Certificate Management >> Trusted CA Certificate](#)

#### X509 Trusted CA Certificate Configuration

Name	Subject	Status	Modify	
Trusted CA-1	---	---	<input type="button" value="View"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>
Trusted CA-2	---	---	<input type="button" value="View"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>
Trusted CA-3	---	---	<input type="button" value="View"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>

To import a pre-saved trusted CA certificate, please click **IMPORT** to open the following window. Use **Browse...** to find out the saved text file. Then click **Import**. The one you imported will be listed on the Trusted CA Certificate window. Then click **Import** to use the pre-saved file.

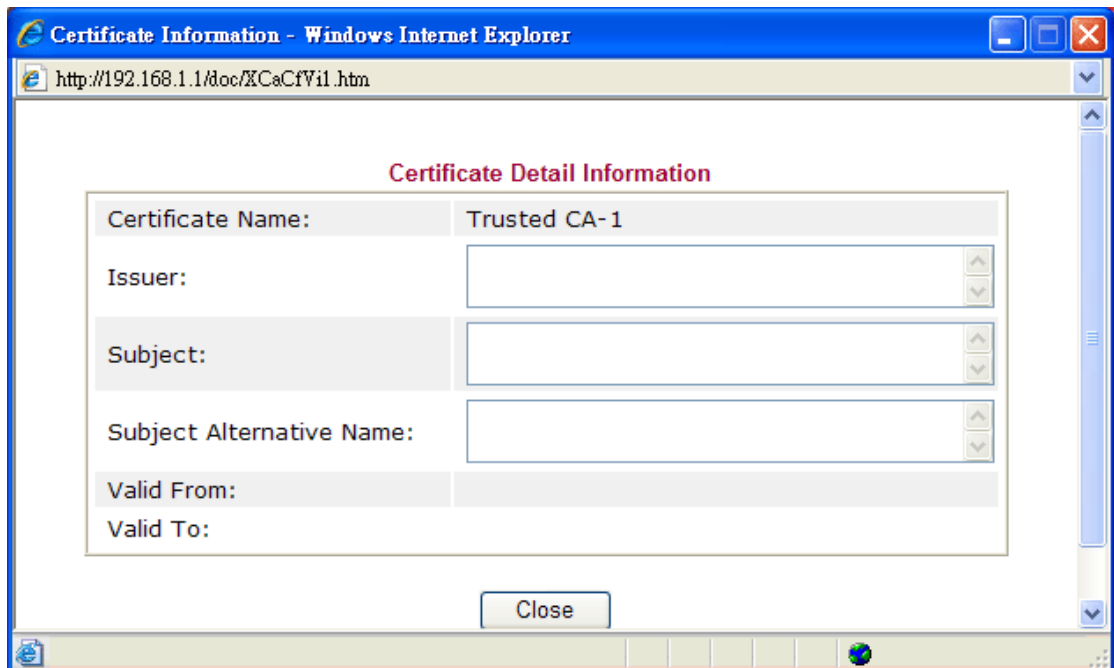
[Certificate Management >> Trusted CA Certificate](#)

#### Import X509 Trusted CA Certificate

Select a trusted CA certificate file.

Click [Import](#) to upload the certification.

For viewing each trusted CA certificate, click **View** to open the certificate detail information window. If you want to delete a CA certificate, choose the one and click **Delete** to remove all the certificate information.



### 3.12.3 Certificate Backup

Local certificate and Trusted CA certificate for this router can be saved within one file. Please click **Backup** on the following screen to save them. If you want to set encryption password for these certificates, please type characters in both fields of **Encrypt password** and **Retype password**.

Also, you can use **Restore** to retrieve these two settings to the router whenever you want.

Certificate Management >> Certificate Backup

#### Certificate Backup / Restoration

<b>Backup</b>
Encrypt password: <input type="text"/>
Confirm password: <input type="text"/>
Click <input type="button" value="Backup"/> to download certificates to your local PC as a file.
<b>Restoration</b>
Select a backup file to restore.
<input type="button" value="Select"/>
Decrypt password: <input type="text"/>
Click <input type="button" value="Restore"/> to upload the file.

### 3.13 VoIP

**Note:** This function is used for “V” models.

Voice over IP network (VoIP) enables you to use your broadband Internet connection to make toll quality voice calls over the Internet.

There are many different call signaling protocols, methods by which VoIP devices can talk to each other. The most popular protocols are SIP, MGCP, Megaco and H.323. These protocols are not all compatible with each other (except via a soft-switch server).

The Vigor V models support the SIP protocol as this is an ideal and convenient deployment for the ITSP (Internet Telephony Service Provider) and softphone and is widely supported. SIP is an end-to-end, signaling protocol that establishes user presence and mobility in VoIP structure. Every one who wants to talk using his/her SIP Uniform Resource Identifier, “SIP Address”. The standard format of SIP URI is

**sip: user:password @ host: port**

Some fields may be optional in different use. In general, “host” refers to a domain. The “userinfo” includes the user field, the password field and the @ sign following them. This is very similar to a URL so some may call it “SIP URL”. SIP supports peer-to-peer direct calling and also calling via a SIP proxy server (a role similar to the gatekeeper in H.323 networks), while the MGCP protocol uses client-server architecture, the calling scenario being very similar to the current PSTN network.

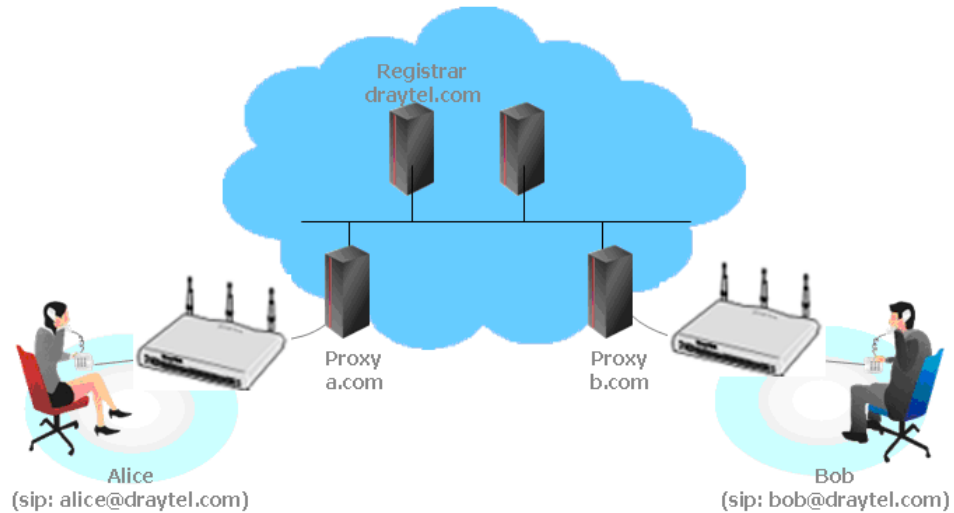
After a call is setup, the voice streams transmit via RTP (Real-Time Transport Protocol). Different codecs (methods to compress and encode the voice) can be embedded into RTP packets. Vigor V models provide various codecs, including G.711 A/ $\mu$ -law, G.723, G.726 and G.729 A & B. Each codec uses a different bandwidth and hence provides different levels of voice quality. The more bandwidth a codec uses the better the voice quality, however the codec used must be appropriate for your Internet bandwidth.

Usually there will be two types of calling scenario, as illustrated below:

- **Calling via SIP Servers**

First, the Vigor V models of yours will have to register to a SIP Registrar by sending registration messages to validate. Then, both parties' SIP proxies will forward the sequence of messages to caller to establish the session.

If you both register to the same SIP Registrar, then it will be illustrated as below:



The major benefit of this mode is that you don't have to memorize your friend's IP address, which might change very frequently if it's dynamic. Instead of that, you will only have to using **dial plan** or directly dial your friend's **account name** if you are with the same SIP Registrar.

- **Peer-to-Peer**

Before calling, you have to know your friend's IP Address. The Vigor VoIP Routers will build connection between each other.



- Our Vigor V models firstly apply efficient codecs designed to make the best use of available bandwidth, but Vigor V models also equip with automatic QoS assurance. QoS Assurance assists to assign high priority to voice traffic via Internet. You will always have the required inbound and outbound bandwidth that is prioritized exclusively for Voice traffic over Internet but you just get your data a little slower and it is tolerable for data traffic.



### 3.13.1 DialPlan

This page allows you to set phone book and digit map for the VoIP function. Click the **Phone Book** and **Digit Map** links on the page to access into next pages for dialplan settings.

VoIP >> DialPlan Setup

#### DialPlan Configuration

<a href="#">Phone Book</a>
<a href="#">Digit Map</a>
<a href="#">Call Barring</a>
<a href="#">Regional</a>
<a href="#">PSTN Setup</a>

#### Secure Phone configuration

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable Secure Phone (ZRTP+SRTP)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable SAS Voice Prompt

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable Secure Phone</b>	It allows users to have encrypted RTP stream with the peer side using the same protocol (ZRTP+SRTP). Check this box to have secure call.
<b>Enable SAS Voice Prompt</b>	If it is enabled, SAS prompt will be heard for both ends every time. If it is disabled, no SAS prompt will be heard any more.

#### Application for Secure Phone

Enable SAS Voice Prompt, for ex: if vigor router A calls vigor router B with checking **Enable Secure Phone** and **Enable SAS Voice Prompt**, then:

1. After the connection established, vigor router A will send SAS voice prompt to A and vigor router B will send the SAS voice prompt to B.
2. Then the RTP traffic is secured until the call ends.
3. If vigor router A wants to call vigor router B again next time, both A and B will not hear any voice prompt again even checking **Enable SAS Voice Prompt** on web UI. It means only the first call between them will have voice prompt.

Enable SAS Voice Prompt, for ex: if vigor router A calls vigor router B with checking **Enable Secure Phone** but not **Enable SAS Voice Prompt**, then:

1. After the connection established, vigor router A will **NOT** send SAS voice prompt to vigor router A and vigor router B will NOT send the SAS voice prompt to vigor router B.
2. Even no voice prompt, but the RTP traffic is still secured until the call ends.

**Note:** If the incoming or outgoing calls do not match any entry on the phonebook, the router will try to make the call "being protected". But, if the call ends up "unprotected"(e.g. peer side does not support ZRTP+SRTP), the router will not play out a warning message.

## Phone Book

In this section, you can set your VoIP contacts in the “phonebook”. It can help you to make calls quickly and easily by using “speed-dial” **Phone Number**. There are total 60 index entries in the phonebook for you to store all your friends and family members’ SIP addresses. **Loop through** and **Backup Phone Number** will be displayed if you are using Vigor2830Vn for setting the phone book.

VoIP >> DialPlan Setup

### Phone Book

Index	Phone number	Display Name	SIP URL	Dial Out Account	Loop through	Backup Phone Number	Secure Phone	Status
<a href="#">1.</a>				Default	None		None	x
<a href="#">2.</a>				Default	None		None	x
<a href="#">3.</a>				Default	None		None	x
<a href="#">4.</a>				Default	None		None	x
<a href="#">5.</a>				Default	None		None	x
<a href="#">6.</a>				Default	None		None	x
<a href="#">7.</a>				Default	None		None	x
<a href="#">8.</a>				Default	None		None	x
<a href="#">9.</a>				Default	None		None	x
<a href="#">10.</a>				Default	None		None	x
<a href="#">11.</a>				Default	None		None	x
<a href="#">12.</a>				Default	None		None	x
<a href="#">13.</a>				Default	None		None	x
<a href="#">14.</a>				Default	None		None	x
<a href="#">15.</a>				Default	None		None	x
<a href="#">16.</a>				Default	None		None	x
<a href="#">17.</a>				Default	None		None	x
<a href="#">18.</a>				Default	None		None	x
<a href="#">19.</a>				Default	None		None	x
<a href="#">20.</a>				Default	None		None	x

<< [1-20](#) | [21-40](#) | [41-60](#) >>

[Next](#) >>

Status: v --- Active, x --- Inactive

Click any index number to display the dial plan setup page.

VoIP >> DialPlan Setup

### Phone Book Index No. 1

Enable

Phone Number:

Display Name:

SIP URL:  @

Dial Out Account:

Loop through:

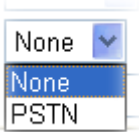
Backup Phone Number:

Secure Phone:

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable</b>	Click this to enable this entry.
<b>Phone Number</b>	The speed-dial number of this index. This can be any number you choose, using digits <b>0-9</b> and <b>*</b> .



<b>Display Name</b>	The Caller-ID that you want to be displayed on your friend's screen. This let your friend can easily know who's calling without memorizing lots of SIP URL Address.
<b>SIP URL</b>	Enter your friend's SIP Address.
<b>Dial Out Account</b>	Choose one of the SIP accounts for this profile to dial out. It is useful for both sides (caller and callee) that registered to different SIP Registrar servers. If caller and callee do not use the same SIP server, sometimes, the VoIP phone call connection may not succeed. By using the specified dial out account, the successful connection can be assured.
<b>Loop through</b>	Choose PSTN to enable loop through function. 
<b>Backup Phone Number</b>	When the VoIP phone is obstructs or the Internet breaks down for some reasons, the backup phone will be dialed out to replace the VoIP phone number. At this time, the phone call will be changed from VoIP phone into PSTN call according to the loop through direction chosen. Note that, during the phone switch, the blare of phone will appear for a short time. And when the VoIP phone is switched into the PSTN phone, the telecom co. might charge you for the connection fee. Please type in backup phone number for this VoIP phone setting.
<b>Secure Phone</b>	<b>ZRTP+SRTP</b> - It allows users to have encrypted RTP stream with the peer side using the same protocol (ZRTP+SRTP). Check this box to have secure call.

**Note:** If the incoming or outgoing calls do not match any entry on the phonebook, the router will try to make the call "being protected". But, if the call ends up "unprotected"(e.g. peer side does not support ZRTP+SRTP), the router will not play out a warning message.

## Digit Map

For the convenience of user, this page allows users to edit prefix number for the SIP account with adding number, stripping number or replacing number. It is used to help user having a quick and easy way to dial out through VoIP interface.

VoIP >> DialPlan Setup

Digit Map Setup

#	Enable	Match Prefix	Mode	OP Number	Min Len	Max Len	Route	Move Up	Move Down
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	03	Replace	8863	7	8	PSTN		Down
2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	886	Strip	886	9	10	PSTN	UP	Down
3	<input type="checkbox"/>		None		0	0	PSTN	UP	Down
4	<input type="checkbox"/>		None		0	0	PSTN	UP	Down
5	<input type="checkbox"/>		None		0	0	PSTN	UP	Down
18	<input type="checkbox"/>		None		0	0	PSTN	UP	Down
19	<input type="checkbox"/>		None		0	0	PSTN	UP	Down
20	<input type="checkbox"/>		None		0	0	PSTN	UP	

**Note:**

- The length for Min Len and Max Len fields should be between 0~25.
- Wildcard '?' is supported.

OK Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable</b>	Check this box to invoke this setting.
<b>Match Prefix</b>	It is used to match with the number you dialed and can be modified with the <b>OP Number</b> by the mode (add, strip or replace).
<b>Mode</b>	<p><b>None</b> - No action.</p> <p><b>Add</b> - When you choose this mode, the OP number will be added with the prefix number for calling out through the specific VoIP interface.</p> <p><b>Strip</b> - When you choose this mode, the OP number will be deleted by the prefix number for calling out through the specific VoIP interface. Take the above picture (Prefix Table Setup web page) as an example, the OP number of 886 will be deleted completely for the prefix number is set with 886.</p> <p><b>Replace</b> - When you choose this mode, the OP number will be replaced by the prefix number for calling out through the specific VoIP interface. Take the above picture (Prefix Table Setup web page) as an example, the prefix number of 03 will be replaced by 8863. For example: dial number of "03111111" will be changed to "8863111111" and sent to SIP server.</p>

	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> <div style="text-align: center;">Mode</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">           Replace ▾            None            Add            Strip            Replace         </div> </div>
<b>OP Number</b>	The front number you type here is the first part of the account number that you want to execute special function (according to the chosen mode) by using the prefix number.
<b>Min Len</b>	Set the minimal length of the dial number for applying the prefix number settings. Take the above picture (Prefix Table Setup web page) as an example, if the dial number is between 7 and 9, that number can apply the prefix number settings here.
<b>Max Len</b>	Set the maximum length of the dial number for applying the prefix number settings.
<b>Route</b>	Choose the one that you want to enable the prefix number settings from the saved SIP accounts. Please set up one SIP account first to make this interface available. This item will be changed according to the port settings configured in <b>VoIP&gt;&gt; Phone Settings</b> .
<b>Move UP /Move Down</b>	Click the link to move the selected entry up or down.

## Call Barring

Call barring is used to block phone calls coming from the one that is not welcomed.

[VoIP >> DialPlan Setup](#)

Call Barring Setup						<a href="#">Set to Factory Default</a>
Index	Call Direction	Barring Type	Barring Number/URL/URI	Route	Schedule	Status
<a href="#">1.</a>						x
<a href="#">2.</a>						x
<a href="#">3.</a>						x
<a href="#">4.</a>						x
<a href="#">5.</a>						x
<a href="#">6.</a>						x
<a href="#">7.</a>						x
<a href="#">8.</a>						x
<a href="#">9.</a>						x
<a href="#">10.</a>						x

[<< 1-10 | 11-20 >>](#)

[Next >>](#)

Advanced:  
[Block Anonymous](#)  
[Block Unknown Domain](#)  
[Block IP Address](#)

Click any index number to display the dial plan setup page.

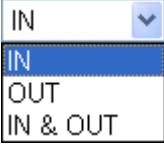
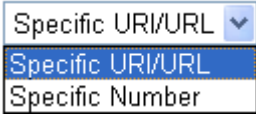
**Call Barring Index No. 1**

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable	
Call Direction	IN
Barring Type	Specific URI/URL
Specific URI/URL	
Route	All
Index(1-15) in <a href="#">Schedule Setup</a>	

Note: Wildcard '?' is supported.

OK Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable</b>	Check it to enable this entry.
<b>Call Direction</b>	Determine the direction for the phone call, IN – incoming call, OUT-outgoing call, IN & OUT – both incoming and outgoing calls. 
<b>Barring Type</b>	Determine the type of the VoIP phone call, URI/URL or number. 
<b>Specific URI/URL or Specific Number</b>	This field will be changed based on the type you selected for barring Type.
<b>Route</b>	<b>All</b> means all the phone calls will be blocked with such mechanism.
<b>Index (1-15) in Schedule</b>	Enter the index of schedule profiles to control the call barring according to the preconfigured schedules. Refer to section <b>Applications&gt;&gt;Schedule</b> for detailed configuration.

Additionally, you can set advanced settings for call barring such as **Block Anonymous**, **Block Unknown Domain** or **Block IP Address**. Simply click the relational links to open the web page.

For **Block Anonymous** – this function can block the incoming calls without caller ID on the interface (Phone port) specified in the following window. Such control also can be done based on preconfigured schedules.

VoIP >> DialPlan Setup

---

Call Barring Block Anonymous

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable	Route	<input type="checkbox"/> Phone1	<input type="checkbox"/> Phone2
	Index(1-15) in <b>Schedule</b> Setup	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

**Note:**Block the incoming calls which do not have the caller ID.

OK Cancel

For **Block Unknown Domain** – this function can block incoming calls (through Phone port) from unrecognized domain that is not specified in SIP accounts. Such control also can be done based on preconfigured schedules.

VoIP >> DialPlan Setup

---

Call Barring Block Unknown Domain

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable	Route	<input type="checkbox"/> Phone1	<input type="checkbox"/> Phone2
	Index(1-15) in <b>Schedule</b> Setup	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

**Note:**If the domain of the incoming call is different from the domain found in SIP accounts,the call should be blocked.

OK Cancel

For **Block IP Address** – this function can block incoming calls (through Phone port) coming from IP address. Such control also can be done based on preconfigured schedules.

VoIP >> DialPlan Setup

---

Call Barring Block IP Address

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable	Route	<input type="checkbox"/> Phone1	<input type="checkbox"/> Phone2
	Index(1-15) in <b>Schedule</b> Setup	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

**Note:**The incoming calls by means of IP dialing (e.g.#192\*168\*1\*1#) should be blocked.

OK Cancel

## Regional

This page allows you to process incoming or outgoing phone calls by regional. Default values (common used in most areas) will be shown on this web page. You *can change* the number based on the region that the router is placed.

### VoIP >> DialPlan Setup

Enable Regional | [Set to Factory Default](#) |

Last Call Return [Miss]:	<input type="text" value="*69"/>	Last Call Return [Out]:	<input type="text" value="*14"/>
Last Call Return [In]:	<input type="text" value="*12"/>		
Call Forward [All] [Act]:	<input type="text" value="*72"/> +number+#	Call Forward [Deact]:	<input type="text" value="*73"/> +#
Call Forward [Busy] [Act]:	<input type="text" value="*90"/> +number+#	Call Forward [No Ans] [Act]:	<input type="text" value="*92"/> +number+#
Do Not Disturb [Act]:	<input type="text" value="*78"/> +#	Do Not Disturb [Deact]:	<input type="text" value="*79"/> +#
Hide caller ID [Act]:	<input type="text" value="*67"/> +#	Hide caller ID [Deact]:	<input type="text" value="*68"/> +#
Call Waiting [Act]:	<input type="text" value="*56"/> +#	Call Waiting [Deact]:	<input type="text" value="*57"/> +#
Block Anonymous [Act]:	<input type="text" value="*77"/> +#	Block Anonymous [Deact]:	<input type="text" value="*87"/> +#
Block Unknow Domain [Act]:	<input type="text" value="*40"/> +#	Block Unknow Domain [Deact]:	<input type="text" value="*04"/> +#
Block IP Calls [Act]:	<input type="text" value="*50"/> +#	Block IP Calls [Deact]:	<input type="text" value="*05"/> +#
Block Last Calls [Act]:	<input type="text" value="*60"/> +#		

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable Regional</b>	Check this box to enable this function.
<b>Last Call Return [Miss]</b>	Sometimes, people might miss some phone calls. Please dial number typed in this field to know where the last phone call comes from and call back to that one.
<b>Last Call Return [In]</b>	You have finished an incoming phone call, however you want to call back again for some reason. Please dial number typed in this field to call back to that one.
<b>Last Call Return [Out]</b>	Dial the number typed in this field to call the previous outgoing phone call again.
<b>Call Forward [All][Act]</b>	Dial the number typed in this field to forward all the incoming calls to the specified place.
<b>Call Forward [Deact]</b>	Dial the number typed in this field to release the call forward function.
<b>Call Forward [Busy][Act]</b>	Dial the number typed in this field to forward all the incoming calls to the specified place while the phone is busy.
<b>Call Forward [No Ans][Act]</b>	Dial the number typed in this field to forward all the incoming calls to the specified place while there is no answer of the connected phone.

<b>Do Not Disturb [Act]</b>	Dial the number typed in this field to invoke the function of DND.
<b>Do Not Distrub [Deact]</b>	Dial the number typed in this field to release the DND function.
<b>Hide caller ID [Act]</b>	Dial the number typed in this field to make your phone number (ID) not displayed on the display panel of remote end.
<b>Hide caller ID [Deact]</b>	Dial the number typed in this field to release this function.
<b>Call Waiting [Act]</b>	Dial the number typed in this field to make all the incoming calls waiting for your answer.
<b>Call Waiting [Deact]</b>	Dial the number typed in this field to release this function.
<b>Block Anonymous[Act]</b>	Dial the number typed in this field to block all the incoming calls with unknown ID.
<b>Block Anonymous[Deact]</b>	Dial the number typed in this field to release this function.
<b>Block Unknown Domain [Act]</b>	Dial the number typed in this field to block all the incoming calls from unknown domain.
<b>Block Unknown Domain [Deact]</b>	Dial the number typed in this field to release this function.
<b>Block IP Calls [Act]</b>	Dial the number typed in this filed to block all the incoming calls from IP address.
<b>Block IP Calls [Deact]</b>	Dial the number typed in this field to release this function.
<b>Block Last Calls [Act]</b>	Dial the number typed in this field to block the last incoming phone call.

## PSTN Setup

Some emergency phone (e.g., 911) or special phone cannot be dialed out by using VoIP and can be called out through PSTN line only. To solve this problem, this page allows you to set five sets of PSTN number for dialing without passing through Internet. Please type the number in the field of **phone number for PSTN relay**.

VoIP >> PSTN Setup

**Default phone number for PSTN relay**

Enable	phone number for PSTN relay
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>

Then, check the **Enable** box to make the PSTN number available for dial whenever you need.

### 3.13.2 SIP Accounts

In this section, you set up your own SIP settings. When you apply for an account, your SIP service provider will give you an **Account Name** or user name, **SIP Registrar**, **Proxy**, and **Domain name**. (The last three might be the same in some case). Then you can tell your folks your SIP Address as in **Account Name@ Domain name**

As Vigor VoIP Router is turned on, it will first register with Registrar using AuthorizationUser@Domain/Realm. After that, your call will be bypassed by SIP Proxy to the destination using AccountName@Domain/Realm as identity.

**Note:** Selection items for **Ring Port** will differ according to the router you have.

VoIP >> SIP Accounts

SIP Accounts List Refresh

Index	Profile	Domain/Realm	Proxy	Account Name	Codec	Ring Port		Status
<a href="#">1</a>				---	G.729A/B	<input type="checkbox"/> Phone1	<input type="checkbox"/> Phone2	-
<a href="#">2</a>				---	G.729A/B	<input type="checkbox"/> Phone1	<input type="checkbox"/> Phone2	-
<a href="#">3</a>				---	G.729A/B	<input type="checkbox"/> Phone1	<input type="checkbox"/> Phone2	-
<a href="#">4</a>				---	G.729A/B	<input type="checkbox"/> Phone1	<input type="checkbox"/> Phone2	-
<a href="#">5</a>				---	G.729A/B	<input type="checkbox"/> Phone1	<input type="checkbox"/> Phone2	-
<a href="#">6</a>				---	G.729A/B	<input type="checkbox"/> Phone1	<input type="checkbox"/> Phone2	-
<a href="#">7</a>				---	G.729A/B	<input type="checkbox"/> Phone1	<input type="checkbox"/> Phone2	-
<a href="#">8</a>				---	G.729A/B	<input type="checkbox"/> Phone1	<input type="checkbox"/> Phone2	-
<a href="#">9</a>				---	G.729A/B	<input type="checkbox"/> Phone1	<input type="checkbox"/> Phone2	-
<a href="#">10</a>				---	G.729A/B	<input type="checkbox"/> Phone1	<input type="checkbox"/> Phone2	-
<a href="#">11</a>				---	G.729A/B	<input type="checkbox"/> Phone1	<input type="checkbox"/> Phone2	-
<a href="#">12</a>				---	G.729A/B	<input type="checkbox"/> Phone1	<input type="checkbox"/> Phone2	-

R: success registered on SIP server  
-: fail to register on SIP server

#### NAT Traversal Setting

STUN Server:	<input type="text"/>
External IP:	<input type="text"/>
SIP PING Interval:	<input type="text" value="150"/> sec

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Index</b>	Click this link to access into next page for setting SIP account.
<b>Profile</b>	Display the profile name of the account.
<b>Domain/Realm</b>	Display the domain name or IP address of the SIP registrar server.
<b>Proxy</b>	Display the domain name or IP address of the SIP proxy server.
<b>Account Name</b>	Display the account name of SIP address before @.



<b>Codec</b>	Display the codec type for the account.
<b>Ring Port</b>	Specify which port will ring when receiving a phone call.
<b>Status</b>	Show the status for the corresponding SIP account. <b>R</b> means such account is registered on SIP server successfully. <b>–</b> means the account is failed to register on SIP server.
<b>STUN Server</b>	Type in the IP address or domain of the STUN server.
<b>External IP</b>	Type in the gateway IP address.
<b>SIP PING interval</b>	The default value is 150 (sec). It is useful for a Nortel server NAT Traversal Support.

Click any index link to access into the following page for configuring SIP account.

[VoIP >> SIP Accounts](#)

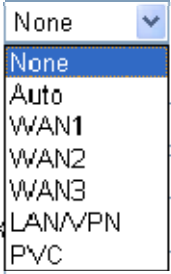
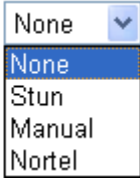
**SIP Account Index No. 1**

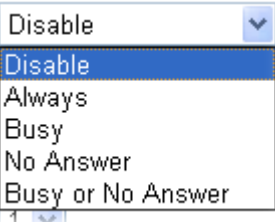
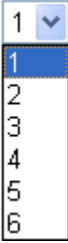
Profile Name	<input type="text"/> (11 char max.)
Register via	None <input type="checkbox"/> Call without Registration
SIP Port	<input type="text" value="5060"/>
Domain/Realm	<input type="text"/> (63 char max.)
Proxy	<input type="text"/> (63 char max.)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Act as outbound proxy
Display Name	<input type="text"/> (23 char max.)
Account Number/Name	<input type="text" value="---"/> (63 char max.)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Authentication ID <input type="text"/> (63 char max.)
Password	<input type="text"/> (63 char max.)
Expiry Time	1 hour <input type="text" value="3600"/> sec
NAT Traversal Support	None <input type="checkbox"/>
Call Forwarding	Disable <input type="checkbox"/>
SIP URL	<input type="text"/>
Time Out	<input type="text" value="30"/> sec
Ring Port	<input type="checkbox"/> Phone1 <input type="checkbox"/> Phone2
Ring Pattern	1 <input type="checkbox"/>
Prefer Codec	G.729A/B (8Kbps) <input type="checkbox"/> Single Codec
Packet Size	20ms <input type="checkbox"/>
Voice Active Detector	Off <input type="checkbox"/>

OK Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Profile Name</b>	Assign a name for this profile for identifying. You can type similar name with the domain. For example, if the domain name is <i>draytel.org</i> , then you might set <i>draytel-1</i> in this field.
<b>Register via</b>	If you want to make VoIP call without register personal

	<p>information, please choose <b>None</b> and check the box to achieve the goal. Some SIP server allows user to use VoIP function without registering. For such server, please check the box of <b>Call without Registration</b>. Choosing <b>Auto</b> is recommended. The system will select a proper way for your VoIP call.</p> 
<b>SIP Port</b>	Set the port number for sending/receiving SIP message for building a session. The default value is <b>5060</b> . Your peer must set the same value in his/her Registrar.
<b>Domain/Realm</b>	Set the domain name or IP address of the SIP Registrar server.
<b>Proxy</b>	Set domain name or IP address of SIP proxy server. By the time you can type <b>:port number</b> after the domain name to specify that port as the destination of data transmission (e.g., <b>nat.draytel.org:5065</b> )
<b>Act as Outbound Proxy</b>	Check this box to make the proxy acting as outbound proxy.
<b>Display Name</b>	The caller-ID that you want to be displayed on your friend's screen.
<b>Account Number/Name</b>	Enter your account name of SIP Address, e.g. every text before @.
<b>Authentication ID</b>	Check the box to invoke this function and enter the name or number used for SIP Authorization with SIP Registrar. If this setting value is the same as Account Name, it is not necessary for you to check the box and set any value in this field.
<b>Password</b>	The password provided to you when you registered with a SIP service.
<b>Expiry Time</b>	The time duration that your SIP Registrar server keeps your registration record. Before the time expires, the router will send another register request to SIP Registrar again.
<b>NAT Traversal Support</b>	<p>If the router (e.g., broadband router) you use connects to internet by other device, you have to set this function for your necessity.</p> <p>NAT Traversal Support </p>

	<p><b>None</b> – Disable this function.</p> <p><b>Stun</b> – Choose this option if there is Stun server provided for your router.</p> <p><b>Manual</b> – Choose this option if you want to specify an external IP address as the NAT transversal support.</p> <p><b>Nortel</b> – If the soft-switch that you use supports Nortel solution, you can choose this option.</p>
<p><b>Call Forwarding</b></p>	<p>There are four options for you to choose. <b>Disable</b> is to close call forwarding function. <b>Always</b> means all the incoming calls will be forwarded into SIP URL without any reason. <b>Busy</b> means the incoming calls will be forwarded into SIP URL only when the local system is busy. <b>No Answer</b> means if the incoming calls do not receive any response, they will be forwarded to the SIP URL by the time out.</p>  <p><b>SIP URL</b> – Type in the SIP URL (e.g., aaa@draytel.org or abc@iptel.org) as the site for call forwarded.</p> <p><b>Time Out</b> – Set the time out for the call forwarding. The default setting is 30 sec.</p>
<p><b>Ring Port</b></p>	<p>Set Phone 1 and/or Phone 2 as the default ring port(s) for this SIP account.</p>
<p><b>Ring Pattern</b></p>	<p>Choose a ring tone type for the VoIP phone call.</p> <p>Ring Pattern </p>
<p><b>Prefer Codec</b></p>	<p>Select one of five codecs as the default for your VoIP calls. The codec used for each call will be negotiated with the peer party before each session, and so may not be your default choice. The default codec is G.729A/B; it occupies little bandwidth while maintaining good voice quality.</p> <p>If your upstream speed is only 64Kbps, do not use G.711 codec. It is better for you to have at least 256Kbps upstream if you would like to use G.711.</p>

	<div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>G.729A/B (8Kbps) ▾</li> <li>G.711MU (64Kbps)</li> <li>G.711A (64Kbps)</li> <li style="background-color: #0056b3; color: white;">G.729A/B (8Kbps)</li> <li>G.723 (6.4kbps)</li> <li>G.726_32 (32kbps)</li> <li>iLBC_15 (15.20kbps)</li> <li>iLBC_13 (13.20kbps)</li> </ul> </div> <p><b>Single Codec</b> – If the box is checked, only the selected Codec will be applied.</p>
<p><b>Packet Size</b></p>	<p>The amount of data contained in a single packet. The default value is 20 ms, which means the data packet will contain 20 ms voice information.</p> <div> <p>Packet Size <span style="float: right;">20ms ▾</span></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>10ms</li> <li style="background-color: #0056b3; color: white;">20ms</li> <li>30ms</li> <li>40ms</li> <li>50ms</li> <li>60ms</li> </ul> </div>
<p><b>Voice Active Detector</b></p>	<p>This function can detect if the voice on both sides is active or not. If not, the router will do something to save the bandwidth for other using. Click On to invoke this function; click off to close the function.</p> <div> <p>Voice Active Detector <span style="float: right;">Off ▾</span></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li style="background-color: #0056b3; color: white;">Off</li> <li>On</li> </ul> </div>

### 3.13.3 Phone Settings

This page allows user to set phone settings for Phone 1 and Phone 2 respectively. However, it changes slightly according to different model you have.

[VoIP >> Phone Settings](#)

Index	Port	Call Feature	Tone	Gain (Mic/Speaker)	Default SIP Account	DTMF Relay
<a href="#">1</a>	Phone1	CW,CT,	User Defined	5/5		OutBand
<a href="#">2</a>	Phone2	CW,CT,	User Defined	5/5		OutBand

#### RTP

Symmetric RTP

Dynamic RTP Port Start

Dynamic RTP Port End

RTP TOS

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<p><b>Phone List</b></p>	<p><b>Port</b> – there are two phone ports provided here for you to configure. <b>Phone1/Phone2</b> allows you to set general settings for PSTN phones.</p> <p><b>Call Feature</b> – A brief description for call feature will be shown in this field for your reference.</p> <p><b>Tone</b> - Display the tone settings that configured in the advanced settings page of Phone Index.</p> <p><b>Gain</b> - Display the volume gain settings for Mic/Speaker that configured in the advanced settings page of Phone Index.</p> <p><b>Default SIP Account</b> – “draytel_1” is the default SIP account. You can click the number below the Index field to change SIP account for each phone port.</p> <p><b>DTMF Relay</b> – Display DTMF mode that configured in the advanced settings page of Phone Index.</p>
<p><b>RTP</b></p>	<p><b>Symmetric RTP</b> – Check this box to invoke the function. To make the data transmission going through on both ends of local router and remote router not misleading due to IP lost (for example, sending data from the public IP of remote router to the private IP of local router), you can check this box to solve this problem.</p> <p><b>Dynamic RTP Port Start</b> - Specifies the start port for RTP stream. The default value is 10050.</p> <p><b>Dynamic RTP Port End</b> - Specifies the end port for RTP stream. The default value is 15000.</p> <p><b>RTP TOS</b> – It decides the level of VoIP package. Use the drop down list to choose any one of them.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>Manual</p> <p>IP precedence 1</p> <p>IP precedence 2</p> <p>IP precedence 3</p> <p>IP precedence 4</p> <p>IP precedence 5</p> <p>IP precedence 6</p> <p>IP precedence 7</p> <p>AF Class1 (Low Drop)</p> <p>AF Class1 (Medium Drop)</p> <p>AF Class1 (High Drop)</p> <p>AF Class2 (Low Drop)</p> <p>AF Class2 (Medium Drop)</p> <p>AF Class2 (High Drop)</p> <p>AF Class3 (Low Drop)</p> <p>AF Class3 (Medium Drop)</p> <p>AF Class3 (High Drop)</p> <p>AF Class4 (Low Drop)</p> <p>AF Class4 (Medium Drop)</p> <p>AF Class4 (High Drop)</p> <p>EF Class</p> <p>RTP TOS</p> <p>Manual</p> </div>

## Detailed Settings for Phone Port

Click the number link for Phone port, you can access into the following page for configuring Phone settings.

VoIP >> Phone Settings

**Phone1**

<p><b>Call Feature</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Hotline <input type="text"/></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Session Timer <input type="text" value="90"/> sec</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> T.38 Fax Function</p> <p>Error Correction Mode <input type="text" value="REDUNDANCY"/></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> DND(Do Not Disturb) Mode</p> <p>Index(1-15) in <a href="#">Schedule</a> Setup:</p> <p><input type="text"/>, <input type="text"/>, <input type="text"/>, <input type="text"/></p> <p><b>Note:</b> Action and Idle Timeout settings will be ignored.</p> <p>Index(1-60) in <a href="#">Phone Book</a> as Exception List:</p> <p><input type="text"/>, <input type="text"/>, <input type="text"/>, <input type="text"/>, <input type="text"/></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> CLIR (hide caller ID)</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Call Waiting</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Call Transfer</p>	<p><b>Default SIP Account</b> <input type="text" value="v"/></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Play dial tone only when account registered</p>
--	--

OK Cancel Advanced

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Hotline</b>	Check the box to enable it. Type in the SIP URL in the field for dialing automatically when you pick up the phone set.
<b>Session Timer</b>	Check the box to enable the function. In the limited time that you set in this field, if there is no response, the connecting call will be closed automatically.
<b>T.38 Fax Function</b>	Check the box to enable T.38 fax function. <b>Error Correction Mode</b> – choose a mode for error correction.
<b>DND (Do Not Disturb) mode</b>	Set a period of peace time without disturbing by VoIP phone call. During the period, the one who dial in will listen busy tone, yet the local user will not listen any ring tone. <b>Index (1-15) in Schedule</b> - Enter the index of schedule profiles to control when the phone will ring and when will not according to the preconfigured schedules. Refer to section <b>Application &gt;&gt;Schedule</b> for detailed configuration. <b>Index (1-60) in Phone Book</b> - Enter the index of phone book profiles. Refer to section <b>DialPlan – Phone Book</b> for detailed configuration.
<b>CLIR (hide caller ID)</b>	Check this box to hide the caller ID on the display panel of the phone set.

<b>Call Waiting</b>	Check this box to invoke this function. A notice sound will appear to tell the user new phone call is waiting for your response. Click hook flash to pick up the waiting phone call.
<b>Call Transfer</b>	Check this box to invoke this function. Click hook flash to initiate another phone call. When the phone call connection succeeds, hang up the phone. The other two sides can communicate, then.
<b>Default SIP Account</b>	You can set SIP accounts (up to six groups) on SIP Account page. Use the drop down list to choose one of the profile names for the accounts as the default one for this phone setting.  <b>Play dial tone only when account registered</b> - Check this box to invoke the function.

In addition, you can press the **Advanced** button to configure tone settings, volume gain, MISC and DTMF mode. **Advanced** setting is provided for fitting the telecommunication custom for the local area of the router installed. Wrong tone settings might cause inconvenience for users. To set the sound pattern of the phone set, simply choose a proper region to let the system find out the preset tone settings and caller ID type automatically. Or you can adjust tone settings manually if you choose User Defined. TOn1, TOff1, TOn2 and TOff2 mean the cadence of the tone pattern. TOn1 and TOn2 represent sound-on; TOff1 and TOff2 represent the sound-off.

VoIP >> Phone Settings

Advance Settings >> Phone 1

**Tone Settings**

Region: User Defined Caller ID Type: FSK\_ETSI

	Low Freq (Hz)	High Freq (Hz)	T on 1 (msec)	T off 1 (msec)	T on 2 (msec)	T off 2 (msec)
<b>Dial tone</b>	350	440	0	0	0	0
<b>Ringing tone</b>	400	450	400	200	400	2000
<b>Busy tone</b>	400	0	375	375	0	0
<b>Congestion tone</b>	400	0	400	350	225	525

**Volume Gain**  
Mic Gain(1-10): 5  
Speaker Gain(1-10): 5

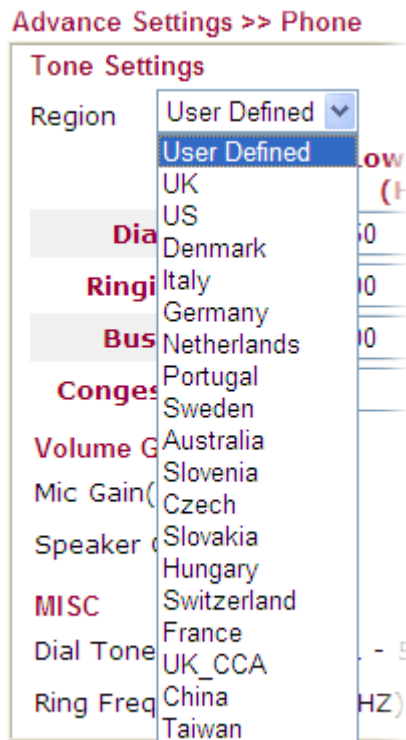
**DTMF**  
DTMF Mode: OutBand ( RFC2833)  
Payload Type (RFC2833) (96 - 127): 101

**MISC**  
Dial Tone Power Level (1 - 50): 27  
Ring Frequency (10 - 50HZ): 25  
Call Waiting Tone Power Level (1 - 30): 13

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Region</b>	Select the proper region which you are located. The common settings of <b>Caller ID Type</b> , <b>Dial tone</b> , <b>Ringing tone</b> , <b>Busy tone</b> and <b>Congestion tone</b> will be shown automatically on the page. If you cannot find out a suitable

one, please choose **User Defined** and fill out the corresponding values for dial tone, ringing tone, busy tone, congestion tone by yourself for VoIP phone.



Also, you can specify each field for your necessity. It is recommended for you to use the default settings for VoIP communication.

**Volume Gain**

**Mic Gain (1-10)/Speaker Gain (1-10)** - Adjust the volume of microphone and speaker by entering number from 1- 10. The larger of the number, the louder the volume is.

**MISC**

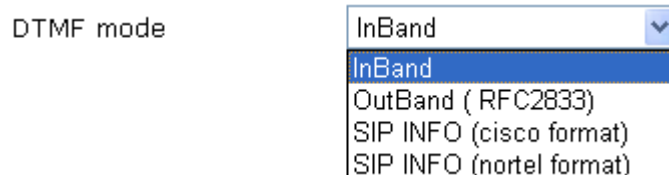
**Dial Tone Power Level** - This setting is used to adjust the loudness of the dial tone. The smaller the number is, the louder the dial tone is. It is recommended for you to use the default setting.

**Ring Frequency** - This setting is used to drive the frequency of the ring tone. It is recommended for you to use the default setting.

**Call Waiting Tone Power Level** - This setting is used to adjust the loudness of the call waiting tone. The smaller the number is, the louder the tone is. It is recommended for you to use the default setting.

**DTMF**

**DTMF Mode** – There are four DTMF modes for you to choose.





	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>InBand</b> - Choose this one then the Vigor will send the DTMF tone as audio directly when you press the keypad on the phone.</li> <li>● <b>OutBand</b> - Choose this one then the Vigor will capture the keypad number you pressed and transform it to digital form then send to the other side; the receiver will generate the tone according to the digital form it receive. This function is very useful when the network traffic congestion occurs and it still can remain the accuracy of DTMF tone.</li> <li>● <b>SIP INFO</b>- Choose this one then the Vigor will capture the DTMF tone and transfer it into SIP form. Then it will be sent to the remote end with SIP message.</li> </ul> <p><b>Payload Type (rfc2833)</b> - Type a number from 96 to 127, the default value was 101. This setting is available for the OutBand (RFC2833) mode.</p>
--	---

### 3.13.4 Status

From this page, you can find codec, connection and other important call status for each port.

VoIP >> Status

**Status** Refresh Seconds:

Port	Status	Codec	PeerID	Elapse (hh:mm:ss)	Tx Pkts	Rx Pkts	Rx Loss	Rx Jitter (ms)	In Calls	Out Calls	Miss Calls	Speaker Gain
Phone1	IDLE			00:00:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
Phone2	IDLE			00:00:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5


**Log**

Date (mm-dd-yyyy)	Time (hh:mm:ss)	Duration (hh:mm:ss)	In/Out/Miss	Account ID	Peer ID
00-00-00	00:00:00	00:00:00	-	-	-
00-00-00	00:00:00	00:00:00	-	-	-
00-00-00	00:00:00	00:00:00	-	-	-
00-00-00	00:00:00	00:00:00	-	-	-
00-00-00	00:00:00	00:00:00	-	-	-
00-00-00	00:00:00	00:00:00	-	-	-
00-00-00	00:00:00	00:00:00	-	-	-
00-00-00	00:00:00	00:00:00	-	-	-
00-00-00	00:00:00	00:00:00	-	-	-
00-00-00	00:00:00	00:00:00	-	-	-

xxxxxxx : VoIP is encrypted.  
xxxxxxx : VoIP isn't encrypted.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Refresh Seconds</b>	Specify the interval of refresh time to obtain the latest VoIP calling information. The information will update immediately when the Refresh button is clicked.

	Refresh Seconds : <input type="text" value="10"/>  <input type="text" value="5"/> <input type="text" value="10"/> <input type="text" value="30"/>
<b>Port</b>	It shows current connection status for Phone(s) ports.
<b>Status</b>	It shows the VoIP connection status. <b>IDLE</b> - Indicates that the VoIP function is idle. <b>HANG_UP</b> - Indicates that the connection is not established (busy tone). <b>CONNECTING</b> - Indicates that the user is calling out. <b>WAIT_ANS</b> - Indicates that a connection is launched and waiting for remote user's answer. <b>ALERTING</b> - Indicates that a call is coming. <b>ACTIVE</b> -Indicates that the VoIP connection is launched.
<b>Codec</b>	Indicates the voice codec employed by present channel.
<b>PeerID</b>	The present in-call or out-call peer ID (the format may be IP or Domain).
<b>Elapse</b>	The format is represented as hours:minutes:seconds.
<b>Tx Pkts</b>	Total number of transmitted voice packets during this connection session.
<b>Rx Pkts</b>	Total number of received voice packets during this connection session.
<b>Rx Losts</b>	Total number of lost packets during this connection session.
<b>Rx Jitter</b>	The jitter of received voice packets.
<b>In Calls</b>	Accumulation for the times of in call.
<b>Out Calls</b>	Accumulation for the times of out call.
<b>Miss Calls</b>	Accumulation for the times of missing call.
<b>Speaker Gain</b>	The volume of present call.
<b>Log</b>	Display logs of VoIP calls.

## 3.14 Wireless LAN

This function is used for “n” models only.

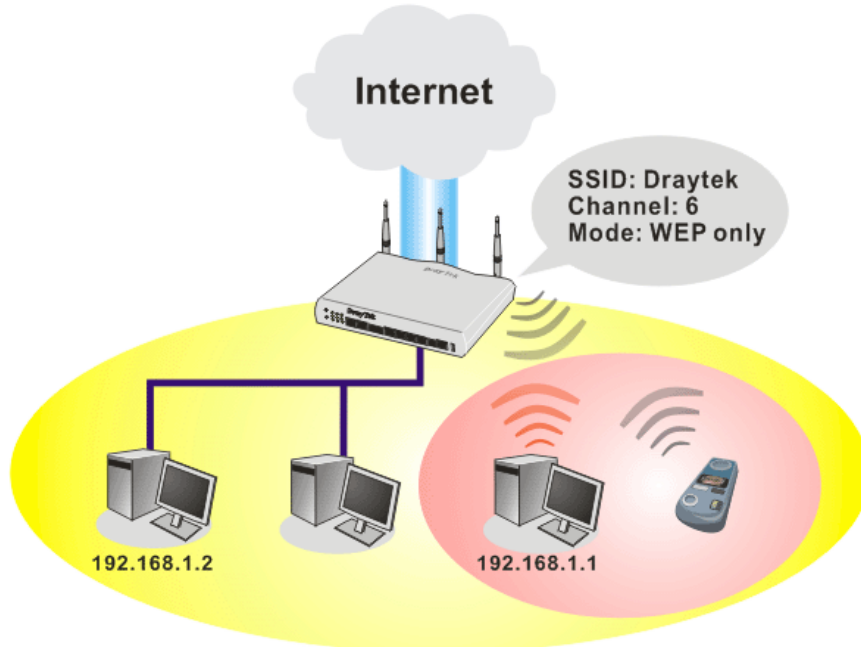
### 3.14.1 Basic Concepts

Over recent years, the market for wireless communications has enjoyed tremendous growth. Wireless technology now reaches or is capable of reaching virtually every location on the surface of the earth. Hundreds of millions of people exchange information every day via wireless communication products. The Vigor “n” model, a.k.a. Vigor wireless router, is designed for maximum flexibility and efficiency of a small office/home. Any authorized staff can bring a built-in WLAN client PDA or notebook into a meeting room for conference without laying a clot of LAN cable or drilling holes everywhere. Wireless LAN enables high mobility so WLAN users can simultaneously access all LAN facilities just like on a wired LAN as well as Internet access.

The Vigor wireless routers are equipped with a wireless LAN interface compliant with the standard IEEE 802.11n draft 2 protocol. To boost its performance further, the Vigor Router is also loaded with advanced wireless technology to lift up data rate up to 300 Mbps\*. Hence, you can finally smoothly enjoy stream music and video.

**Note:** \* The actual data throughput will vary according to the network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, network overhead and building materials.

In an Infrastructure Mode of wireless network, Vigor wireless router plays a role as an Access Point (AP) connecting to lots of wireless clients or Stations (STA). All the STAs will share the same Internet connection via Vigor wireless router. The **General Settings** will set up the information of this wireless network, including its SSID as identification, located channel etc.



### Multiple SSIDs

Vigor router supports four SSID settings for wireless connections. Each SSID can be defined with different name and download/upload rate for selecting by stations connected to the router wirelessly.

## Security Overview

**Real-time Hardware Encryption:** Vigor Router is equipped with a hardware AES encryption engine so it can apply the highest protection to your data without influencing user experience.

**Complete Security Standard Selection:** To ensure the security and privacy of your wireless communication, we provide several prevailing standards on market.

WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) is a legacy method to encrypt each frame transmitted via radio using either a 64-bit or 128-bit key. Usually access point will preset a set of four keys and it will communicate with each station using only one out of the four keys.

WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access), the most dominating security mechanism in industry, is separated into two categories: WPA-personal or called WPA Pre-Share Key (WPA/PSK), and WPA-Enterprise or called WPA/802.1x.

In WPA-Personal, a pre-defined key is used for encryption during data transmission. WPA applies Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP) for data encryption while WPA2 applies AES. The WPA-Enterprise combines not only encryption but also authentication.

Since WEP has been proved vulnerable, you may consider using WPA for the most secure connection. You should select the appropriate security mechanism according to your needs. No matter which security suite you select, they all will enhance the over-the-air data protection and /or privacy on your wireless network. The Vigor wireless router is very flexible and can support multiple secure connections with both WEP and WPA at the same time.

**Separate the Wireless and the Wired LAN- WLAN Isolation** enables you to isolate your wireless LAN from wired LAN for either quarantine or limit access reasons. To isolate means neither of the parties can access each other. To elaborate an example for business use, you may set up a wireless LAN for visitors only so they can connect to Internet without hassle of the confidential information leakage. For a more flexible deployment, you may add filters of MAC addresses to isolate users' access from wired LAN.

**Manage Wireless Stations - Station List** will display all the station in your wireless network and the status of their connection.

Below shows the menu items for Wireless LAN.



### 3.14.2 General Setup

By clicking the **General Settings**, a new web page will appear so that you could configure the SSID and the wireless channel. Please refer to the following figure for more information.

**Wireless LAN >> General Setup**

**General Setting ( IEEE 802.11 )**

Enable Wireless LAN

Mode : Mixed(11b+11g+11n)

Channel: Channel 6, 2437MHz

	Enable	Hide SSID	SSID	Isolate Member	Isolate VPN
1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">DrayTek</span>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">DrayTek_Guest</span>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"></span>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"></span>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

**Note:**  
Enabling the Isolate Member configuration will forbid the wireless clients associated to the same SSID from connecting to each other.

The isolate VPN configuration will isolate the wireless traffic from VPN connections and thus, wireless clients will not be able to access the VPN network under this setting.

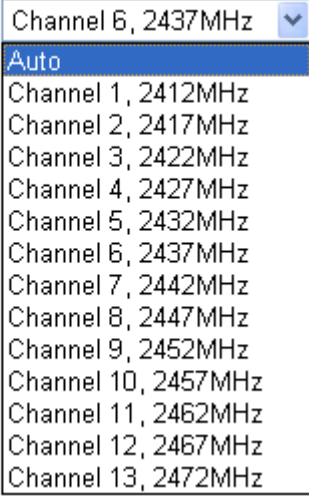
Associated **Schedule** Profiles: , , ,

**Note:**  
Only schedule profiles that have the action "Force Down" are applied to the WLAN, all other actions are ignored. Valid settings are profile indexes 1 to 15.

OK
Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

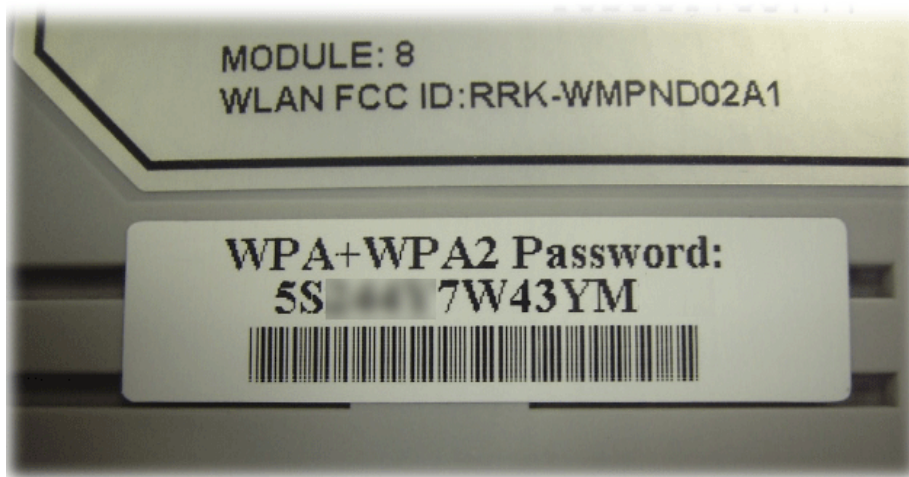
Item	Description
<b>Enable Wireless LAN</b>	Check the box to enable wireless function.
<b>Mode</b>	<p>At present, the router can connect to 11n Only, 11g Only, 11b Only, Mixed (11b+11g), Mixed (11a+11n), Mixed (11g+11n), and Mixed (11b+11g+11n) stations simultaneously. Simply choose Mixed (11b+11g+11n) mode.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">Mixed(11b+11g+11n)</span>              11g Only              11n Only              Mixed(11b+11g)              Mixed(11g+11n)              Mixed(11a+11n)  <span style="background-color: #e0e0e0;">Mixed(11b+11g+11n)</span> </div> <div style="font-size: 2em;">or</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">Mixed(11b+11g+11n)</span>              11g Only              11n Only (2.4 GHz)              Mixed(11b+11g)              Mixed(11g+11n)              Mixed(11a+11n 5 GHz)  <span style="background-color: #e0e0e0;">Mixed(11b+11g+11n)</span> </div> </div> <p>In which, 802.11b/g operates on 2.4G band, 802.11a operates on 5G band, and 802.11n operates on either 2.4G or 5G band.</p>
<b>Channel</b>	Means the channel of frequency of the wireless LAN. The default channel is 6. You may switch channel if the selected

	<p>channel is under serious interference. If you have no idea of choosing the frequency, please select Auto to let system determine for you.</p> <p>Channel: </p>
<b>Hide SSID</b>	<p>Check it to prevent from wireless sniffing and make it harder for unauthorized clients or STAs to join your wireless LAN. Depending on the wireless utility, the user may only see the information except SSID or just cannot see any thing about Vigor wireless router while site surveying. The system allows you to set four sets of SSID for different usage. In default, the first set of SSID will be enabled. You can hide it for your necessity.</p>
<b>SSID</b>	<p>Means the identification of the wireless LAN. SSID can be any text numbers or various special characters. The default SSID is "DrayTek". We suggest you to change it.</p>
<b>Isolate</b>	<p><b>VPN</b> – Check this box to make the wireless clients (stations) with different VPN not accessing for each other.</p> <p><b>Member</b> –Check this box to make the wireless clients (stations) with the same SSID not accessing for each other.</p>
<b>Schedule</b>	<p>Set the wireless LAN to work at certain time interval only. You may choose up to 4 schedules out of the 15 schedules pre-defined in <b>Applications &gt;&gt; Schedule</b> setup. The default setting of this field is blank and the function will always work.</p>

### 3.14.3 Security

This page allows you to set security with different modes for SSID 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively. After configuring the correct settings, please click **OK** to save and invoke it.

The default security mode is **Mixed (WPA+WPA2)/PSK**. Default Pre-Shared Key (PSK) is provided and stated on the label pasted on the bottom of the router. For the wireless client who wants to access into Internet through such router, please input the default PSK value for connection.

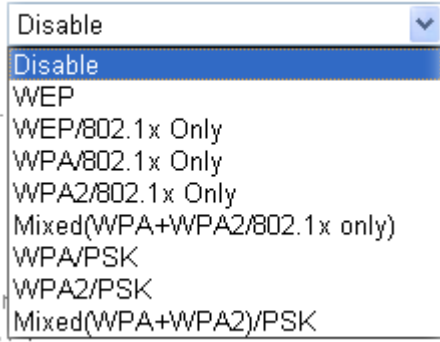


By clicking the **Security Settings**, a new web page will appear so that you could configure the settings of WPA and WEP.

**Wireless LAN >> Security Settings**

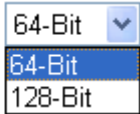
SSID 1	SSID 2	SSID 3	SSID 4
Mode: <input type="text" value="Mixed(WPA+WPA2)/PSK"/>			
<u>WPA</u>			
Encryption Mode: TKIP for WPA/AES for WPA2			
Pre-Shared Key(PSK): <input type="text" value="*****"/>			
Type 8~63 ASCII character or 64 Hexadecimal digits leading by "0x", for example "cfs01a2..." or "0x655abcd....".			
<u>WEP</u>			
Encryption Mode: <input type="text" value="64-Bit"/>			
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Key 1 : <input type="text" value="*****"/>			
<input type="radio"/> Key 2 : <input type="text" value="*****"/>			
<input type="radio"/> Key 3 : <input type="text" value="*****"/>			
<input type="radio"/> Key 4 : <input type="text" value="*****"/>			
<b>Note:</b> Please configure the <b>RADIUS Server</b> if 802.1x is used. For 64 bit WEP key configurations, please insert 5 ASCII characters or 10 Hexadecimal digits leading by "0x". Examples are "AB312" or "0x4142333132". For 128 bit WEP key configurations, please insert 13 ASCII characters or 26 Hexadecimal digits leading by "0x".			
<input type="button" value="OK"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>			

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Mode</b>	<p>There are several modes provided for you to choose.</p>  <p><b>Note:</b> You should also set <b>RADIUS Server</b> simultaneously if 802.1x mode is selected.</p> <p><b>Disable</b> - Turn off the encryption mechanism.</p> <p><b>WEP</b>-Accepts only WEP clients and the encryption key should be entered in WEP Key.</p> <p><b>WEP/802.1x Only</b> - Accepts only WEP clients and the encryption key is obtained dynamically from RADIUS server with 802.1X protocol.</p> <p><b>WPA/802.1x Only</b>- Accepts only WPA clients and the encryption key is obtained dynamically from RADIUS server with 802.1X protocol.</p> <p><b>WPA2/802.1x Only</b>- Accepts only WPA2 clients and the encryption key is obtained dynamically from RADIUS server with 802.1X protocol.</p> <p><b>Mixed (WPA+WPA2/802.1x only)</b> - Accepts WPA and WPA2 clients simultaneously and the encryption key is obtained dynamically from RADIUS server with 802.1X protocol.</p> <p><b>WPA/PSK</b>-Accepts only WPA clients and the encryption key should be entered in PSK.</p> <p><b>WPA2/PSK</b>-Accepts only WPA2 clients and the encryption key should be entered in PSK.</p> <p><b>Mixed (WPA+ WPA2)/PSK</b> - Accepts WPA and WPA2 clients simultaneously and the encryption key should be entered in PSK.</p>
<b>WPA</b>	<p>The WPA encrypts each frame transmitted from the radio using the key, which either PSK (Pre-Shared Key) entered manually in this field below or automatically negotiated via 802.1x authentication. Either <b>8~63</b> ASCII characters, such as 012345678(or 64 Hexadecimal digits leading by 0x, such as "0x321253abcde...").</p> <p><b>Type</b> - Select from Mixed (WPA+WPA2) or WPA2 only.</p> <p><b>Pre-Shared Key (PSK)</b> - Either <b>8~63</b> ASCII characters, such as 012345678..(or 64 Hexadecimal digits leading by 0x, such as "0x321253abcde...").</p>



---

<b>WEP</b>	<p><b>64-Bit</b> - For 64 bits WEP key, either <b>5</b> ASCII characters, such as 12345 (or 10 hexadecimal digits leading by 0x, such as 0x4142434445.)</p> <p><b>128-Bit</b> - For 128 bits WEP key, either <b>13</b> ASCII characters, such as ABCDEFGHIJKLM (or 26 hexadecimal digits leading by 0x, such as 0x4142434445464748494A4B4C4D).</p> <p>Encryption Mode: </p> <p>All wireless devices must support the same WEP encryption bit size and have the same key. <b>Four keys</b> can be entered here, but only one key can be selected at a time. The keys can be entered in ASCII or Hexadecimal. Check the key you wish to use.</p>
------------	---

---

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

### 3.14.4 Access Control

In the **Access Control**, the router may restrict wireless access to certain wireless clients only by locking their MAC address into a black or white list. The user may block wireless clients by inserting their MAC addresses into a black list, or only let them be able to connect by inserting their MAC addresses into a white list.

In the **Access Control** web page, users may configure the **white/black** list modes used by each SSID and the MAC addresses applied to their lists.

Wireless LAN >> Access Control

**Access Control**

Enable Mac Address Filter  SSID 1 White List  SSID 2 White List  SSID 3 White List  SSID 4 White List

**MAC Address Filter**

Index	Attribute	MAC Address	Apply SSID

Client's MAC Address :  :  :  :  :  :

Apply SSID :  SSID 1  SSID 2  SSID 3  SSID 4

Attribute :  s: Isolate the station from LAN

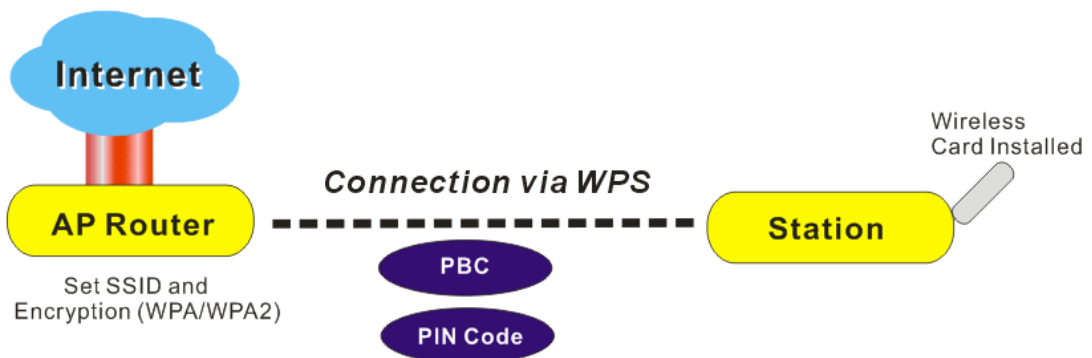
Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable Mac Address Filter</b>	Select to enable the MAC Address filter for wireless LAN identified with SSID 1 to 4 respectively. All the clients (expressed by MAC addresses) listed in the box can be grouped under different wireless LAN. For example, they can be grouped under SSID 1 and SSID 2 at the same time if you check SSID 1 and SSID 2.
<b>MAC Address Filter</b>	Display all MAC addresses that are edited before.
<b>Client's MAC Address</b>	Manually enter the MAC address of wireless client.
<b>Apply SSID</b>	After entering the client's MAC address, check the box of the SSIDs desired to insert this MAC address into their access control list.
<b>Attribute</b>	<b>s: Isolate the station from LAN</b> - select to isolate the wireless connection of the wireless client of the MAC address from LAN.
<b>Add</b>	Add a new MAC address into the list.

<b>Delete</b>	Delete the selected MAC address in the list.
<b>Edit</b>	Edit the selected MAC address in the list.
<b>Cancel</b>	Give up the access control set up.
<b>OK</b>	Click it to save the access control list.
<b>Clear All</b>	Clean all entries in the MAC address list.

### 3.14.5 WPS

**WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup)** provides easy procedure to make network connection between wireless station and wireless access point (vigor router) with the encryption of WPA and WPA2.

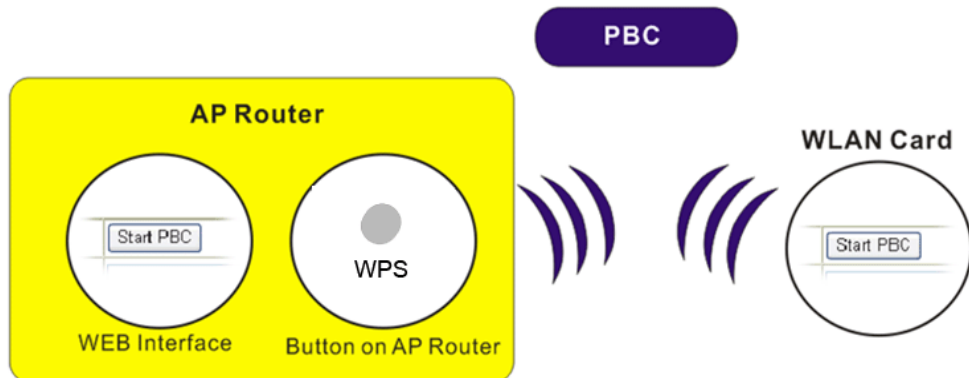


**Note:** Such function is available for the wireless station with WPS supported.

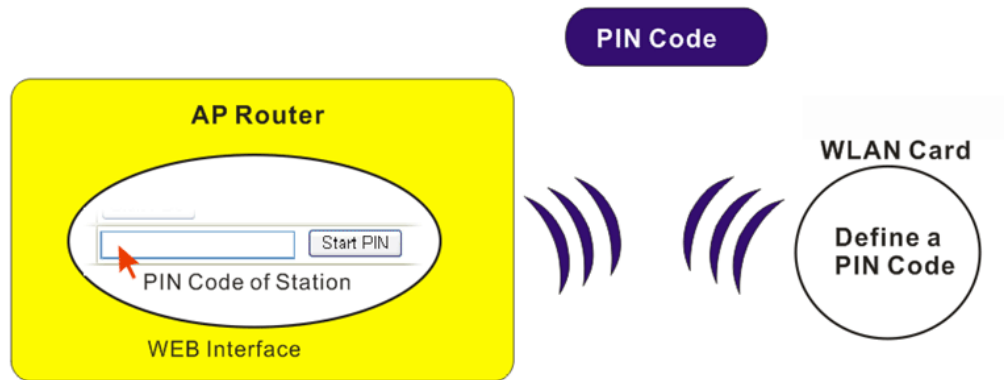
It is the simplest way to build connection between wireless network clients and vigor router. Users do not need to select any encryption mode and type any long encryption passphrase to setup a wireless client every time. He/she only needs to press a button on wireless client, and WPS will connect for client and router automatically.

There are two methods to do network connection through WPS between AP and Stations: pressing the **Start PBC** button or using **PIN Code**.

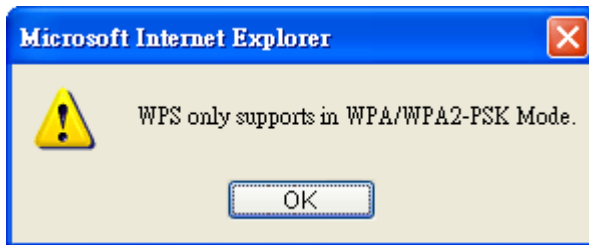
- On the side of Vigor 2830 series which served as an AP, press **WPS** button once on the front panel of the router or click **Start PBC** on web configuration interface. On the side of a station with network card installed, press **Start PBC** button of network card.



- If you want to use PIN code, you have to know the PIN code specified in wireless client. Then provide the PIN code of the wireless client you wish to connect to the vigor router.




For WPS is supported in WPA-PSK or WPA2-PSK mode, if you do not choose such mode in **Wireless LAN>>Security**, you will see the following message box.



Please click **OK** and go back **Wireless LAN>>Security** to choose WPA-PSK or WPA2-PSK mode and access WPS again.

Below shows **Wireless LAN>>WPS** web page.

**Wireless LAN >> WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup)**

Enable WPS 

**Wi-Fi Protected Setup Information**


<b>WPS Status</b>	Configured
<b>SSID</b>	DrayTek
<b>Authentication Mode</b>	Disable


**Device Configure**


<b>Configure via Push Button</b>	<input type="button" value="Start PBC"/>
<b>Configure via Client PinCode</b>	<input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Start PIN"/>

Status: The Authentication Mode is NOT WPA/WPA2 PSK!!

**Note:** WPS can help your wireless client automatically connect to the Access point.

: WPS is Disabled.

: WPS is Enabled.

: Waiting for WPS requests from wireless clients.

Available settings are explained as follows:

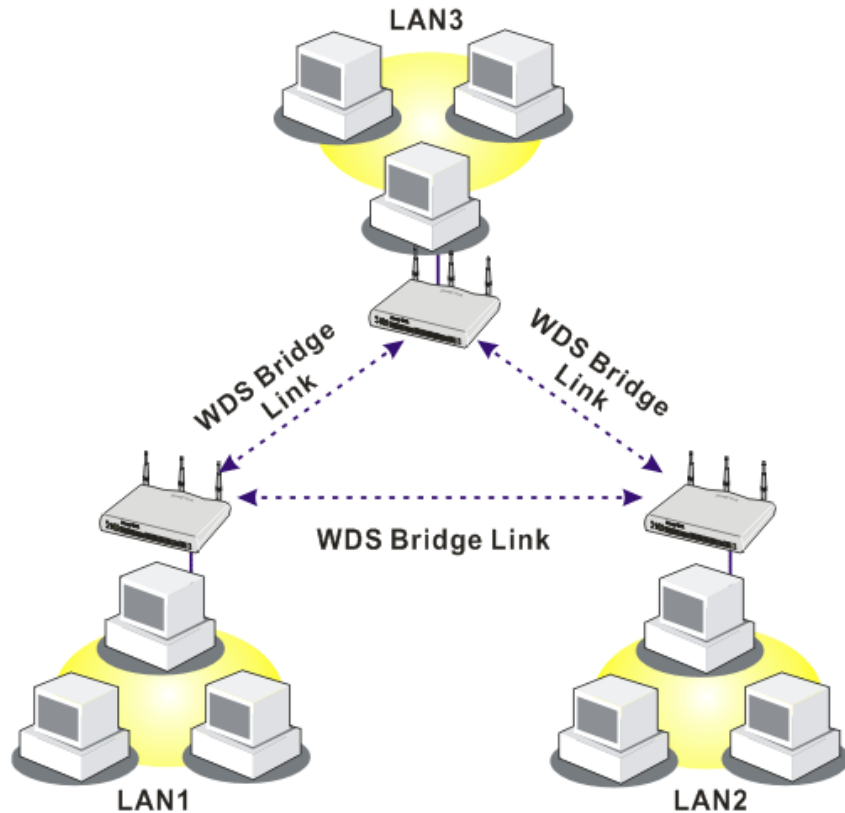
Item	Description
<b>Enable WPS</b>	Check this box to enable WPS setting.
<b>WPS Status</b>	Display related system information for WPS. If the wireless security (encryption) function of the router is properly configured, you can see 'Configured' message here.
<b>SSID</b>	Display the SSID1 of the router. WPS is supported by SSID1 only.
<b>Authentication Mode</b>	Display current authentication mode of the router. Only WPA2/PSK and WPA/PSK support WPS.
<b>Configure via Push Button</b>	Click <b>Start PBC</b> to invoke Push-Button style WPS setup procedure. The router will wait for WPS requests from wireless clients about two minutes. The WPS LED on the router will blink fast when WPS is in progress. It will return to normal condition after two minutes. (You need to setup WPS within two minutes)
<b>Configure via Client PinCode</b>	Please input the PIN code specified in wireless client you wish to connect, and click <b>Start PIN</b> button. The WPS LED on the router will blink fast when WPS is in progress. It will return to normal condition after two minutes. (You need to setup WPS within two minutes)

### 3.14.6 WDS

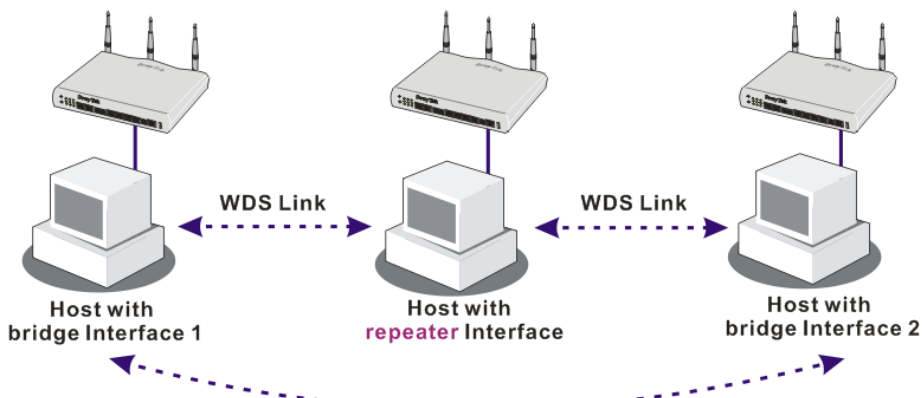
WDS means Wireless Distribution System. It is a protocol for connecting two access points (AP) wirelessly. Usually, it can be used for the following application:

- Provide bridge traffic between two LANs through the air.
- Extend the coverage range of a WLAN.

To meet the above requirement, two WDS modes are implemented in Vigor router. One is **Bridge**, the other is **Repeater**. Below shows the function of WDS-bridge interface:

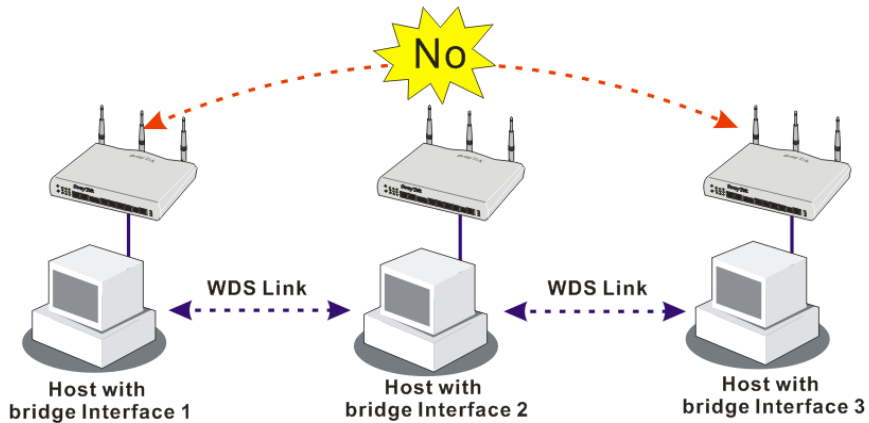


The application for the WDS-Repeater mode is depicted as below:



The major difference between these two modes is that: while in **Repeater** mode, the packets received from one peer AP can be repeated to another peer AP through WDS links. Yet in **Bridge** mode, packets received from a WDS link will only be forwarded to local wired or wireless hosts. In other words, only Repeater mode can do WDS-to-WDS packet forwarding.

In the following examples, hosts connected to Bridge 1 or 3 can communicate with hosts connected to Bridge 2 through WDS links. However, hosts connected to Bridge 1 CANNOT communicate with hosts connected to Bridge 3 through Bridge 2.



Click **WDS** from **Wireless LAN** menu. The following page will be shown.

Wireless LAN >> WDS Settings

WDS Settings
[Set to Factory Default](#)

---

**Mode:** Bridge

---

**Security:**

Disable  WEP  Pre-shared Key

---

**WEP:**

Use the same WEP key set in [Security Settings](#).

---

**Pre-shared Key:**

Type:

WPA  WPA2

Key:

**Note:** WPA and WPA2 are not compatible with DrayTek WPA.

Type 8~63 ASCII characters or 64 hexadecimal digits leading by "0x", for example "cfgs01a2..." or "0x655abcd....".

**Bridge**

Enable  Peer MAC Address

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>

**Note:** Disable unused links to get better performance.

---

**Repeater**

Enable  Peer MAC Address

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>	:	<input type="text"/>

---

**Access Point Function:**

Enable  Disable

---

**Status:**

Send "Hello" message to peers.

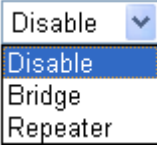
Link Status

**Note:** The status is valid only when the peer also supports this function.

OK
Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Mode	Choose the mode for WDS setting. <b>Disable</b> mode will not

	<p>invoke any WDS setting. <b>Bridge</b> mode is designed to fulfill the first type of application. <b>Repeater</b> mode is for the second one.</p> 
<b>Security</b>	<p>There are three types for security, <b>Disable</b>, <b>WEP</b> and <b>Pre-shared key</b>. The setting you choose here will make the following WEP or Pre-shared key field valid or not. Choose one of the types for the router.</p>
<b>WEP</b>	<p>Check this box to use the same key set in <b>Security Settings</b> page. If you did not set any key in <b>Security Settings</b> page, this check box will be dimmed.</p>
<b>Pre-shared Key</b>	<p><b>Type</b> – There are some types for you to choose. <b>WPA</b> and <b>WPA2</b> are used for WDS devices (e.g.2920n wireless router, you can set the encryption mode as WPA or WPA2 to establish your WDS system between AP and the router.</p> <p><b>Key</b> - Type 8 ~ 63 ASCII characters or 64 hexadecimal digits leading by “0x”.</p>
<b>Bridge</b>	<p>If you choose Bridge as the connecting mode, please type in the peer MAC address in these fields. Four peer MAC addresses are allowed to be entered in this page at one time. Yet please disable the unused link to get better performance. If you want to invoke the peer MAC address, remember to check <b>Enable</b> box in the front of the MAC address after typing.</p>
<b>Repeater</b>	<p>If you choose Repeater as the connecting mode, please type in the peer MAC address in these fields. Four peer MAC addresses are allowed to be entered in this page at one time. Similarly, if you want to invoke the peer MAC address, remember to check <b>Enable</b> box in the front of the MAC address after typing.</p>
<b>Access Point Function</b>	<p>Click <b>Enable</b> to make this router serving as an access point; click <b>Disable</b> to cancel this function.</p>
<b>Status</b>	<p>It allows user to send “hello” message to peers. Yet, it is valid only when the peer also supports this function.</p>



### 3.14.7 Advanced Setting

This page allows users to set advanced settings such as operation mode, channel bandwidth, guard interval, and aggregation MSDU for wireless data transmission.

Wireless LAN >> Advanced Setting

#### HT Physical Mode

Operation Mode	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Mixed Mode <input type="radio"/> Green Field
Channel Bandwidth	<input type="radio"/> 20 <input checked="" type="radio"/> 20/40
Guard Interval	<input type="radio"/> long <input checked="" type="radio"/> auto
Aggregation MSDU(A-MSDU)	<input type="radio"/> Disable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable
Long Preamble	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable
Packet-OVERDRIVE™ TX Burst	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable

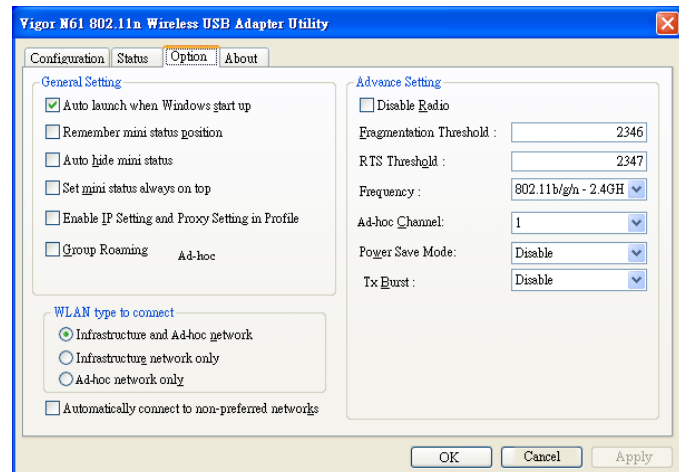
OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Operation Mode</b>	<p><b>Mixed Mode</b> – the router can transmit data with the ways supported in both 802.11a/b/g and 802.11n standards. However, the entire wireless transmission will be slowed down if 802.11g or 802.11b wireless client is connected.</p> <p><b>Green Field</b> – to get the highest throughput, please choose such mode. Such mode can make the data transmission happening between 11n systems only. In addition, it does not have protection mechanism to avoid the conflict with neighboring devices of 802.11a/b/g.</p>
<b>Channel Bandwidth</b>	<p><b>20-</b> the router will use 20Mhz for data transmission and receiving between the AP and the stations.</p> <p><b>20/40</b> – the router will use 20Mhz or 40Mhz for data transmission and receiving according to the station capability. Such channel can increase the performance for data transit.</p>
<b>Guard Interval</b>	It is to assure the safety of propagation delays and reflections for the sensitive digital data. If you choose <b>auto</b> as guard interval, the AP router will choose short guard interval (increasing the wireless performance) or long guard interval for data transmit based on the station capability.
<b>Aggregation MSDU</b>	Aggregation MSDU can combine frames with different sizes. It is used for improving MAC layer's performance for some brand's clients. The default setting is <b>Enable</b> .
<b>Long Preamble</b>	This option is to define the length of the sync field in an 802.11 packet. Most modern wireless network uses short preamble with 56 bit sync field instead of long preamble with 128 bit sync field. However, some original 11b wireless network devices only support long preamble. Click <b>Enable</b> to use <b>Long Preamble</b> if needed to communicate with this kind of devices.
<b>Packet-OVERDRIVE</b>	This feature can enhance the performance in data transmission about 40%* more (by checking <b>Tx Burst</b> ). It

is active only when both sides of Access Point and Station (in wireless client) invoke this function at the same time. That is, the wireless client must support this feature and invoke the function, too.

**Note:** Vigor N61 wireless adapter supports this function. Therefore, you can use and install it into your PC for matching with Packet-OVERDRIVE (refer to the following picture of Vigor N61 wireless utility window, choose **Enable** for TxBURST on the tab of **Option**).



**Note:** \* means the real transmission rate depends on the environment of the network.

### 3.14.8 WMM Configuration

WMM is an abbreviation of Wi-Fi Multimedia. It defines the priority levels for four access categories derived from 802.1d (prioritization tabs). The categories are designed with specific types of traffic, voice, video, best effort and low priority data. There are four accessing categories - AC\_BE , AC\_BK, AC\_VI and AC\_VO for WMM.

APSD (automatic power-save delivery) is an enhancement over the power-save mechanisms supported by Wi-Fi networks. It allows devices to take more time in sleeping state and consume less power to improve the performance by minimizing transmission latency.

[Wireless LAN >> WMM Configuration](#)

**WMM Configuration**
[Set to Factory Default](#)

WMM Capable  Enable  Disable

APSD Capable  Enable  Disable

**WMM Parameters of Access Point**

	Aifsn	CWMin	CWMax	Txop	ACM	AckPolicy
AC_BE	<input type="text" value="3"/>	<input type="text" value="4"/>	<input type="text" value="6"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
AC_BK	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input type="text" value="4"/>	<input type="text" value="10"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
AC_VI	<input type="text" value="1"/>	<input type="text" value="3"/>	<input type="text" value="4"/>	<input type="text" value="94"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
AC_VO	<input type="text" value="1"/>	<input type="text" value="2"/>	<input type="text" value="3"/>	<input type="text" value="47"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

**WMM Parameters of Station**

	Aifsn	CWMin	CWMax	Txop	ACM
AC_BE	<input type="text" value="3"/>	<input type="text" value="4"/>	<input type="text" value="10"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
AC_BK	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input type="text" value="4"/>	<input type="text" value="10"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
AC_VI	<input type="text" value="2"/>	<input type="text" value="3"/>	<input type="text" value="4"/>	<input type="text" value="94"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
AC_VO	<input type="text" value="2"/>	<input type="text" value="2"/>	<input type="text" value="3"/>	<input type="text" value="47"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>WMM Capable</b>	To apply WMM parameters for wireless data transmission, please click the <b>Enable</b> radio button.
<b>APSD Capable</b>	The default setting is <b>Disable</b> .
<b>Aifsn</b>	It controls how long the client waits for each data transmission. Please specify the value ranging from 1 to 15. Such parameter will influence the time delay for WMM accessing categories. For the service of voice or video image, please set small value for AC_VI and AC_VO categories For the service of e-mail or web browsing, please set large value for AC_BE and AC_BK categories.
<b>CWMin/CWMax</b>	<b>CWMin</b> means contention Window-Min and <b>CWMax</b> means contention Window-Max. Please specify the value ranging from 1 to 15. Be aware that CWMax value must be greater than CWMin or equals to CWMin value. Both values will influence the time delay for WMM accessing categories. The difference between AC_VI and AC_VO

	categories must be smaller; however, the difference between AC_BE and AC_BK categories must be greater.
<b>Txop</b>	It means transmission opportunity. For WMM categories of AC_VI and AC_VO that need higher priorities in data transmission, please set greater value for them to get highest transmission opportunity. Specify the value ranging from 0 to 65535.
<b>ACM</b>	It is an abbreviation of Admission control Mandatory. It can restrict stations from using specific category class if it is checked. <b>Note:</b> Vigor2920 provides standard WMM configuration in the web page. If you want to modify the parameters, please refer to the Wi-Fi WMM standard specification.
<b>AckPolicy</b>	“Uncheck” (default value) the box means the AP router will answer the response request while transmitting WMM packets through wireless connection. It can assure that the peer must receive the WMM packets. “Check” the box means the AP router will not answer any response request for the transmitting packets. It will have better performance with lower reliability.

### 3.14.9 AP Discovery

Vigor router can scan all regulatory channels and find working APs in the neighborhood. Based on the scanning result, users will know which channel is clean for usage. Also, it can be used to facilitate finding an AP for a WDS link. Notice that during the scanning process (about 5 seconds), no client is allowed to connect to Vigor.

This page is used to scan the existence of the APs on the wireless LAN. Yet, only the AP which is in the same channel of this router can be found. Please click **Scan** to discover all the connected APs.

[Wireless LAN >> Access Point Discovery](#)

#### Access Point List

BSSID	Channel	SSID
<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 100%; height: 100%;"></div>		
<input type="button" value="Scan"/>		
See <a href="#">Statistics</a> .		
<b>Note:</b> During the scanning process (~5 seconds), no station is allowed to connect with the router.		
<b>Add to <a href="#">WDS Settings</a> :</b>		
AP's MAC address	<input type="text" value=""/> : <input type="text" value=""/> : <input type="text" value=""/> : <input type="text" value=""/> : <input type="text" value=""/> : <input type="text" value=""/>	
<input type="button" value="Add to"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Bridge <input type="radio"/> Repeater	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description																														
<b>Scan</b>	It is used to discover all the connected AP. The results will be shown on the box above this button.																														
<b>Statistics</b>	<p>It displays the statistics for the channels used by APs.</p> <p><a href="#">Wireless LAN &gt;&gt; Site Survey Statistics</a></p> <hr/> <p>Recommended channels for usage: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p style="text-align: center; margin: 0;">AP number v.s. Channel</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; margin: 0;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20px; height: 30px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 30px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 30px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 30px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 30px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 30px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 30px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 30px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 30px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 30px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 30px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 30px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 30px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 30px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 30px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">1</td> <td style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">2</td> <td style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">3</td> <td style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">4</td> <td style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">5</td> <td style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">6</td> <td style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">7</td> <td style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">8</td> <td style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">9</td> <td style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">10</td> <td style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">11</td> <td style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">12</td> <td style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">13</td> <td style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">14</td> <td></td> </tr> </table> <p style="text-align: center; margin: 0;">Channel</p> </div> <p style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;"><input type="button" value="Cancel"/></p>																1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14																		
<b>Add to</b>	<p>If you want the found AP applying the WDS settings, please type in the AP's MAC address on the bottom of the page and click Bridge or Repeater. Next, click <b>Add to</b>. Later, the MAC address of the AP will be added to Bridge or Repeater field of WDS settings page.</p>																														

### 3.14.10 Station List

**Station List** provides the knowledge of connecting wireless clients now along with its status code. There is a code summary below for explanation. For convenient **Access Control**, you can select a WLAN station and click **Add to Access Control** below.

[Wireless LAN >> Station List](#)

**Station List**

Status	MAC Address

**Status Codes :**  
**C:** Connected, No encryption.  
**E:** Connected, WEP.  
**P:** Connected, WPA.  
**A:** Connected, WPA2.  
**B:** Blocked by Access Control.  
**N:** Connecting.  
**F:** Fail to pass 802.1X or WPA/PSK authentication.

**Note:** After a station connects to the router successfully, it may be turned off without notice. In that case, it will still be on the list until the connection expires.

---

**Add to Access Control :**

Client's MAC address     :  :  :  :  :

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Refresh</b>	Click this button to refresh the status of station list.
<b>Add</b>	Click this button to add current typed MAC address into <b>Access Control</b> .

### 3.14.11 Bandwidth Management

It controls the bandwidth limit for all the wireless clients accessing into Internet through such router.

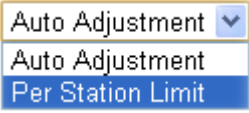
**Wireless LAN >> Bandwidth Management**

SSID 1	SSID 2	SSID 3	SSID 4
SSID:		DrayTek	
Enable		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Bandwidth Limit Type		Auto Adjustment	
Total Upload Limit(Kbps)		30000	
Total Download Limit(Kbps)		30000	

**Note:** 1.Download: Traffic going to any station.Upload: Traffic being sent from a wireless station.  
2.Allow auto adjustment could make the best utilization of available bandwidth.

OK Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable</b>	Click this button to enable such function.
<b>Bandwidth Limit Type</b>	There are two types to be specify. 
<b>Auto Adjustment</b>	If you choose <b>Auto Adjustment</b> , the router will assign the required bandwidth for each wireless station according to the real usage. <b>Total Upload Limit</b> –Default value is 30,000 kbps. All the wireless stations share the bandwidth for uploading without exceeding the valued typed here. <b>Total Download Limit</b> - Default value is 30,000 kbps. All the wireless stations share the bandwidth for downloading without exceeding the valued typed here.
<b>Per Station Limit</b>	If you choose <b>Per Station Limit</b> , the router will offer the bandwidth for each wireless station based on the values configured here. <b>Upload Limit</b> –Default value is 30,000 kbps. Each wireless station can have the bandwidth for uploading without exceeding the values typed here. <b>Download Limit</b> - Default value is 30,000 kbps. Each wireless station can have the bandwidth for uploading without exceeding the values typed here.

After finished the above settings, click **OK** to save the configuration.

## 3.15 SSL VPN

An SSL VPN (Secure Sockets Layer virtual private network) is a form of VPN that can be used with a standard Web browser.

There are two benefits that SSL VPN provides:

- It is not necessary for users to preinstall VPN client software for executing SSL VPN connection.
- There are less restrictions for the data encrypted through SSL VPN in comparing with traditional VPN.



### 3.15.1 General Setup

This page determines the general configuration for SSL VPN Server and SSL Tunnel.

Web Access Control >> General Setup

#### SSL VPN General Setup

<b>Port</b>	<input type="text" value="443"/> (Default: 443)
<b>Server Certificate</b>	<input type="text" value="self-signed"/> ▼
<b>Encryption Key Algorithm</b>	<input type="radio"/> High - AES(128 bits) and 3DES <input checked="" type="radio"/> Default - RC4(128 bits) <input type="radio"/> Low - DES

**Note:** The settings will act on all SSL applications.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Port</b>	Such port is set for SSL VPN server. It will not affect the HTTPS Port configuration set in <b>System Maintenance&gt;&gt;Management</b> . In general, the default setting is 443.
<b>Server Certificate</b>	When the client does not set any certificate, default certificate will be used for HTTPS and SSL VPN server. Choose any one of the user-defined certificates from the drop down list if users set several certificates previously. Otherwise, choose <b>Self-signed</b> to use the router's built-in default certificate. The default certificate can be used in SSL VPN server and HTTPS Web Proxy.



<b>Encryption Key Algorithm</b>	Choose the encryption level for the data connection in SSL VPN server.
---------------------------------	--

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

### 3.15.2 SSL Web Proxy

SSL Web Proxy will allow the remote users to access the internal web sites over SSL.

[Web Access Control >> SSL Web Proxy](#)

SSL Web Proxy Servers Profiles: [Set to Factory Default](#)

Index	Name	URL	Active
<a href="#">1.</a>			x
<a href="#">2.</a>			x
<a href="#">3.</a>			x
<a href="#">4.</a>			x
<a href="#">5.</a>			x
<a href="#">6.</a>			x
<a href="#">7.</a>			x
<a href="#">8.</a>			x
<a href="#">9.</a>			x
<a href="#">10.</a>			x

Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Name</b>	Display the name of the profile that you create.
<b>URL</b>	Display the URL.
<b>Active</b>	Display current status (active or inactive) of such profile.

Click number link under Index filed to set detailed configuration.

[Web Access Control >> SSL Web Proxy](#)

Profile Index : 1

Name	<input type="text"/>
URL	<input type="text"/>
Host IP Address	<input type="text"/>
Access Method	SSL <input type="button" value="v"/>

**Note:** URL format must be entered as http://ip:port/directory or http://Domain\_name/directory where Domain\_name is a FQDN.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Name</b>	Type name of the profile. The length of the name is limited to 15 characters.

<b>URL</b>	Type the address (function variation or IP address) or path of the proxy server.
<b>Host IP Address</b>	If you type function variation as URL, you have to type corresponding IP address in this field. Such field must match with URL setting.
<b>Access Method</b>	<p>There are three modes for you to choose.</p> <p><b>Disable</b> – the profile will be inactive. If you choose <b>Disable</b>, all the web proxy profile appeared under VPN remote dial-in web page will disappear.</p> <p><b>Secured Port Redirection</b> – such technique applies private port mapping to random WAN port. There are two restrictions for proxy web server for such selection: 1) it is only used for WAN to LAN access, the web server must be configured behind vigor router; 2) web server gateway must be indicated to vigor router. In addition, users must execute “Connect” manually in SSL Client Portal page.</p> <p><b>SSL</b> – if you choose such selection, web proxy over SSL will be applied for VPN.</p>

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

### 3.15.3 SSL Application

It provides a secure and flexible solution for network resources, including VNC (Virtual Network Computer) /RDP (Remote Desktop Protocol) /SAMBA, to any remote user with access to Internet and a web browser.

[Web Access Control >> SSL Application](#)

SSL Applications Profiles: [Set to Factory Default](#)

Index	Name	Host Address	Service	Active
<a href="#">1.</a>				x
<a href="#">2.</a>				x
<a href="#">3.</a>				x
<a href="#">4.</a>				x
<a href="#">5.</a>				x
<a href="#">6.</a>				x
<a href="#">7.</a>				x
<a href="#">8.</a>				x
<a href="#">9.</a>				x
<a href="#">10.</a>				x

Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Name</b>	Display the application name of the profile that you create.
<b>Host Address</b>	Display the IP address for VNC/RDP or SAMBA path.
<b>Service</b>	Display the type of the service selected, e.g., VNC/RDP/SAMBA.
<b>Active</b>	Display current status (active or inactive) of the selected profile.

To create a new SSL application profile:

1. Click number link under Index filed to set detailed configuration.

### Web Access Control >> SSL Application



#### SSL Applications Profiles:

Index	Name
<a href="#">1.</a>	
<a href="#">2.</a>	
<a href="#">3.</a>	

2. The following page will appear.

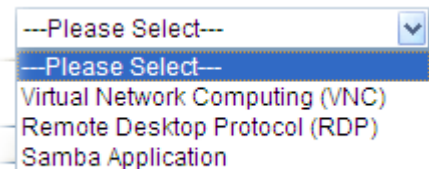
### Web Access Control >> SSL Application

#### Profile Index : 1

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable Application Service	
Application Name	VNC_1
Application	Virtual Network Computing (VNC) 
IP Address	---Please Select---
Port	Virtual Network Computing (VNC)
Idle Timeout	0 second(s)
Scaling	100% 

OK Clear Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable Application Server</b>	Check the box to enable such profile.
<b>Application Name</b>	Type a name for such application. The length of the name is limited to 23 characters.
<b>Application</b>	<p>There are three types offered for you to create an application profile.</p>  <p><b>Virtual Network Computing (VNC)</b> – It allows you to access and control a remote PC through VNC protocol.</p> <p><b>Remote Desktop Protocol (RDP)</b> – It allows you to access and control a remote PC through RDP protocol.</p> <p><b>Samba Application</b> – It allows you to access and control a</p>

	remote PC through Samba service.
<b>IP Address</b>	If you choose VNC or RDP, you have to type the IP address for this protocol.
<b>Port</b>	If you choose VNC or RDP, you have to specify the port used for this protocol. The default setting is 5900.
<b>Idle Timeout</b>	If you choose VNC, you have to specify the time for disconnecting the SSL VPN tunnel.
<b>Scaling</b>	If you choose VNC, you have to choose the percentage (100%, 80%, 60%) for such application.
<b>Screen Size</b>	If you choose RDP, you have to choose the screen size for such application.
<b>Samba Path</b>	If you choose Samba, you have to specify the path of the Samba service.

3. Enter the required information.
4. After finished the above settings, click **OK** to save the configuration.

**Web Access Control >> SSL Application**

**SSL Applications Profiles:**

[| Set to Factory Default |](#)

Index	Name	Host Address	Service	Active
<u>1.</u>	VNC_1	192.168.1.54:5900	VNC	v
<u>2.</u>				x
<u>3.</u>				x
<u>4.</u>				x
<u>5.</u>				v

### 3.15.4 User Account

With SSL VPN, Vigor2830 series let teleworkers have convenient and simple remote access to central site VPN. The teleworkers do not need to install any VPN software manually. From regular web browser, you can establish VPN connection back to your main office even in a guest network or web cafe. The SSL technology is the same as the encryption that you use for secure web sites such as your online bank. The SSL VPN can be operated in either full tunnel mode or proxy mode. Now, Vigor2830 series allows up to 10 simultaneous incoming users.

For SSL VPN, identity authentication and power management are implemented through deploying user accounts. Therefore, the user account for SSL VPN must be set together with remote dial-in user web page. Such menu item will guide to access into **VPN and Remote Access>>Remote Dial-in user**.

**Web Access Control >> Remote Dial-in User**

Remote Access User Accounts: | [Set to Factory Default](#) |

Index	User	Active	Status	Index	User	Active	Status
<a href="#">1.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">17.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">2.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">18.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">3.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">19.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">4.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">20.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">5.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">21.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">6.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">22.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">7.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">23.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">8.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">24.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">9.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">25.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">10.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">26.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">11.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">27.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">12.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">28.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">13.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">29.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">14.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">30.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">15.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">31.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---
<a href="#">16.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---	<a href="#">32.</a>	???	<input type="checkbox"/>	---

**Note:** User Accounts need to be added into User Group to enable SSL Portal Login.

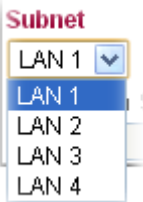
Click each index to edit one remote user profile.

Index No. 1

<p><b>User account and Authentication</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Enable this account</p> <p>Idle Timeout <input type="text" value="300"/> second(s)</p>		<p>Username <input style="width: 100px;" type="text" value="???"/></p> <p>Password(Max 19 char) <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Enable Mobile One-Time Passwords(mOTP)</p> <p>PIN Code <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/></p> <p>Secret <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/></p>
<p><b>Allowed Dial-In Type</b></p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PPTP</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IPsec Tunnel</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> L2TP with IPsec Policy <input style="width: 50px;" type="text" value="None"/></p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SSL Tunnel</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Specify Remote Node</p> <p>Remote Client IP <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/></p> <p>or Peer ID <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/></p> <p>Netbios Naming Packet <input checked="" type="radio"/> Pass <input type="radio"/> Block</p> <p>Multicast via VPN <input type="radio"/> Pass <input checked="" type="radio"/> Block (for some IGMP,IP-Camera,DHCP Relay..etc.)</p>		<p><b>IKE Authentication Method</b></p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pre-Shared Key</p> <p>IKE Pre-Shared Key <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Digital Signature(X.509)</p> <p><input style="width: 50px;" type="text" value="None"/></p>
<p><b>Subnet</b></p> <p><input style="width: 50px;" type="text" value="LAN 1"/></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Assign Static IP Address</p> <p><input style="width: 100px;" type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/></p>		<p><b>IPsec Security Method</b></p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Medium(AH)</p> <p>High(ESP) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AES</p> <p>Local ID (optional) <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/></p>

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>User account and Authentication</b>	<p><b>Enable this account</b> - Check the box to enable this function.</p> <p><b>Idle Timeout</b>- If the dial-in user is idle over the limitation of the timer, the router will drop this connection. By default, the Idle Timeout is set to 300 seconds.</p>
<b>Allowed Dial-In Type</b>	<p><b>PPTP</b> - Allow the remote dial-in user to make a PPTP VPN connection through the Internet. You should set the User Name and Password of remote dial-in user below.</p> <p><b>IPSec Tunnel</b> - Allow the remote dial-in user to make an IPSec VPN connection through Internet.</p> <p><b>L2TP with IPSec Policy</b> - Allow the remote dial-in user to make a L2TP VPN connection through the Internet. You can select to use L2TP alone or with IPSec. Select from below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>None</b> - Do not apply the IPSec policy. Accordingly, the VPN connection employed the L2TP without IPSec policy can be viewed as one pure L2TP connection.</li> <li>● <b>Nice to Have</b> - Apply the IPSec policy first, if it is applicable during negotiation. Otherwise, the dial-in VPN connection becomes one pure L2TP connection.</li> <li>● <b>Must</b> -Specify the IPSec policy to be definitely applied on the L2TP connection.</li> </ul> <p><b>SSL Tunnel</b> - It allows the remote dial-in user to make an SSL VPN Tunnel connection through Internet, suitable for the application through network accessing (e.g.,</p>

Item	Description
	<p>PPTP/L2TP/IPSec)</p> <p>If you check this box, the function of SSL Tunnel for this account will be activated immediately.</p> <p><b>Specify Remote Node</b> - Check the checkbox to specify the IP address of the remote dial-in user, ISDN number or peer ID (used in IKE aggressive mode). If you uncheck the checkbox, the connection type you select above will apply the authentication methods and security methods in the <b>general settings</b>.</p> <p><b>Netbios Naming Packet</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>Pass</b> – Click it to have an inquiry for data transmission between the hosts located on both sides of VPN Tunnel while connecting.</li> <li>● <b>Block</b> – When there is conflict occurred between the hosts on both sides of VPN Tunnel in connecting, such function can block data transmission of Netbios Naming Packet inside the tunnel.</li> </ul> <p><b>Multicast via VPN</b> - Some programs might send multicast packets via VPN connection.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>Pass</b> – Click this button to let multicast packets pass through the router.</li> <li>● <b>Block</b> – This is default setting. Click this button to let multicast packets be blocked by the router.</li> </ul>
<b>Subnet</b>	<p>Chose one of the subnet selections for such VPN profile.</p>  <p><b>Assign Static IP Address</b> – Please type a static IP address for the subnet you specified.</p>
<b>User Name</b>	This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above.
<b>Password</b>	This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above.
<b>Enable Mobile One-Time Passwords (mOTP)</b>	<p>Check this box to make the authentication with mOTP function.</p> <p><b>PIN Code</b> – Type the code for authentication (e.g, 1234).</p> <p><b>Secret</b> – Use the 32 digit-secret number generated by mOTP in the mobile phone (e.g., e759bb6f0e94c7ab4fe6).</p>
<b>IKE Authentication Method</b>	This group of fields is applicable for IPSec Tunnels and L2TP with IPSec Policy when you specify the IP address of the remote node. The only exception is Digital Signature (X.509) can be set when you select IPSec tunnel either with or without specify the IP address of the remote node.

Item	Description
	<p><b>Pre-Shared Key</b> - Check the box of Pre-Shared Key to invoke this function and type in the required characters (1-63) as the pre-shared key.</p> <p><b>Digital Signature (X.509)</b> – Check the box of Digital Signature to invoke this function and Select one predefined Profiles set in the <b>VPN and Remote Access &gt;&gt;IPSec Peer Identity</b>.</p>
<b>IPSec Security Method</b>	<p>This group of fields is a must for IPSec Tunnels and L2TP with IPSec Policy when you specify the remote node. Check the Medium, DES, 3DES or AES box as the security method.</p> <p><b>Medium-Authentication Header (AH)</b> means data will be authenticated, but not be encrypted. By default, this option is invoked. You can uncheck it to disable it.</p> <p><b>High-Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP)</b> means payload (data) will be encrypted and authenticated. You may select encryption algorithm from Data Encryption Standard (DES), Triple DES (3DES), and AES.</p> <p><b>Local ID</b> - Specify a local ID to be used for Dial-in setting in the LAN-to-LAN Profile setup. This item is optional and can be used only in IKE aggressive mode.</p>

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.



### 3.15.5 User Group

There are 10 user group profiles which can be created for authentication by LDAP server. Such profiles will be used by applications such as User Management, VPN and etc.

[Web Access Control >> User Group](#)

SSL User Group Profiles:		<a href="#">Set to Factory Default</a>
Index	Name	Status
<a href="#">1.</a>		x
<a href="#">2.</a>		x
<a href="#">3.</a>		x
<a href="#">4.</a>		x
<a href="#">5.</a>		x
<a href="#">6.</a>		x
<a href="#">7.</a>		x
<a href="#">8.</a>		x
<a href="#">9.</a>		x
<a href="#">10.</a>		x

Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Click to clear all indexes.
<b>Index</b>	Display the number of the client which connecting to FTP server.
<b>Name</b>	Display the name of the group profile.

Click any index number link to open the following page for detailed configuration.

[Web Access Control >> User Group](#)

#### Index No. 1

Enable

Group Name

#### Access Authority

SSL Web Proxy

SSL Application

VNC\_1

#### Authentication Methods

Local User DataBase

#### Available User Accounts

#### Selected User Accounts

>>

<<

RADIUS

LDAP / Active Directory

rd1

shrd

OK

Clear

Cancel

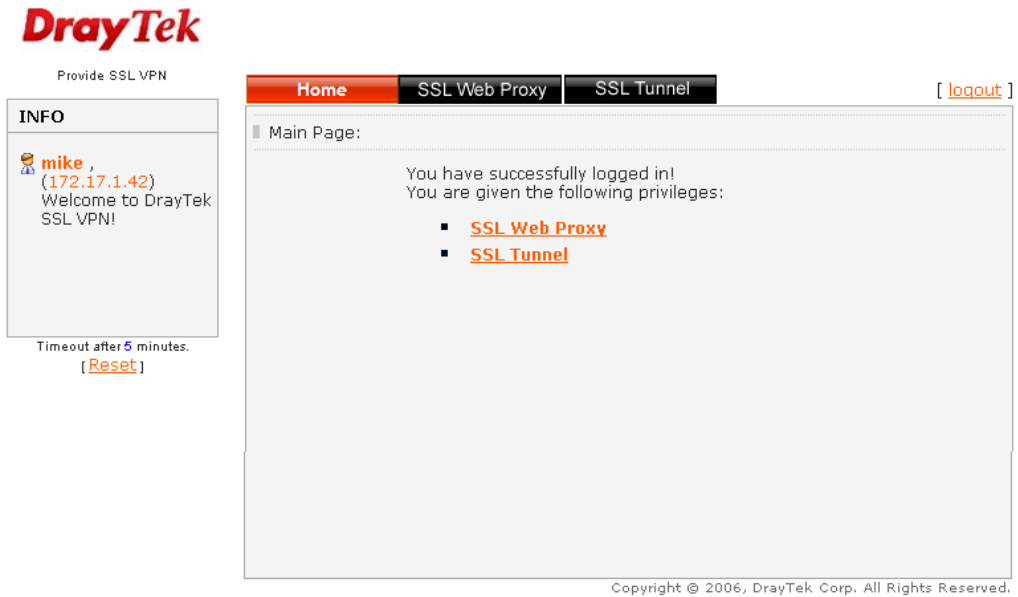
Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description				
<b>Enable</b>	Check this box to enable such profile.				
<b>Group Name</b>	Type a name for such profile. The length of the name is limited to 23 characters.				
<b>Access Authority</b>	<p>Specify the authority for such profile.</p> <p>At present, Vigor router allows you to create SSL Web Proxy and SSL Application profiles used for SSL VPN. The available profiles will be displayed here for you to select.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>Access Authority</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;"><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SSL Web Proxy</td> <td style="width: 50%;"><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SSL Application</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> SSL_WP_1</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Game_APP</td> </tr> </table> </div>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SSL Web Proxy	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SSL Application	<input type="checkbox"/> SSL_WP_1	<input type="checkbox"/> Game_APP
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SSL Web Proxy	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SSL Application				
<input type="checkbox"/> SSL_WP_1	<input type="checkbox"/> Game_APP				
<b>Authentication Methods</b>	<p>It can determine the authentication method used for such profile.</p> <p><b>Local User DataBase</b> – The system will do the authentication by using the user defined account profiles (in <b>VPN and Remote Access&gt;&gt;Remote Dial-In User</b>). The enabled profiles will be listed in the <b>Available User Account</b> on the left box. To add a profile into a group, simply choose the one from the left box and click the &gt;&gt; button. It will be displayed in the <b>Selected User Account</b> on the right box. For detailed information about configuring the profile setting, refer to <b>Objects Setting&gt;&gt;IP Group</b>.</p> <p><b>RADIUS</b> – The RADIUS server will do the authentication by using the username and password</p> <p><b>LDAP / Active Directory</b> - If it is checked, the LDAP / AD server will do the authentication by using the username, password, information stated on the selected profiles.</p> <p>If the above three options are enabled, the system will do the authentication based on them in sequence.</p>				

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

### 3.15.6 Online User Status

If you have finished the configuration of SSL Web Proxy (server), users can find out corresponding settings when they access into **DrayTek SSL VPN portal** interface.



Next, users can open **SSL VPN>> Online Status** to view logging status of SSL VPN.

#### Web Access Control >> Online User Status

Refresh Seconds :

Active User	Host IP	Time out(seconds)	Action
Kate	192.168.30.14	299	<input type="button" value="Drop"/>

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Active User</b>	Display current user who visit SSL VPN server.
<b>Host IP</b>	Display the IP address for the host.
<b>Time out</b>	Display the time remaining for logging out.
<b>Action</b>	You can click <b>Drop</b> to drop certain login user from the router's SSL Portal UI.

## 3.16 USB Application

USB storage disk connected on Vigor router can be regarded as a server. By way of Vigor router, clients on LAN can access, write and read data stored in USB storage disk with different applications. After setting the configuration in **USB Application**, you can type the IP address of the Vigor router and username/password created in **USB Application>>USB User Management** on the client software. Then, the client can use the FTP site (USB storage disk) or share the Samba service through Vigor router.



### 3.16.1 USB General Settings

This page will determine the number of concurrent FTP connection, default charset for FTP server and enable Samba service. At present, the Vigor router can support USB storage disk with formats of FAT16 and FAT32 only. Therefore, before connecting the USB storage disk into the Vigor router, please make sure the memory format for the USB storage disk is FAT16 or FAT32. It is recommended for you to use FAT32 for viewing the filename completely (FAT16 cannot support long filename).

**USB Application >> USB General Settings**

**USB General Settings**

**General Settings**

Simultaneous FTP Connections:  (Maximum 6)

Default Charset:

**Samba Service Settings(Network Neighborhood)**

Enable  Disable

**Access Mode**

LAN Only  LAN And WAN

**NetBios Name Service**

Workgroup Name:

Host Name:

**Note:** 1. If Charset is set to "English", only English long file name is supported.  
 2. Multi-session ftp download will be banned by Router FTP server. If your ftp client have multi-connection mechanism, such as FileZilla, you may limit client connections setting to 1 to get better performance.  
 3. A workgroup name must not be the same as the host name. The workgroup name and the host name can have as many as 15 characters and a host name can have as many as 23 characters, but both cannot contain any of the following: ; : " < > \* + = / \ | ?.

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>General Settings</b>	<p><b>Simultaneous FTP Connections</b> - This field is used to specify the quantity of the FTP sessions. The router allows up to 6 FTP sessions connecting to USB storage disk at one time.</p> <p><b>Default Charset</b> - At present, Vigor router supports four types of character sets. Default Charset is for English based</p>

	file name. <input type="text" value=""/> (maximum 6) <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> English  English  Chinese(Simple)  Chinese(Traditional)  German </div>
<b>Samba Service Settings</b>	Click <b>Enable</b> to invoke samba service via the router.
<b>Access Mode</b>	<b>LAN Only</b> – Users coming from internet cannot connect to the samba server of the router. <b>LAN And WAN</b> - Both LAN and WAN users can access samba server of the router.
<b>NetBios Name Service</b>	For the NetBios service of USB storage disk, you have to specify a workgroup name and a host name. A workgroup name must not be the same as the host name. The workgroup name can have as many as 15 characters and the host name can have as many as 23 characters. Both them cannot contain any of the following--- ; : " < > * + = \   ?. <b>Workgroup Name</b> – Type a name for the workgroup. <b>Host Name</b> – Type the host name for the router.

After finished the above settings, click **OK** to save the configuration.

### 3.16.2 USB User Management

This page allows you to set profiles for FTP/Samba users. Any user who wants to access into the USB storage disk must type the same username and password configured in this page. Before adding or modifying settings in this page, please insert a USB storage disk first. Otherwise, an error message will appear to warn you.


[USB Application >> USB User Management](#)

USB User Management			<a href="#">Set to Factory Default</a>		
Index	Username	Home Folder	Index	Username	Home Folder
<a href="#">1.</a>			<a href="#">9.</a>		
<a href="#">2.</a>			<a href="#">10.</a>		
<a href="#">3.</a>			<a href="#">11.</a>		
<a href="#">4.</a>			<a href="#">12.</a>		
<a href="#">5.</a>			<a href="#">13.</a>		
<a href="#">6.</a>			<a href="#">14.</a>		
<a href="#">7.</a>			<a href="#">15.</a>		
<a href="#">8.</a>			<a href="#">16.</a>		

Click index number to access into configuration page.

**USB Application >> USB User Management**


**Profile Index: 1**

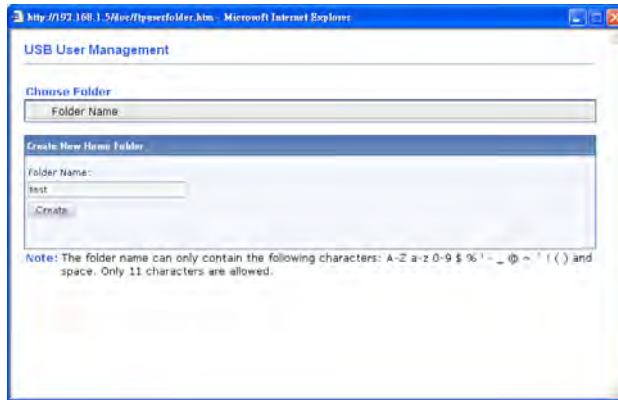
FTP/Samba User	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
Username	<input type="text"/>
Password	<input type="text"/> (Maximum 11 Characters)
Confirm Password	<input type="text"/>
Home Folder	<input type="text"/> 
<b>Access Rule</b>	
File	<input type="checkbox"/> Read <input type="checkbox"/> Write <input type="checkbox"/> Delete
Directory	<input type="checkbox"/> List <input type="checkbox"/> Create <input type="checkbox"/> Remove

**Note:** The folder name can only contain the following characters: A-Z a-z 0-9 \$ % ' - \_ @ ~ ` ! ( ) / and space.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>FTP/Samba User</b>	<p><b>Enable</b> – Click this button to activate this profile (account) for FTP service or Samba User service. Later, the user can use the username specified in this page to login into FTP server.</p> <p><b>Disable</b> – Click this button to disable such profile.</p>
<b>Username</b>	<p>Type the username for FTP/Samba users for accessing into FTP server (USB storage disk). Be aware that users cannot access into USB storage disk in anonymity. Later, you can open FTP client software and type the username specified here for accessing into USB storage disk.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> “Admin” could not be typed here as username, for the word is specified for accessing into web pages of Vigor router only. Also, it is reserved for FTP firmware upgrade usage.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> FTP Passive mode is not supported by Vigor Router. Please disable the mode on the FTP client.</p>
<b>Password</b>	<p>Type the password for FTP/Samba users for accessing FTP server. Later, you can open FTP client software and type the password specified here for accessing into USB storage disk.</p>
<b>Confirm Password</b>	<p>Type the password again to make confirmation.</p>
<b>Home Folder</b>	<p>It determines the folder for the client to access into. The user can enter a directory name in this field. Then, after clicking <b>OK</b>, the router will create the specific/new folder in the USB storage disk. In addition, if the user types “/” here, he/she can access into all of the disk folders and files in USB storage disk.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> When write protect status for the USB storage disk is <b>ON</b>, you cannot type any new folder name in this field. Only “/” can be used in such case.</p>

You can click  to open the following dialog to add any new folder which can be specified as the Home Folder.



**Access Rule**

It determines the authority for such profile. Any user, who uses such profile for accessing into USB storage disk, must follow the rule specified here.

**File** – Check the items (Read, Write and Delete) for such profile.

**Directory** – Check the items (List, Create and Remove) for such profile.

Before you click **OK**, you have to insert a USB storage disk into the USB interface of the Vigor router. Otherwise, you cannot save the configuration.

### 3.16.3 File Explorer




File Explorer offers an easy way for users to view and manage the content of USB storage disk connected on Vigor router.

**USB Application >> File Explorer**



**Note:** The folder can not be deleted when it is not empty.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
 <b>Refresh</b>	Click this icon to refresh files list.
 <b>Back</b>	Click this icon to return to the upper directory.
 <b>Create</b>	Click this icon to add a new folder.
<b>Current Path</b>	Display current folder.
<b>Upload</b>	Click this button to upload the selected file to the USB storage disk. The uploaded file in the USB diskette can be shared for other user through FTP.



### 3.16.4 USB Device Status

This page is to monitor the status for the users who accessing into FTP or Samba server (USB storage disk) via the Vigor router. In addition, the status of the USB modem or USB printer connecting to Vigor router can be checked from such page. If you want to remove the storage disk from USB port in router, please click **Disconnect USB Disk** first. And then, remove the USB storage disk later.

#### USB Application >> USB Device Status

Disk	Modem	Printer	<a href="#">Refresh</a>
<b>USB Mass Storage Device Status</b>			
Connection Status: No Disk Connected			<input type="button" value="Disconnect USB Disk"/>
Disk Capacity: 0 MB			
Free Capacity: 0 MB			<a href="#">Refresh</a>
<b>USB Disk Users Connected</b>			
Index	Service	IP Address(Port)	Username

**Note:** If the write protect switch of USB disk is turned on, the USB disk is in **READ-ONLY** mode. No data can be written to it.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Connection Status</b>	If there is no USB storage disk connected to Vigor router, “ <b>No Disk Connected</b> ” will be shown here.
<b>Disk Capacity</b>	It displays the total capacity of the USB storage disk.
<b>Free Capacity</b>	It displays the free space of the USB storage disk. Click <b>Refresh</b> at any time to get new status for free capacity.
<b>Index</b>	It displays the number of the client which connecting to FTP server.
<b>IP Address</b>	It displays the IP address of the user’s host which connecting to the FTP server.
<b>Username</b>	It displays the username that user uses to login to the FTP server.

When you insert USB storage disk into the Vigor router, the system will start to find out such device within several seconds.

### 3.16.5 Modem Support List

Such page provides the information about the brand name and model name of the USB modems which are supported by Vigor router.

#### USB Application >> Modem Support List

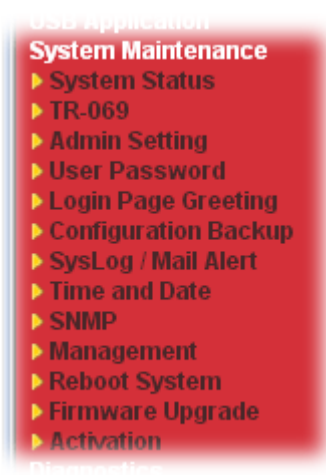
The following compatibility tests listed above Vigor router models with USB modems / mobiles. If it is confirmed as the latest and still does not work, please contact support@draytek.com

3.5G	LTE	WiMAX
Brand	Module	Status
AnyDATA	ADU-510A	Y
D-Link	DWM156	Y
Huawei	Huawei E150	Y
Huawei	Huawei E153	Y
Huawei	Huawei E1550	Y
Huawei	Huawei E160E	Y
Huawei	Huawei E171	Y
Huawei	Huawei E173	Y
Huawei	Huawei E1750C	Y
Huawei	Huawei E1756C	Y
Huawei	Huawei E176c	Y
Huawei	Huawei E188	Y
Huawei	Huawei E220	Y
Huawei	Huawei EC306	Y
Huawei	Huawei K4511	Y

### 3.17 System Maintenance

For the system setup, there are several items that you have to know the way of configuration: Status, TR-069, Admin Password, User Password, Login Page Greeting, Configuration Backup, Syslog/Mail Alert, Time and Date, SNMP, Management, Reboot System, Firmware Upgrade and Activation.

Below shows the menu items for System Maintenance.



### 3.17.1 System Status

The **System Status** provides basic network settings of Vigor router. It includes LAN and WAN interface information. Also, you could get the current running firmware version or firmware related information from this presentation.

#### System Status

**Model Name** : Vigor2830Vn  
**Firmware Version** : 3.6.7\_db  
**Build Date/Time** : Mar 24 2014 15:47:36

LAN					
	MAC Address	IP Address	Subnet Mask	DHCP Server	DNS
LAN1	00-50-7F-6A-FB-18	192.168.1.1	255.255.255.0	ON	8.8.8.8
LAN2	00-50-7F-6A-FB-18	192.168.2.1	255.255.255.0	ON	8.8.8.8
LAN3	00-50-7F-6A-FB-18	192.168.3.1	255.255.255.0	ON	8.8.8.8
LAN4	00-50-7F-6A-FB-18	192.168.4.1	255.255.255.0	ON	8.8.8.8
IP Routed Subnet	00-50-7F-6A-FB-18	192.168.0.1	255.255.255.0	ON	8.8.8.8

Wireless LAN			
MAC Address	Frequency Domain	Firmware Version	SSID
00-50-7F-6A-FB-18	FCC	"2.2.0.7"	DrayTek

WAN					
	Link Status	MAC Address	Connection	IP Address	Default Gateway
WAN1	Disconnected	00-50-7F-6A-FB-19	PPPoE	---	---
WAN2	Disconnected	00-50-7F-6A-FB-1A	---	---	---
WAN3	Disconnected	00-50-7F-6A-FB-1B	---	---	---

IPv6			
	Address	Scope	Internet Access Mode
LAN	FE80::250:7FFF:FE6A:FB18/64	Link	---

VoIP			
Port	Profile	Reg.	In/Out
Phone1		No	0/0
Phone2		No	0/0

**User Mode** is **OFF** now.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Model Name</b>	Display the model name of the router.
<b>Firmware Version</b>	Display the firmware version of the router.
<b>Build Date/Time</b>	Display the date and time of the current firmware build.
<b>LAN</b>	<p><b>MAC Address</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Display the MAC address of the LAN Interface.</li> </ul> <p><b>IP Address</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Display the IP address of the LAN interface.</li> </ul> <p><b>Subnet Mask</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Display the subnet mask address of the LAN interface.</li> </ul> <p><b>DHCP Server</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Display the current status of DHCP server of the LAN interface</li> </ul> <p><b>DNS</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Display the assigned IP address of the primary DNS.</li> </ul>

<b>Wireless LAN</b>	<p><b>MAC Address</b> - Display the MAC address of the wireless LAN.</p> <p><b>Frequency Domain</b> - It can be Europe (13 usable channels), USA (11 usable channels) etc. The available channels supported by the wireless products in different countries are various.</p> <p><b>Firmware Version</b> - It indicates information about equipped WLAN miniPCi card. This also helps to provide availability of some features that are bound with some WLAN miniPCi.</p> <p><b>SSID</b> - Display the SSID of the router.</p>
<b>WAN</b>	<p><b>Link Status</b> - Display current connection status.</p> <p><b>MAC Address</b> - Display the MAC address of the WAN Interface.</p> <p><b>Connection</b> - Display the connection type.</p> <p><b>IP Address</b> - Display the IP address of the WAN interface.</p> <p><b>Default Gateway</b> - Display the assigned IP address of the default gateway.</p>
<b>VoIP</b>	<p><b>Profile</b> - Display the VoIP profile for the phone port.</p> <p><b>In/Out</b> - Display the number of incoming /outgoing phone call.</p>

### 3.17.2 TR-069

This device supports TR-069 standard. It is very convenient for an administrator to manage a TR-069 device through an Auto Configuration Server, e.g., VigorACS.

[System Maintenance >> TR-069 Setting](#)

#### ACS and CPE Settings

<b>ACS Server On</b>	Internet ▾
<b>ACS Server</b>	
URL	<input type="text"/>
Username	<input type="text"/>
Password	<input type="password"/>
<b>CPE Client</b>	
<input type="radio"/> Enable	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
URL	<input type="text" value="http://172.16.3.102:8069/cwm/CRN.html"/>
Port	<input type="text" value="8069"/>
Username	<input type="text" value="vigor"/>
Password	<input type="password"/>

#### Periodic Inform Settings

<input type="radio"/> Disable	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable
Interval Time	<input type="text" value="900"/> second(s)

#### STUN Settings

<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable	<input type="radio"/> Enable
Server IP	<input type="text"/>
Server Port	<input type="text" value="3478"/>
Minimum Keep Alive Period	<input type="text" value="60"/> second(s)
Maximum Keep Alive Period	<input type="text" value="-1"/> second(s)

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>ACS Server On</b>	Choose the interface for the router connecting to ACS server.
<b>ACS Server</b>	<b>URL/Username/Password</b> – Such data must be typed according to the ACS (Auto Configuration Server) you want to link. Please refer to Auto Configuration Server user’s manual for detailed information.
<b>CPE Client</b>	Such information is useful for Auto Configuration Server. <b>Enable/Disable</b> – Allow/Deny the CPE Client to connect with Auto Configuration Server. <b>Port</b> – Sometimes, port conflict might be occurred. To solve such problem, you might change port number for CPE.

<b>Periodic Inform Settings</b>	The default setting is <b>Enable</b> . Please set interval time or schedule time for the router to send notification to CPE. Or click <b>Disable</b> to close the mechanism of notification.
<b>STUN Settings</b>	<p>The default is <b>Disable</b>. If you click <b>Enable</b>, please type the relational settings listed below:</p> <p><b>Server IP</b> – Type the IP address of the STUN server.</p> <p><b>Server Port</b> – Type the port number of the STUN server.</p> <p><b>Minimum Keep Alive Period</b> – If STUN is enabled, the CPE must send binding request to the server for the purpose of maintaining the binding in the Gateway. Please type a number as the minimum period. The default setting is “60 seconds”.</p> <p><b>Maximum Keep Alive Period</b> – If STUN is enabled, the CPE must send binding request to the server for the purpose of maintaining the binding in the Gateway. Please type a number as the maximum period. A value of “-1” indicates that no maximum period is specified.</p>

### 3.17.3 Admin Setting

This page allows you to set new password.

[System Maintenance >> Admin Setting](#)

#### Administrator Password

Old Password	<input type="text"/>	
New Password	<input type="text"/>	(Max. 23 characters allowed)
Confirm Password	<input type="text"/>	(Max. 23 characters allowed)

Note: Password can contain only a-z A-Z 0-9 ; : . " < > \* + = \ | ? @ # ^ ! ( )

#### Administrator Local User

Local User

**Local User List**

Index	User Name

**Specific User**

User Name:

Password:  Confirm Password:

Enable 'Admin' Login From Wan

#### Administrator LDAP Setting

Enable LDAP/AD login for Admin users

Enable 'Admin' Login From Wan

**LDAP Server Profiles**

**LDAP Profile Setup**

Note: Please select 'Admin' from group select box on login UI.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Administrator Password</b>	<p><b>Old Password</b> - Type in the old password. The factory default setting for password is “<b>admin</b>”.</p> <p><b>New Password</b> -Type in new password in this field. The length of the password is limited to 23 characters.</p> <p><b>Confirm Password</b> -Type in the new password again.</p>
<b>Administrator Local User</b>	<p>The administrator can login web user interface of Vigor router to modify all of the settings to fit the requirements. This feature allows other user in LAN who can access into the web user interface with the same privilege of the administrator.</p> <p><b>Local User</b> – Check the box to enable the local user configuration.</p> <p><b>Local User List</b> – It displays the username of the local user.</p> <p><b>User Name</b> – Give a user name for the local user.</p> <p><b>Password</b> – Type the password for the local user.</p> <p><b>Confirm Password</b> – Type the password again for confirmation.</p> <p><b>Add</b> – After typing the user name and password above, simply click it to create a new local user. The new one will be shown on the Local User List immediately.</p> <p><b>Edit</b> – If the username listed on the box above is not satisfied, simply click the username and modify it on the field of User Name. Later, click <b>Edit</b> to update the information.</p> <p><b>Delete</b> – If the local user listed on the box above is not satisfied, simply click the username and click <b>Delete</b> to remove it.</p> <p><b>Enable Admin Login From Wan</b> – The default setting is enabled. It can ensure any user accessing into web user interface of Vigor router through <b>Internet</b> by username/password of “admin/admin”.</p>
<b>Administrator LDAP Setting</b>	<p><b>Enable LDAP/AD login for Admin users</b> – If it is enabled, any user can access into the web user interface of Vigor router through the LDAP server authentication.</p> <p><b>LDAP Server Profiles</b> – Available profiles will be displayed here under the link of LDAP Profile Setup.</p> <p><b>LDAP Profile Setup</b> – It allows you to create a new LDAP profile.</p>

When you click **OK**, the login window will appear. Please use the new password to access into the web user interface again.

### 3.17.4 User Password

This page allows you to set new password for user operation.

System Maintenance >> User Password

Enable User Mode for simple web configuration

User Password

| [Set to Factory Default](#) |

Password	<input type="text"/>
Confirm Password	<input type="text"/>

Note: 1.Password can contain only a-z A-Z 0-9 , ; : . " < > \* + = \ | ? @ # ^ ! ( )  
 2.Password can't be only \*.Example: '\*!' or '!\*' or '\*\*\*\*' is illegal, but '123\*' or '\*45' is OK.

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable User Mode for simple web configuration</b>	After checking this box, you can access into the web user interface with the password typed here for simple web configuration. The settings on simple web user interface will be different with full web user interface accessed by using the administrator password.
<b>Password</b>	Type in new password in this field.
<b>Confirm Password</b>	Type in the new password again.
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Click to return to the factory default setting.

When you click **OK**, the login window will appear. Please use the new password to access into the web user interface again.

Below shows an example for accessing into User Operation with User Password.

1. Open **System Maintenance>>User Password**.
2. Check the box of **Enable User Mode for simple web configuration** to enable user mode operation. Type a new password in the field of New Password and click **OK**.

System Maintenance >> User Password

Enable User Mode for simple web configuration

User Password

| [Set to Factory Default](#) |

Password	<input type="password"/>
Confirm Password	<input type="password"/>

Note:Password can contain only a-z A-Z 0-9 , ; : . " < > \* + = \ | ? @ # ^ ! ( )

OK



3. The following screen will appear. Simply click **OK**.

System Maintenance >> User Password

---

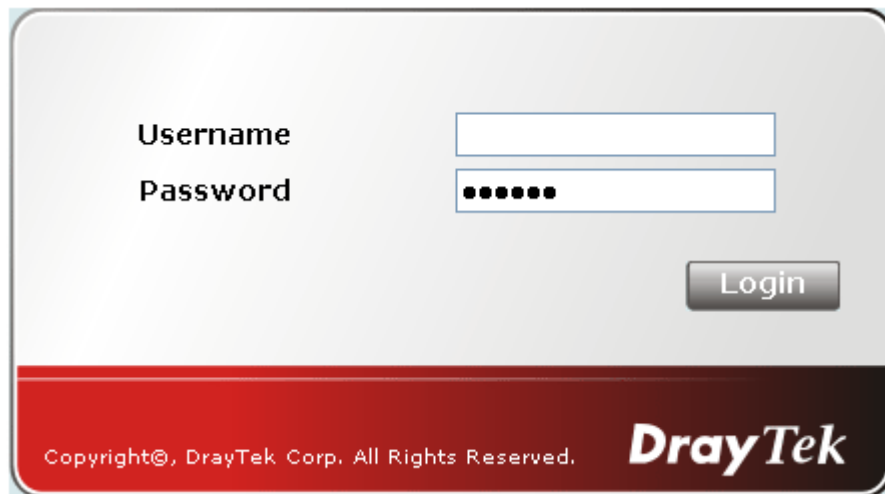
Active Configuration

Password	: *****
----------	---------

4. Log out Vigor router Web user interface.



5. The following window will be open to ask for username and password. Type the new user password in the field of **Password** and click **Login**.

A login window with a light gray background and rounded corners. It has two input fields: "Username" and "Password". The "Password" field contains seven black dots. To the right of the "Password" field is a "Login" button. At the bottom, there is a red bar with the text "Copyright©, DrayTek Corp. All Rights Reserved." and the "DrayTek" logo.

6. The main screen with User Mode will be shown as follows.

**Vigor2830 Series**  
ADSL2+ Security Firewall

**DrayTek**

Auto Logout

**Wizards**  
Online Status

**WAN**  
LAN  
Load-Balance/Route Policy  
NAT  
Applications  
Wireless LAN  
System Maintenance  
Diagnostics  
External Devices

All Rights Reserved.

**System Status**

Model Name : Vigor2830Vn  
Firmware Version : 3.6.7\_db  
Build Date/Time : Mar 24 2014 15:47:36

LAN					
	MAC Address	IP Address	Subnet Mask	DHCP Server	DNS
LAN1	00-50-7F-6A-FB-18	192.168.1.1	255.255.255.0	ON	8.8.8.8
LAN2	00-50-7F-6A-FB-18	192.168.2.1	255.255.255.0	ON	8.8.8.8
LAN3	00-50-7F-6A-FB-18	192.168.3.1	255.255.255.0	ON	8.8.8.8
LAN4	00-50-7F-6A-FB-18	192.168.4.1	255.255.255.0	ON	8.8.8.8
IP Routed Subnet	00-50-7F-6A-FB-18	192.168.0.1	255.255.255.0	ON	8.8.8.8

Wireless LAN			
MAC Address	Frequency Domain	Firmware Version	SSID
00-50-7F-6A-FB-18	FCC	"2.2.0.7"	DrayTek

WAN					
	Link Status	MAC Address	Connection	IP Address	Default Gateway
WAN1	Disconnected	00-50-7F-6A-FB-19	PPPoE	---	---
WAN2	Disconnected	00-50-7F-6A-FB-1A	---	---	---
WAN3	Disconnected	00-50-7F-6A-FB-1B	---	---	---

IPv6		
Address	Scope	Internet Access Mode
LAN FE80::250:7FFF:FE6A:FB18/64	Link	---

VoIP			
Port	Profile	Reg.	In/Out
Phone1		No	0/0

Settings to be configured in User Mode will be less than settings in Admin Mode. Only basic configuration settings will be available in User Mode and can be configured as same as in Admin Mode.

### 3.17.5 Login Page Greeting

When you want to access into the web user interface of Vigor router, the system will ask you to offer username and password first. At that moment, the background of the web page is blank and no heading will be displayed on the Login window. This page allows you to specify background message and the heading on the Login window if you have such requirement.

[System Maintenance >> Login Page Greeting](#)

**Login Page Greeting**

Enable

Login Page Title  (31 char max.)

Welcome Message and Bulletin (Max 511 characters) [Preview](#) | [Set to Factory Default](#) |

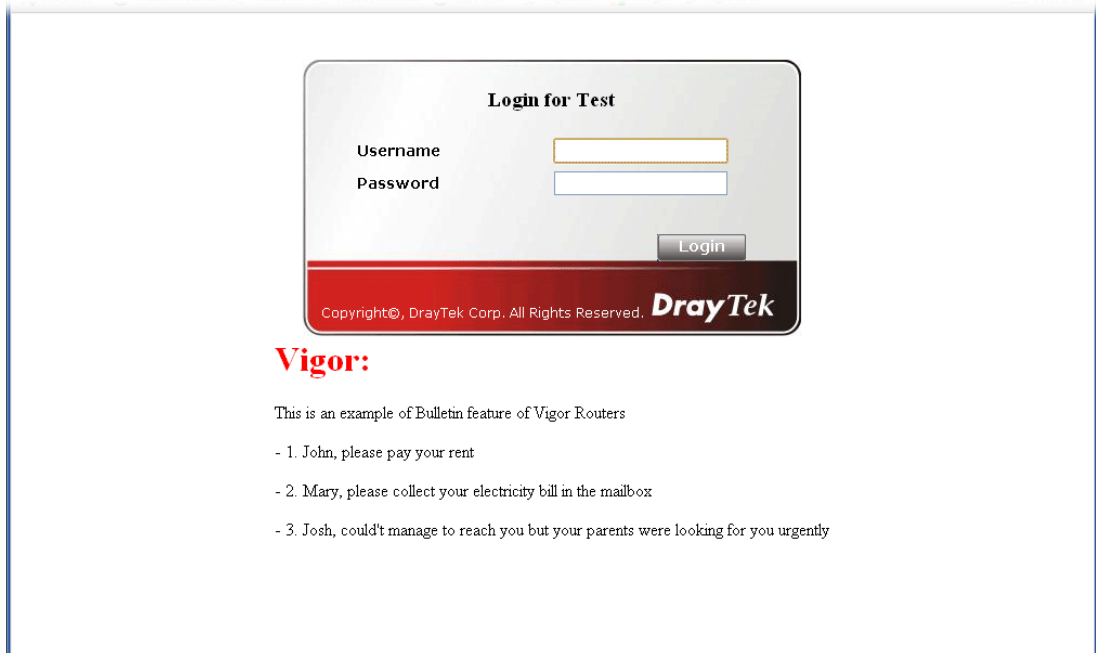
```
<h1><b><font color=red>Welcome Message</font></b></h1><p>This welcome message is displayed in the Login page of the router. Replace this text with your own message. </p><ol><li>The welcome message can be written in HTML so lists such as this one can be created </li><li>Other markup tags such as p, font or img can be used</li></ol>
```

Examples of Welcome Message and Bulletin:  
 <h1><b><font color=red>Welcome Message</font></b></h1>  
 <p>Message</p>

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable</b>	Check this box to enable the login customization function.
<b>Login Page Title</b>	Type a brief description (e.g., Welcome to DrayTek) which will be shown on the heading of the login dialog.
<b>Welcome Message and Bulletin</b>	Type words or sentences here. It will be displayed for bulletin message. In addition, it can be displayed on the login dialog at the bottom. Note that do not type URL redirect link here.
<b>Preview</b>	Click it to display the preview of the login window based on the settings on this web page.
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Click to return to the factory default setting.

Below shows an example of login customization with the information typed in Login Description and Bulletin.



### 3.17.6 Configuration Backup

#### Backup the Configuration

Follow the steps below to backup your configuration.

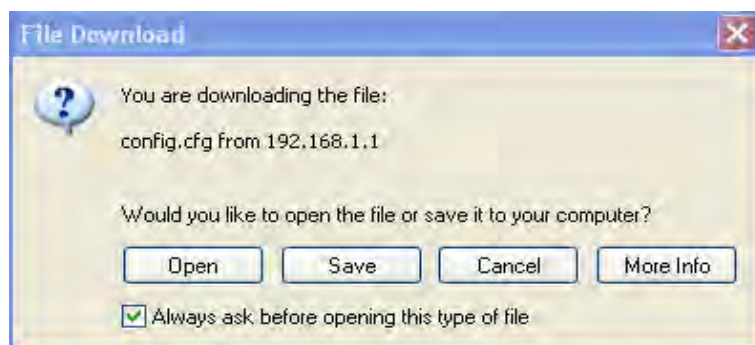
1. Go to **System Maintenance >> Configuration Backup**. The following windows will be popped-up, as shown below.

#### System Maintenance >> Configuration Backup

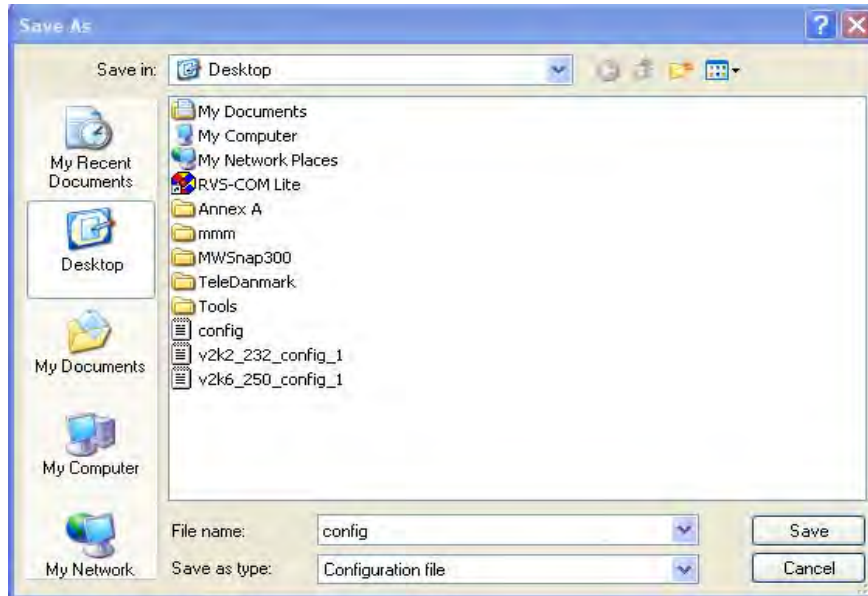
##### Configuration Backup / Restoration

<b>Restoration</b>	
Select a configuration file.	
<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Browse.."/>
Click Restore to upload the file.	
<input type="button" value="Restore"/>	
<b>Backup</b>	
Click Backup to download current running configurations as a file.	
<input type="button" value="Backup"/>	<input type="button" value="Cancel"/>

2. Click **Backup** button to get into the following dialog. Click **Save** button to open another dialog for saving configuration as a file.



3. In **Save As** dialog, the default filename is **config.cfg**. You could give it another name by yourself.



4. Click **Save** button, the configuration will download automatically to your computer as a file named **config.cfg**.

The above example is using **Windows** platform for demonstrating examples. The **Mac** or **Linux** platform will appear different windows, but the backup function is still available.

**Note:** Backup for Certification must be done independently. The Configuration Backup does not include information of Certificate.

## Restore Configuration

1. Go to **System Maintenance >> Configuration Backup**. The following windows will be popped-up, as shown below.

**System Maintenance >> Configuration Backup**

### Configuration Backup / Restoration

<b>Restoration</b> Select a configuration file. <input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Browse..."/> Click Restore to upload the file. <input type="button" value="Restore"/>
<b>Backup</b> Click Backup to download current running configurations as a file. <input type="button" value="Backup"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>

2. Click **Browse** button to choose the correct configuration file for uploading to the router.
3. Click **Restore** button and wait for few seconds, the following picture will tell you that the restoration procedure is successful.

### 3.17.7 Syslog/Mail Alert

SysLog function is provided for users to monitor router. There is no bother to directly get into the Web user interface of the router or borrow debug equipments.

[System Maintenance >> SysLog / Mail Alert Setup](#)

**SysLog / Mail Alert Setup**

<p><b>SysLog Access Setup</b></p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable</p> <p>Syslog Save to:</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Syslog Server</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> USB Disk</p> <p><b>Router Name</b> <input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/></p> <p>Server IP Address <input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/></p> <p>Destination Port <input style="width: 50%;" type="text" value="514"/></p> <p>Mail Syslog <input type="checkbox"/> Enable</p> <p>Enable syslog message:</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Firewall Log</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> VPN Log</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> User Access Log</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Call Log</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> WAN Log</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Router/DSL information</p> <p><b>AlertLog Setup</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Enable</p> <p>AlertLog Port <input style="width: 50%;" type="text" value="514"/></p>	<p><b>Mail Alert Setup</b></p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable <input type="button" value="Send a test e-mail"/></p> <p>SMTP Server <input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/></p> <p>SMTP Port <input style="width: 50%;" type="text" value="25"/></p> <p>Mail To <input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/></p> <p>Return-Path <input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Use SSL</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Authentication</p> <p>Username <input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/></p> <p>Password <input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/></p> <p>Enable E-Mail Alert:</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DoS Attack</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IM-P2P</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> VPN LOG</p>
--	--

**Note:** 1. Mail Syslog cannot be activated unless USB Disk is ticked for "Syslog Save to".  
 2. Mail Syslog feature sends a Syslog file when its size reaches 1M Bytes.  
 3. We only support secured SMTP connection on port 465.

Available settings are explained as follows:

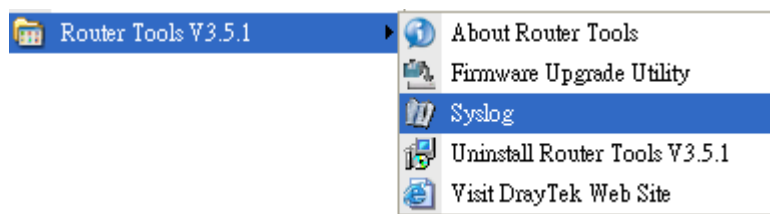
Item	Description
<b>SysLog Access Setup</b>	<p><b>Enable</b> - Check <b>Enable</b> to activate function of syslog.</p> <p><b>Syslog Save to</b> – Check <b>Syslog Server</b> to save the log to Syslog server.</p> <p>Check <b>USB Disk</b> to save the log to the attached USB storage disk.</p>
<b>Router Name</b>	<p>Display the name for such router configured in <b>System Maintenance&gt;&gt;Management</b>.</p> <p>If there is no name here, simply lick the link to access into <b>System Maintenance&gt;&gt;Management</b> to set the router name.</p> <p><b>Server IP Address</b> -The IP address of the Syslog server.</p> <p><b>Destination Port</b> - Assign a port for the Syslog protocol.</p> <p><b>Mail Syslog</b> – Check the box to recode the mail event on Syslog.</p> <p><b>Enable syslog message</b> - Check the box listed on this web page to send the corresponding message of firewall, VPN, User Access, Call, WAN, Router/DSL information to</p>

	Syslog.
<b>AlertLog Setup</b>	<p>Check “<b>Enable</b>” to activate function of alert log.</p> <p><b>AlertLog Port</b> - Type the port number for alert log. The default setting is 514.</p>
<b>Mail Alert Setup</b>	<p>Check “<b>Enable</b>” to activate function of mail alert.</p> <p><b>Send a test e-mail</b> - Make a simple test for the e-mail address specified in this page. Please assign the mail address first and click this button to execute a test for verify the mail address is available or not.</p> <p><b>SMTP Server</b> - The IP address of the SMTP server.</p> <p><b>Mail To</b> - Assign a mail address for sending mails out.</p> <p><b>Return-Path</b> - Assign a path for receiving the mail from outside.</p> <p><b>Authentication</b> - Check this box to activate this function while using e-mail application.</p> <p><b>User Name</b> - Type the user name for authentication.</p> <p><b>Password</b> - Type the password for authentication.</p> <p><b>Enable E-mail Alert</b> - Check the box to send alert message to the e-mail box while the router detecting the item(s) you specify here.</p>

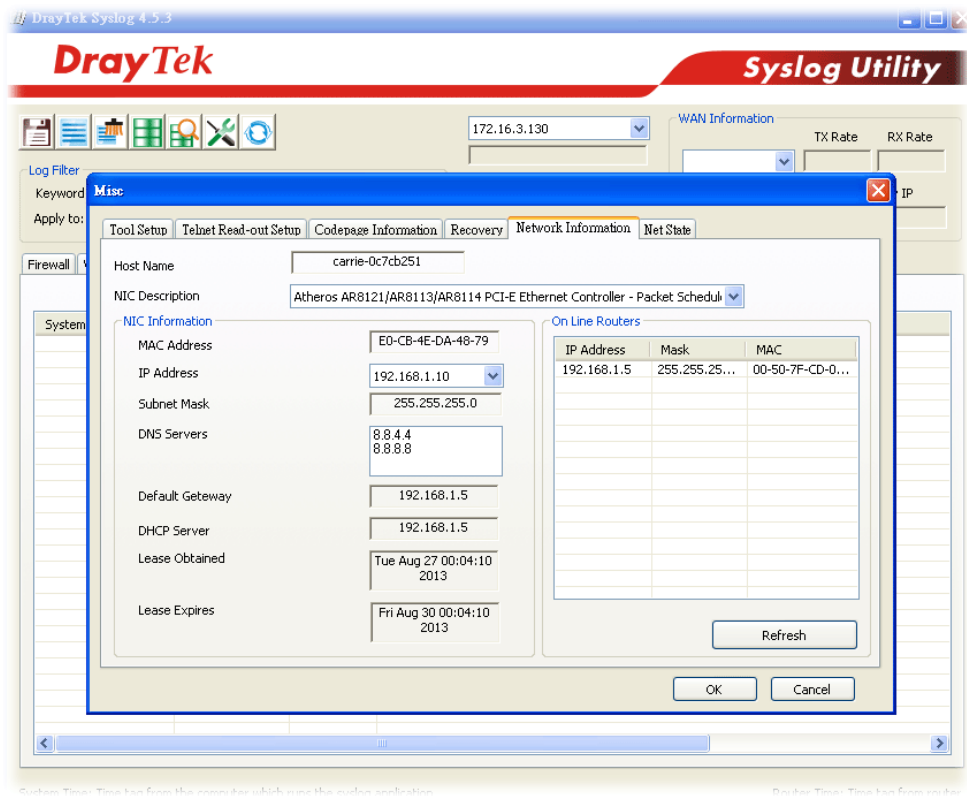
Click **OK** to save these settings.

For viewing the Syslog, please do the following:

1. Just set your monitor PC’s IP address in the field of Server IP Address
2. Install the Router Tools in the **Utility** within provided CD. After installation, click on the **Router Tools>>Syslog** from program menu.



3. From the Syslog screen, select the router you want to monitor. Be reminded that in **Network Information**, select the network adapter used to connect to the router. Otherwise, you won’t succeed in retrieving information from the router.



### 3.17.8 Time and Date

It allows you to specify where the time of the router should be inquired from.

**System Maintenance >> Time and Date**

#### Time Information

Current System Time	2013 Oct 31 Thu 8 : 53 : 10	<input type="button" value="Inquire Time"/>
---------------------	-----------------------------	---

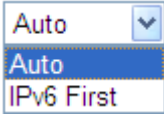
#### Time Setup

<input type="radio"/>	Use Browser Time
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Use Internet Time
Time Server	<input type="text" value="pool.ntp.org"/>
Priority	<input type="text" value="Auto"/>
Time Zone	<input type="text" value="(GMT) Greenwich Mean Time : Dublin"/>
Enable Daylight Saving	<input type="checkbox"/>
Automatically Update Interval	<input type="text" value="30 min"/>

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Current System Time</b>	Click <b>Inquire Time</b> to get the current time.
<b>Use Browser Time</b>	Select this option to use the browser time from the remote administrator PC host as router's system time.
<b>Use Internet Time</b>	Select to inquire time information from Time Server on the



	Internet using assigned protocol.
<b>Time Server</b>	Type the IP address of the time server.
<b>Priority</b>	Choose Auto or IPv6 First as the priority. 
<b>Time Zone</b>	Select the time zone where the router is located.
<b>Enable Daylight Saving</b>	Check the box to enable the daylight saving. Such feature is available for certain area.
<b>Automatically Update Interval</b>	Select a time interval for updating from the NTP server.

Click **OK** to save these settings.

### 3.17.9 SNMP

This page allows you to configure settings for SNMP and SNMPV3 services.

The SNMPv3 is **more secure than** SNMP through the encryption method (support AES and DES) and authentication method (support MD5 and SHA) for the management needs.

[Applications >> SNMP](#)

#### SNMP Setup

Enable SNMP Agent

Get Community

Set Community

Manager Host IP(IPv4)

Manager Host IP(IPv6)

Trap Community

Notification Host IP(IPv4)

Notification Host IP(IPv6)

Trap Timeout

Enable SNMPV3 Agent

USM User

Auth Algorithm

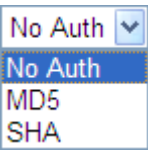
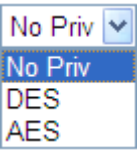
Auth Password

Privacy Algorithm

Privacy Password

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable SNMP Agent</b>	Check it to enable this function.
<b>Get Community</b>	Set the name for getting community by typing a proper

	character. The default setting is <b>public</b> .
<b>Set Community</b>	Set community by typing a proper name. The default setting is <b>private</b> .
<b>Manager Host IP (IPv4)</b>	Set one host as the manager to execute SNMP function. Please type in IPv4 address to specify certain host.
<b>Manager Host IP (IPv6)</b>	Set one host as the manager to execute SNMP function. Please type in IPv6 address to specify certain host.
<b>Trap Community</b>	Set trap community by typing a proper name. The default setting is <b>public</b> .
<b>Notification Host IP (IPv4)</b>	Set the IPv4 address of the host that will receive the trap community.
<b>Notification Host IP (IPv6)</b>	Set the IPv6 address of the host that will receive the trap community.
<b>Trap Timeout</b>	The default setting is 10 seconds.
<b>Enable SNMPV3 Agent</b>	Check it to enable this function.
<b>USM User</b>	USM means user-based security mode. Type a username which will be used for authentication.
<b>Auth Algorithm</b>	Choose one of the encryption methods listed below as the authentication algorithm. 
<b>Auth Password</b>	Type a password for authentication.
<b>Privacy Algorithm</b>	Choose one of the methods listed below as the privacy algorithm. 
<b>Privacy Password</b>	Type a password for privacy.

### 3.17.10 Management

This page allows you to manage the settings for Internet Access Control, Access List from the Internet, Management Port Setup, and External Device Control.

The management pages for IPv4 and IPv6 protocols are different.

#### For IPv4

System Maintenance >> Management

IPv4 Management Setup	IPv6 Management Setup												
Router Name <input type="text"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Default:Disable Auto-Logout <b>Internet Access Control</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Allow management from the Internet <input type="checkbox"/> FTP Server <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HTTP Server <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HTTPS Server <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Telnet Server <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TR069 Server <input type="checkbox"/> SSH Server <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Disable PING from the Internet <b>LAN Access Control</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow management from LAN <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FTP Server <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HTTP Server <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HTTPS Server <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Telnet Server <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SSH Server <b>Apply To Subnet</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> LAN2 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> LAN3 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> LAN4 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IP Routed Subnet <b>Access List from the Internet</b> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>List</th> <th>IP</th> <th>Subnet Mask</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td><input type="text"/></td> <td><input type="text"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td><input type="text"/></td> <td><input type="text"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td><input type="text"/></td> <td><input type="text"/></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	List	IP	Subnet Mask	1	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	2	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	3	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<b>Management Port Setup</b> <input checked="" type="radio"/> User Define Ports <input type="radio"/> Default Ports Telnet Port <input type="text" value="23"/> (Default: 23) HTTP Port <input type="text" value="80"/> (Default: 80) HTTPS Port <input type="text" value="443"/> (Default: 443) FTP Port <input type="text" value="21"/> (Default: 21) TR069 Port <input type="text" value="8069"/> (Default: 8069) SSH Port <input type="text" value="22"/> (Default: 22) <b>External Device Control</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No respond to External Device
List	IP	Subnet Mask											
1	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>											
2	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>											
3	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>											

**Note:** Subnet LAN1 is always allowed to access all the router services regardless of "LAN Access Control" settings.

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Router Name</b>	Type in the router name provided by ISP.
<b>Default: Disable Auto-Logout</b>	The web user interface will not log out if it is enabled.
<b>Internet Access Control</b>	<b>Allow management from the Internet</b> - Enable the

	checkbox to allow system administrators to login from the Internet. There are several servers provided by the system to allow you managing the router from Internet. Check the box(es) to specify. <b>Disable PING from the Internet</b> - Check the checkbox to reject all PING packets from the Internet. For security issue, this function is enabled by default.
<b>LAN Access Control</b>	<b>Allow management from LAN</b> - Enable the checkbox to allow system administrators to access from LAN. There are several servers provided by the system to allow you managing the router from Internet. Check the box(es) to specify. <b>Apply To</b> – Choose the subnet(s) for the administrator to access.
<b>Access List from the Internet</b>	You could specify that the system administrator can only login from a specific host or network defined in the list. A maximum of three IPs/subnet masks is allowed. <b>List IP</b> - Indicate an IP address allowed to login to the router. <b>Subnet Mask</b> - Represent a subnet mask allowed to login to the router.
<b>Management Port Setup</b>	<b>User Defined Ports</b> - Check to specify user-defined port numbers for the Telnet, HTTP and FTP servers. <b>Default Ports</b> - Check to use standard port numbers for the Telnet and HTTP servers.
<b>External Device Control</b>	<b>No respond to External Device</b> – Check the box to make Vigor2830 not being detected by other router and not being displayed as an external device.

## For IPv6

System Maintenance >> Management

IPv4 Management Setup	IPv6 Management Setup
<p><b>Management Access Control</b></p> <p>Allow management from the Internet</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Telnet Server ( Port : 23)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> HTTP Server ( Port : 80)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Enable PING from the Internet</p> <hr/> <p><b>Access List</b></p> <p>List IPv6 Address / Prefix Length</p> <p>1. <input type="text"/> / <input type="text" value="128"/></p> <p>2. <input type="text"/> / <input type="text" value="128"/></p> <p>3. <input type="text"/> / <input type="text" value="128"/></p> <p><b>Note :</b> Telnt / Http server port is the same as IPv4.</p>	

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Management Access Control</b>	Enable the checkbox to allow system administrators to login from the Internet. There are several servers provided by the system to allow you managing the router from Internet. Check the box(es) to specify. <b>Enable PING from the Internet</b> - Check the checkbox to enable all PING packets from the Internet. For security issue, this function is disabled by default.
<b>Access List</b>	You could specify that the system administrator can only login from a specific host or network defined in the list. A maximum of three IPs/subnet masks is allowed. <b>IPv6 Address /Prefix Length</b> - Indicate the IP address(es) allowed to login to the router.

### 3.17.11 Reboot System

The Web user interface may be used to restart your router. Click **Reboot System** from **System Maintenance** to open the following page.

System Maintenance >> Reboot System

#### Reboot System

**Do you want to reboot your router ?**

Using current configuration  
 Using factory default configuration

Reboot Now

#### Auto Reboot Time Schedule

Index(1-15) in **Schedule** Setup: , , ,

**Note:** Action and Idle Timeout settings will be ignored.

OK

Cancel

**Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup** - You can type in four sets of time schedule for performing system reboot. All the schedules can be set previously in **Applications >> Schedule** web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page.

If you want to reboot the router using the current configuration, check **Using current configuration** and click **OK**. To reset the router settings to default values, check **Using factory default configuration** and click **OK**. The router will take 5 seconds to reboot the system.

**Note:** When the system pops up Reboot System web page after you configure web settings, please click **OK** to reboot your router for ensuring normal operation and preventing unexpected errors of the router in the future.

### 3.17.12 Firmware Upgrade

Before upgrading your router firmware, you need to install the Router Tools. The **Firmware Upgrade Utility** is included in the tools. The following web page will guide you to upgrade firmware by using an example. Note that this example is running over Windows OS (Operating System).

Download the newest firmware from DrayTek's web site or FTP site. The DrayTek web site is [www.DrayTek.com](http://www.DrayTek.com) (or local DrayTek's web site) and FTP site is <ftp.DrayTek.com>.

Click **System Maintenance>> Firmware Upgrade** to launch the Firmware Upgrade Utility.

#### System Maintenance >> Firmware Upgrade

---

##### Web Firmware Upgrade

Select a firmware file.

Click Upgrade to upload the file.

##### TFTP Firmware Upgrade from LAN

Current Firmware Version: 3.6.7\_db

##### Firmware Upgrade Procedures:

1. Click "OK" to start the TFTP server.
2. Open the Firmware Upgrade Utility or other 3-party TFTP client software.
3. Check that the firmware filename is correct.
4. Click "Upgrade" on the Firmware Upgrade Utility to start the upgrade.
5. After the upgrade is complete, the TFTP server will automatically stop running.

Do you want to upgrade firmware ?

Click **OK**. The following screen will appear. Please execute the firmware upgrade utility first.

#### System Maintenance >> Firmware Upgrade

---



TFTP server is running. Please execute a Firmware Upgrade Utility software to upgrade router's firmware. This server will be closed by itself when the firmware upgrading finished.

### 3.17.13 Activation

There are three ways to activate WCF on vigor router, using **Service Activation Wizard**, by means of **CSM>>Web Content Filter Profile** or via **System Maintenance>>Activation**.

After you have finished the setting profiles for WCF (refer to **Web Content Filter Profile**), it is the time to activate the mechanism for your computer.

Click **System Maintenance>>Activation** to open the following page for accessing <http://myvigor.draytek.com>.

**System Maintenance >> Activation** Activate via interface : auto-selected ▾

---

**Web-Filter License** [Activate](#)  
 [Status: **Not Activated**]

Authentication Message

```
WebFilter, service not activate 2010-08-16 07:58:36
```

**Note:** If you want to use email alert or syslog, please configure the SysLog/Mail Alert Setup page.  
 If you change the service provider, the configuration of the function will be reset.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Activate via Interface</b>	Choose WAN interface used by such device for activating Web Content Filter.  <div style="text-align: right;"> <b>Activate via interface :</b> auto-selected ▾  <div style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">             auto-selected              WAN 1              WAN 2              WAN 3           </div> </div>
<b>Activate</b>	The <b>Activate</b> link brings you accessing into <a href="http://www.vigorpro.com">www.vigorpro.com</a> to finish the activation of the account and the router.
<b>Authentication Message</b>	As for authentication information of <b>web filter</b> , the process of authenticating will be displayed on this field for your reference.

Below shows the successful activation of Web Content Filter:

System Maintenance >> Activation

Activate via interface : auto-selected ▼

**Web-Filter License**

**Activate**

[Status:Commtouch] [Start Date:2010-07-27 Expire Date:2010-08-27]

Authentication Message

```
Activated Wiz, Activated Wizard query license status Successful, 2010-07-27
08:47:13
```

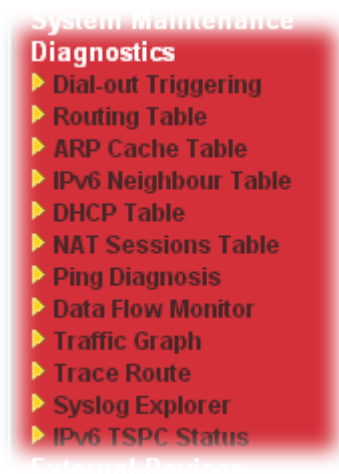
**Note:** If you want to use email alert or syslog, please configure the SysLog/Mail Alert Setup page.  
If you change the service provider, the configuration of the function will be reset.

OK Cancel



## 3.18 Diagnostics

Diagnostic Tools provide a useful way to **view** or **diagnose** the status of your Vigor router. Below shows the menu items for Diagnostics.



### 3.18.1 Dial-out Triggering

Click **Diagnostics** and click **Dial-out Triggering** to open the web page. The internet connection (e.g., PPPoE) is triggered by a package sending from the source IP address.

[Diagnostics >> Dial-out Triggering](#)

[Refresh](#) |

**Dial-out Triggered Packet Header**

**HEX Format:**  
00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00

00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00  
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00  
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00  
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

---

**Decoded Format:**  
0.0.0.0 -> 0.0.0.0  
Pr 0 len 0 (0)

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Decoded Format</b>	It shows the source IP address (local), destination IP (remote) address, the protocol and length of the package.
<b>Refresh</b>	Click it to reload the page.

### 3.18.2 Routing Table

Click **Diagnostics** and click **Routing Table** to open the web page.

[Diagnostics >> View Routing Table](#)

Current Running Routing Table	IPv6 Routing Table	<a href="#">Refresh</a>
Key: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, * - default, ~ - private		
* 0.0.0.0/ 0.0.0.0	via 172.16.1.1	WAN2
C~ 192.168.1.0/ 255.255.255.0	directly connected	LAN1
C 172.16.0.0/ 255.255.0.0	directly connected	WAN2

OR

[Diagnostics >> View Routing Table](#)

Current Running Routing Table	IPv6 Routing Table	<a href="#">Refresh</a>
Destination	Interface	Flags Metric Next Hop
FE80::/64	LAN	U 256
FF00::/8	LAN	U 256

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Refresh</b>	Click it to reload the page.

### 3.18.3 ARP Cache Table

Click **Diagnostics** and click **ARP Cache Table** to view the content of the ARP (Address Resolution Protocol) cache held in the router. The table shows a mapping between an Ethernet hardware address (MAC Address) and an IP address.

[Diagnostics >> View ARP Cache Table](#)

Ethernet ARP Cache Table | [Clear](#) | [Refresh](#) |

IP Address	MAC Address	Netbios Name	Interface
172.16.3.166	00-26-6C-E4-6C-02		WAN2
192.168.1.1	00-50-7F-CF-46-D8		LAN1
192.168.1.10	E0-CB-4E-DA-48-79	CARRIE-0C7CB251	LAN1

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Clear</b>	Click it to clear the whole table.
<b>Refresh</b>	Click it to reload the page.

### 3.18.4 IPv6 Neighbour Table

The table shows a mapping between an Ethernet hardware address (MAC Address) and an IPv6 address. This information is helpful in diagnosing network problems, such as IP address conflicts, etc.

Click **Diagnostics** and click **IPv6 Neighbour Table** to open the web page.

[Diagnostics >> View IPv6 Neighbour Table](#)

IPv6 Neighbour Table | [Refresh](#) |

IPv6 Address	Mac Address	Interface	State
FF02::2	33-33-00-00-00-02	LAN	CONNECTED
FF02::1:3	33-33-00-01-00-03	LAN	CONNECTED
FE80::3D5E:E74:8751:A44B	e8-9d-87-87-69-2f	LAN	STALE
FF02::1:FF51:A44B	33-33-ff-51-a4-4b	LAN	CONNECTED
FE80::250:7FFF:FEC9:1E79	00-50-7f-c9-1e-79	LAN	STALE
FE80::250:7FFF:FEC8:4305	00-50-7f-c8-43-05	LAN	STALE
FF02::1	33-33-00-00-00-01	LAN	CONNECTED
FF02::1	00-00-00-00-00-00	USB2	CONNECTED
FF02::1:2	00-00-00-00-00-00	USB2	CONNECTED
FE80::9D5C:CA86:5428:3CA7	00-26-2d-fe-63-4f	LAN	STALE
FF02::1:FF0A:673C	33-33-ff-0a-67-3c	LAN	CONNECTED
FE80::213:CEFF:FE0A:673C	00-13-ce-0a-67-3c	LAN	STALE
FF02::1:FFB0:B00C	33-33-ff-b0-b0-0c	LAN	CONNECTED
FE80::90:1A00:242:AD52	00-00-00-00-00-00	USB2	CONNECTED
FF02::16	33-33-00-00-00-16	LAN	CONNECTED

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Refresh	Click it to reload the page.

### 3.18.5 DHCP Table

The facility provides information on IP address assignments. This information is helpful in diagnosing network problems, such as IP address conflicts, etc.

Click **Diagnostics** and click **DHCP Table** to open the web page.

[Diagnostics >> View DHCP Assigned IP Addresses](#)

DHCP IP Assignment Table		DHCPv6 IP Assignment Table			Refresh
LAN1 : 192.168.1.1/255.255.255.0, DHCP server: On					
Index	IP Address	MAC Address	Leased Time	HOST ID	
1	192.168.1.10	E0-CB-4E-DA-48-79	10:10:54.970	carrie-0c7cb251	
2	192.168.1.1	00-1D-AA-00-00-00			

or

[Diagnostics >> View DHCP Assigned IP Addresses](#)

DHCP IP Assignment Table		DHCPv6 IP Assignment Table		Refresh
DHCPv6 server binding client:				
Index	IPv6 Address	MAC Address	Leased Time	

Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description
Index	It displays the connection item number.
IP Address	It displays the IP address assigned by this router for specified PC.
MAC Address	It displays the MAC address for the specified PC that DHCP assigned IP address for it.

<b>Leased Time</b>	It displays the leased time of the specified PC.
<b>HOST ID</b>	It displays the host ID name of the specified PC.
<b>Refresh</b>	Click it to reload the page.

### 3.18.6 NAT Sessions Table

Click **Diagnostics** and click **NAT Sessions Table** to open the list page.

[Diagnostics >> NAT Sessions Table](#)

**NAT Active Sessions Table** | [Refresh](#)

Private IP :Port	#Pseudo Port	Peer IP :Port	Interface
192.168.1.11 2491	52078	24.9.93.189 443	WAN1
192.168.1.11 2493	52080	207.46.25.2 80	WAN1
192.168.1.10 3079	52665	207.46.5.10 80	WAN1

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Private IP:Port</b>	It indicates the source IP address and port of local PC.
<b>#Pseudo Port</b>	It indicates the temporary port of the router used for NAT.
<b>Peer IP:Port</b>	It indicates the destination IP address and port of remote host.
<b>Interface</b>	It displays the representing number for different interface.
<b>Refresh</b>	Click it to reload the page.

### 3.18.7 Ping Diagnosis

Click **Diagnostics** and click **Ping Diagnosis** to pen the web page.

[Diagnostics >> Ping Diagnosis](#)

#### Ping Diagnosis

IPV4    IPV6  
**Note:** If you want to ping a LAN PC or you don't want to specify which WAN to ping through, please select "Unspecified".  
 Ping through:

Ping to:    IP Address:   
  

**Result** | [Clear](#) |

or

[Diagnostics >> Ping Diagnosis](#)

#### Ping Diagnosis

IPV4    IPV6  
 Ping IPv6 Address:

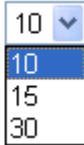
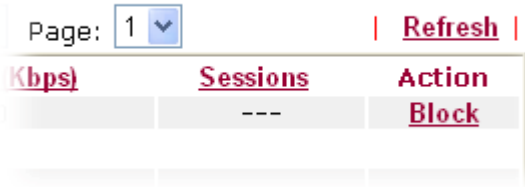

**Result** | [Clear](#) |

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>IPV4 /IPV6</b>	Choose the interface for such function.
<b>Ping through</b>	Use the drop down list to choose the WAN interface that you want to ping through or choose <b>Unspecified</b> to be determined by the router automatically.



Available settings are explained as follows:

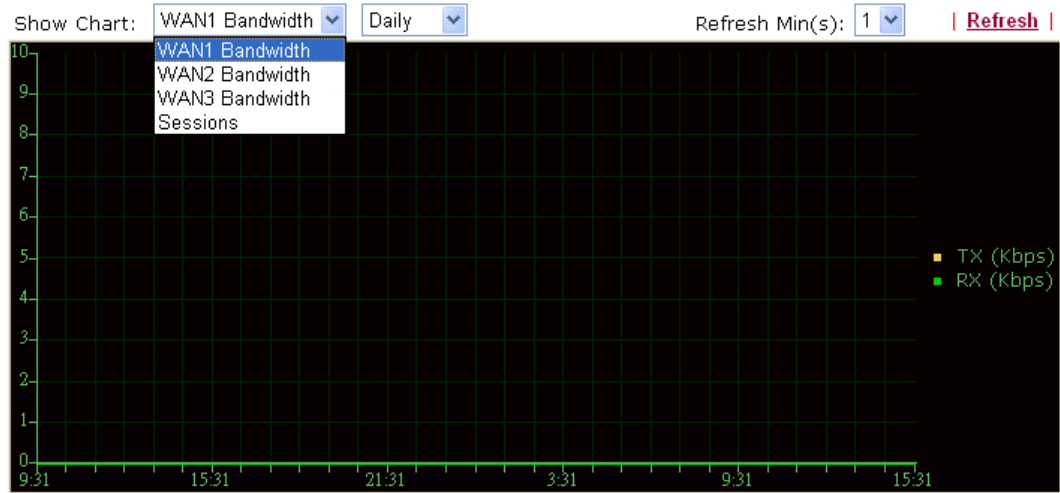
Item	Description
<b>Enable Data Flow Monitor</b>	Check this box to enable this function.
<b>Refresh Seconds</b>	Use the drop down list to choose the time interval of refreshing data flow that will be done by the system automatically.  Refresh Seconds: 
<b>Refresh</b>	Click this link to refresh this page manually.
<b>Index</b>	Display the number of the data flow.
<b>IP Address</b>	Display the IP address of the monitored device.
<b>TX rate (kbps)</b>	Display the transmission speed of the monitored device.
<b>RX rate (kbps)</b>	Display the receiving speed of the monitored device.
<b>Sessions</b>	Display the session number that you specified in Limit Session web page.
<b>Action</b>	<p><b>Block</b> - can prevent specified PC accessing into Internet within 5 minutes.</p>  <p><b>Unblock</b> – the device with the IP address will be blocked in five minutes. The remaining time will be shown on the session column.</p> 
<b>Current /Peak/Speed</b>	<p><b>Current</b> means current transmission rate and receiving rate for WAN interface.</p> <p><b>Peak</b> means the highest peak value detected by the router in data transmission.</p> <p><b>Speed</b> means line speed specified in <b>WAN&gt;&gt;General Setup</b>. If you do not specify any rate at that page, here will display <b>Auto</b> for instead.</p>



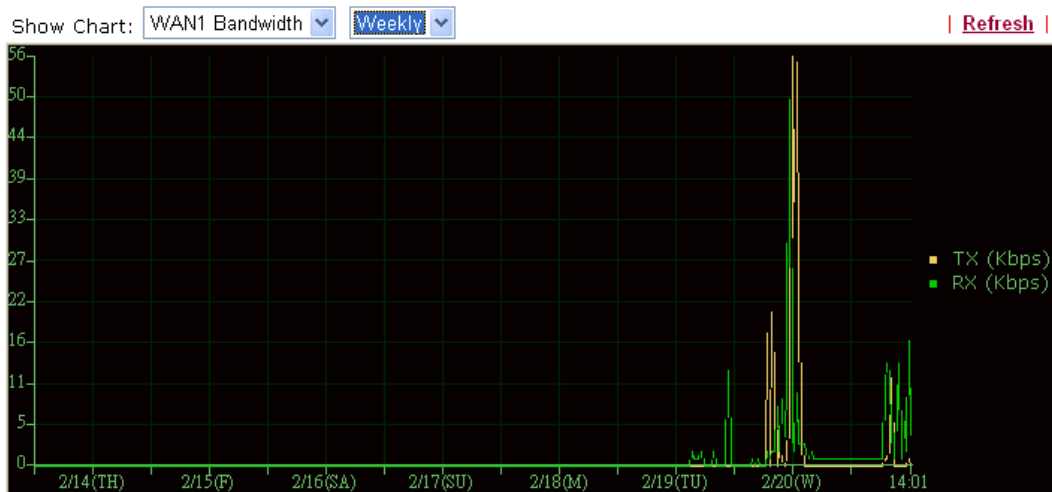
### 3.18.9 Traffic Graph

Click **Diagnostics** and click **Traffic Graph** to pen the web page. Choose WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 Bandwidth, Sessions, daily or weekly for viewing different traffic graph. Click **Refresh** to renew the graph at any time.

[Diagnostics >> Traffic Graph](#)



[Diagnostics >> Traffic Graph](#)



The horizontal axis represents time. Yet the vertical axis has different meanings. For WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 Bandwidth chart, the numbers displayed on vertical axis represent the numbers of the transmitted and received packets in the past.

For Sessions chart, the numbers displayed on vertical axis represent the numbers of the NAT sessions during the past.

### 3.18.10 Trace Route

Click **Diagnostics** and click **Trace Route** to open the web page. This page allows you to trace the routes from router to the host. Simply type the IP address of the host in the box and click **Run**. The result of route trace will be shown on the screen.

[Diagnostics >> Trace Route](#)

**Trace Route**

IPv4    IPv6  
 Trace through:   
 Protocol:   
 Host / IP Address:

**Result** | [Clear](#) |

or

[Diagnostics >> Trace Route](#)

**Trace Route**

IPv4    IPv6  
 Trace Host / IP Address:

**Result** | [Clear](#) |

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>IPv4 / IPv6</b>	Click one of them to display corresponding information for it.
<b>Trace through</b>	Use the drop down list to choose the interface that you want

	to ping through.
<b>Protocol</b>	Use the drop down list to choose the protocol that you want to ping through.
<b>Host/IP Address</b>	It indicates the IP address of the host.
<b>Trace Host/IP Address</b>	It indicates the IPv6 address of the host.
<b>Run</b>	Click this button to start route tracing work.
<b>Clear</b>	Click this link to remove the result on the window.

### 3.18.11 Syslog Explorer


Such page provides real-time syslog and displays the information on the screen.

#### For Web Syslog

This page displays the time and message for User/Firewall/call/WAN/VPN settings. You can check **Enable Web Syslog**, specify the type of Syslog and choose the display mode you want. Later, the event of Syslog with specified type will be shown for your reference.

[USB Application >> Syslog Explorer](#)

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable Web Syslog</b>	Check this box to enable the function of Web Syslog.
<b>Syslog Type</b>	Use the drop down list to specify a type of Syslog to be displayed. 
<b>Refresh</b>	Click this link to refresh this page manually.
<b>Clear</b>	Click this link to clear information on this page.
<b>Display Mode</b>	There are two modes for you to choose.

	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">Stop record when fulls <span style="float: right;">▼</span></div> <div style="padding: 2px;">Stop record when fulls</div> <div style="padding: 2px;">Always record the new event</div> </div> <p><b>Stop record when fulls</b> – when the capacity of syslog is full, the system will stop recording.</p> <p><b>Always record the new event</b> – only the newest events will be recorded by the system.</p>
<b>Time</b>	Display the time of the event occurred.
<b>Message</b>	Display the information for each event.

### For USB Syslog

This page displays the syslog recorded on the USB storage disk.

[USB Application >> Syslog Explorer](#)

Web Syslog
USB Syslog

Folder: n/a	File: n/a	Page: n/a	Log Type: n/a
<b>Time</b>	<b>Log Type</b>	<b>Message</b>	

Available settings are explained as follows:

<b>Item</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>Time</b>	Display the time of the event occurred.
<b>Log Type</b>	Display the type of the record.
<b>Message</b>	Display the information for each event.

### 3.18.12 IPv6 TSPC Status

IPv6 TSPC status web page could help you to diagnose the connection status of TSPC.

If TSPC has configured properly, the router will display the following page when the user connects to tunnel broker successfully.

Diagnostics >> TSPC Status

WAN1	WAN2	WAN3	Refresh
<p><b>TSPC Enabled</b></p> <p><b>TSPC Connection Status</b></p> <p><b>Local Endpoint v4 Address :</b> 1.169.155.138</p> <p><b>Local Endpoint v6 Address :</b> 2001:05c0:1400:000b:0000:0000:0000:b527</p> <p><b>Router DNS name :</b> vigor2850.broker.freenet6.net</p> <p><b>Remote Endpoint v4 Address :</b> 81.171.72.11</p> <p><b>Remote Endpoint v6 Address :</b> 2001:05c0:1400:000b:0000:0000:0000:b526</p> <p><b>Tspc Prefix :</b> 2001:05c0:1513:5900:0000:0000:0000:0000</p> <p><b>Tspc Prefixlen :</b> 56</p> <p><b>Tunnel Broker :</b> amsterdam.freenet6.net</p> <p><b>Tunnel Status :</b> <span style="color: green;">Connected</span></p>			

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Refresh</b>	Click this link to refresh this page manually.

### 3.19 External Devices

This page allows you to enable or disable the function of detecting external devices.

**External Devices**

External Device Auto Discovery

**External Devices Connected**

**For security reason:**  
 If you have changed the administrator password on External Device, please click the **Account** button to retype new username and password. Otherwise, the router will be unable to monitor the External Device device properly. Click the **Clear** button to Clear the off-line information and account information.

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>External Device Auto Discovery</b>	Check this box to detect the external device automatically and display on this page.

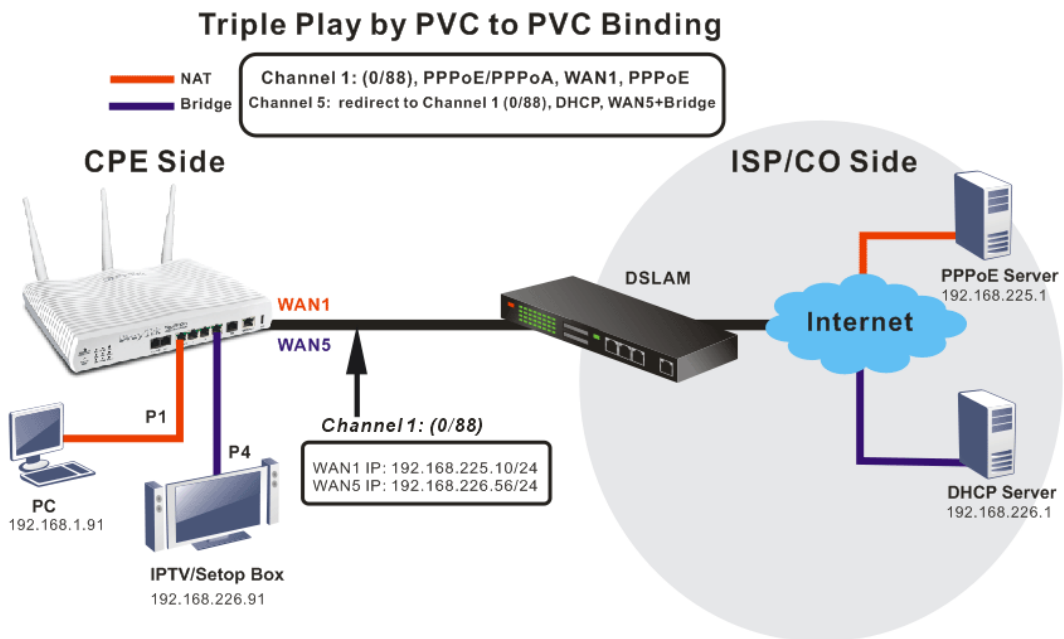
This page is left blank.

# 4

## Application and Examples

### 4.1 How to Configure Multiple Services with PVC to PVC Binding

The router supports a new feature that single PVC can offer more than one service. The following illustration shows how to bind the functions of NAT and Bridge processed with one PVC.



From the above figure, Setop Box and DHCP server can reach for each other through WAN5 with Bridge mode; LAN PC in P1 beneath Vigor router can reach to PPPoE Server through WAN1 with NAT. Both NAT and Bridge are built through the same Channel 1.

Follow the steps listed below to configure the settings:

1. Log into the web user interface of Vigor router.
2. Open **WAN>>Internet Access**. Only PPPoE and MPoA 1483 Bridge can support PVC to PVC Binding feature, you have to choose PPPoE/PPoA as the **Access Mode** for WAN1.

WAN >> Internet Access

Internet Access

Index	Display Name	Physical Mode	Access Mode	
WAN1		ADSL	PPPoE / PPpOA	Details Page IPv6
WAN2		Ethernet	Static or Dynamic IP	Details Page IPv6
WAN3		USB	None	Details Page IPv6

Note : Only one WAN can support IPv6.

- Click the **Details Page** of WAN1 to display the following page. Check **Enable** and set **Channel 1** as **Multi-PVC channel**; set 0 and 88 for VPI and VCI; type the username (e.g., pppoeuser) and the password.

WAN >> Internet Access

WAN 1

PPPoE / PPPoA	MPoA (RFC1483/2684)	IPv6
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable		
<b>DSL Modem Settings</b>		
Multi-PVC channel: Channel 1		
VPI: 0		
VCI: 33		
Encapsulating Type: LLC/SNAP		
Protocol: PPPoE		
Modulation: Multimode		
<b>SP Access Setup</b>		
Username: pppoeuser		
Password: ••••••		
PPP Authentication: PAP or CHAP		
Idle Timeout: -1 second(s)		
IP Address From ISP: WAN IP Alias		
Fixed IP: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No (Dynamic IP)		
Fixed IP Address:		
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Default MAC Address		
<input type="radio"/> Specify a MAC Address		

PPPoE Pass-through  
 For Wired LAN

- Click **OK** to save the settings.
- Open **WAN>>Multi-PVCs**. Click the **General** tab to check the box of **Enable** for the 5<sup>th</sup> WAN.

WAN >> Multi-PVCs

Multi-PVCs

General	ATM QoS	Port-based Bridge		PVC to PVC Binding/Add Tag		
Channel	Enable	VPI	VCI	QoS Type	Protocol	Encapsulation
1.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0	88	UBR	PPPoE	LLC/SNAP
2.	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	65	UBR	MPoA	1483 Bridged IP LLC
3.	<input type="checkbox"/>	1	43	UBR	PPPoA	VC MUX
4.	<input type="checkbox"/>	1	44	UBR	PPPoA	VC MUX
5. WAN	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1	45	UBR	MPoA	1483 Bridged IP LLC
6. WAN	<input type="checkbox"/>	1	46	UBR	PPPoA	VC MUX
7. WAN	<input type="checkbox"/>	1	47	UBR	PPPoA	VC MUX
8.	<input type="checkbox"/>	1	48	UBR	PPPoA	VC MUX

Note:VPI/VCI must be unique for each channel!

OK Clear Cancel

**Note:** Only 5<sup>th</sup> WAN to 7<sup>th</sup> WAN can be used for PVC to PVC Binding.



- Click the link of the 5<sup>th</sup> WAN to configure the settings. Choose **IPTV** as the **WAN for Router-borne Application**; check **Enable**. In the **DSL Modem Setup**, choose **MPoA** as the **Protocol**; and select **1483 Bridged IP LLC** as **Encapsulation**.

WAN >> Multi-PVCs >> PVC Channel 5

In this case, we want to redirect PVC channel 5 to PVC channel 1, we have to choose **1** as **PVC Binding**. Check the box of **Add Tag** and type **405** as the tag number.

- Click **OK** to save the settings.
- The PVC Binding and the Tag setting can also be seen in **WAN>>Multi-PVCs>>PVC to PVC Binding/Add Tag** page.

WAN >> Multi-PVCs

Multi-PVCs			
General	ATM QoS	Port-based Bridge	PVC to PVC Binding/Add Tag
Channel	PVC Binding	Add Tag	Priority
1.	Disable	<input type="checkbox"/> 0	0
2.	Disable	<input type="checkbox"/> 0	0
3.	Disable	<input type="checkbox"/> 0	0
4.	Disable	<input type="checkbox"/> 0	0
5.	1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 405	0
6.	Disable	<input type="checkbox"/> 0	0
7.	Disable	<input type="checkbox"/> 0	0
8.	Disable	<input type="checkbox"/> 0	0

Note: Multiple channels may use the same channel link through the PVC Binding configuration.  
PVC to PVC Binding only supports PPPoE and MPoA 1483 Bridge mode.

OK Clear Cancel

**Note:** Channel 1 and Channel 2 are reserved for WAN1 service.

- Click the tab of **Port-based Bridge**. Check the box of **Enable** for the 5<sup>th</sup> WAN. Check the box of P4. All of the traffic coming from LAN Port 4 will be directed to channel 5 first and then to channel 1.

WAN >> Multi-PVCs

Multi-PVCs

General	ATM QoS	Port-based Bridge				PVC to PVC Binding/Add Tag	
Channel	Enable	P1	P2	P3	P4	Service Type	
1.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Normal	
2.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Normal	
3.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Normal	
4.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Normal	
5.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Normal	
6.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Normal	
7.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Normal	
8.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Normal	

Note: 1.Channel 1 to 2 are reserved for Nat/Route use.

2.P1 is reserved for Nat/Route use.

OK Clear Cancel

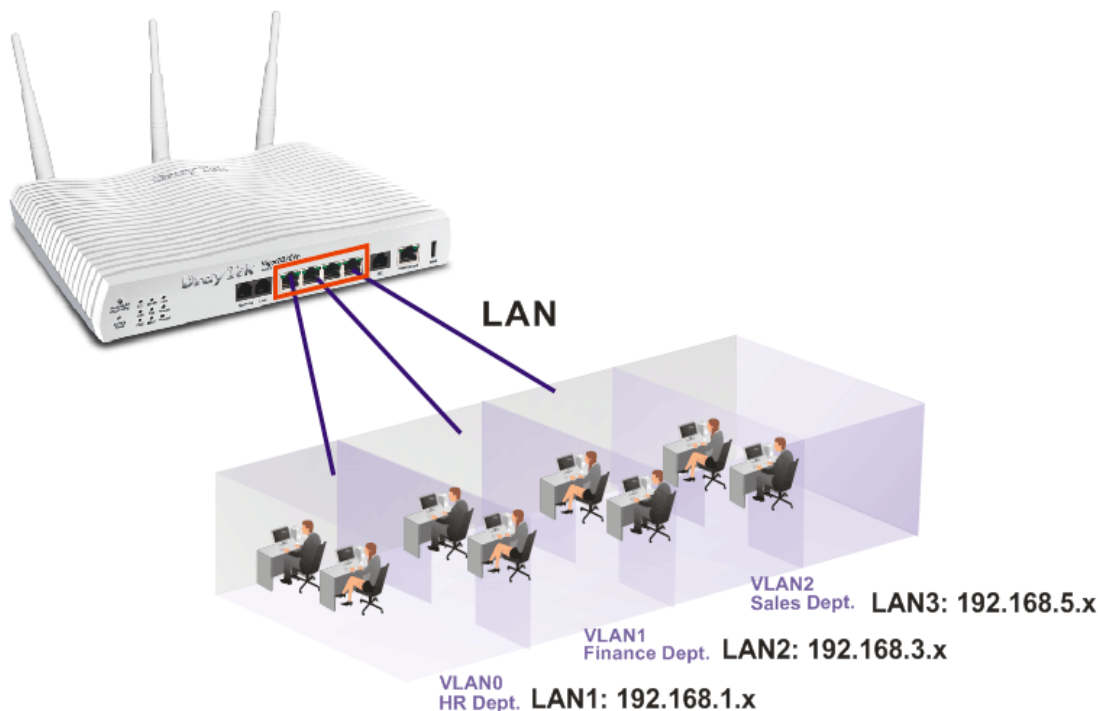
- Click **OK** to save the settings.
- Now, all the data from P1 transmitted to the remote PPPoE server via WAN1 and the data from P4 (IPTV) transmitted to the remote DHCP Server via WAN 5 are all processed by **Channel 1**.

## 4.2 How to Configure Multi-Subnet in Vigor2830

There are two types of VLAN. One is Port Based VLAN; the other is Tag Based VLAN. Refer to the following sections for learning the usage of VLAN.

### I. Port Based VLAN

Vigor2830 can divide the physical LAN ports into several groups. For example, it can divide the internal departments of a company into three different groups. Each group uses different network segment. See the following graphic for an example.



Group 0 (VLAN0)(Human Resource): LAN Port 1 IP: 192.168.1.0/24

Group 1 (VLAN1)(Finance Dept): LAN Port 2 IP: 192.168.3.0/24

Group 2 (VLAN2)(Sales Dept.): LAN Port 3 、 Port 4 IP: 192.168.5.0/24

#### Configuration:

1. In the page of **LAN >> VLAN Configuration**, check the box of **Enable** to enable the function of VLAN Configuration.
2. For VLAN0 setting, check **P1** and set **LAN1** as the **Subnet**.
3. For VLAN1 setting, check **P2** and set **LAN2** as the **Subnet**.
4. For VLAN2 setting, check **P3** and **P4**, and set **LAN3** as the **Subnet**.

LAN >> VLAN Configuration

VLAN Configuration

Enable

	LAN				Wireless LAN				VLAN Tag			
	P1	P2	P3	P4	SSID1	SSID2	SSID3	SSID4	Subnet	Enable	VID	Priority
VLAN0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 2	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 3	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN3	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN5	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN6	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN7	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0

Permit untagged device in P1 to access router

1. Tag based VLAN only applied for LAN Ports;
2. The checked Wireless LAN SSID will not have VLAN tagging function but regarded as joining VLAN group;
3. The set VLAN ID (VID) must be unique and not duplicate.

OK Clear Cancel

5. In the page of LAN >> General Setup, check the Status box of LAN2 and LAN3 and enable the function of DHCP.

LAN >> General Setup

General Setup

Index	Status	DHCP	IP Address		
LAN 1	V	V	192.168.1.1	Details Page	IPv6
LAN 2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	192.168.3.1	Details Page	
LAN 3	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	192.168.5.1	Details Page	
LAN 4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	192.168.7.1	Details Page	
IP Routed Subnet	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	192.168.0.1	Details Page	

Advanced You can configure DHCP options here.

Force router to use "DNS server IP address" settings specified in LAN1

After finishing the above configuration, the equipment connecting to Vigor2830 LAN Port can get the corresponding IP address of the network segment.

The equipment connecting to Vigor2830 LAN Port 1 (LAN1) can get the IP address of 192.168.1.0/24

The equipment connecting to Vigor2830 LAN Port 2 (LAN2) can get the IP address of 192.168.3.0/24

The equipment connecting to Vigor2830 LAN Port 3 and Port 4 (LAN3) can get the IP address of 192.168.5.0/24

For the detailed settings of the network segment, open LAN>>General Setup and click Details Page. Adjust the settings for your request. Refer to the following figure.

LAN >> General Setup

LAN 1 Ethernet TCP / IP and DHCP Setup	LAN 1 IPv6 Setup
<p><b>Network Configuration</b></p> <p>For NAT Usage</p> <p>IP Address <input type="text" value="192.168.1.1"/></p> <p>Subnet Mask <input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/></p> <hr/> <p>RIP Protocol Control <input type="text" value="Disable"/></p> <p>Note: Disable LAN &amp; Enable LAN shouldn't be in the same subnet.</p>	<p><b>DHCP Server Configuration</b></p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable Server <input type="radio"/> Disable Server</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Enable Relay Agent</p> <p>Start IP Address <input type="text" value="192.168.1.10"/></p> <p>IP Pool Counts <input type="text" value="200"/></p> <p>Gateway IP Address <input type="text" value="192.168.1.1"/></p> <p>Lease Time <input type="text" value="86400"/> (s)</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Retrieve IPs from inactive clients periodically</p> <hr/> <p><b>DNS Server IP Address</b></p> <p>Primary IP Address <input type="text"/></p> <p>Secondary IP Address <input type="text"/></p>

OK

6. To make any two of VLAN groups linked with each other, just check the boxes of the ones in the field of Inter-LAN Routing in the page of **LAN >> General Setup**. Refer to the following figure. LAN2 and LAN3 are linked.

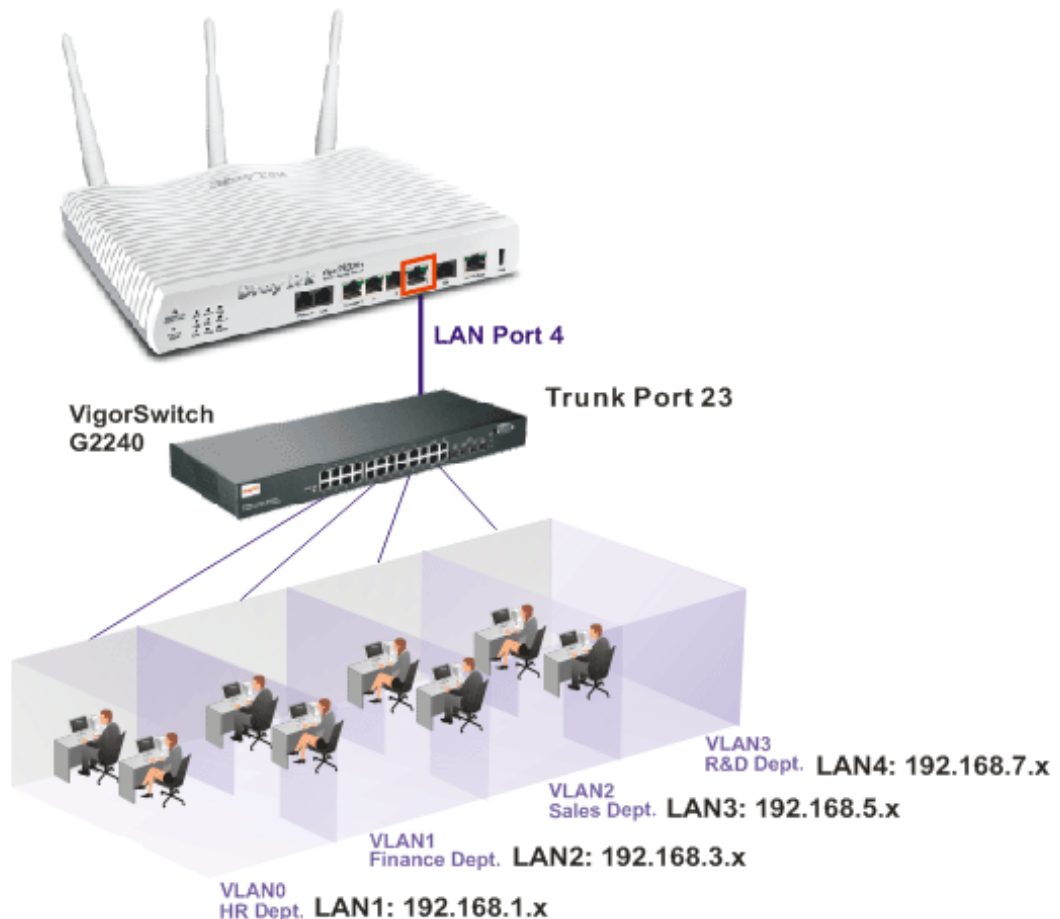
**Inter-LAN Routing**

Subnet	LAN 1	LAN 2	LAN 3	LAN 4
LAN 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
LAN 2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<u>LAN 3</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
LAN 4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

## II. Tag Based VLAN

By identifying the tagged message, Vigor2830 can divide the LAN Port into several VLAN groups. Such LAN port with tagged information will accept the packets only with VLAN ID number.

For example, Vigor2830 can divide the internal departments of a company into four different groups by using VigorSwitch 2240. Each group uses different network segment and does not link for each other. VigorSwitch 2240 Trunk Port 23 and Vigor2830 LAN Port 4 are connected with network cable. See the following graphic for an example.



Group 0 (VLAN0)( Human Resource): LAN Port 4 IP: 192.168.1.0/24

Group 1 (VLAN1)( Finance Dept): LAN Port 4 IP: 192.168.3.0/24

Group 2 (VLAN2)( Sales Dept.): LAN Port 4 IP: 192.168.5.0/24

Group 3 (VLAN3)(R&D): LAN Port 4 IP: 192.168.7.0/24

### Configuration for Vigor2830:

1. In the page of **LAN >> VLAN Configuration**, check the box of **Enable** to enable the function of VLAN Configuration.
2. To activate the function of VLAN Tag for VLAN0 setting, check the box of **Enable** and type the value (7) for VID setting. Then check **P4** and set **LAN1** as the **Subnet**.
3. To activate the function of VLAN Tag for VLAN1 setting, check the box of **Enable** and type the value (8) for VID setting. Then check **P4** and set **LAN2** as the **Subnet**.
4. To activate the function of VLAN Tag for VLAN2 setting, check the box of **Enable** and type the value (9) for VID setting. Then check **P4** and set **LAN3** as the **Subnet**.

5. To activate the function of VLAN Tag for VLAN3 setting, check the box of **Enable** and type the value (10) for VID setting. Then check **P4** and set **LAN4** as the **Subnet**.

**LAN >> VLAN Configuration**

**VLAN Configuration**

Enable

	LAN				Wireless LAN				VLAN Tag			
	P1	P2	P3	P4	SSID1	SSID2	SSID3	SSID4	Subnet	Enable	VID	Priority
VLAN0	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	7	0
VLAN1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	8	0
VLAN2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 3	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	9	0
VLAN3	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 4	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	10	0
VLAN4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN5	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN6	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN7	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0

Permit untagged device in P1 to access router

1. Tag based VLAN only applied for LAN Ports;
2. The checked Wireless LAN SSID will not has VLAN tagging function but regarded as joining VLAN group;
3. The set VLAN ID (VID) must be unique and not duplicate.

OK Clear Cancel

6. In the page of **LAN >> General Setup**, check the **Status** box of LAN2, LAN3 and LAN4 and enable the function of DHCP.

**LAN >> General Setup**

**General Setup**

Index	Status	DHCP	IP Address		
LAN 1	V	V	192.168.1.1	Details Page	IPv6
LAN 2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	192.168.3.1	Details Page	
LAN 3	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	192.168.5.1	Details Page	
LAN 4	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	192.168.7.1	Details Page	
IP Routed Subnet	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	192.168.0.1	Details Page	

Advanced You can configure DHCP options here.

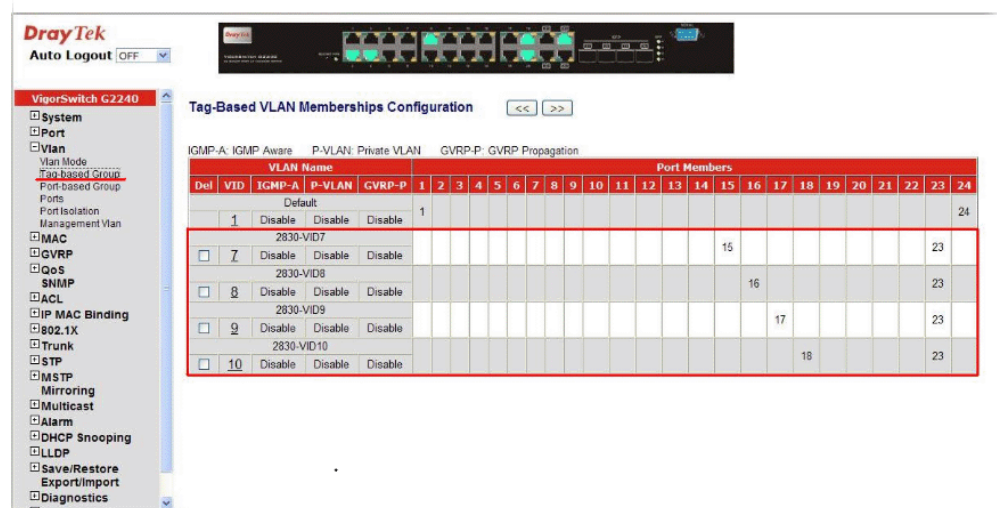
Force router to use "DNS server IP address" settings specified in LAN1

For the detailed settings of the network segment, open **LAN>>General Setup** and click **Details Page**. Adjust the settings for your request. Refer to the following figure.

LAN 1 Ethernet TCP / IP and DHCP Setup	LAN 1 IPv6 Setup
<b>Network Configuration</b> For NAT Usage IP Address: <input type="text" value="192.168.1.1"/> Subnet Mask: <input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/> RIP Protocol Control: <input type="text" value="Disable"/>	<b>DHCP Server Configuration</b> <input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable Server <input type="radio"/> Disable Server <input type="checkbox"/> Enable Relay Agent Start IP Address: <input type="text" value="192.168.1.10"/> IP Pool Counts: <input type="text" value="200"/> Gateway IP Address: <input type="text" value="192.168.1.1"/> Lease Time: <input type="text" value="86400"/> (s) <input type="checkbox"/> Retrieve IPs from inactive clients periodically
<b>DNS Server IP Address</b> Primary IP Address: <input type="text"/> Secondary IP Address: <input type="text"/>	

**Configuration for VigorSwitch 2240:**

1. Open **Vlan>>Tag-based Group**.
2. Add four VID groups. In this case, we can explain it with Port 15, 16, 17, 18 and Trunk Port 23.



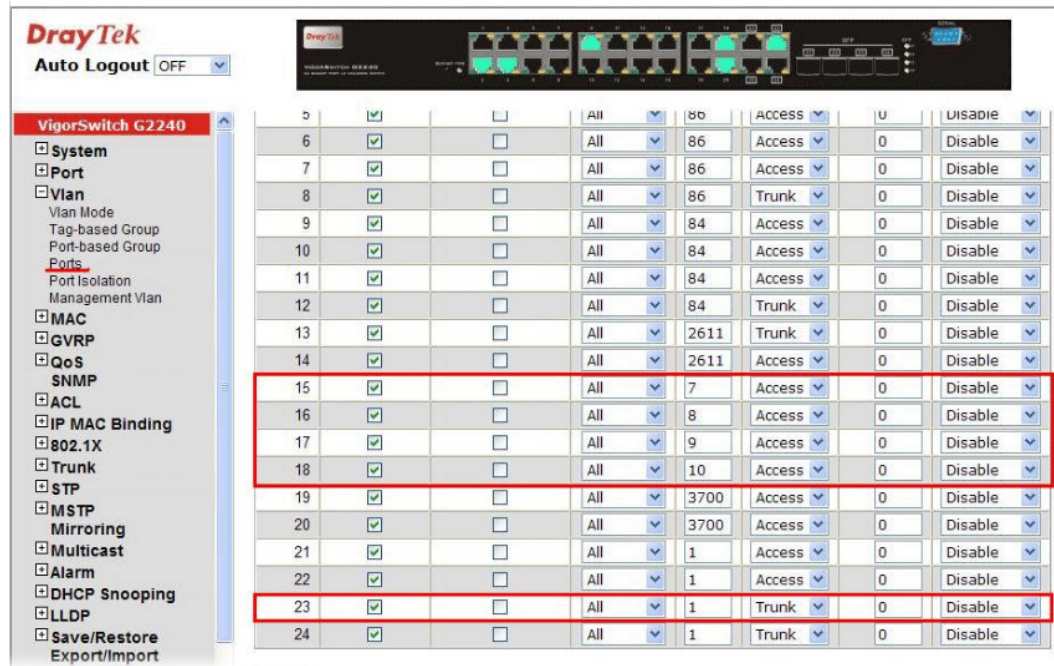
- VLAN Name 2830-VID7, Port Members = 15 、 23
- VLAN Name 2830-VID8, Port Members = 16 、 23
- VLAN Name 2830-VID9, Port Members = 17 、 23
- VLAN Name 2830-VID10, Port Members = 18 、 23

3. Open **Vlan>>Ports** and set the VID value with role for each Port:

- Port 15 VID = 7 Role = Access
- Port 16 VID = 8 Role = Access
- Port 17 VID = 9 Role = Access
- Port 18 VID = 10 Role = Access
- Port 23 VID = 1 Role = Trunk

Port 23 is set with Trunk in this example and will transfer the packets with VLAN Tag information. That is, packets with VID 7, 8, 9 and 10 will be transferred to Vigor2830 by Port 23 and VID information will be retained.





- After finishing the above configuration, the equipment connecting to VigorSwitch Port 15, 16, 17 and 18 can get the corresponding IP address(es) of the network segment.

The equipment connecting to VigorSwitch Port 15 can get the IP address of 192.168.1.0/24

The equipment connecting to VigorSwitch Port 16 can get the IP address of 192.168.3.0/24

The equipment connecting to VigorSwitch Port 17 can get the IP address of 192.168.5.0/24

The equipment connecting to VigorSwitch Port 18 can get the IP address of 192.168.7.0/24

- To make any two of VLAN groups of Tag Based VLAN linked with each other, just check the boxes of the ones in the field of **Inter-LAN Routing** in the page of **LAN >> General Setup**. Refer to the following figure. LAN2 and LAN3 are linked.

**Inter-LAN Routing**

Subnet	LAN 1	LAN 2	LAN 3	LAN 4
LAN 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
LAN 2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
LAN 3	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
LAN 4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

## 4.3 How Can I Use FTP to Get the Files from USB Storage Device Connecting to Vigor Router?

There are three methods to get files from USB devices connecting to router.

- File Explorer – Under Administration operation, the administrator can control the files on USB storage device through USB Application>>File Explorer.
- FTP – Use common FTP utility.
- Samba – Invoke Samba service and use \\192.168.1.1 to access into the USB storage device.

Files on USB storage device can be reviewed by opening **USB Application>>File Explorer**. Below shows the example of getting files from FTP:

1. Plug the USB device to the USB port on the router. Make sure **Disk Connected** appears on the **Connection Status** as the figure shown below:

### USB Application >> USB Disk Status

#### USB Mass Storage Device Status

Connection Status: <b>Disk Connected</b>	<a href="#">Disconnect USB Disk</a>		
Write Protect Status: <b>NO</b>			
Disk Capacity: 2009 MB			
<b>USB Disk Users Connected</b>   <a href="#">Refresh</a>			
<b>Index</b>	<b>Service</b>	<b>IP Address(Port)</b>	<b>Username</b>

**Note:** If the write protect switch of USB disk is turned on, the USB disk is in **READ-ONLY** mode. No data can be written to it.

2. Then, please open **USB Application >> USB General Settings** to enable Samba service.

### USB Application >> USB General Settings

#### USB General Settings

<b>General Settings</b>	
Simultaneous FTP Connections	<input type="text" value="5"/> (Maximum 6)
Default Charset	<input type="text" value="Default"/>
<b>Samba Service Settings(Network Neighborhood)</b>	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
<b>Access Mode</b>	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> LAN Only	<input type="radio"/> LAN And WAN
<b>NetBios Name Service</b>	
Workgroup Name	<input type="text" value="WORKGROUP"/>
Host Name	<input type="text" value="Vigor"/>

- Note:**
1. If Charset is set to "default", only English long file name is supported.
  2. Multi-session ftp download will be banned by Router FTP server. If your ftp client have multi-connection mechanism, such as FileZilla, you may limit client connections setting to 1 to get better performance.
  3. A workgroup name must not be the same as the host name. The workgroup name and the host name can have as many as 15 characters and a host name can have as many as 23 characters , but both cannot contain any of the following: . ; : " < > \* + = / \ | ?.

[OK](#)

- Setup a user account for the FTP service by using **USB Application >>USB User Management**. Click **Enable** to enable FTP/Samba User account. Here we add a new account "user1" and assign authorities "Read", "Write" and "List" to it.

**USB Application >> USB User Management**

**Profile Index: 1**

FTP/Samba User	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
Username	<input type="text" value="user1"/>
Password	<input type="password"/> (Maximum 11 Characters)
Confirm Password	<input type="password"/>
Home Folder	<input type="text"/>
<b>Access Rule</b>	
File	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Read <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Write <input type="checkbox"/> Delete
Directory	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> List <input type="checkbox"/> Create <input type="checkbox"/> Remove

**Note:** The folder name can only contain the following characters: A-Z a-z 0-9 \$ % ' - \_ @ ~ ` ! ( ) / and space.

OK Clear Cancel

- Click **OK** to save the configuration.
- Make sure the FTP service is running properly. Please open a browser and type <ftp://192.168.1.1>. Use the account "user1" to login.

**Log On As**

Either the server does not allow anonymous logins or the e-mail address was not accepted.

FTP server: 192.168.1.1

User name:

Password:

After you log on, you can add this server to your Favorites and return to it easily.

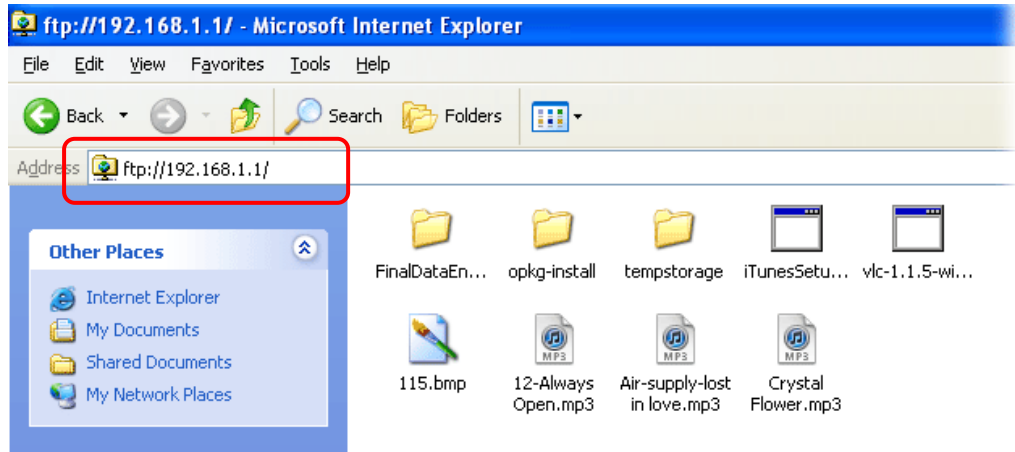
FTP does not encrypt or encode passwords or data before sending them to the server. To protect the security of your passwords and data, use Web Folders (WebDAV) instead.

Learn more about [using Web Folders](#).

Log on anonymously  Save password

Log On Cancel

- When the following screen appears, it means the FTP service is running properly.



- Return to **USB Application >> USB Disk Status**. The information for FTP server will be shown as below.

**USB Application >> USB Disk Status**

**USB Mass Storage Device Status**

Connection Status: **Disk Connected** Disconnect USB Disk

Write Protect Status: **No**

Disk Capacity: 2009 MB

Free Capacity: 0 MB [Refresh](#)

**USB Disk Users Connected** | [Refresh](#) |

Index	Service	IP Address(Port)	Username	
1.	FTP	192.168.1.10(1963)	user1	Drop

**Note:** If the write protect switch of USB disk is turned on, the USB disk is in **READ-ONLY** mode. No data can be written to it.

Now, users in LAN of Vigor2830 can access into the USB storage device by typing ftp://192.168.1.1 on any browser. They can add or remove files / directories, depending on the Access Rule for FTP account settings in **USB Application >>USB User Management**.

## 4.4 How to Send a Notification to Specified Phone Number via SMS Service in WAN Disconnection

Follow the steps listed below:

1. Log into the web user interface of Vigor router.
2. Configure relational objects first. Open **Object Settings>>SMS/Mail Server Object** to get the following page.

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

SMS Provider	Mail Server		<a href="#">Set to Factory Default</a>
Index	Profile Name	SMS Provider	
<a href="#">1.</a>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)	
<a href="#">2.</a>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)	
<a href="#">3.</a>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)	
<a href="#">4.</a>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)	
<a href="#">5.</a>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)	
<a href="#">6.</a>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)	
<a href="#">7.</a>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)	
<a href="#">8.</a>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)	
<a href="#">9.</a>	Custom 1		
<a href="#">10.</a>	Custom 2		

Index 1 to Index 8 allows you to choose the built-in SMS service provider. If the SMS service provider is not on the list, you can configure Index 9 and Index 10 to add the new service provider to Vigor router.

3. Choose any index number (e.g., Index 1 in this case) to configure the SMS Provider setting. In the following page, type the username and password and set the quota that the router can send the message out.

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

Profile Index: 1

Profile Name	<input type="text" value="Local number"/>
Service Provider	<input type="text" value="kotsms.com.tw (TW)"/> ▼
Username	<input type="text" value="abc5026"/>
Password	<input type="password" value="..."/>
Quota	<input type="text" value="10"/>
Sending Interval	<input type="text" value="3"/> (seconds)

- After finished the settings, click **OK** to return to previous page. Now you have finished the configuration of the SMS Provider profile setting.

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

SMS Provider		Mail Server	Set to Factory Default
Index	Profile Name	SMS Provider	
1.	Local Number	kotsms.com.tw (TW)	
2.		kotsms.com.tw (TW)	
3.		kotsms.com.tw (TW)	
4.		kotsms.com.tw (TW)	
5.		kotsms.com.tw (TW)	
6.		kotsms.com.tw (TW)	
7.		kotsms.com.tw (TW)	
8.		kotsms.com.tw (TW)	
9.	Custom 1		
10.	Custom 2		

- Open **Object Settings>>Notification Object** to configure the event conditions of the notification.

Object Settings >> Notification Object

			Set to Factory Default
Index	Profile Name	Settings	
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
7.			
8.			

- Choose any index number (e.g., Index 1 in this case) to configure conditions for sending the SMS. In the following page, type the name of the profile and check the Disconnected and Reconnected boxes for WAN to work in concert with the topic of this paper.

Object Settings >> Notification Object

Profile Index: 1

Profile Name		<input type="text" value="WAN_Notify"/>	
Category	Status		
WAN	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Disconnected	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Reconnected	
VPN Tunnel	<input type="checkbox"/> Disconnected	<input type="checkbox"/> Reconnected	

- After finished the settings, click **OK** to return to previous page. You have finished the configuration of the notification object profile setting.

Object Settings >> Notification Object

<a href="#">Set to Factory Default</a>		
Index	Profile Name	Settings
1.	WAN_Notify	WAN
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		

- Now, open **Application >> SMS / Mail Alert Service**. Use the drop down list to choose SMS Provider and the Notify Profile (specify the time of sending SMS). Then, type the phone number in the field of Recipient (the one who will receive the SMS).

Application >> SMS / Mail Alert Service

SMS Provider		Mail Server		<a href="#">Set to Factory Default</a>	
Index	SMS Provider	Recipient	Notify Profile	Schedule(1-15)	
1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1 - Local Number	0912345678	1 - WAN_Notify	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
2 <input type="checkbox"/>	1 - Local Number		1 - WAN_Notify	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
3 <input type="checkbox"/>	1 - Local Number		1 - WAN_Notify	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
4 <input type="checkbox"/>	1 - Local Number		1 - WAN_Notify	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
5 <input type="checkbox"/>	1 - Local Number		1 - WAN_Notify	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
6 <input type="checkbox"/>	1 - Local Number		1 - WAN_Notify	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
7 <input type="checkbox"/>	1 - Local Number		1 - WAN_Notify	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
8 <input type="checkbox"/>	1 - Local Number		1 - WAN_Notify	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
9 <input type="checkbox"/>	1 - Local Number		1 - WAN_Notify	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
10 <input type="checkbox"/>	1 - Local Number		1 - WAN_Notify	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

- Click **OK** to save the settings. Later, if one of the WAN connections fails in your router, the system will send out SMS to the phone number specified. If the router has only one WAN interface, the system will send out SMS to the phone number while reconnecting the WAN interface successfully.

10. Configure the settings as the following figure. Choose one of the SMS profiles. In this example, the profile “For warning” is selected. Then, click **OK** to save the settings.

WAN >> General Setup

WAN 2

Enable:	Yes
Display Name:	
Physical Mode:	Ethernet
Physical Type:	Auto negotiation
Line Speed(Kbps):	
DownLink	0
UpLink	0
VLAN Tag insertion :	Disable
Tag value:	0 (0~4095)
Priority:	0 (0~7)
Send <b>SMS</b> if line drops out	1-For warning
Send <b>Mail Alert</b> if line drops out	<input type="checkbox"/>
Active Mode:	Backup
	<input type="checkbox"/> WAN 1 <input type="checkbox"/> WAN 2 <input type="checkbox"/> WAN 3
Backup Type (Only if acting as backup for multiple WAN):	<input checked="" type="radio"/> When any of selected WAN disconnect <input type="radio"/> When all of selected WAN disconnect

OK Cancel

When such WAN (e.g., WAN2 in this example) disconnects due to some reason, the system will use other WAN for connection instead and send SMS to notify the user (destination number #123456789). However, if there is no available WAN for connection, the system will send SMS to inform the user after reconnecting WAN2 successfully.



## 4.5 Web Portal Log-In Application for Wireless Client

With the increase of hotspot deployed via Wi-Fi technology in the world, we may easily get Internet connection with the served wireless connection facility provided by the campus, chain store, the coffee shop, the airport, department store, municipal...etc.. Such hotspot deployment contributes to seamless Internet connection which enables the remote workers or wireless users to get onto the cyber space anywhere at anytime.

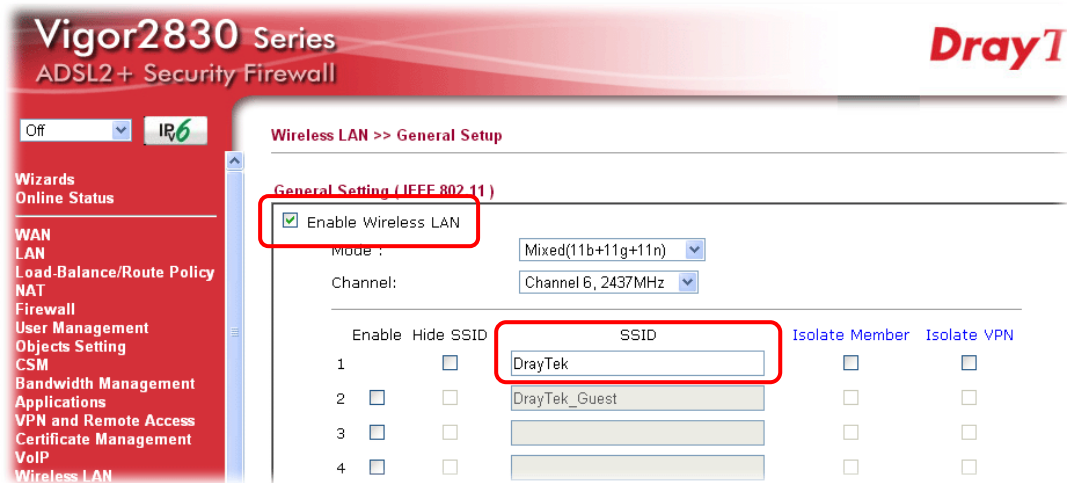
In contrast to the real wireless user's advantage earn from hotspot, the Wi-Fi connection providers may also earn placement marketing advantage via Vigor2830n as offering wireless connection service at its hotspot. With the smart, easy configuration of WLAN on Vigor2830n, the free riders of Wi-Fi connection at hotspot would be automatically directed to dedicated web site. In a department store with Vigor2830n deployed, the mobile users will be directed to its own company web site or dedicated special promotion program web page as firstly get wireless connection to the Internet. The Internet surfers would have a glance at least on the dedicated web site and related contents.

## Direct Marketing via Web Portal Log-in



## Wireless General Setup

1. From Vigor router web configuration page, select **Wireless LAN>>General Setup**.
2. Check **Enable Wireless LAN** and set the SSID. Then click **OK** to save the settings.



## Wireless Portal Log-in Setting

1. Open **LAN>>Web Portal Setup**.
2. Click **Redirect to URL** and type the URL in the field below. User's first HTTP request will be redirected to the URL defined here. (Here we take [www.draytek.com](http://www.draytek.com) for an example.)

### LAN >> Web Portal Setup

#### Profile Index: 1

Disable  
 URL Redirect  
 Message

Applied Interfaces

LAN1  LAN2  LAN3  LAN4  
 SSID1  SSID2  SSID3  SSID4

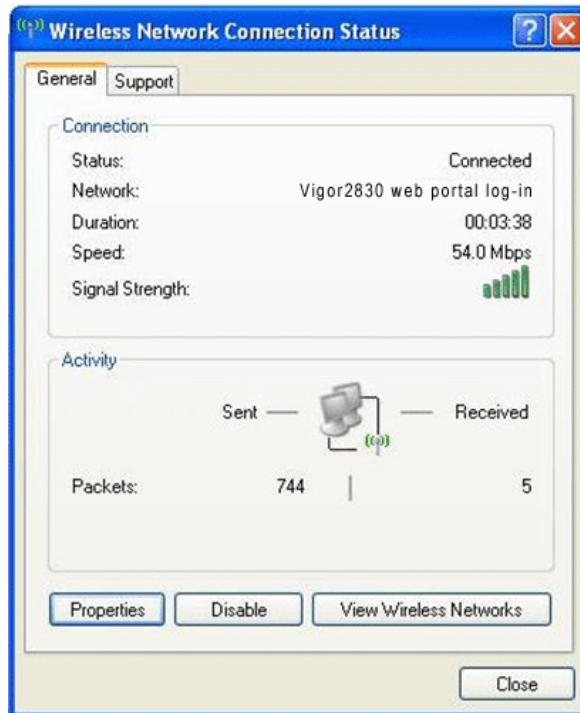
www.draytek.com  
e.g. http://www.draytek.com  
Note : If the User Management application is enabled, it will override the Web Portal settings seen here.  
<h1><font color="red">Vigor</font></h1><h2> - Reliable connectivity</h2><h2> - Robust firewall protection</h2><h2> - Multi-site secure communication</h2>  
(Max 255 characters)

OK Cancel

3. Click **OK** to save the settings. Note that do not choose **Redirect to URL** for this page if you have already enabled the user-based mode under **User Management**. For such case, choosing **Show the message** will be accepted.

**Note:** This feature is useful for restaurant, hotel, shopping store and so on. Wireless clients will be redirected to the specified web sites when they open the browser through the wireless environment set by the restaurant, hotel, shopping store, and so on. It can gain the result of advertisement effectively.

4. Use a Notebook or mobile device supporting Wireless function to connect Vigor2830 via Wireless LAN.



5. Try to open a new tab in the same browser (for IE 7.0/FireFox and above) or open a new web browser.
6. The first connection session will be redirected to DrayTek Website (specified in step 2) automatically.

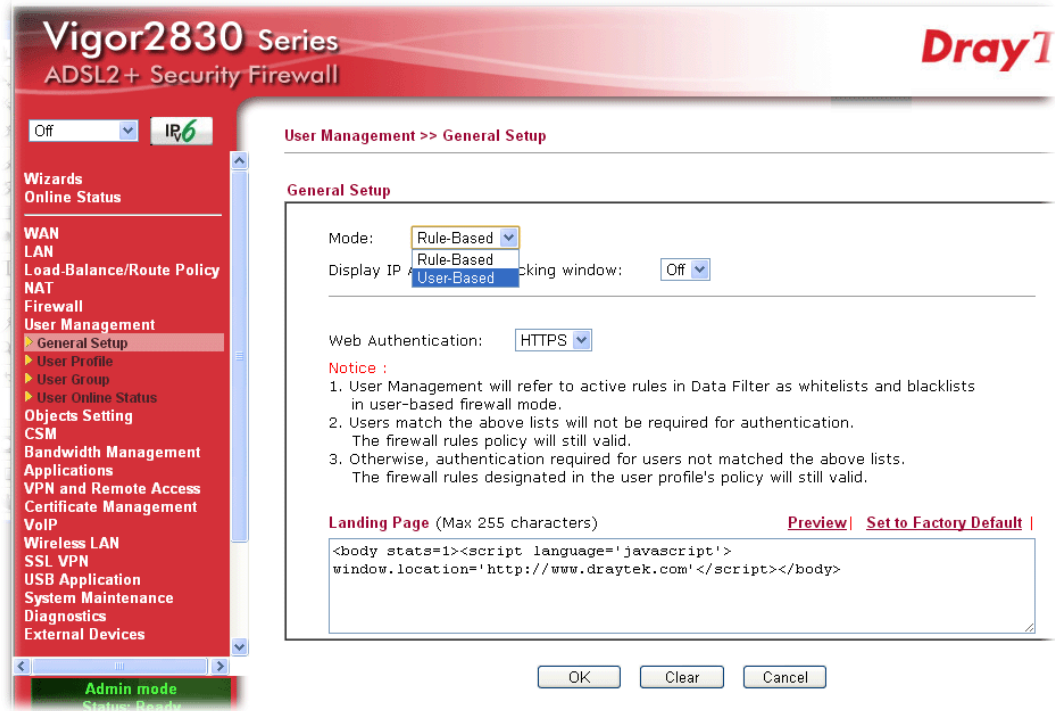


However, if open another new tab again in the same browser, the browser will open default page based on the default setting.

## 4.6 How to Customize Your Login Page

Login page can be customized to fit the request of the administrator.

1. Open **User Management>>General Setup**. Set **User-Based** as the Mode and click **OK** to save the settings.



2. Open **User Management>>User Profile** to create a new user profile.

### User Management >> User Profile

User Profile Table

Profile	Name	Profile	Name
<a href="#">1.</a>	admin	<a href="#">17.</a>	
<a href="#">2.</a>	Dial-In User	<a href="#">18.</a>	
<a href="#">3.</a>		<a href="#">19.</a>	
<a href="#">4.</a>		<a href="#">20.</a>	
<a href="#">5.</a>		<a href="#">21.</a>	
<a href="#">6.</a>		<a href="#">22.</a>	
<a href="#">7.</a>		<a href="#">23.</a>	
<a href="#">8.</a>		<a href="#">24.</a>	
<a href="#">9.</a>		<a href="#">25.</a>	
<a href="#">10.</a>		<a href="#">26.</a>	
<a href="#">11.</a>		<a href="#">27.</a>	
<a href="#">12.</a>		<a href="#">28.</a>	
<a href="#">13.</a>		<a href="#">29.</a>	
<a href="#">14.</a>		<a href="#">30.</a>	

- Click any link (e.g., #3) to access into the following page. Type a User Name and a Password. Then, click **OK**.

User Management >>User Profile

Profile Index 3

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Enable this account	
Username	<input type="text" value="carrie"/>	
Password	<input type="password" value="*****"/>	
Confirm Password	<input type="password" value="*****"/>	
Idle Timeout	<input type="text" value="10"/> min(s) 0:Unlimited	
Max User Login	<input type="text" value="0"/> 0:Unlimited	
<b>External Server Authentication</b>	<input type="text" value="None"/>	
Log	<input type="text" value="None"/>	
Pop Browser Tracking Window	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Authentication	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Web <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Alert Tool <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Telnet	
<b>Landing Page</b>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Index(1-15) in <b>Schedule</b> Setup:	<input type="text"/> , <input type="text"/> , <input type="text"/> , <input type="text"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable Time Quota	<input type="text" value="0"/> min.	<input type="text" value="0"/> min.
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable Data Quota	<input type="text" value="0"/> MB	<input type="text" value="0"/> MB
Reset quota to default when scheduling time expired		
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable	Default Time Quota <input type="text" value="0"/> min.	Default Data Quota <input type="text" value="0"/> MB

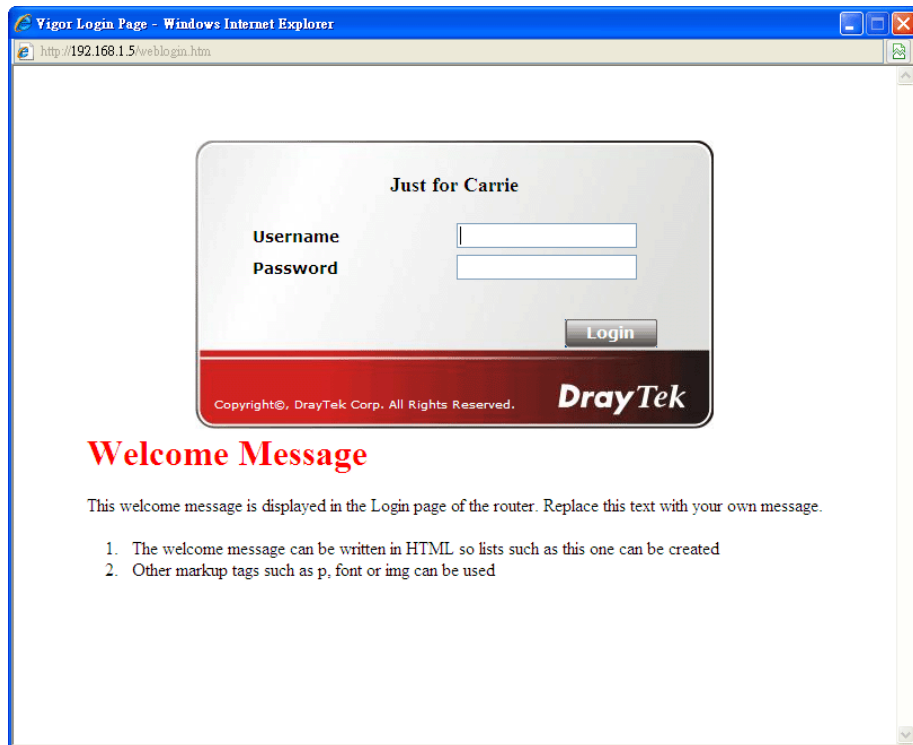
- Open **System Maintenance>>Login Page Greeting**. Check the box to enable this function. Type a brief description (e.g., *Just for Carrie*) in the field of **Login Page Title** which will be shown on the heading of the login dialog. Next, click **OK**.

System Maintenance >> Login Page Greeting

Login Page Greeting

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Enable
Login Page Title	<input type="text" value="Just for Carrie"/> (31 char max.)
Welcome Message and Bulletin (Max 511 characters)	<a href="#">Preview</a>   <a href="#">Set to Factory Default</a>
<pre>&lt;h1&gt;&lt;b&gt;&lt;font color=red&gt;Welcome Message&lt;/font&gt;&lt;/b&gt;&lt;/h1&gt;&lt;p&gt;This welcome message is displayed in the Login page of the router. Replace this text with your own message. &lt;/p&gt;&lt;ol&gt;&lt;li&gt;The welcome message can be written in HTML so lists such as this one can be created &lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Other markup tags such as p, font or img can be used&lt;/li&gt;&lt;/ol&gt;</pre>	
Examples of Welcome Message and Bulletin:	
<pre>&lt;h1&gt;&lt;b&gt;&lt;font color=red&gt;Welcome Message&lt;/font&gt;&lt;/b&gt;&lt;/h1&gt; &lt;p&gt;Message&lt;/p&gt;</pre>	

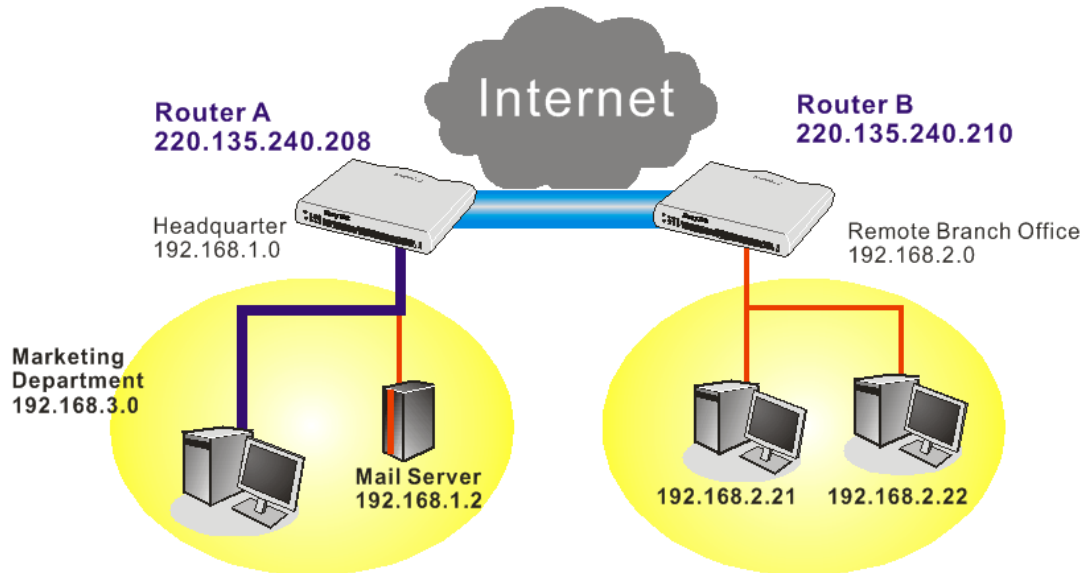
- Open a new tab in the same browser (for IE 7.0/FireFox and above) or open a new web browser.
- Try to access into the web user interface (e.g., 192.168.1.1) of Vigor router. Please note “*Just for Carrie*” is displayed as a heading on the login dialog box.



7. After typing the username and password (defined in **User Management>>User Profile**), click **Login**. You can access into Internet or access into the **Landing Page** if configured in **User Management>>General Setup**.

## 4.7 Create a LAN-to-LAN Connection Between Remote Office and Headquarter

The most common case is that you may want to connect to network securely, such as the remote branch office and headquarter. According to the network structure as shown in the below illustration, you may follow the steps to create a LAN-to-LAN profile. These two networks (LANs) should NOT have the same network address.



### Settings in Router A in headquarter:

1. Go to **VPN and Remote Access** and select **Remote Access Control** to enable the necessary VPN service and click **OK**.
2. Then, For using **PPP** based services, such as PPTP, L2TP, you have to set general settings in **PPP General Setup**.

VPN and Remote Access >> PPP General Setup

PPP General Setup		LDAP Server Profiles for PPP Authentication
<b>PPP/MP Protocol</b>		<b>PPTP LDAP Profile</b>
Dial-In PPP Authentication	PAP/CHAP/MS-CHAP/MS-CHAPv2	Note: Please select 'PAP Only' in 'Dial-In PPP Authentication', if you want to use AD/LDAP for PPP Authentication!!
Dial-In PPP Encryption(MPPE)	Optional MPPE	
Mutual Authentication (PAP)	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	
Username	<input type="text"/>	
Password	<input type="text"/>	
<b>IP Address Assignment for Dial-In Users (When DHCP Disable set)</b>		
Assigned IP start	LAN 1	192.168.1.200
	LAN 2	192.168.3.200
	LAN 3	192.168.5.200
	LAN 4	192.168.7.200

OK

For using **IPSec**-based service, such as IPSec or L2TP with IPSec Policy, you have to set general settings in **IPSec General Setup**, such as the pre-shared key that both parties have known.



VPN and Remote Access >> IPsec General Setup

VPN IKE/IPsec General Setup

Dial-in Set up for Remote Dial-in users and Dynamic IP Client (LAN to LAN).

<b>IKE Authentication Method</b>	
Certificate for Dial-in	None
<b>Pre-Shared Key</b>	
Pre-Shared Key	
Confirm Pre-Shared Key	
<b>IPsec Security Method</b>	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Medium (AH)	Data will be authentic, but will not be encrypted.
High (ESP)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AES
Data will be encrypted and authentic.	

OK Cancel

3. Go to **LAN-to-LAN**. Click on one index number to edit a profile.
4. Set **Common Settings** as shown below. You should enable both of VPN connections because any one of the parties may start the VPN connection.

VPN and Remote Access >> LAN to LAN

Profile Index : 1

1. Common Settings

Profile Name	Branch 1	Call Direction	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Both <input type="radio"/> Dial-Out <input type="radio"/> Dial-in
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable this profile		<input type="checkbox"/> Always on	
VPN Dial-Out Through	WAN1 First	Idle Timeout	300 second(s)
Netbios Naming Packet	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Pass <input type="radio"/> Block	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable PING to keep alive	
Multicast via VPN	<input type="radio"/> Pass <input checked="" type="radio"/> Block	PING to the IP	
(for some IGMP,IP-Camera,DHCP Relay..etc.)			

- Set **Dial-Out Settings** as shown below to dial to connect to Router B aggressively with the selected Dial-Out method.

If an **IPSec-based** service is selected, you should further specify the remote peer IP Address, IKE Authentication Method and IPSec Security Method for this Dial-Out connection.

**2. Dial-Out Settings**

<p><b>Type of Server I am calling</b></p> <p><input type="radio"/> PPTP</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> IPsec Tunnel</p> <p><input type="radio"/> L2TP with IPsec Policy <span>None</span></p> <p>Server IP/Host Name for VPN. (such as draytek.com or 123.45.67.89)</p> <p>220.135.240.210</p>	<p>Username <span>???</span></p> <p>Password(Max 15 char) <span></span></p> <p>PPP Authentication <span>PAP/CHAP/MS-CHAP/MS-CHAPv2</span></p> <p>VJ Compression <input checked="" type="radio"/> On <input type="radio"/> Off</p> <p><b>IKE Authentication Method</b></p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Pre-Shared Key</p> <p>IKE Pre-Shared Key <span></span></p> <p><input type="radio"/> Digital Signature(X.509)</p> <p>Peer ID <span>None</span></p> <p>Local ID</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Alternative Subject Name First</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Subject Name First</p> <p>Local Certificate <span>None</span></p> <p><b>IPsec Security Method</b></p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Medium(AH)</p> <p><input type="radio"/> High(ESP) <span>DES without Authentication</span></p> <p><span>Advanced</span></p> <p>Index(1-15) in <b>Schedule</b> Setup:</p> <p><span></span>, <span></span>, <span></span>, <span></span></p>
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If a **PPP-based service** is selected, you should further specify the remote peer IP Address, Username, Password, PPP Authentication and VJ Compression for this Dial-Out connection.

**2. Dial-Out Settings**

<p><b>Type of Server I am calling</b></p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> PPTP</p> <p><input type="radio"/> IPsec Tunnel</p> <p><input type="radio"/> L2TP with IPsec Policy <span>None</span></p> <p>Server IP/Host Name for VPN. (such as draytek.com or 123.45.67.89)</p> <p>220.135.240.210</p>	<p>Username <span>draytek</span></p> <p>Password(Max 15 char) <span>*****</span></p> <p>PPP Authentication <span>PAP/CHAP/MS-CHAP/MS-CHAPv2</span></p> <p>VJ Compression <input checked="" type="radio"/> On <input type="radio"/> Off</p> <p><b>IKE Authentication Method</b></p> <p><input type="radio"/> Pre-Shared Key</p> <p>IKE Pre-Shared Key <span></span></p> <p><input type="radio"/> Digital Signature(X.509)</p> <p>Peer ID <span>None</span></p> <p>Local ID</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Alternative Subject Name First</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Subject Name First</p> <p>Local Certificate <span>None</span></p> <p><b>IPsec Security Method</b></p> <p><input type="radio"/> Medium(AH)</p> <p><input type="radio"/> High(ESP) <span>DES without Authentication</span></p> <p><span>Advanced</span></p> <p>Index(1-15) in <b>Schedule</b> Setup:</p> <p><span></span>, <span></span>, <span></span>, <span></span></p>
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- Set **Dial-In settings** to as shown below to allow Router B dial-in to build VPN connection.

If an **IPSec-based** service is selected, you may further specify the remote peer IP Address, IKE Authentication Method and IPSec Security Method for this Dial-In connection. Otherwise, it will apply the settings defined in **IPSec General Setup** above.

**3. Dial-In Settings**

<p><b>Allowed Dial-In Type</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> PPTP</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IPSec Tunnel</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> L2TP with IPSec Policy <span>None</span></p>	<p>Username <input type="text" value="???"/></p> <p>Password <input type="password"/></p> <p>VJ Compression <input checked="" type="radio"/> On <input type="radio"/> Off</p>
<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Specify Remote VPN Gateway</p> <p>Peer VPN Server IP</p> <p><input type="text" value="220.135.240.210"/></p> <p>or Peer ID <input type="text"/></p>	<p><b>IKE Authentication Method</b></p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pre-Shared Key</p> <p><span>IKE Pre-Shared Key</span> <input type="text"/></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Digital Signature(X.509)</p> <p><span>None</span></p>
	<p><b>IPSec Security Method</b></p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Medium(AH)</p> <p>High(ESP) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AES</p>

If a **PPP-based service** is selected, you should further specify the remote peer IP Address, Username, Password, and VJ Compression for this Dial-In connection.

**3. Dial-In Settings**

<p><b>Allowed Dial-In Type</b></p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PPTP</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> IPSec Tunnel</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> L2TP with IPSec Policy <span>None</span></p>	<p>Username <input type="text" value="draytek"/></p> <p>Password <input type="password" value="*****"/></p> <p>VJ Compression <input checked="" type="radio"/> On <input type="radio"/> Off</p>
<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Specify Remote VPN Gateway</p> <p>Peer VPN Server IP</p> <p><input type="text" value="220.135.240.210"/></p> <p>or Peer ID <input type="text"/></p>	<p><b>IKE Authentication Method</b></p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pre-Shared Key</p> <p><span>IKE Pre-Shared Key</span> <input type="text"/></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Digital Signature(X.509)</p> <p><span>None</span></p>
	<p><b>IPSec Security Method</b></p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Medium(AH)</p> <p>High(ESP) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AES</p>

- At last, set the remote network IP/subnet in **TCP/IP Network Settings** so that Router A can direct the packets destined to the remote network to Router B via the VPN connection.

#### 4. TCP/IP Network Settings

My WAN IP	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>	RIP Direction	<input type="button" value="Disable"/>
Remote Gateway IP	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>	From first subnet to remote network, you have to do	
Remote Network IP	<input type="text" value="192.168.2.0"/>	<input type="button" value="Route"/>	
Remote Network Mask	<input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/>		
Local Network IP	<input type="text" value="192.168.1.1"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Change default route to this VPN tunnel ( Only single WAN supports this )	
Local Network Mask	<input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/>		
	<input type="button" value="More"/>		

#### Settings in Router B in the remote office:

- Go to **VPN and Remote Access** and select **Remote Access Control** to enable the necessary VPN service and click **OK**.
- Then, for using **PPP based** services, such as PPTP, L2TP, you have to set general settings in **PPP General Setup**.

#### VPN and Remote Access >> PPP General Setup

<b>PPP General Setup</b>		<b>LDAP Server Profiles for PPP Authentication</b>	
<b>PPP/MP Protocol</b>		<b>PPTP LDAP Profile</b>	
Dial-In PPP Authentication	<input type="button" value="PAP/CHAP/MS-CHAP/MS-CHAPv2"/>	Note: Please select 'PAP Only' in 'Dial-In PPP Authentication', if you want to use AD/LDAP for PPP Authentication!!	
Dial-In PPP Encryption(MPPE)	<input type="button" value="Optional MPPE"/>		
Mutual Authentication (PAP)	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No		
Username	<input type="text"/>		
Password	<input type="text"/>		
<b>IP Address Assignment for Dial-In Users (When DHCP Disable set)</b>			
Assigned IP start	LAN 1	<input type="text" value="192.168.2.200"/>	
	LAN 2	<input type="text" value="192.168.3.200"/>	
	LAN 3	<input type="text" value="192.168.5.200"/>	
	LAN 4	<input type="text" value="192.168.7.200"/>	

For using **IPSec-based** service, such as IPSec or L2TP with IPSec Policy, you have to set general settings in **IPSec General Setup**, such as the pre-shared key that both parties have known.

## VPN and Remote Access >> IPsec General Setup

### VPN IKE/IPsec General Setup

Dial-in Set up for Remote Dial-in users and Dynamic IP Client (LAN to LAN).

<b>IKE Authentication Method</b>	
<b>Certificate for Dial-in</b>	None
<b>Pre-Shared Key</b>	
Pre-Shared Key	*****
Confirm Pre-Shared Key	*****
<b>IPsec Security Method</b>	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Medium (AH)	Data will be authentic, but will not be encrypted.
High (ESP)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AES
Data will be encrypted and authentic.	

3. Go to **LAN-to-LAN**. Click on one index number to edit a profile.
4. Set **Common Settings** as shown below. You should enable both of VPN connections because any one of the parties may start the VPN connection.

## VPN and Remote Access >> LAN to LAN

### Profile Index : 1

#### 1. Common Settings

Profile Name	Branch 1	Call Direction	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Both <input type="radio"/> Dial-Out <input type="radio"/> Dial-in
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable this profile		<input type="checkbox"/> Always on	
VPN Dial-Out Through	WAN1 First	Idle Timeout	300 second(s)
Netbios Naming Packet	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Pass <input type="radio"/> Block	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable PING to keep alive	
Multicast via VPN	<input type="radio"/> Pass <input checked="" type="radio"/> Block	PING to the IP	
<small>(for some IGMP,IP-Camera,DHCP Relay..etc.)</small>			

5. Set **Dial-Out Settings** as shown below to dial to connect to Router B aggressively with the selected Dial-Out method.

If an **IPSec-based** service is selected, you should further specify the remote peer IP Address, IKE Authentication Method and IPSec Security Method for this Dial-Out connection.

## 2. Dial-Out Settings

<b>Type of Server I am calling</b> <input type="radio"/> PPTP <input checked="" type="radio"/> IPsec Tunnel <input type="radio"/> L2TP with IPsec Policy <span>None</span>	Username <span>???</span> Password(Max 15 char) <span></span> PPP Authentication <span>PAP/CHAP/MS-CHAP/MS-CHAPv2</span> VJ Compression <input checked="" type="radio"/> On <input type="radio"/> Off
Server IP/Host Name for VPN. (such as draytek.com or 123.45.67.89) <span>220.135.240.208</span>	<b>IKE Authentication Method</b> <input checked="" type="radio"/> Pre-Shared Key IKE Pre-Shared Key <span></span> <input type="radio"/> Digital Signature(X.509) Peer ID <span>None</span> Local ID <input checked="" type="radio"/> Alternative Subject Name First <input type="radio"/> Subject Name First Local Certificate <span>None</span>
	<b>IPsec Security Method</b> <input checked="" type="radio"/> Medium(AH) <input type="radio"/> High(ESP) <span>DES without Authentication</span> <span>Advanced</span>
	Index(1-15) in <b>Schedule</b> Setup: <span></span> , <span></span> , <span></span> , <span></span>

If a **PPP-based** service is selected, you should further specify the remote peer IP Address, Username, Password, PPP Authentication and VJ Compression for this Dial-Out connection.

## 2. Dial-Out Settings

<b>Type of Server I am calling</b> <input checked="" type="radio"/> PPTP <input type="radio"/> IPsec Tunnel <input type="radio"/> L2TP with IPsec Policy <span>None</span>	Username <span>draytek</span> Password(Max 15 char) <span>*****</span> PPP Authentication <span>PAP/CHAP/MS-CHAP/MS-CHAPv2</span> VJ Compression <input checked="" type="radio"/> On <input type="radio"/> Off
Server IP/Host Name for VPN. (such as draytek.com or 123.45.67.89) <span>220.135.240.208</span>	<b>IKE Authentication Method</b> <input checked="" type="radio"/> Pre-Shared Key IKE Pre-Shared Key <span></span> <input type="radio"/> Digital Signature(X.509) Peer ID <span>None</span> Local ID <input checked="" type="radio"/> Alternative Subject Name First <input type="radio"/> Subject Name First Local Certificate <span>None</span>
	<b>IPsec Security Method</b> <input checked="" type="radio"/> Medium(AH) <input type="radio"/> High(ESP) <span>DES without Authentication</span> <span>Advanced</span>
	Index(1-15) in <b>Schedule</b> Setup: <span></span> , <span></span> , <span></span> , <span></span>

- Set **Dial-In settings** to as shown below to allow Router A dial-in to build VPN connection.

If an **IPSec-based** service is selected, you may further specify the remote peer IP Address, IKE Authentication Method and IPSec Security Method for this Dial-In connection. Otherwise, it will apply the settings defined in **IPSec General Setup** above.

### 3. Dial-In Settings

<b>Allowed Dial-In Type</b> <input type="checkbox"/> PPTP <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IPsec Tunnel <input type="checkbox"/> L2TP with IPsec Policy <span>None</span>		Username <input type="text" value="???"/> Password(Max 11 char) <input type="text"/> VJ Compression <input checked="" type="radio"/> On <input type="radio"/> Off
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Specify Remote VPN Gateway Peer VPN Server IP <input type="text" value="220.135.240.208"/> or Peer ID <input type="text"/>		<b>IKE Authentication Method</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pre-Shared Key <input type="text" value="IKE Pre-Shared Key"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Digital Signature(X.509) <input type="text" value="None"/> Local ID <input checked="" type="radio"/> Alternative Subject Name First <input type="radio"/> Subject Name First
		<b>IPsec Security Method</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Medium(AH) High(ESP) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AES

If a **PPP-based** service is selected, you should further specify the remote peer IP Address, Username, Password, and VJ Compression for this Dial-In connection.

### 3. Dial-In Settings

<b>Allowed Dial-In Type</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PPTP <input type="checkbox"/> IPsec Tunnel <input type="checkbox"/> L2TP with IPsec Policy <span>None</span>		Username <input type="text" value="draytek"/> Password(Max 11 char) <input type="text" value="....."/> VJ Compression <input checked="" type="radio"/> On <input type="radio"/> Off
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Specify Remote VPN Gateway Peer VPN Server IP <input type="text" value="220.135.240.208"/> or Peer ID <input type="text"/>		<b>IKE Authentication Method</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pre-Shared Key <input type="text" value="IKE Pre-Shared Key"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Digital Signature(X.509) <input type="text" value="None"/> Local ID <input checked="" type="radio"/> Alternative Subject Name First <input type="radio"/> Subject Name First
		<b>IPsec Security Method</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Medium(AH) High(ESP) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AES

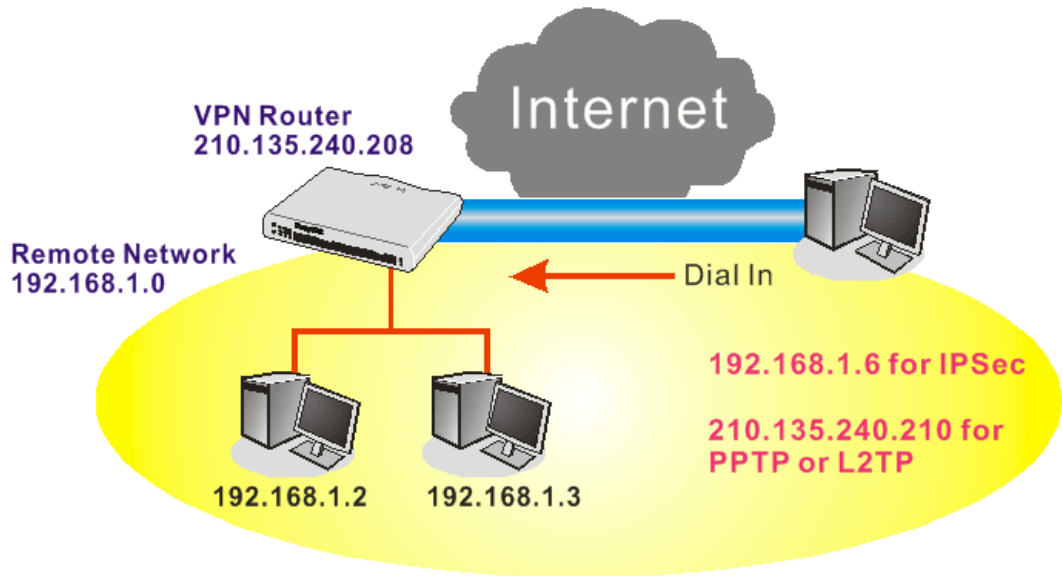
- At last, set the remote network IP/subnet in **TCP/IP Network Settings** so that Router B can direct the packets destined to the remote network to Router A via the VPN connection.

### 4. TCP/IP Network Settings

My WAN IP	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>	RIP Direction	<input type="text" value="Disable"/>
Remote Gateway IP	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>	From first subnet to remote network, you have to do	<input type="text" value="Route"/>
Remote Network IP	<input type="text" value="192.168.1.0"/>		
Remote Network Mask	<input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/>		
Local Network IP	<input type="text" value="192.168.1.1"/>		
Local Network Mask	<input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/>		
	<input type="button" value="More"/>		
		<input type="checkbox"/> Change default route to this VPN tunnel ( Only single WAN supports this )	

## 4.8 Create a Remote Dial-in User Connection Between the Teleworker and Headquarter

The other common case is that you, as a teleworker, may want to connect to the enterprise network securely. According to the network structure as shown in the below illustration, you may follow the steps to create a Remote User Profile and install Smart VPN Client on the remote host.



### Settings in VPN Router in the enterprise office:

1. Go to **VPN and Remote Access** and select **Remote Access Control** to enable the necessary VPN service and click **OK**.
2. Then, for using PPP based services, such as PPTP, L2TP, you have to set general settings in **PPP General Setup**.

VPN and Remote Access >> PPP General Setup

PPP General Setup	
<b>PPP/MP Protocol</b>	
Dial-In PPP Authentication	PAP or CHAP
Dial-In PPP Encryption (MPPE)	Optional MPPE
Mutual Authentication (PAP)	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No
Username	<input type="text"/>
Password	<input type="text"/>
<b>IP Address Assignment for Dial-In Users (When DHCP Disable set)</b>	
Assigned IP range	192.168.1.200

OK

For using IPsec-based service, such as IPsec or L2TP with IPsec Policy, you have to set general settings in **IKE/IPsec General Setup**, such as the pre-shared key that both parties have known.



VPN and Remote Access >> IPSec General Setup

VPN IKE/IPSec General Setup

Dial-in Set up for Remote Dial-in users and Dynamic IP Client (LAN to LAN).

<b>IKE Authentication Method</b>	
Pre-Shared Key	.....
Confirm Pre-Shared Key	.....
<b>IPSec Security Method</b>	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Medium (AH)	Data will be authentic, but will not be encrypted.
High (ESP) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AES	Data will be encrypted and authentic.

3. Go to **Remote Dial-In User**. Click on one index number to edit a profile.
4. Set **Dial-In** settings to as shown below to allow the remote user dial-in to build VPN connection.

If an *IPSec-based* service is selected, you may further specify the remote peer IP Address, IKE Authentication Method and IPSec Security Method for this Dial-In connection. Otherwise, it will apply the settings defined in **IPSec General Setup** above.

VPN and Remote Access >> Remote Dial-in User

**Index No. 1**

<b>User account and Authentication</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Enable this account Idle Timeout <input type="text" value="300"/> second(s)	Username <input type="text" value="???"/> Password <input type="text"/>
<b>Allowed Dial-In Type</b> <input type="checkbox"/> PPTP <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IPSec Tunnel <input type="checkbox"/> L2TP with IPSec Policy <input type="text" value="None"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Specify Remote Node Remote Client IP or Peer ISDN Number <input type="text"/> or Peer ID <input type="text"/> Netbios Naming Packet <input checked="" type="radio"/> Pass <input type="radio"/> Block	<b>IKE Authentication Method</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pre-Shared Key IKE Pre-Shared Key <input type="text"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Digital Signature(X.509) <input type="text" value="None"/> <b>IPSec Security Method</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Medium(AH) High(ESP) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AES Local ID (optional) <input type="text"/>

If a **PPP-based** service is selected, you should further specify the remote peer IP Address, Username, Password, and VJ Compression for this Dial-In connection.

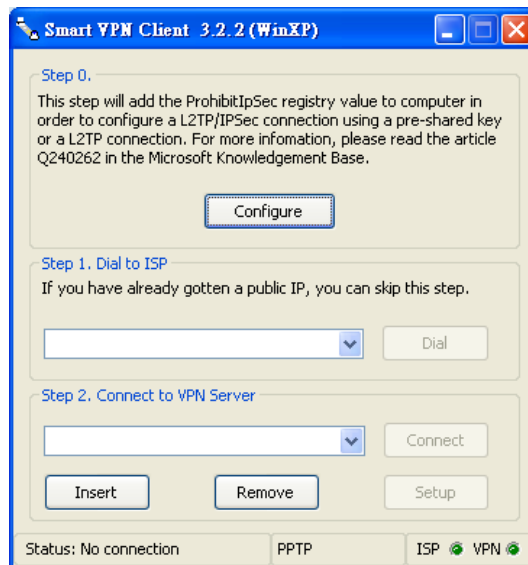
**VPN and Remote Access >> Remote Dial-in User**

**Index No. 1**

<p><b>User account and Authentication</b></p> <input type="checkbox"/> Enable this account Idle Timeout: <input type="text" value="300"/> second(s)		Username: <input type="text" value="???"/> Password: <input type="password"/>
<p><b>Allowed Dial-In Type</b></p> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PPTP <input type="checkbox"/> IPsec Tunnel <input type="checkbox"/> L2TP with IPsec Policy: <input type="text" value="None"/>		<p><b>IKE Authentication Method</b></p> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pre-Shared Key IKE Pre-Shared Key: <input type="text"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Digital Signature(X.509) <input type="text" value="None"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Specify Remote Node Remote Client IP or Peer ISDN Number: <input type="text"/> or Peer ID: <input type="text"/> Netbios Naming Packet: <input checked="" type="radio"/> Pass <input type="radio"/> Block		<p><b>IPsec Security Method</b></p> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Medium(AH) High(ESP): <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AES Local ID (optional): <input type="text"/>

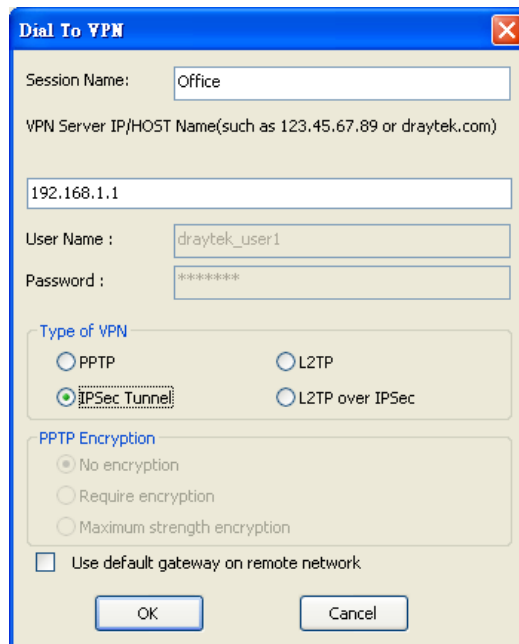
**Settings in the remote host:**

- For Win98/ME, you may use "Dial-up Networking" to create the PPTP tunnel to Vigor router. For Win2000/XP, please use "Network and Dial-up connections" or "Smart VPN Client", complimentary software to help you create PPTP, L2TP, and L2TP over IPsec tunnel. You can find it in CD-ROM in the package or go to [www.DrayTek.com](http://www.DrayTek.com) download center. Install as instructed.
- After successful installation, for the first time user, you should click on the **Step 0. Configure** button. Reboot the host.

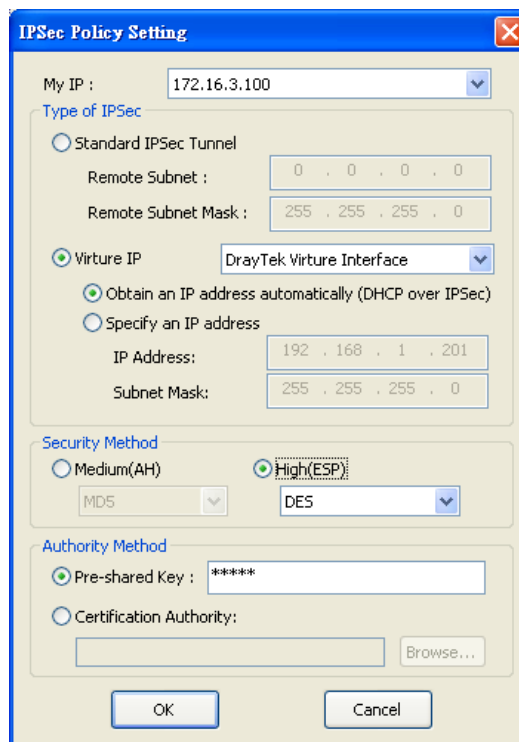


- In **Step 2. Connect to VPN Server**, click **Insert** button to add a new entry.

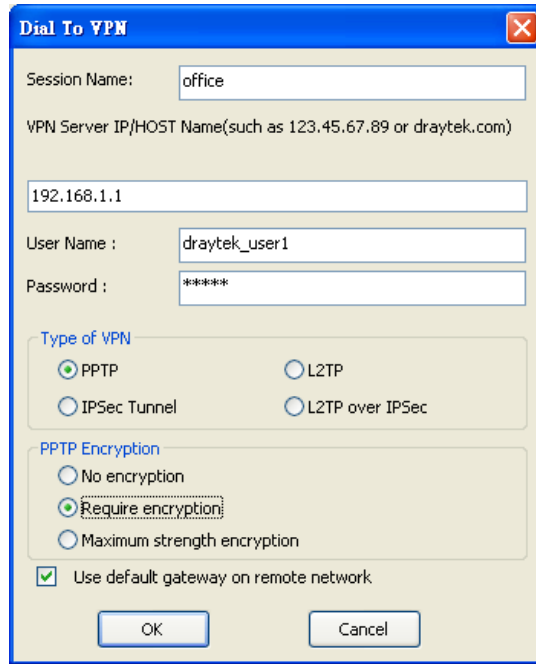
If an IPsec-based service is selected as shown below,



You may further specify the method you use to get IP, the security method, and authentication method. If the Pre-Shared Key is selected, it should be consistent with the one set in VPN router.



If a PPP-based service is selected, you should further specify the remote VPN server IP address, Username, Password, and encryption method. The User Name and Password should be consistent with the one set up in the VPN router. To use default gateway on remote network means that all the packets of remote host will be directed to VPN server then forwarded to Internet. This will make the remote host seem to be working in the enterprise network.



4. Click **Connect** button to build connection. When the connection is successful, you will find a green light on the right down corner.

## 4.9 QoS Setting Example

Assume a teleworker sometimes works at home and takes care of children. When working time, he would use Vigor router at home to connect to the server in the headquarter office downtown via either HTTPS or VPN to check email and access internal database. Meanwhile, children may chat on Skype in the restroom.

1. Go to **Bandwidth Management>>Quality of Service**.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

General Setup | [Set to Factory Default](#) |

Index	Status	Bandwidth	Direction	Class 1	Class 2	Class 3	Others	UDP Bandwidth Control	Online Statistics
WAN1	Enable	--Kbps/--Kbps	Outbound	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	<a href="#">Status</a> <a href="#">Setup</a>
WAN2	Enable	10000Kbps/10000Kbps	Outbound	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	<a href="#">Status</a> <a href="#">Setup</a>
WAN3	Disable	10000Kbps/10000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	Status <a href="#">Setup</a>

Class Rule

Index	Name	Rule	Service Type
Class 1		<a href="#">Edit</a>	
Class 2		<a href="#">Edit</a>	<a href="#">Edit</a>
Class 3		<a href="#">Edit</a>	

2. Click **Setup** link of WAN(1/2/3). Make sure the QoS Control on the left corner is checked. And select **BOTH** in **Direction**.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

WAN2 General Setup

Enable the QoS Control OUT

WAN Inbound Bandwidth IN

WAN Outbound Bandwidth OUT

BOTH

Index	Class Name
-------	------------

3. Set Inbound/Outbound bandwidth.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

WAN2 General Setup

Enable the QoS Control BOTH

WAN Inbound Bandwidth 10000 Kbps

WAN Outbound Bandwidth 10000 Kbps

**Note:** The rate of outbound/inbound must be smaller than the real bandwidth to ensure correct calculation of QoS. It is suggested to set the bandwidth value for inbound/outbound as 80% - 85% of physical network speed provided by ISP to maximize the QoS performance.

4. Return to previous page. Enter the Name of Index Class 1 by clicking **Edit** link. Type the name “**E-mail**” for Class 1.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

Class Index #1

Name

NO	Status	Local Address	Remote Address	DiffServ CodePoint	Service Type
1	<input type="radio"/> Inactive	Any	Any	ANY	undefined

- For this index, the user will set reserved bandwidth (e.g., 25%) for **E-mail** using protocol POP3 and SMTP.

[Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service](#)

#### WAN2 General Setup

Enable the QoS Control BOTH

WAN Inbound Bandwidth	10000	Kbps
WAN Outbound Bandwidth	10000	Kbps

Index	Class Name	Reserved_bandwidth Ratio
Class 1	E-mail	<span style="border: 2px solid red; padding: 2px;">25</span> %
Class 2		25 %
Class 3		25 %
	Others	25 %

Enable UDP Bandwidth Control Limited\_bandwidth Ratio 25 %

Outbound TCP ACK Prioritize

OK
Clear
Cancel

- Return to previous page. Enter the Name of Index Class 2 by clicking **Edit** link. In this index, the user will set reserved bandwidth for **HTTPS**. And click **OK**.

[Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service](#)

#### Class Index #2

Name HTTPS

NO	Status	Local Address	Remote Address	DiffServ CodePoint	Service Type
1	Active	Any	Any	ANY	ANY

Add
Edit
Delete

OK
Cancel

- Click **Setup** link for WAN2.

[Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service](#)

#### General Setup

[Set to Factory Default](#) |

Index	Status	Bandwidth	Direction	Class 1	Class 2	Class 3	Others	UDP Bandwidth Control	Online Statistics
WAN1	Enable	--Kbps/--Kbps	Outbound	25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	<a href="#">Status</a> <a href="#">Setup</a>
WAN2	Enable	10000Kbps/10000Kbps	Both	25%	25%	25%	25%	Active	<a href="#">Status</a> <span style="border: 2px solid red; padding: 2px;"><a href="#">Setup</a></span>
WAN3	Disable	10000Kbps/10000Kbps		25%	25%	25%	25%	Inactive	<a href="#">Status</a> <a href="#">Setup</a>

#### Class Rule

Index	Name	Rule	Service Type
Class 1	E-mail	<a href="#">Edit</a>	
Class 2	HTTPS	<a href="#">Edit</a>	<a href="#">Edit</a>
Class 3		<a href="#">Edit</a>	

- Check **Enable UDP Bandwidth Control** on the bottom to prevent enormous UDP traffic of influent other application. Click **OK**.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

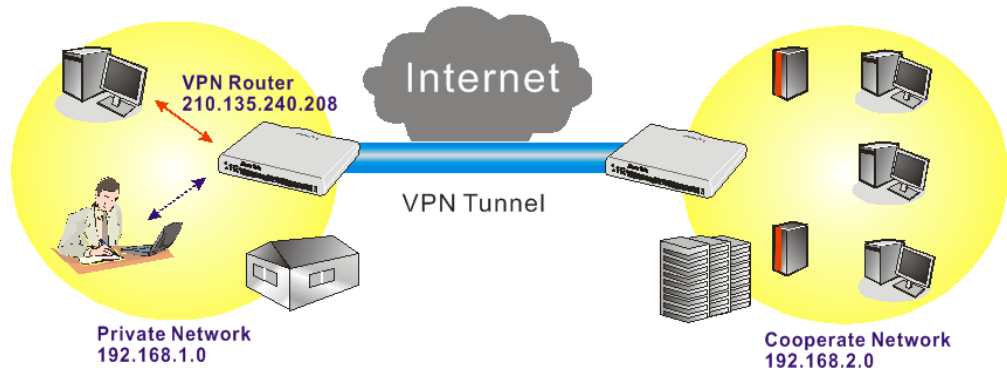
WAN2 General Setup

Enable the QoS Control BOTH

WAN Inbound Bandwidth	<input type="text" value="10000"/>	Kbps
WAN Outbound Bandwidth	<input type="text" value="10000"/>	Kbps
Index	Class Name	Reserved_bandwidth Ratio
Class 1	E-mail	<input type="text" value="25"/> %
Class 2	HTTPS	<input type="text" value="25"/> %
Class 3		<input type="text" value="25"/> %
	Others	<input type="text" value="25"/> %
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable UDP Bandwidth Control		Limited_bandwidth Ratio <input type="text" value="25"/> %
<input type="checkbox"/> Outbound TCP ACK Prioritize		

OK Clear Cancel

- If the worker has connected to the headquarter using host to host VPN tunnel. (Please refer to Chapter 3 VPN for detail instruction), he may set up an index for it. Enter the Class Name of Index 3. In this index, he will set reserved bandwidth for 1 VPN tunnel.



- Click **Edit** to open a new window.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

Class Index #3

Name

NO	Status	Local Address	Remote Address	DiffServ CodePoint	Service Type
1	Empty	-	-	-	-

Add Edit Delete

OK Cancel

11. Click **Add** to open the following window. Check the **ACT** box, first.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

---

Rule Edit

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ACT		
Local Address	<input type="text" value="Any"/>	<input type="button" value="Edit"/>
Remote Address	<input type="text" value="Any"/>	<input type="button" value="Edit"/>
DiffServ CodePoint	<input type="text" value="IP precedence 4"/>	<input type="button" value="v"/>
Service Type	<input type="text" value="SYSLOG(UDP:514)"/>	<input type="button" value="v"/>

**Note:** Please choose/setup the Service Type first.

12. Then click **Edit** of **Local Address** to set a worker's subnet address. Click **Edit** of **Remote Address** to set headquarter's IP address. Leave other fields and click **OK**.



## 4.10 Upgrade Firmware for Your Router

### Using Firmware Upgrade Utility

Before upgrading your router firmware, you need to install the Router Tools. The **Firmware Upgrade Utility** is included in the tools.

1. Go to [www.DrayTek.com](http://www.DrayTek.com).
2. Access into **Support >> Downloads**. Please find out **Firmware** menu and click it. Search the model you have and click on it to download the newly update firmware for your router.

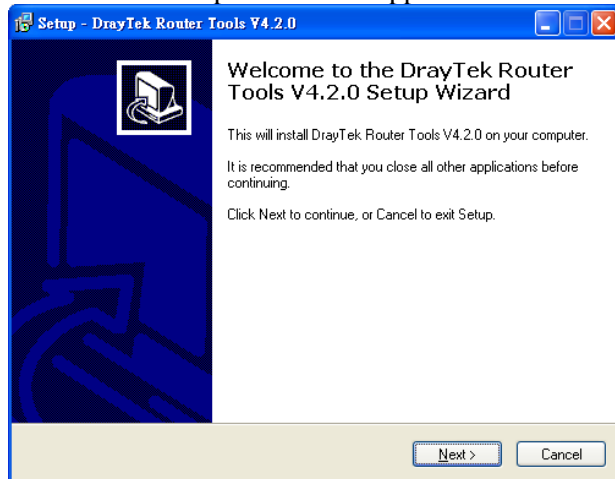
Model Name	Firmware Version	Release Date
Vigor120 series	3.2.2.1	26/06/2009
Vigor2100 series	2.6.2	26/02/2008
Vigor2104 series	2.5.7.3	13/02/2008
Vigor2110 series	3.3.0	25/06/2009
Vigor2200/X/W/E	2.3.11	22/09/2004
Vigor2200Eplus	2.5.7	18/02/2009
Vigor2200USB	2.3.10	16/03/2005

3. Access into **Support >> Downloads**. Please find out **Utility** menu and click it.

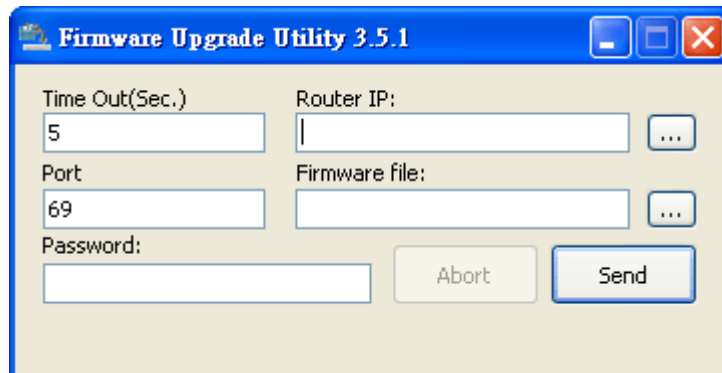
Tools Name	Release Date	Version	OS	Support Model
Router Tools	2009/06/18	4.2.0	MS-Windows	All Modules
Syslog Tools	2009/06/18	4.2.0	MS-Windows XP MS-Vista	All Modules
VigorPro Alert Notice Tools	2009/06/03	1.1.0 ( Multi-language )	MS-Windows XP MS-Vista	VigorPro 100 series VigorPro 5500 series VigorPro 5510 series VigorPro 5300 series
Smart VPN Client	2009/05/25	3.6.3 ( Multi-language )	MS-Windows XP MS-Vista	All Modules
Smart Monitor	2009/03/25	2.0	MS-Windows XP	Vigor2950 series VigorPro 5510 series

4. Click on the link of **Router Tools** to download the file. After downloading the files, please decompressed the file onto your host.

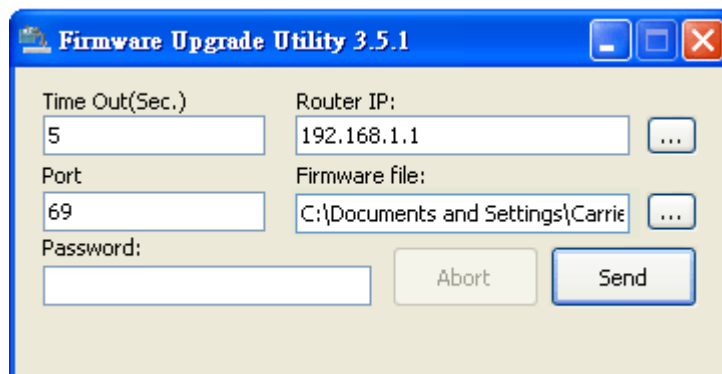
5. Double click on the icon of router tool. The setup wizard will appear.



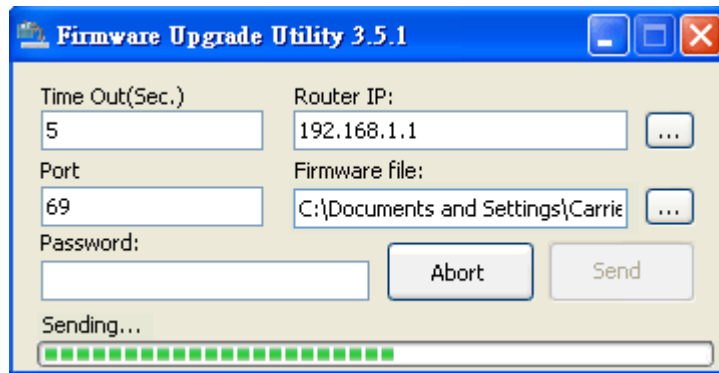
6. Follow the onscreen instructions to install the tool. Finally, click **Finish** to end the installation.
7. From the **Start** menu, open **Programs** and choose **Router Tools XXX >> Firmware Upgrade Utility**.



8. Type in your router IP, usually **192.168.1.1**.
9. Click the button to the right side of Firmware file typing box. Locate the files that you download from the company web sites. You will find out two files with different extension names, **xxxx.all** (keep the old custom settings) and **xxxx.rst** (reset all the custom settings to default settings). Choose any one of them that you need.



10. Click **Send**.



11. Now the firmware update is finished.

## Using Web Page

The web page also can guide you to upgrade firmware. Note that this example is running over Windows OS (Operating System).

1. Download the newest firmware from DrayTek's web site or FTP site. The DrayTek web site is [www.DrayTek.com](http://www.DrayTek.com) (or local DrayTek's web site) and FTP site is [ftp.DrayTek.com](http://ftp.DrayTek.com).
2. Click **System Maintenance>> Firmware Upgrade**.

**System Maintenance >> Firmware Upgrade**

### Web Firmware Upgrade

Select a firmware file.  
 未選擇檔案  
Click Upgrade to upload the file.

### TFTP Firmware Upgrade from LAN

Current Firmware Version: 3.6.6.1\_db\_RC1

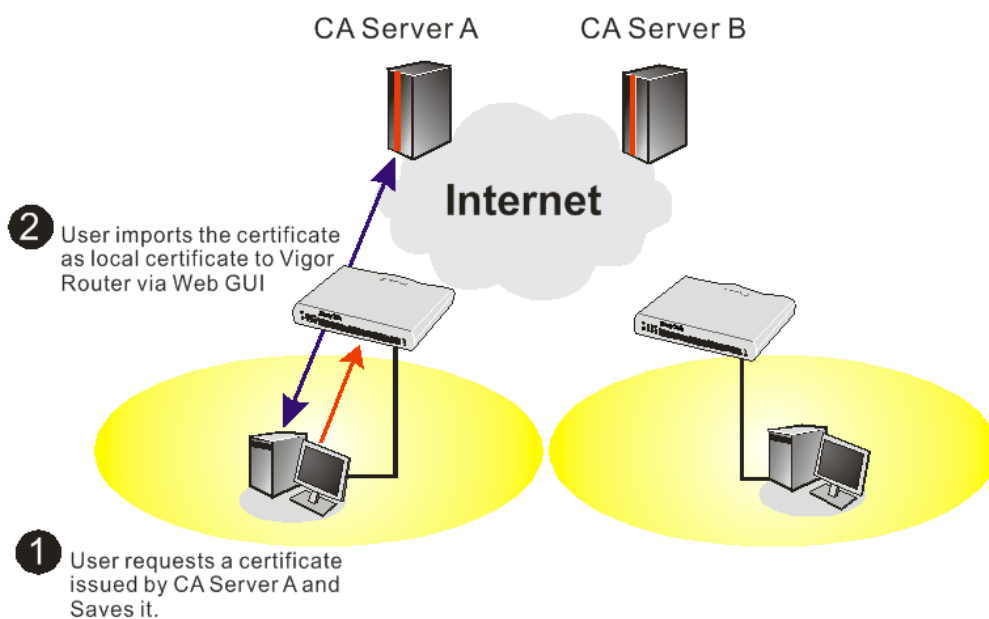
**Firmware Upgrade Procedures:**

1. Click "OK" to start the TFTP server.
2. Open the Firmware Upgrade Utility or other 3-party TFTP client software.
3. Check that the firmware filename is correct.
4. Click "Upgrade" on the Firmware Upgrade Utility to start the upgrade.
5. After the upgrade is complete, the TFTP server will automatically stop running.

Do you want to upgrade firmware ?

3. Select a firmware file by clicking **Browse**.
4. Click **Upgrade** to perform the firmware upgrade.

## 4.11 Request a certificate from a CA server on Windows CA Server



1. Go to **Certificate Management** and choose **Local Certificate**.

[Certificate Management >> Local Certificate](#)

### X509 Local Certificate Configuration

Name	Subject	Status	Modify
Local	---	---	<a href="#">View</a> <a href="#">Delete</a>

[GENERATE](#) [IMPORT](#) [REFRESH](#)

**X509 Local Certificate**

- You can click **GENERATE** button to start to edit a certificate request. Enter the information in the certificate request.

Certificate Management >> Local Certificate

**Generate Certificate Request**

**Subject Alternative Name**

Type: Domain Name

Domain Name: draytek.com

---

**Subject Name**

Country (C): TW

State (ST):

Location (L):

Organization (O): Draytek

Organization Unit (OU):

Common Name (CN):

Email (E): press@draytek.com

---

Key Type: RSA

Key Size: 1024 Bit

- Copy and save the X509 Local Certificate Request as a text file and save it for later use.

Certificate Management >> Local Certificate

**X509 Local Certificate Configuration**

Name	Subject	Status	Modify
Local	/C=TW/O=Draytek/emailAddress...	Requesting	<input type="button" value="View"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>

**X509 Local Certificate Request**

```

-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----
MIIBqjCCARMAQAwQTElMAkGA1UEBhMCVFcxEDAOBgNVBAAoTB0ryYX10ZWxIDAE
BgkqhkiG9w0BCQEWEXByZXRyYX10ZWx1O29tMIGfMA0GCsgqSIB3DQEBAAQUA
A4GNADCBiQKBgQDPioahu/gfQaYB1ce5OERSDFWknIdHb1o1kt9cTdlUDaFk6e8d
3wDeQytoV1LBjz2IDF0xjX6ip7ev187twwTsg41g26Qk/rGhuVTKd9j6P1crnkP7
du84t23tWBdMD4W5c8VmsyDjShLhjdXVYPWpNKVlrOT2RZjkrMaHEUpVpwIDAQABo
oCkwJwYJKoZIhvcNAQkOMRowGDAWBgNVHREEDzANggtkcmF5dGVrLmNvbnRANBgkq
hkiG9w0BAQUFAAOBgQAuSBRUGt4W1hH9N6/HwToem1tHQbcwjXvg/t7kF1zTJiHh
uRLq4CiE16nV4hHRytcx2pE26sMar3gRREr86Ro08JxOI45560xCZ/N1Gh9VQ9I1
I9FqkjJNihp4TCjecSNNZjmQo5WU+Bce8TG+SCBCyejqu/fo/4JQFajB7Gv1w==
-----END CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----

```

- Connect to CA server via web browser. Follow the instruction to submit the request. Below we take a Windows 2000 CA server for example. Select **Request a Certificate**.

Microsoft Certificate Services -- vigor Home

---

**Welcome**

You use this web site to request a certificate for your web browser, e-mail client, or other secure program. Once you acquire a certificate, you will be able to securely identify yourself to other people over the web, sign your e-mail messages, encrypt your e-mail messages, and more depending upon the type of certificate you request.

**Select a task:**

- Retrieve the CA certificate or certificate revocation list
- Request a certificate
- Check on a pending certificate

## Select **Advanced request**.

Microsoft Certificate Services -- vigor Home

### Choose Request Type

Please select the type of request you would like to make:

User certificate request

Advanced request

[Next >](#)

## Select **Submit a certificate request a base64 encoded PKCS #10 file or a renewal request using a base64 encoded PKCS #7 file**

Microsoft Certificate Services -- vigor Home

### Advanced Certificate Requests

You can request a certificate for yourself, another user, or a computer using one of the following methods. Note that the policy of the certification authority (CA) will determine the certificates that you can obtain.

Submit a certificate request to this CA using a form.

Submit a certificate request using a base64 encoded PKCS #10 file or a renewal request using a base64 encoded PKCS #7 file.

Request a certificate for a smart card on behalf of another user using the Smart Card Enrollment Station.  
*You must have an enrollment agent certificate to submit a request for another user.*

[Next >](#)

## Import the X509 Local Certificate Request text file. Select **Router (Offline request)** or **IPSec (Offline request)** below.

Microsoft Certificate Services -- vigor Home

### Submit A Saved Request

Paste a base64 encoded PKCS #10 certificate request or PKCS #7 renewal request generated by an external application (such as a web server) into the request field to submit the request to the certification authority (CA).

**Saved Request:**

```
-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----
MIIBqjCCARCAQAwQTELHAKGA1UEBhMCVFcxEEDAQ
BgkqhkiG9w0BCQEWEXBzZXNzQGRyYX10ZM5uY29t
A4GNADCB1QKBgQDQYB7wmZFfFhN9/ IeQnG03Xk++
hX4bp89cUF9d1oACGG1M/tcBocKdcZdFFFvIXcP3
x/G0A7CTv0/fQzpxroCw1JTjLSjS0/Bn9v50951G
-----
```

[Browse](#) for a file to insert.

**Certificate Template:**

Additional Attributes:

- Administrator
- Authenticated Session
- Basic EFS
- EFS Recovery Agent
- User
- IPSEC (Offline request)
- Router (Offline request)**
- Subordinate Certification Authority
- Web Server

[Submit >](#)

Then you have done the request and the server now issues you a certificate. Select **Base 64 encoded certificate** and **Download CA certificate**. Now you should get a certificate (.cer file) and save it.

- Back to Vigor router, go to **Local Certificate**. Click **IMPORT** button and browse the file to import the certificate (.cer file) into Vigor router. When finished, click refresh and you will find the below window showing “-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----.....”

**Certificate Management >> Local Certificate**

**X509 Local Certificate Configuration**

Name	Subject	Status	Modify
Local	/C=TW/O=Draytek/emailAddress...	Not Valid Yet	<input type="button" value="View"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>

**X509 Local Certificate Request**

```

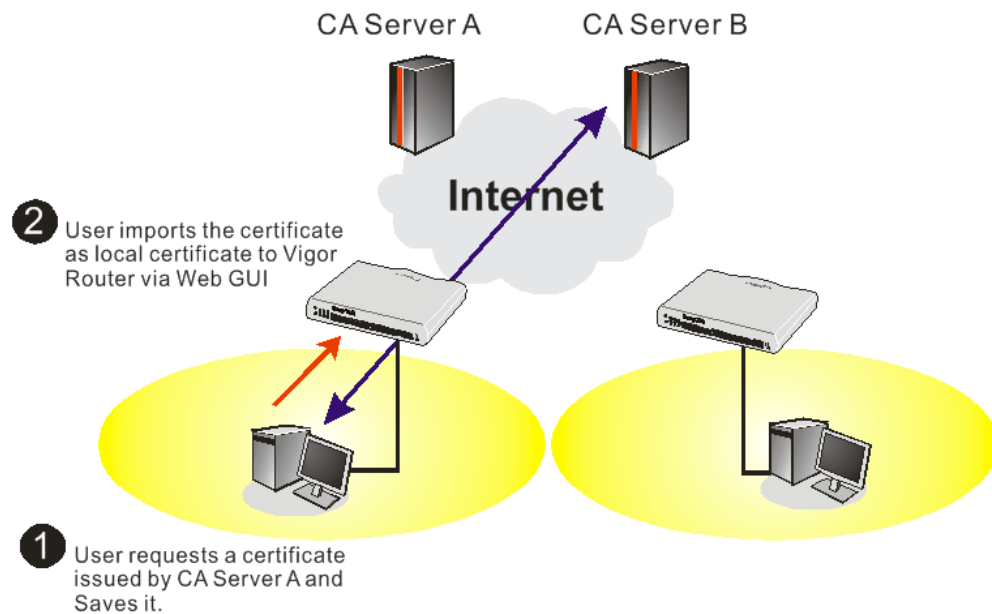
-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----
MIIBqjCCARMCAQAwQTELMakGA1UEBhMCVFcxEADAQgNVBAoTBORyYX10ZWsxID Ae
BgkqhkiG9wOBCQEWEXByZXNzQGRyYX10ZWsuY29tMIGfMAOGCSqGSIb3DQEBAQUA
A4GNADCBiQKBgQDPioahu/gFQaYB1ce5OERSDfWknIdHb lo1kt9cTdLUDaFk6s8d
3wDeQytoV1LBjz2 IDFOxjX6ip7ev187twwTsg4lgZ6Qk/rGhuVTKd9j6P lcrnkP7
du84t23tWBdMD4W5c8VmSyDjShLhjdXVYPWpNKV IrOT2RzjkrMaHEWpVpwIDAQAB
oCkwJwYJKoZIhvcNAQkOMRowGDAWBgNVHREEDzANggtkcmF5dGVrLmNvbTANBgkq
hkiG9wOBAQUFAAOBgQAuSBRUGt4W1hH9N6/HwToem1tHQbcwjXvg/t7kF1zTJiHh
uRLq4CiEi6nV4hMRytcxZpE26sMarSgRREr86RoO8JxOI45560xCZ/N1Gh9VQ9I1
I9FqkjJUNihp4TCjecSNNZjmQo5WU+Bce8TG+SCBCyejqqu/fo/AJQFajB7Gviw==
-----END CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----

```

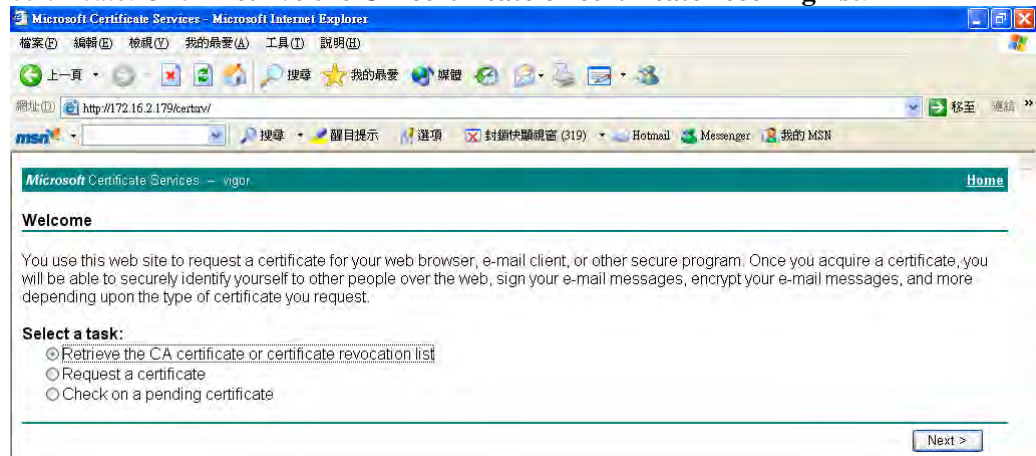
- You may review the detail information of the certificate by clicking **View** button.

Name :	Local
Issuer :	/C=US/CN=vigor
Subject :	/emailAddress=press@draytek.com/C=TW/O=Draytek
Subject Alternative Name :	DNS: draytek.com
Valid From :	Aug 30 23:08:43 2005 GMT
Valid To :	Aug 30 23:17:47 2007 GMT

## 4.12 Request a CA Certificate and Set as Trusted on Windows CA Server

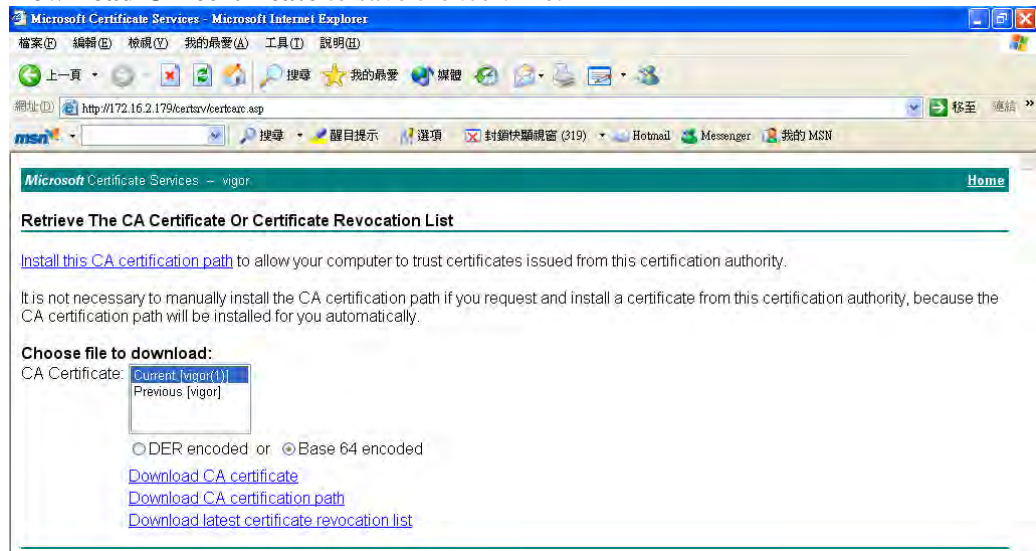


1. Use web browser connecting to the CA server that you would like to retrieve its CA certificate. Click **Retrieve the CA certificate or certificate recoring list.**





- In **Choose file to download**, click **CA Certificate Current** and **Base 64 encoded**, and **Download CA certificate** to save the .cer. file.



- Back to Vigor router, go to **Trusted CA Certificate**. Click **IMPORT** button and browse the file to import the certificate (.cer file) into Vigor router. When finished, click refresh and you will find the below illustration.

**Certificate Management >> Trusted CA Certificate**

**X509 Trusted CA Certificate Configuration**

Name	Subject	Status	Modify	
Trusted CA-1	/C=US/CN=vigor	Not Yet Valid	<input type="button" value="View"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>
Trusted CA-2	---	---	<input type="button" value="View"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>
Trusted CA-3	---	---	<input type="button" value="View"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>

- You may review the detail information of the certificate by clicking **View** button.

Name :	Trusted CA-1
Issuer :	/C=US/CN=vigor
Subject :	/C=US/CN=vigor
Subject Alternative Name :	DNS:draytek.com
Valid From :	Aug 30 23:08:43 2005 GMT
Valid To :	Aug 30 23:17:47 2007 GMT

**Note:** Before setting certificate configuration, please go to **System Maintenance >> Time and Date** to reset current time of the router first.

## 4.13 Creating an Account for MyVigor

The website of MyVigor (a server located on <http://myvigor.draytek.com>) provides several useful services (such as Anti-Spam, Web Content Filter, Anti-Intrusion, and etc.) to filtering the web pages for the sake of protecting your system.

To access into MyVigor for getting more information, please create an account for MyVigor.

### 4.13.1 Creating an Account via Vigor Router

1. Click **CSM>> Web Content Filter Profile**. The following page will appear.

CSM >> Web Content Filter Profile

---

Web-Filter License [Activate](#)  
[Status:Not Activated]

Setup Query Server	auto-selected	<a href="#">Find more</a>
Setup Test Server	auto-selected	<a href="#">Find more</a>

Web Content Filter Profile Table: [Set to Factory Default](#)

Profile	Name	Profile	Name
<a href="#">1.</a>	Default	<a href="#">5.</a>	
<a href="#">2.</a>		<a href="#">6.</a>	
<a href="#">3.</a>		<a href="#">7.</a>	

Or

Click **System Maintenance>>Activation** to open the following page.

System Maintenance >> Activation Activate via interface : auto-selected

---

Web-Filter License [Activate](#)  
[Status:Not Activated]

Authentication Message

```
Activated Wiz, Authenticate is continuously, connect to the server, 2000-01-01  
00:04:55
```

2. Click the **Activate** link. A login page for MyVigor web site will pop up automatically.

**This service is available for MyVigor member only. Please login to access MyVigor.  
If you are not one of the members of MyVigor, please create an account first.**

LOGIN

UserName :

Password :

Auth Code :  **AYi GXZ**

If you cannot read the word, [click here](#)

[Forget password?](#)

---

Don't have a MyVigor Account ? [Create an account now](#)

If you are having difficulty logging in, contact our customer service.  
Customer Service : (888) 3 597 2727 or  
email to :[webmaster@draytek.com](mailto:webmaster@draytek.com)

3. Click the link of **Create an account now**.
4. Check to confirm that you accept the Agreement and click **Accept**.

Register

Create an account - Please enter personal profile.

**1 Agreement**

**2 Personal Information**

**3 Preferences**

**4 Completion**

MyVigor Agreement

1. Agreement  
Draytek provides MyVigor(myvigor.draytek.com) service according to this agreement. When you use MyVigor service, it means that you have read, understand and agree to accept the items listed in this agreement. Draytek can modify or change the content of the items without any reasons. It is suggested for you to notice the medications or changes at any time. If you still use MyVigor service after knowing the modifications and changes of this service, it means you have read, understand and agree to accept the modifications and changes. If you do not agree the content of this agreement, please stop using MyVigor service.

2. Registration  
To use this service, you have to agree the following conditions:  
(a) Provide your complete and correct information according to the registration steps of this service.  
(b) If you provide any incorrect or fake information here, DrayTek has the right to pause or terminate your service.

I have read and understand the above Agreement. (Use the scroll bar to view the entire agreement)

  >

5. Type your personal information in this page and then click **Continue**.

**Register**

Create an account - Please enter personal profile. (Fields marked by (\*) are required)

**1 Agreement**

**2 Personal Information**

**3 Preferences**

**4 Completion**

**Account Information**

UserName:\*    
(3 - 20 characters)

Password:\*   
(4 - 20 characters : Do not set the same as the username.)

Confirm Password:\*

**Personal Information**

First Name:\*

Last Name:\*

Company Name:

Email Address:\*   
Please note that a valid E-mail address is required to receive the Subscription Code. You will need this code to activate your account.

Tel:  -

Country:\*

Career:\*

6. Choose proper selection for your computer and click **Continue**.

**Register**

Create an account - Please enter personal profile.

**1 Agreement**

**2 Personal Information**

**3 Preferences**

**4 Completion**

How did you find out about this website?

What kind of anti-virus do you use?

I would like to subscribe to the MyVigor e-letter.

I would like to receive DrayTek product news.

Please select the mail server for receiving the verification mail.

- Now you have created an account successfully. Click **START**.

Register  
Create an account - Please enter personal profile.

1 Agreement  
2 Personal Information  
3 Preferences  
4 Completion

Completion

A confirmation email has been sent to **mary\_ted@tech.com**  
Please click on the activation link in the email  
to activate your account

**START**

- Check to see the confirmation *email* with the title of **New Account Confirmation Letter from myvigor.draytek.com**.

\*\*\*\*\* This is an automated message from myvigor.draytek.com. \*\*\*\*\*

Thank you (**Mary**) for creating an account.

Please click on the activation link below to activate your account

Link : [Activate my Account](#)

- Click the **Activate my Account** link to enable the account that you created. The following screen will be shown to verify the register process is finished. Please click **Login**.

Register

Search for this site  GO

Register Confirm

Thank for your register in VigorPro Web Site  
The Register process is completed

Close Login

10. When you see the following page, please type in the account and password (that you just created) in the fields of **UserName** and **Password**.

**This service is available for MyVigor member only. Please login to access MyVigor. If you are not one of the members of MyVigor, please create an account first.**

LOGIN

UserName :

Password :

Auth Code :  **T4he1C**

If you cannot read the word, [click here](#)

[Forget password?](#)

Don't have a MyVigor Account ? [Create an account now](#)

If you are having difficulty logging in, contact our customer service.  
Customer Service : (888) 3 597 2727 or  
email to :[webmaster@draytek.com](mailto:webmaster@draytek.com)

11. Now, click **Login**. Your account has been activated. You can access into MyVigor server to activate the service (e.g., WCF) that you want.

#### 4.13.2 Creating an Account via MyVigor Web Site

1. Access into <http://myvigor.draytek.com>. Find the line of **Not registered yet?**. Then, click the link **Click here!** to access into next page.

**DrayTek** MyVigor Customer Survey

Home Search GO

**MyVigor for you**

MyVigor website replaces the VigorPro site as DrayTek's portal site for the latest products and services in network security, including Anti-Virus, Anti-Spam, Web Content Filter... etc. The products and functions that are supported in this site include:

VigorPro Unified Security Firewall series:

- Activation of Commtouch™ GlobalView Web Content Filter license key
- Activation of DT Anti-Virus license key
- Activation of Kaspersky Anti-Virus license key
- Activation of Commtouch™ Anti-Spam license key and membership

Vigor routers (for models that support Commtouch™)

- Activation of Commtouch™ GlobalView Web Content Filter license key

The MyVigor website contains a trial version of Commtouch™ GlobalView Web Content Filter, which allows the users to set filters to block out undesirable web pages in the Internet jungle.

More customer-oriented services are planned for MyVigor site for the near future.

Please use IE 5.0 or above (resolution 1024 \* 768 ) for best display. © DrayTek Corp.

Login

UserName

Password

AuthCode

**QbkqVd**

If you can't read the AuthCode, [click here](#)

[Forget password?](#)

Not registered yet ? [Click here!](#)

2. Check to confirm that you accept the Agreement and click **Accept**.

Register

Create an account - Please enter personal profile.

1 Agreement

2 Personal Information

3 Preferences

4 Completion

MyVigor Agreement

1. Agreement

Draytek provides MyVigor(myvigor.draytek.com) service according to this agreement. When you use MyVigor service, it means that you have read, understand and agree to accept the items listed in this agreement. Draytek can modify or change the content of the items without any reasons. It is suggested for you to notice the medications or changes at any time. If you still use MyVigor service after knowing the modifications and changes of this service, it means you have read, understand and agree to accept the modifications and changes. If you do not agree the content of this agreement, please stop using MyVigor service.

2. Registration

To use this service, you have to agree the following conditions:

(a) Provide your complete and correct information according to the registration steps of this service.

(b) If you provide any incorrect or fake information here, DrayTek has the right to pause or terminate your account.

I have read and understand the above Agreement. (Use the scroll bar to view the entire agreement)

<< Back Accept >>

3. Type your personal information in this page and then click **Continue**.

Register

Create an account - Please enter personal profile. (Fields marked by (\*) are required)

1 Agreement

2 Personal Information

3 Preferences

4 Completion

Account Information

UserName:\* Mary Check Account

(3 ~ 20 characters)

Password:\*

(4 ~ 20 characters : Do not set the same as the username.)

Confirm Password:\*

Personal Information

First Name:\* Mary

Last Name:\* Ted

Company Name: Tech Ltd.

Email Address:\* mary\_ted@tech.com

Please note that a valid E-mail address is required to receive the Subscription Code. You will need this code to activate your account.

Tel: 0 -

Country:\* SWITZERLAND

Career:\* Supervisor

<< Back Continue >>

4. Choose proper selection for your computer and click **Continue**.

Register

Create an account - Please enter personal profile.

1 Agreement

2 Personal Information

3 Preferences

4 Completion

How did you find out about this website? Internet

What kind of anti-virus do you use? AntiVir

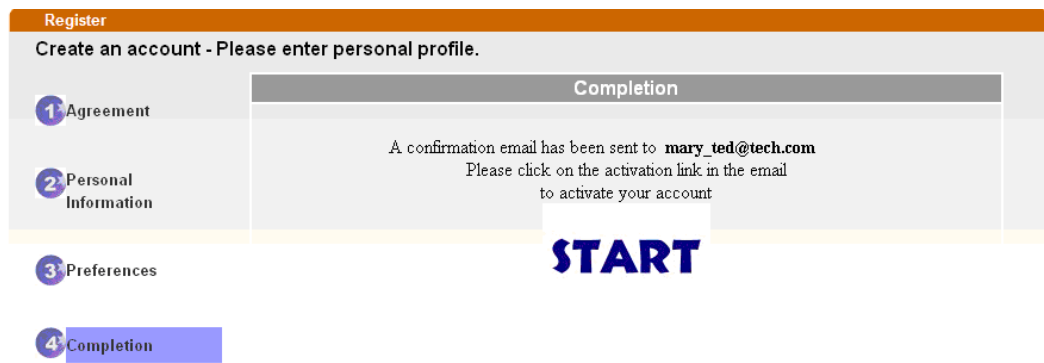
I would like to subscribe to the MyVigor e-letter.

I would like to receive DrayTek product news.

Please select the mail server for receiving the verification mail. Global Server

<< Back Continue >>

5. Now you have created an account successfully. Click START.



6. Check to see the confirmation *email* with the title of **New Account Confirmation Letter from myvigor.draytek.com**.

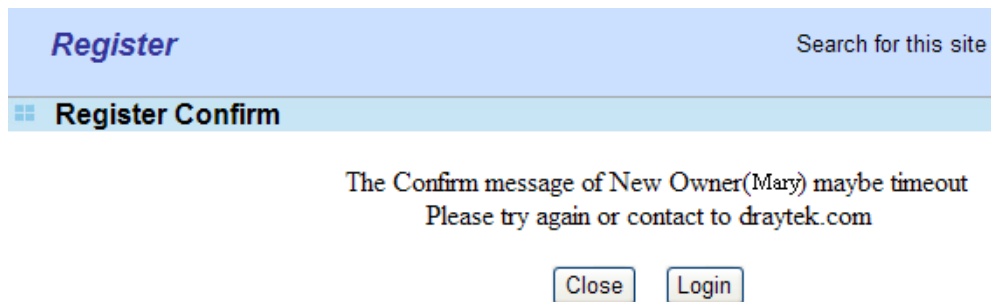
\*\*\*\*\* This is an automated message from myvigor.draytek.com.\*\*\*\*\*

Thank you (**Mary**) for creating an account.

Please click on the activation link below to activate your account

Link : [Activate my Account](#)

7. Click the **Activate my Account** link to enable the account that you created. The following screen will be shown to verify the register process is finished. Please click **Login**.





- When you see the following page, please type in the account and password (that you just created) in the fields of **UserName** and **Password**. Then type the code in the box of Auth Code according to the value displayed on the right side of it.

**This service is available for MyVigor member only. Please login to access MyVigor.  
If you are not one of the members of MyVigor, please create an account first.**

**LOGIN**

UserName :

Password :

Auth Code :  **T4he1C**

If you cannot read the word, [click here](#)

[Forget password?](#)

---

Don't have a MyVigor Account ? [Create an account now](#)

If you are having difficulty logging in, contact our customer service.  
Customer Service : (886) 3 597 2727 or  
email to :[webmaster@draytek.com](mailto:webmaster@draytek.com)

Now, click **Login**. Your account has been activated. You can access into MyVigor server to activate the service (e.g., WCF) that you want.

## 4.14 How to Implement the LDAP/AD Authentication for User Management?

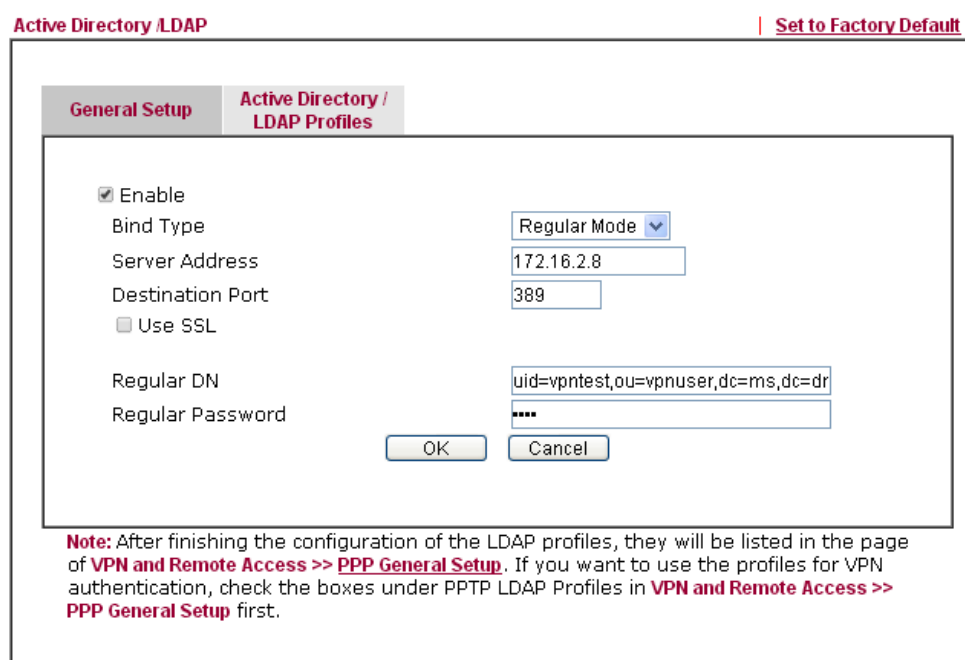
For simplifying the configuration of LDAP authentication for User Access Management, we implement “Group” feature.

There is no need to pre-configure user profile for each user on Vigor router anymore. We only need to configure the Groups DN, then the Vigor router (e.g., Vigor 3200 series) can pass the authentication to LDAP server with the pre-defined Group path.

Below shows the configuration steps:

1. Access into the web user interface of the Vigor router.
2. Open **Applications>>Active Directory /LDAP** to get the following page for configuring LDAP related settings.

**Applications >> Active Directory /LDAP**



**Active Directory /LDAP** | [Set to Factory Default](#)

**General Setup** | **Active Directory / LDAP Profiles**

Enable

Bind Type: Regular Mode

Server Address: 172.16.2.8

Destination Port: 389

Use SSL

Regular DN: uid=vpntest,ou=vpnuser,dc=ms,dc=dr

Regular Password: \*\*\*\*

OK Cancel

**Note:** After finishing the configuration of the LDAP profiles, they will be listed in the page of **VPN and Remote Access >> PPP General Setup**. If you want to use the profiles for VPN authentication, check the boxes under PPTP LDAP Profiles in **VPN and Remote Access >> PPP General Setup** first.

There are three types of bind type supported:




- **Simple Mode** – Just simply do the bind authentication without any search action.
- **Anonymous** – Perform a search action first with Anonymous account then do the bind authentication.
- **Regular Mode**– Mostly it is the same with anonymous mode. The different is that, the server will firstly check if you have the search authority.  
For the regular mode, you’ll need to type in the **Regular DN** and **Regular Password**.

3. Create LDAP server profiles. Click the **Active Directory /LDAP** tab to open the profile web page and click any one of the index number link.

If we have two groups “**RD1**” and “**SHRD**” on LDAP server, we can configure two LDAP server profiles with different Group Distinguished Name.

Applications >> Active Directory /LDAP>>Server Profiles




Index No. 1

Name	<input type="text" value="rd1"/>	
Common Name Identifier	<input type="text" value="uid"/>	
Base Distinguished Name	<input type="text" value="ou=people,dc=ms,dc=draytek,dc=com"/>	
Additional Filter	<input type="text" value="cn=rd1,ou=group,dc=ms,dc=draytek,d"/>	
<p>Note: Please type in your additional filter for BaseDN search request. For example, 1) For OpenLDAP: (gidNumber=500) 2) For AD: (msNPAllowDialin=TRUE)</p>		
Group Distinguished Name	<input type="text"/>	
<input type="button" value="OK"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>		

and

Applications >> Active Directory /LDAP>>Server Profiles

Index No. 2

Name	<input type="text" value="shrd"/>	
Common Name Identifier	<input type="text" value="uid"/>	
Base Distinguished Name	<input type="text" value="ou=people,dc=ms,dc=draytek,dc=com"/>	
Additional Filter	<input type="text" value="cn=shrd,ou=group,dc=ms,dc=draytek,"/>	
<p>Note: Please type in your additional filter for BaseDN search request. For example, 1) For OpenLDAP: (gidNumber=500) 2) For AD: (msNPAllowDialin=TRUE)</p>		
Group Distinguished Name	<input type="text"/>	
<input type="button" value="OK"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>		

4. Click **OK** to save the settings above.

Applications >> Active Directory /LDAP

Active Directory /LDAP

General Setup		Active Directory / LDAP Profiles
Index	Name	Di
1.	rd1	
2.	shrd	
3.		
4.		

- Open **User Management>>General Setup**. Select **User-Based** as the **Mode** option.

**User Management >> General Setup**

**General Setup**

Mode:

Web Authentication:

**Notice :**

- User Management will refer to active rules in Data Filter as whitelists and blacklists in user-based firewall mode.
- Users match the above lists will not be required for authentication. The firewall rules policy will still valid.
- Otherwise, authentication required for users not matched the above lists. The firewall rules designated in the user profile's policy will still valid.

**Landing Page** (Max 255 characters) [Preview](#) | [Set to Factory Default](#) |

```
<body stats=1><script language='javascript'>
window.location='http://www.draytek.com'</script></body>
```

- Then open **User Management>>User Profile**. Click index 3 to create a new user profile.

**User Management >> User Profile**

**User Profile Table**

Profile	Name
1.	admin
2.	Dial-In User
3.	

- Check **Enable this account**; choose **LDAP** as **External Server Authentication**; and check the user profile you want.

**User Management >>User Profile**

**Profile Index 3**

Enable this account

Username

Password

Confirm Password

Idle Timeout  min(s) 0:Unlimited

Max User Login  0:Unlimited

**External Server Authentication**

rd1  shrd

Log

Pop Browser Tracking Window

Authentication  Web  Alert Tool  Telnet

**Landing Page**

Index(1-15) in **Schedule** Setup:  ,  ,  ,

Enable Time Quota  min.    min.

Enable Data Quota      MB

Reset quota to default when scheduling time expired

Enable Default Time Quota  min. Default Data Quota  MB

- After finished above configurations, click OK to save the settings. Now, users belong to either “rd1” or “shrd” group can access Internet after inputting their credentials on LDAP server.

## 4.15 How to Implement the LDAP/AD Authentication for VPN?

For simplifying the configuration of LDAP authentication for User Access Management, we implement “Group” feature.

There is no need to pre-configure user profile for each user on Vigor router anymore. We only need to configure the Groups DN, then the Vigor router (e.g., Vigor 3200 series) can pass the authentication to LDAP server with the pre-defined Group path.

Below shows the configuration steps:

1. Access into the web user interface of the Vigor router.
2. Open **Applications>>Active Directory /LDAP** to get the following page for configuring LDAP related settings.

**Applications >> Active Directory /LDAP**

[Set to Factory Default](#)

---

**Active Directory /LDAP****General Setup** | **Active Directory / LDAP Profiles**

Enable

Bind Type: Regular Mode

Server Address: 172.16.2.8

Destination Port: 389

Use SSL

Regular DN: uid=vpntest,ou=vpnuser,dc=ms,dc=dr

Regular Password: \*\*\*\*\*

OK Cancel

**Note:** After finishing the configuration of the LDAP profiles, they will be listed in the page of **VPN and Remote Access >> PPP General Setup**. If you want to use the profiles for VPN authentication, check the boxes under PPTP LDAP Profiles in **VPN and Remote Access >> PPP General Setup** first.

There are three types of bind type supported:



- **Simple Mode** – Just simply do the bind authentication without any search action.
- **Anonymous** – Perform a search action first with Anonymous account then do the bind authentication.
- **Regular Mode**– Mostly it is the same with anonymous mode. The different is that, the server will firstly check if you have the search authority.  
For the regular mode, you’ll need to type in the **Regular DN** and **Regular Password**.

3. Create LDAP server profiles. Click the **Active Directory /LDAP** tab to open the profile web page and click any one of the index number link.

If we have two groups “**RD1**” and “**SHRD**” on LDAP server, we can configure two LDAP server profiles with different Group Distinguished Name.

Applications >> Active Directory /LDAP>>Server Profiles



Index No. 1

Name	<input type="text" value="rd1"/>
Common Name Identifier	<input type="text" value="uid"/>
Base Distinguished Name	<input type="text" value="ou=people,dc=ms,dc=draytek,dc=com"/> 
Additional Filter	<input type="text" value="cn=rd1,ou=group,dc=ms,dc=draytek,d"/> 
<p>Note: Please type in your additional filter for BaseDN search request. For example, 1) For OpenLDAP: (gidNumber=500) 2) For AD: (msNPAllowDialin=TRUE)</p>	
Group Distinguished Name	<input type="text"/>
<input type="button" value="OK"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>	

and

Applications >> Active Directory /LDAP>>Server Profiles

Index No. 2

Name	<input type="text" value="shrd"/>
Common Name Identifier	<input type="text" value="uid"/>
Base Distinguished Name	<input type="text" value="ou=people,dc=ms,dc=draytek,dc=com"/> 
Additional Filter	<input type="text" value="cn=shrd,ou=group,dc=ms,dc=draytek,"/> 
<p>Note: Please type in your additional filter for BaseDN search request. For example, 1) For OpenLDAP: (gidNumber=500) 2) For AD: (msNPAllowDialin=TRUE)</p>	
Group Distinguished Name	<input type="text"/>
<input type="button" value="OK"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>	

4. Click **OK** to save the settings above.
5. Open **User Management>>General Setup**. Select **User-Based** as the **Mode** option.

User Management >> General Setup

General Setup

Mode:	<input type="text" value="User-Based"/>
Web Authentication:	<input type="text" value="HTTPS"/>
<p><b>Notice :</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. User Management will refer to active rules in Data Filter as whitelists and blacklists in user-based firewall mode.</li><li>2. Users match the above lists will not be required for authentication. The firewall rules policy will still valid.</li><li>3. Otherwise, authentication required for users not matched the above lists. The firewall rules designated in the user profile's policy will still valid.</li></ol>	
<b>Landing Page</b> (Max 255 characters)	<a href="#">Preview</a>   <a href="#">Set to Factory Default</a>
<pre>&lt;body stats=1&gt;&lt;script language='javascript'&gt; window.location='http://www.draytek.com'&lt;/script&gt;&lt;/body&gt;</pre>	
<input type="button" value="OK"/> <input type="button" value="Clear"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>	

- Then open **VPN and Remote Access >> PPP General Setup** to check the profile(s) that will be authenticated with LDAP server. Choose **PAP Only** as **Dial-In PPP Authentication**.

**VPN and Remote Access >> PPP General Setup**

**PPP General Setup**

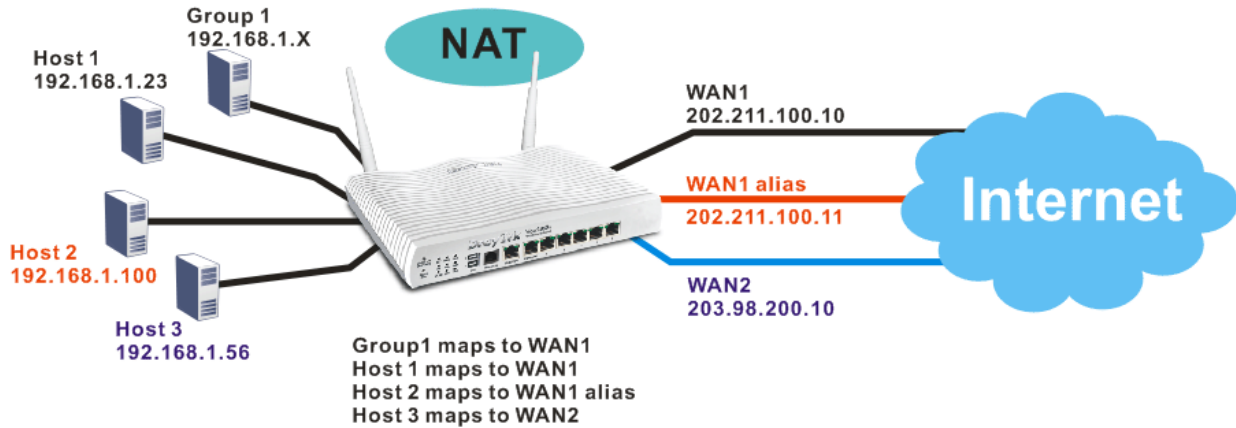
<p><b>PPP/MP Protocol</b></p> <p>Dial-In PPP Authentication: PAP Only</p> <p>Dial-In PPP Encryption(MPPE): Optional MPPE</p> <p>Mutual Authentication (PAP): <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No</p> <p>Username: <input type="text"/></p> <p>Password: <input type="text"/></p> <p><b>IP Address Assignment for Dial-In Users</b> (When DHCP Disable set)</p> <table><tr><td>Assigned IP start</td><td>LAN 1</td><td>192.168.1.200</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LAN 2</td><td>192.168.2.200</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LAN 3</td><td>192.168.3.200</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>LAN 4</td><td>192.168.4.200</td></tr></table>	Assigned IP start	LAN 1	192.168.1.200		LAN 2	192.168.2.200		LAN 3	192.168.3.200		LAN 4	192.168.4.200	<p><b>LDAP Server Profiles for PPP Authentication</b></p> <table><tr><td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td><td>rd1</td></tr><tr><td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td><td>shrd</td></tr></table> <p>Note: Please select 'PAP Only' in 'Dial-In PPP Authentication', if you want to use AD/LDAP for PPP Authentication!!</p>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	rd1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	shrd
Assigned IP start	LAN 1	192.168.1.200															
	LAN 2	192.168.2.200															
	LAN 3	192.168.3.200															
	LAN 4	192.168.4.200															
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	rd1																
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	shrd																

OK

- After finished above configurations, click OK to save the settings. Now, users belong to either “rd1” or “shrd” group can access Internet after inputting their credentials on LDAP server.

## 4.16 How to Setup Address Mapping

Address Mapping is used to map a specified private IP or a range of private IPs of NAT subnet into a specified WAN IP (or WAN IP alias IP). Refer to the following figure.



Suppose the WAN settings for a router are configured as follows:

WAN1: 202.211.100.10, WAN1 alias: 202.211.100.11

WAN2: 203.98.200.10

Without address mapping feature, when a NAT host with an IP say "192.168.1.10" sends a packet to the WAN side (or the Internet), the source address of the NAT host will be mapped into either 202.211.100.10 or 203.98.200.10 (which IP or mapping is decided by the internal load balancing algorithm).

With address mapping feature, you can manually configure any host mapping to any WAN interface to fit the request. In the above example, you can configure NAT Host 1 to always map to 202.211.100.10 (WAN1); Host 2 to always map to 202.211.100.11 (WAN1 alias); Host 3 always map to 203.98.200.10 (WAN2) and Group 1 to always map to 202.211.100.10 (WAN1).

NAT Address Mapping function lets you specify the outgoing IP address(es) for one internal IP address or a block of internal IP addresses.

We will take an example to introduce how to make use of this feature.

1. Log into the web user interface of Vigor2830.
2. Open **WAN>>Internet Access**. For WAN1, choose **MPoA/Static or Dynamic IP** as the **Access Mode**.

**WAN >> Internet Access**

### Internet Access

Index	Display Name	Physical Mode	Access Mode		
WAN1		ADSL	MPoA (RFC1483/2684)	Details Page	IPv6
WAN2		Ethernet	Static or Dynamic IP	Details Page	IPv6
WAN3		USB	None	Details Page	IPv6

**Note :** Only one WAN can support IPv6.

[Advanced](#) You can configure DHCP client options here.



- Click the **Details Page** of WAN 1 to open the following page. From the above figure, set main WAN IP address as *202.211.100.10*.

**WAN >> Internet Access**

**WAN 1**

Enable  Disable

**WAN IP Network Settings** WAN IP Alias

Obtain an IP address automatically

Router Name:  \*  
 Domain Name:  \*  
\* : Required for some ISPs

**DHCP Client Identifier for some ISP**  
 Enable  
 Username:   
 Password:

Specify an IP address

IP Address:   
 Subnet Mask:   
 Gateway IP Address:

Default MAC Address  
 Specify a MAC Address  
 MAC Address:

**DNS Server IP Address**  
 Primary IP Address:

**DSL Modem Settings**  
 Multi-PVC channel:   
 Encapsulation:   
 VPI:   
 VCI:   
 Modulation:

**WAN Connection Detection**  
 Mode:   
 Ping IP:   
 TTL:

**RIP Protocol**  
 Enable RIP

**Bridge Mode**  
 Enable Bridge Mode

Click the **WAN IP Alias** button to configure the other P address which is *202.211.100.11*. Make sure **Join IP NAT Pool** is not checked. Click **OK** to save the settings.

WAN1IP Alias - Google Chrome

192.168.1.1/doc/wipalias.htm

**WAN1 IP Alias ( Multi-NAT )**

Index	Enable	Aux. WAN IP	Join NAT IP Pool
1.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	---	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	202.211.100.11	<input type="checkbox"/>
3.	<input type="checkbox"/>	0.0.0.0	<input type="checkbox"/>
4.	<input type="checkbox"/>	0.0.0.0	<input type="checkbox"/>
5.	<input type="checkbox"/>	0.0.0.0	<input type="checkbox"/>
6.	<input type="checkbox"/>	0.0.0.0	<input type="checkbox"/>
7.	<input type="checkbox"/>	0.0.0.0	<input type="checkbox"/>
8.	<input type="checkbox"/>	0.0.0.0	<input type="checkbox"/>

- After finished configuration for WAN1, open **Load-Balance/Route Policy**.

**Load-Balance/Route Policy**



**Load-Balance/Route Policy** | [Set to Factory Default](#)

Index	Enable	Protocol	Interface	Interface Address	Src IP Start	Src IP End	Dest IP Start	Dest IP End	Dest Port Start	Dest Port End	Move Up	Move Down
<a href="#">1</a>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---								<a href="#">Down</a>
<a href="#">2</a>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
<a href="#">3</a>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
<a href="#">4</a>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
<a href="#">5</a>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
<a href="#">6</a>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
<a href="#">7</a>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
<a href="#">8</a>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
<a href="#">9</a>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
<a href="#">10</a>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>

<< [1-10](#) | [11-20](#) | [21-30](#) | [31-40](#) | [41-50](#) >> [Next](#) >>

- Wizard Mode: most frequently used settings in three pages
- Advance Mode: all settings in one page

- Click Index number 1 and 2 to configure the details. After finished the settings, click **OK** to save the settings respectively.

**Load-Balance/Route Policy**

**Index: 1**

Enable

**Criteria**

---

Protocol:

Source IP:  Any  
 Src IP Start:  ~ Src IP End:

Destination IP:  Any  
 Dest IP Start:  ~ Dest IP End:

Destination Port:  Any  
 Dest Port Start:  ~ Dest Port End:

**Send to if Criteria Matched**

---

Interface:

Interface Address:

Gateway IP:  Default Gateway  
 Specific Gateway:

**More Options**

---

Auto Failover to the Other WAN

Packet Forwarding to WAN via:  Force NAT  
 Force Routing

And

**Load-Balance/Route Policy**

**Index: 2**

Enable

**Criteria**

---

Protocol: Any

Source IP:
 

- Any
- Src IP Start: 192.168.1.100 ~ Src IP End: 192.168.1.100

Destination IP:
 

- Any
- Dest IP Start: ~ Dest IP End:

Destination Port:
 

- Any
- Dest Port Start: ~ Dest Port End:

**Send to if Criteria Matched**

---

Interface: WAN1

Interface Address: 2-202.211.100.11

Gateway IP:
 

- Default Gateway
- Specific Gateway:

**More Options**

---

Auto Failover to the Other WAN

Packet Forwarding to WAN via:
 

- Force NAT
- Force Routing

- Upon completing the above configuration, you have specified the outgoing IP address(es) for some specific computers.

**Load-Balance/Route Policy**



**Load-Balance/Route Policy** | [Set to Factory Default](#)

Index	Enable	Protocol	Interface	Interface Address	Src IP Start	Src IP End	Dest IP Start	Dest IP End	Dest Port Start	Dest Port End	Move Up	Move Down
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---	192.168.1.16	192.168.1.31	Any	Any	Any	Any		<a href="#">Down</a>
2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	202.211.100.11	192.168.1.100	192.168.1.100	Any	Any	Any	Any	<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
3	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
4	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
5	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
6	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
7	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
8	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
9	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
10	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>

<< [1-10](#) | [11-20](#) | [21-30](#) | [31-40](#) | [41-50](#) >>

[Next](#) >>

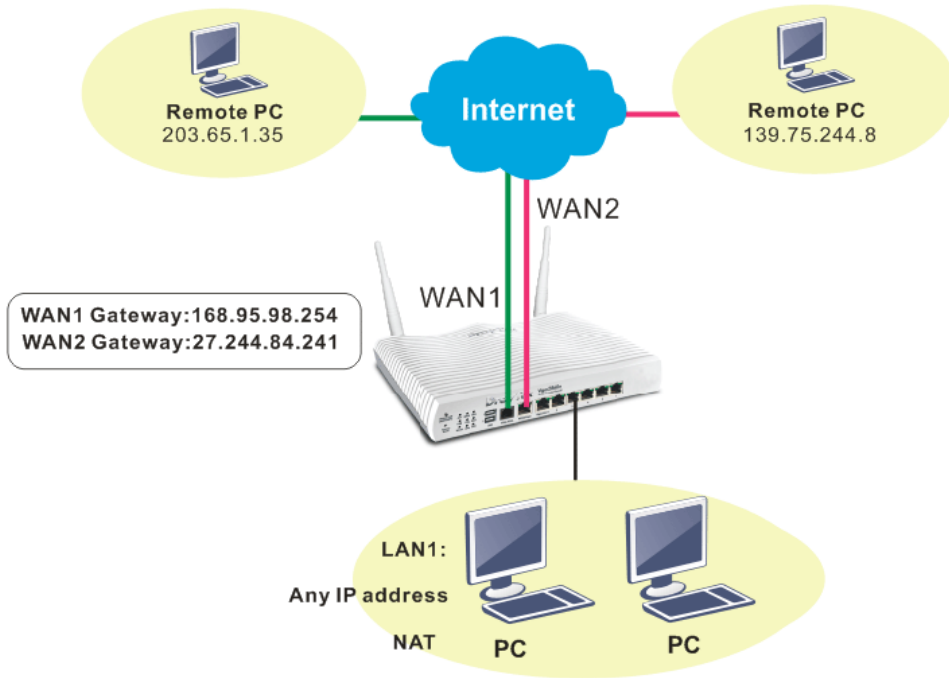
- Wizard Mode: most frequently used settings in three pages
- Advance Mode: all settings in one page

OK

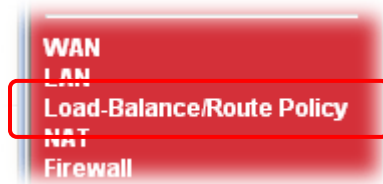
- Now, you bind some specific computers to some WAN IP alias for outgoing traffic.

## 4.17 How to setup Load Balance for Packets?

The following figure shows a simple application of load balance. WAN1 and WAN2 can be used to access into Internet. The PC in LAN1 can send the data to the remote PC through the specified WAN1.



1. Access into web user interface of Vigor2830 series. Open **Load-Balance/Route Policy**.



2. From the following web page, simply click index number #1.



Load-Balance/Route Policy												Set to Factory Default	
Index	Enable	Protocol	Interface	Interface Address	Src IP Start	Src IP End	Dest IP Start	Dest IP End	Dest Port Start	Dest Port End	Move Up	Move Down	
1	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---								<a href="#">Down</a>	
2	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>	
3	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>	
4	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>	
5	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>	
6	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>	
7	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>	
8	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>	
9	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>	
10	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>	

<< 1-10 | 11-20 | 21-30 | 31-40 | 41-50 >> Next >>

- Wizard Mode: most frequently used settings in three pages
- Advance Mode: all settings in one page

OK

- In the following page, check **Enable**; set Dest IP Start and Dest IP End with 203.65.1.35 and 203.65.1.35; choose WAN1 as the **Interface**; click **default gateway**; do not check **Auto Failover To The Other WAN**.

## Load-Balance/Route Policy

Index: 1

**Enable Criteria**

Protocol: Any

Source IP:  Any

Src IP Start:  ~

Destination IP:  Any

Dest IP Start: 203.65.1.35 ~ Dest IP End: 203.65.1.35

Any

Destination Port:  Dest Port Start:  ~ Dest Port End:

**Send to if Criteria Matched**

Interface: WAN1

Interface Address: 1----

Gateway IP:  Default Gateway

Specific Gateway:

**More Options**

Auto Failover to the Other WAN

Packet Forwarding to WAN via:  Force NAT

Force Routing

- After finished the above settings, click **OK** to save the configuration.



## Load-Balance/Route Policy

[Set to Factory Default](#)

Index	Enable	Protocol	Interface	Interface Address	Src IP Start	Src IP End	Dest IP Start	Dest IP End	Dest Port Start	Dest Port End	Move Up	Move Down
<a href="#">1</a>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---	Any	Any	203.65.1.35	203.65.1.35	Any	Any		<a href="#">Down</a>
<a href="#">2</a>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
<a href="#">3</a>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
<a href="#">4</a>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
<a href="#">5</a>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
<a href="#">6</a>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
<a href="#">7</a>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
<a href="#">8</a>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
<a href="#">9</a>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>
<a href="#">10</a>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any	WAN1	---							<a href="#">UP</a>	<a href="#">Down</a>

[<< 1-10](#) | [11-20](#) | [21-30](#) | [31-40](#) | [41-50 >>](#)[Next >>](#)

- Wizard Mode: most frequently used settings in three pages
- Advance Mode: all settings in one page

Now, the packets sent to the remote PC (IP address: 203.65.1.35) will be forcefully to pass through WAN1.

# 5

## Trouble Shooting

This section will guide you to solve abnormal situations if you cannot access into the Internet after installing the router and finishing the web configuration. Please follow sections below to check your basic installation status stage by stage.

- Checking if the hardware status is OK or not.
- Checking if the network connection settings on your computer are OK or not.
- Pinging the router from your computer.
- Checking if the ISP settings are OK or not.
- Backing to factory default setting if necessary.

If all above stages are done and the router still cannot run normally, it is the time for you to contact your dealer for advanced help.

### 5.1 Checking If the Hardware Status Is OK or Not

Follow the steps below to verify the hardware status.

1. Check the power line and WLAN/LAN cable connections.  
Refer to “**1.3 Hardware Installation**” for details.
2. Turn on the router. Make sure the **ACT LED** blink once per second and the correspondent **LAN LED** is bright.



3. If not, it means that there is something wrong with the hardware status. Simply back to “**1.3 Hardware Installation**” to execute the hardware installation again. And then, try again.

## 5.2 Checking If the Network Connection Settings on Your Computer Is OK or Not

Sometimes the link failure occurs due to the wrong network connection settings. After trying the above section, if the link is still failed, please do the steps listed below to make sure the network connection settings is OK.

### For Windows

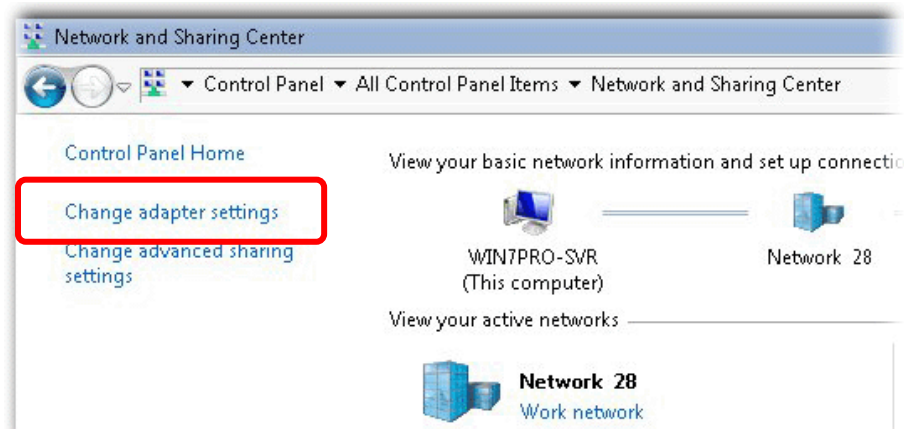


The example is based on Windows 7 (Professional Edition). As to the examples for other operation systems, please refer to the similar steps or find support notes in [www.DrayTek.com](http://www.DrayTek.com).

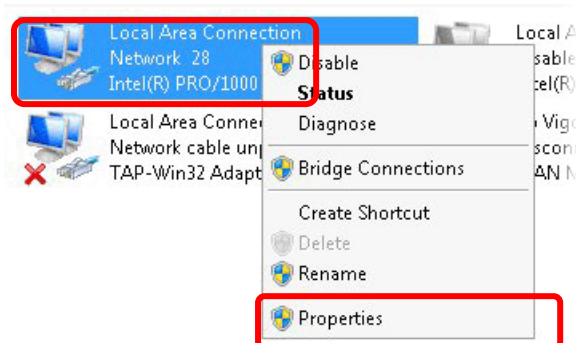
1. Open **All Programs>>Getting Started>>Control Panel**. Click **Network and Sharing Center**.



2. In the following window, click **Change adapter settings**.

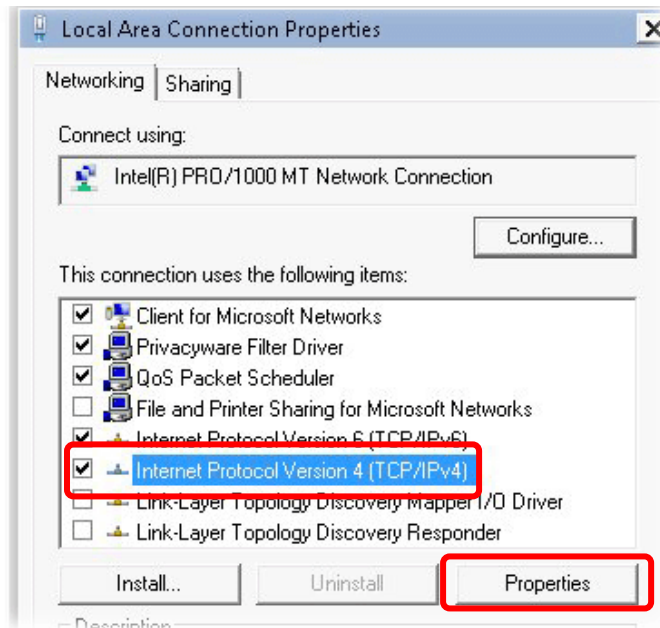


3. Icons of network connection will be shown on the window. Right-click on **Local Area Connection** and click on **Properties**.

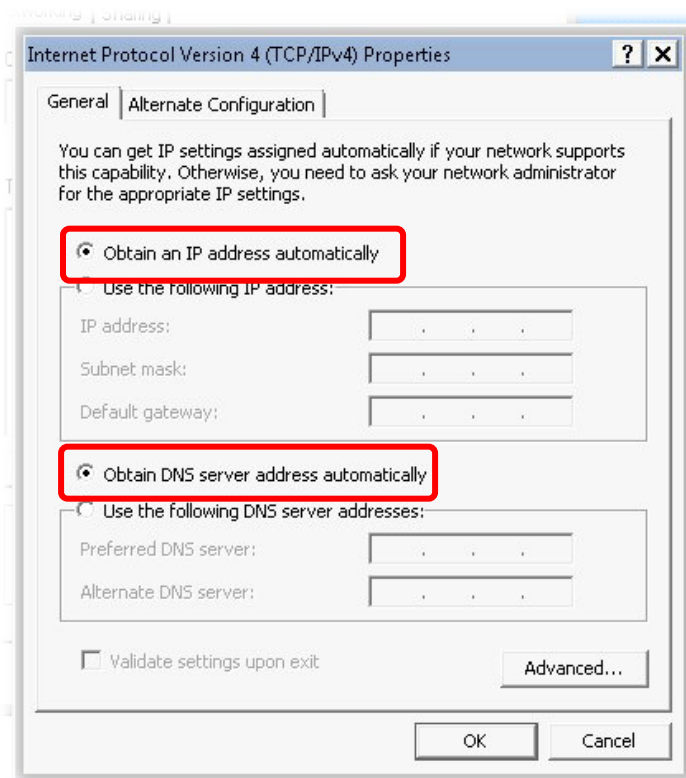




4. Select **Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IP)** and then click **Properties**.

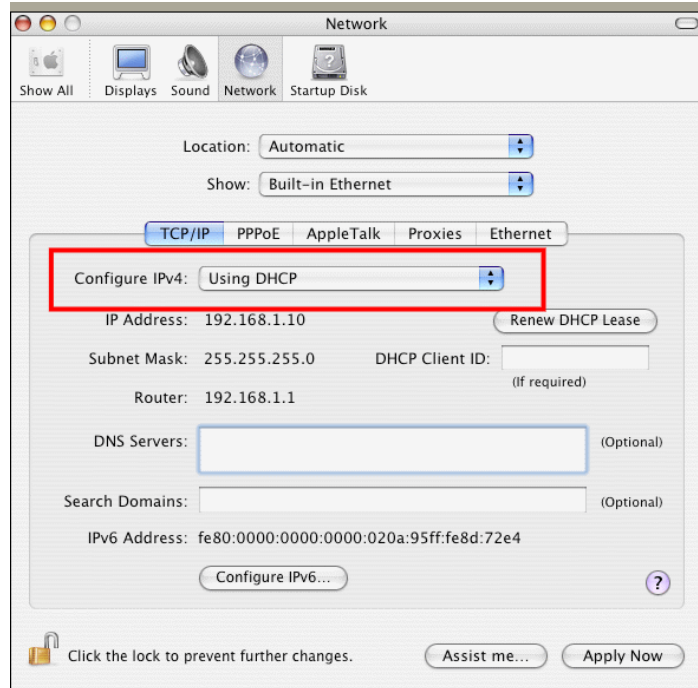


5. Select **Obtain an IP address automatically** and **Obtain DNS server address automatically**. Finally, click **OK**.



## For Mac OS

1. Double click on the current used Mac OS on the desktop.
2. Open the **Application** folder and get into **Network**.
3. On the **Network** screen, select **Using DHCP** from the drop down list of Configure IPv4.



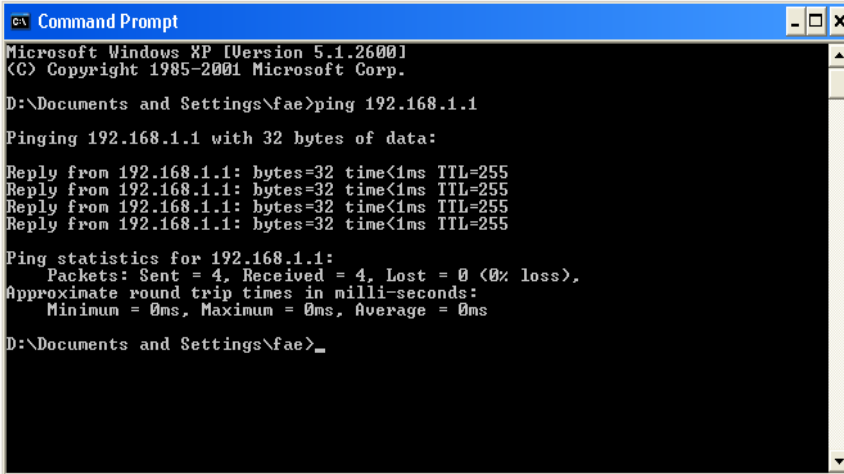
## 5.3 Pinging the Router from Your Computer

The default gateway IP address of the router is 192.168.1.1. For some reason, you might need to use “ping” command to check the link status of the router. **The most important thing is that the computer will receive a reply from 192.168.1.1.** If not, please check the IP address of your computer. We suggest you setting the network connection as **get IP automatically**. (Please refer to the section 5.2)

Please follow the steps below to ping the router correctly.

### For Windows

1. Open the **Command Prompt** window (from **Start menu**> **Run**).
2. Type **command** (for Windows 95/98/ME) or **cmd** (for Windows NT/ 2000/XP/Vista). The DOS command dialog will appear.



```
Microsoft Windows XP [Version 5.1.2600]
(C) Copyright 1985-2001 Microsoft Corp.

D:\Documents and Settings\fae>ping 192.168.1.1

Pinging 192.168.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

D:\Documents and Settings\fae>_
```

3. Type **ping 192.168.1.1** and press [Enter]. If the link is OK, the line of **“Reply from 192.168.1.1:bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255”** will appear.
4. If the line does not appear, please check the IP address setting of your computer.

### For MacOs (Terminal)

1. Double click on the current used MacOs on the desktop.
2. Open the **Application** folder and get into **Utilities**.
3. Double click **Terminal**. The Terminal window will appear.
4. Type **ping 192.168.1.1** and press [Enter]. If the link is OK, the line of **“64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp\_seq=0 ttl=255 time=xxxx ms”** will appear.

```

Terminal - bash - 80x24
Last login: Sat Jan  3 02:24:18 on ttys1
Welcome to Darwin!
Vigor10:~ draytek$ ping 192.168.1.1
PING 192.168.1.1 (192.168.1.1): 56 data bytes
64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=0 ttl=255 time=0.755 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=1 ttl=255 time=0.697 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=2 ttl=255 time=0.716 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=3 ttl=255 time=0.731 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=4 ttl=255 time=0.72 ms
^C
--- 192.168.1.1 ping statistics ---
5 packets transmitted, 5 packets received, 0% packet loss
round-trip min/avg/max = 0.697/0.723/0.755 ms
Vigor10:~ draytek$

```

## 5.4 Checking If the ISP Settings are OK or Not

Open **WAN >> Internet Access** page and then check whether the ISP settings are set correctly. Click **Details Page** of WAN1/WAN2 to review the settings that you configured previously.

**WAN >> Internet Access**

Internet Access			
Index	Display Name	Physical Mode	Access Mode
WAN1		ADSL	PPPoE / PPPoA <input type="button" value="Details Page"/>
WAN2		Ethernet	Static or Dynamic IP <input type="button" value="Details Page"/>
WAN3		USB	None <input type="button" value="Details Page"/>

## 5.5 Problems for 3G Network Connection

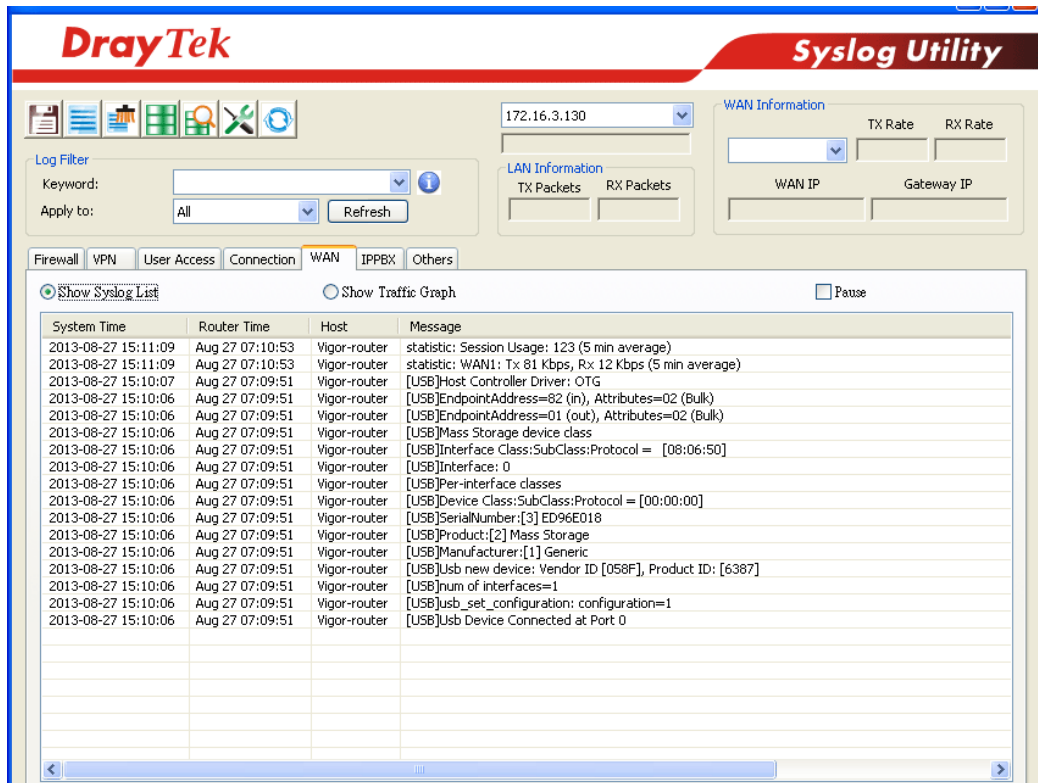
When you have trouble in using 3G network transmission, please check the following:

### Check if USB LED lights on or off

You have to wait about 15 seconds after inserting 3G USB Modem into your Vigor2830. Later, the USB LED will light on which means the installation of USB Modem is successful. If the USB LED does not light on, please remove and reinsert the modem again. If it still fails, restart Vigor2830.

### USB LED lights on but the network connection does not work

Check the PIN Code of SIM card is disabled or not. Please use the utility of 3G USB Modem to disable PIN code and try again. If it still fails, it might be the compliance problem of system. Please open DrayTek Syslog Tool to capture the connection information (WAN Log) and send the page (similar to the following graphic) to the service center of DrayTek.



### Transmission Rate is not fast enough

Please connect your Notebook with 3G USB Modem to test the connection speed to verify if the problem is caused by Vigor2830. In addition, please refer to the manual of 3G USB Modem for LED Status to make sure if the modem connects to Internet via HSDPA mode. If you want to use the modem indoors, please put it on the place near the window to obtain better signal receiving.

## 5.6 Backing to Factory Default Setting If Necessary

Sometimes, a wrong connection can be improved by returning to the default settings. Try to reset the router by software or hardware. Such function is available in **Admin Mode** only.



**Warning:** After pressing **factory default setting**, you will lose all settings you did before. Make sure you have recorded all useful settings before you pressing. The password of factory default is null.

### Software Reset

You can reset the router to factory default via Web page. Such function is available in **Admin Mode** only.

Go to **System Maintenance** and choose **Reboot System** on the web page. The following screen will appear. Choose **Using factory default configuration** and click **Reboot Now**. After few seconds, the router will return all the settings to the factory settings.

### Reboot System

Do you want to reboot your router ?

- Using current configuration
- Using factory default configuration

Reboot Now

### Auto Reboot Time Schedule

Index(1-15) in **Schedule** Setup: , , ,

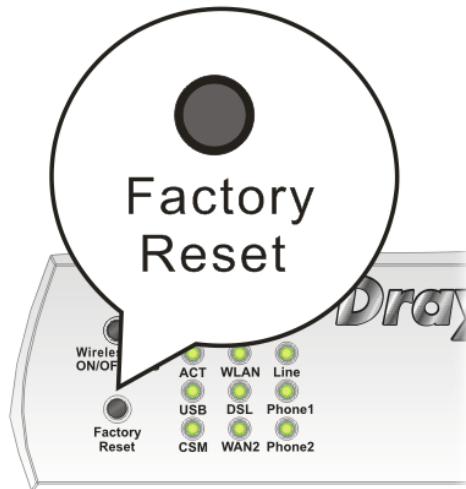
**Note:** Action and Idle Timeout settings will be ignored.

OK

Cancel

## Hardware Reset

While the router is running (ACT LED blinking), press the **Factory Reset** button and hold for more than 5 seconds. When you see the **ACT** LED blinks rapidly, please release the button. Then, the router will restart with the default configuration.



After restore the factory default setting, you can configure the settings for the router again to fit your personal request.

## 5.7 Contacting DrayTek

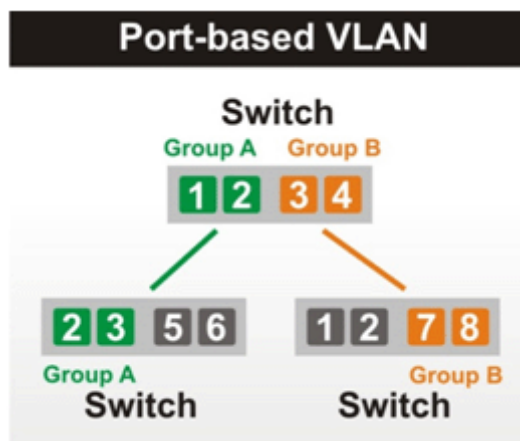
If the router still cannot work correctly after trying many efforts, please contact your dealer for further help right away. For any questions, please feel free to send e-mail to [support@DrayTek.com](mailto:support@DrayTek.com).

# Appendix I: VLAN Applications on Vigor Router

Virtual Local Area Network is so-called VLAN. It offers the logical grouping technique to separate the physical ports of Ethernet switches, thus we can management our local network easier, more flexible and secure. For instance, you're a networking administrator in your company and you're planning to isolate the visitors' traffics from your private network for security considerations because you cannot ensure that visitors' computer is clean. Or you want to separate your private network into several parts by divisions because there are too many computers in the same network segment and it results in the local traffics heavily. VLAN helps you to solve these situations, and DrayTek's products support bellow two popular types:

## Port-based

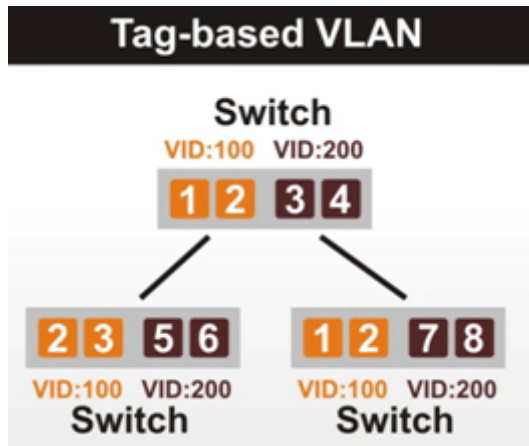
It uses a matrix table of the physical ports to define the traffics how to exchange between each port, and the traffics will be isolated from the ports are not being ticked in the same line. It is the easiest way to setup an isolate network, but not a flexible way to maintain a growing network. Because the idea of port-based VLAN is grouping by physical ports, but the difficulty is how to handle the traffics between two or more Ethernet switches. Thus, VLAN is suitable for some circumstances, for example, the rental apartment, SOHO office...and so on. These clients may need two or three isolated networks only and setup a network in a simple way.



## Tag-based

The idea of tag-based VLAN is to identify a virtual LAN with a specific ID, therefore, **VLAN ID** introduced by tag-based VLAN. Through VLAN ID, ports with different **VID (VLAN ID)** will be identified as in different LANs, so the traffics also will be isolated from each of VLANs. Many administrators who manage an enterprise network or even the internet service providers (ISP) adopt Tag-based VLAN popularly because it is convenient to maintenance and management a distributed network. Setting a large-scale network is easy by giving each of them with different VID and isolating the traffics at the same time. Besides the VLAN ID, there is another feature, **Trunk**, introduced. While the role of a port on an Ethernet switch is setup as a Trunk port, it means the VLAN ID will be kept while forwarding the packets between switches. By this feature, VLANs are able to distribute over two or more Ethernet

switches easily, moreover design a large and secured network is possible through Trunk port. When VLAN is being enabled on Vigor routers, the LAN ports are being turned into Trunk mode automatically. Therefore, a VLAN supported switch, like VigorSwitch G2260/P2261, or VigorSwitch G1240, is needed.



Vigor routers <sup>[Note]</sup> support Tag-based feature both on LAN and WAN interfaces. The next we'll demonstrate our web design and how to configure the settings by introducing the functionalities of Vigor router.

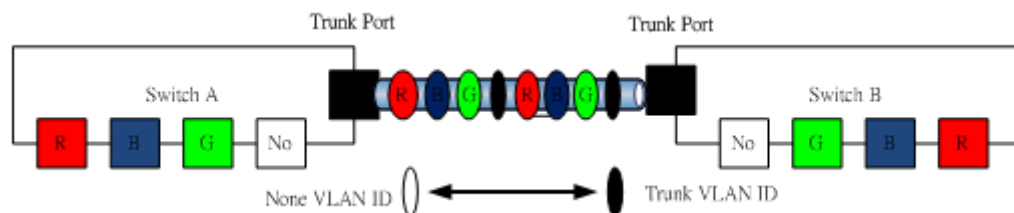
[Note]

**Broadband router: Vigor2920/Vigor3200/Vigor2925/Vigo2960/Vigor3900**

**Modem router: Vigor2850/Vigor2860**

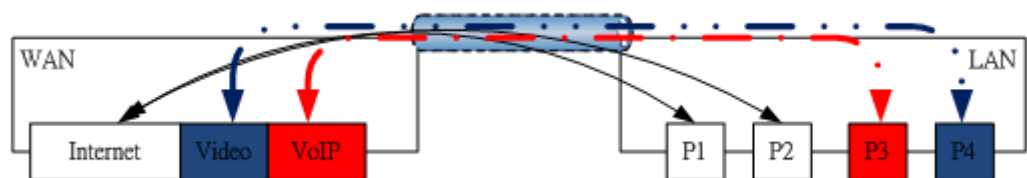
## VLAN Packets on Vigor routers

### Trunk mode of LAN



Trunk Port can carry the packets with VID but replace the Non-VID packet as the VID of Trunk port while forwarding the packets to another switch.

### Bridge mode of WAN



P1 and P2 are doing NAT flow to access to the internet, but P3 and P4 will forward the packets between WAN and LAN ports directly.

## Web User Interface

So far, there are two kinds of open system on Vigor router. One is DrayOS, which is DrayTek owned, and another is Linux-like which customized by DrayTek from OpenWRT. Here



DrayOS system is going to be introduced to you because it is the most stable and superfast booting system in DrayTek products. If the UI style of yours is different from the following. It may not DrayOS system with new web style or maybe the Linux-like model.

## WAN

Internet Access >> Multi-VLAN

Multi-VLAN

Channel	Enable	WAN Type	VLAN Tag	Port-based Bridge
1	Yes	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	
2	Yes	Ethernet(WAN2)	None	
3	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable <input type="checkbox"/> P1 <input type="checkbox"/> P2 <input type="checkbox"/> P3 <input type="checkbox"/> P4 <input type="checkbox"/> P5
4	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable <input type="checkbox"/> P1 <input type="checkbox"/> P2 <input type="checkbox"/> P3 <input type="checkbox"/> P4 <input type="checkbox"/> P5
5_WAN5	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable <input type="checkbox"/> P1 <input type="checkbox"/> P2 <input type="checkbox"/> P3 <input type="checkbox"/> P4 <input type="checkbox"/> P5
6_WAN6	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable <input type="checkbox"/> P1 <input type="checkbox"/> P2 <input type="checkbox"/> P3 <input type="checkbox"/> P4 <input type="checkbox"/> P5
7_WAN7	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable <input type="checkbox"/> P1 <input type="checkbox"/> P2 <input type="checkbox"/> P3 <input type="checkbox"/> P4 <input type="checkbox"/> P5
8	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable <input type="checkbox"/> P1 <input type="checkbox"/> P2 <input type="checkbox"/> P3 <input type="checkbox"/> P4 <input type="checkbox"/> P5

**Detail settings of channel profile**

Multi-VLAN Channel 5:  Enable  Disable  
 WAN Type : Ethernet(WAN1)

**General Settings**

VLAN Header  
 VLAN Tag:   
 Priority:

**Note:**1.Tag value must be set between 1~4095 and unique for each channel.  
 2.Only one channel can be untagged (equal to 0) at a time.

Open Port-based Bridge Connection for this Channel

Physical Members  
 P1  P2  P3  P4  P5

**Note:**3.P1 is reserved for NAT use,and cannot be configured for bridge mode.

Open WAN Interface for this Channel

WAN for Router-borne Application: Management

WAN Setup: Static or Dynamic IP

ISP Access Setup	WAN IP Network Settings
ISP Name: <input type="text"/>	<input type="radio"/> Obtain an IP address automatically
Username: <input type="text"/>	Router Name: <input type="text" value="Vigor"/> *
Password: <input type="text"/>	Domain Name: <input type="text"/> *
PPP Authentication: PAP or CHAP	*: Required for some ISPs
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Always On	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Specify an IP address
Idle Timeout: -1 second(s)	IP Address: <input type="text"/>
<b>IP Address From ISP</b>	Subnet Mask: <input type="text"/>
Fixed IP: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No (Dynamic IP)	Gateway IP Address: <input type="text"/>
Fixed IP Address: <input type="text"/>	<b>DNS Server IP Address</b>
	Primary IP Address: <input type="text" value="8.8.8.8"/>
	Secondary IP Address: <input type="text" value="8.8.4.4"/>

**VLAN Settings**

**VLAN Members**

**Service Binding & WAN Setup**

## LAN

Enable *Port-based VLAN* by checking the option

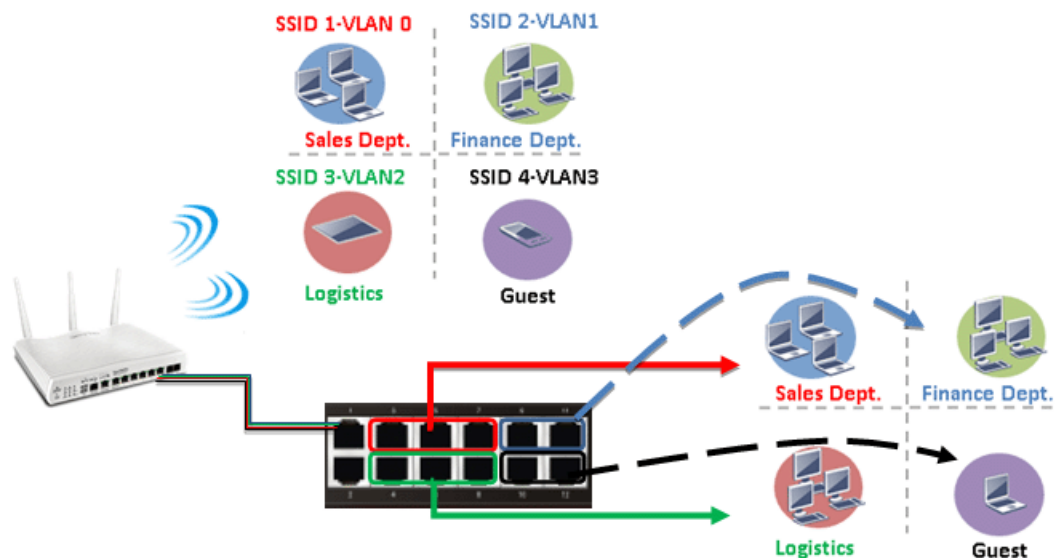
The option of *Tag-based VLAN*

VLAN Configuration												
	LAN				Wireless LAN				Subnet	VLAN Tag		
	P1	P2	P3	P4	SSID1	SSID2	SSID3	SSID4		Enable	VID	Priority
VLAN0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN3	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN5	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN6	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN7	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0

Member of *Port-based* or *Tag-based* VLAN  
 DHCP Pool will be used  
 VLAN ID assigned  
 802.1p field

## VLAN applications on Vigor router

- Multi Subnet (VLAN of LAN)



Port-based mode

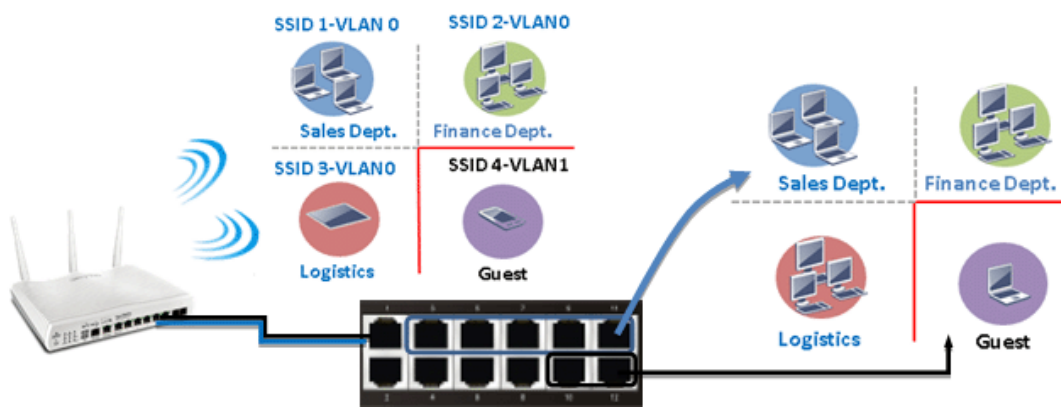
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable												
VLAN	LAN				Wireless LAN				Subnet	VLAN Tag		
	P1	P2	P3	P4	SSID1	SSID2	SSID3	SSID4		Enable	VID	Priority
VLAN0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 2	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 3	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN3	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	LAN 4	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN5	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN6	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN7	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0

Tag-based mode

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable												
VLAN	LAN				Wireless LAN				Subnet	VLAN Tag		
	P1	P2	P3	P4	SSID1	SSID2	SSID3	SSID4		Enable	VID	Priority
VLAN0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	10	0
VLAN1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	20	0
VLAN2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 3	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	30	0
VLAN3	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	LAN 4	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	40	0
VLAN4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN5	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN6	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN7	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0

By above settings, there are four private networks will be created and computers attached with each of LAN ports or SSIDs which are able to obtain a private IP address from each DHCP servers (LAN1/LAN2/LAN3/LAN4). However, the traffics of the LAN port or SSID that are NOT being grouped in the same VLAN are unable to forward to each other. The benefit of Port-based is able to extend the wired ports by installing a cheaper dumb switch as many as you need, but Tag-based offers you a flexible and well-managed network. The networks are isolated, secured and reduce the broadcasting storm effectively in each of networks with VLAN.

- **Guest Network**



Port-based mode

VLAN Configuration

	LAN				Wireless LAN				VLAN Tag			
	P1	P2	P3	P4	SSID1	SSID2	SSID3	SSID4	Subnet	Enable	VID	Priority
VLAN0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	LAN 2	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN3	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN5	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN6	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN7	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0

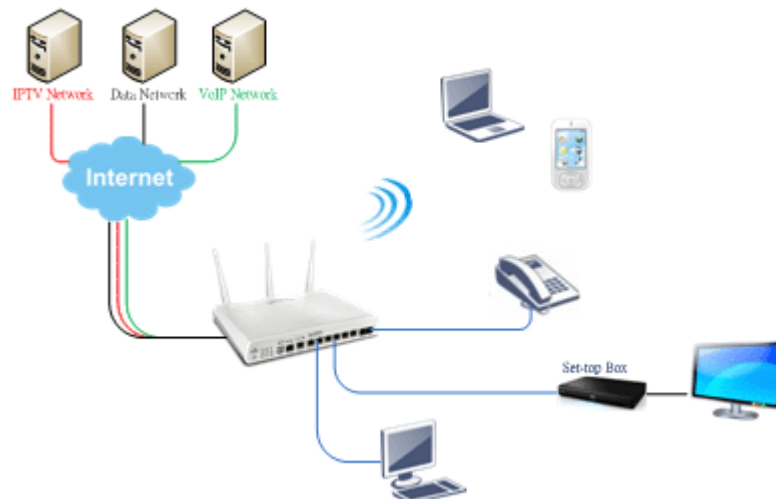
Tag-based mode

	LAN				Wireless LAN				VLAN Tag			
	P1	P2	P3	P4	SSID1	SSID2	SSID3	SSID4	Subnet	Enable	VID	Priority
VLAN0	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	LAN 2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	10	0
VLAN2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN3	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN5	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN6	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0
VLAN7	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0

To deploy a guest network, which serves your guests the internet accessibility, but the traffics have to be isolated from your private network due to the security considerations, it can be done by above settings. However, a switch support VLAN function is need if VLAN Tag enabled.

● **Triple Play (Multi-WAN)**

NAT mode with VLAN



Following settings, the set-top box (STB) is able to attach with any LAN port. Video streaming which your ISP provided will be played on your monitor.

**WAN 1**

Enable:  Yes  No

Display Name:

Physical Mode: Ethernet

Physical Type: Auto negotiation

Line Speed(Kbps):

DownLink:

UpLink:

VLAN Tag insertion:  Enable (Please configure Internet Access setting first)

Tag value:  (0~4095)

Priority:  (0~7)

Active Mode: Always On Load Balance:

1. Setup the VLAN ID on WAN1 profiles if WAN is the primary interface of IPTV service.

2. Open the profile of WAN5 by clicking the ID.

Channel	Enable	WAN Type	VLAN Tag	Port-based Bridge
1	Yes	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	
2	Yes	Ethernet(WAN2)	None	
3	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable <input type="checkbox"/> P1 <input type="checkbox"/> P2 <input type="checkbox"/> P3 <input type="checkbox"/> P4
4	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable <input type="checkbox"/> P1 <input type="checkbox"/> P2 <input type="checkbox"/> P3 <input type="checkbox"/> P4
5, WAN5	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable <input type="checkbox"/> P1 <input type="checkbox"/> P2 <input type="checkbox"/> P3 <input type="checkbox"/> P4
6, WAN6	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable <input type="checkbox"/> P1 <input type="checkbox"/> P2 <input type="checkbox"/> P3 <input type="checkbox"/> P4
7, WAN7	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable <input type="checkbox"/> P1 <input type="checkbox"/> P2 <input type="checkbox"/> P3 <input type="checkbox"/> P4
8	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable <input type="checkbox"/> P1 <input type="checkbox"/> P2 <input type="checkbox"/> P3 <input type="checkbox"/> P4

Multi-VLAN Channel 5:  Enable  Disable

WAN Type: Ethernet(WAN1)

**General Settings**

VLAN Header

VLAN:

Tag:

Priority:

Note: 1. Tag value must be set between 1~4095 and unique for each channel.  
2. Only one channel can be untagged (equal to 0):

P1  P2  P3  P4  P5

Note: 3. P1 is reserved for NAT use, and cannot be configured for bridge mode.

Open Port-based Bridge Connection for this Channel

Physical Members

P1  P2  P3  P4  P5

Note: 3. P1 is reserved for NAT use, and cannot be configured for bridge mode.

3. Setup connection of WAN 5 and bind the service onto it.

NO need to enable Port-based Bridge.

P1  P2  P3  P4  P5

Note: 3. P1 is reserved for NAT use, and cannot be configured for bridge mode.

Open WAN interface for this Channel

WAN for Router-borne Application: IPTV

WAN Setup: Static or Dynamic IP

**ISP Access Setup**

ISP Name:

Username:

Password:

PPP Authentication: PAP or CHAP

Always On

Idle Timeout:  second(s)

**IP Address From ISP**

Fixed IP:  Yes  No

(Dynamic IP)

Fixed IP Address:

**WAN IP Network Settings**

Obtain an IP address automatically

Router: Vigor

Name:

Domain Name:

\*: Required for some ISPs

Specify an IP address

IP Address:

Subnet:

Mask:

Gateway:

IP Address:

**DNS Server IP Address**

Primary IP Address:

Secondary IP Address:

4. Go to Application >> IGMP to bind it on PVC WAN.

**IGMP**

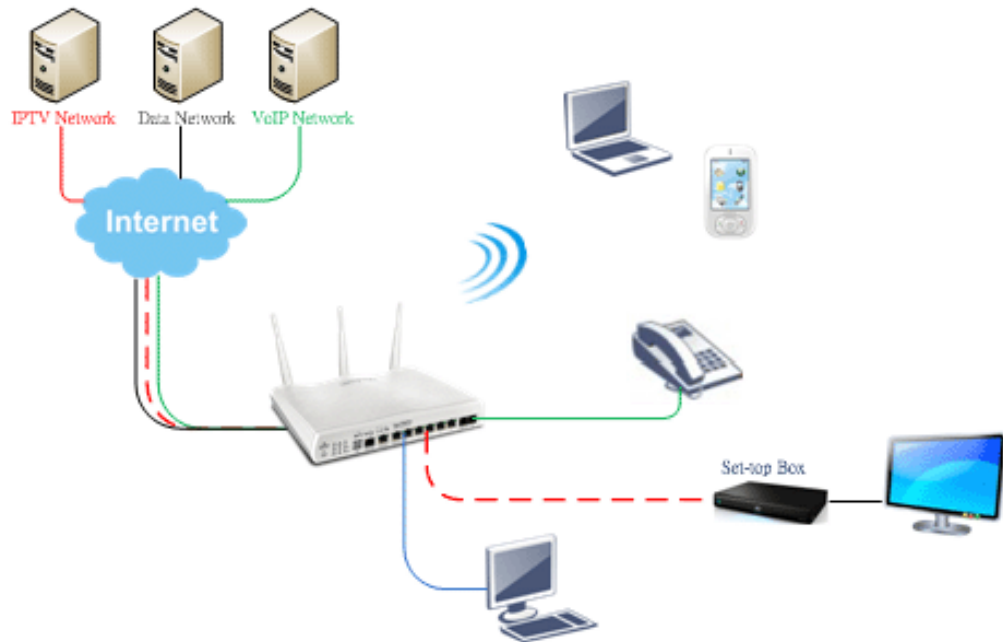
Enable IGMP Proxy

IGMP Proxy is to act as a multicast proxy for will access any multicast group. But this function take no effect when bridge mode is enable.

Enable IGMP Snooping

Enable IGMP Snooping, multicast traffic is only forwarded to ports that have members of that group. Disable IGMP snooping, multicast traffic is treated in the same manner as broadcast traffic.

Bridge mode with VLAN



**Multi-VLAN**

General				
Channel	Enable	WAN Type	VLAN Tag	Port-based Bridge
1	Yes	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	
2	Yes	Ethernet(WAN2)	None	
3	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable <input type="checkbox"/> P1 <input type="checkbox"/> P2 <input type="checkbox"/> P3 <input type="checkbox"/> P4 <input type="checkbox"/> P5
4	No	Ethernet(WAN1)	None	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable <input type="checkbox"/> P1 <input type="checkbox"/> P2 <input type="checkbox"/> P3 <input type="checkbox"/> P4 <input type="checkbox"/> P5
5	No	...	...	...
6	No	...	...	...
7	No	...	...	...
8	No	...	...	...

Multi-VLAN Channel 3:  Enable  Disable

WAN Type :

**General Settings**

VLAN Header

VLAN Tag:

Priority:

**Note:**1.Tag value must be set between 1~4095 and unique for each channel.  
2.Only one channel can be untagged (equal to 0) at a time.

**Bridge mode**

Enable

Physical Members

P1  P2  P3  P4  P5

**Note:**3.P1 is reserved for NAT use,and cannot be configured for bridge mode.

Set-top box (STB) or the other kinds of media devices are able to attach with Port4 or Port5 of LAN. Those devices that attached with Port4 or Port5 are able to access the services network directly which your ISP provided.